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A2

#### (54) Title: SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE POLYMORPHISMS IN GENES

(57) Abstract: The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from a gene, including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis. A role for the thrombospondin gene(s) in vascular disease is also disclosed. Use of single nucleotide polymorphisms in the thrombospondin gene(s) for diagnosis, prediction of clinical course and treatment response, development of therapeutics and development of cell-culture-based and animal models for research and treatment are disclosed.

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#### SINGLE NUCLEOTIDE POLYMORPHISMS IN GENES

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The genomes of all organisms undergo spontaneous mutation in the course of their continuing evolution, generating variant forms of progenitor nucleic acid sequences (Gusella, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 55, 831-854 (1986)). The variant form may confer an evolutionary advantage or disadvantage relative to a progenitor form, or may be neutral. In some instances, a variant form confers a lethal disadvantage and is not transmitted to subsequent generations of the organism. In other instances, a variant form confers an evolutionary advantage to the species and is eventually incorporated into the DNA of many or most members of the species and effectively becomes the progenitor form. In many instances, both progenitor and variant form(s) survive and co-exist in a species population. The coexistence of multiple forms of a sequence gives rise to polymorphisms.

Several different types of polymorphism have been reported. A restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) is a variation in DNA sequence that alters the length of a restriction fragment (Botstein et al., Am. J. Hum. Genet. 32, 314-331 (1980)). The restriction fragment length polymorphism may create or delete a restriction site, thus changing the length of the restriction fragment. RFLPs have been widely used in human and animal genetic analyses (see WO 90/13668; W090/11369; Donis-Keller, Cell 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., Genetics 121, 85-99 (1989)). When a heritable trait can be linked to a particular RFLP, the presence of the RFLP in an individual can be used to predict the likelihood that the animal will also exhibit the trait.

Other polymorphisms take the form of short tandem repeats (STRs) that

25 include tandem di-, tri- and tetra-nucleotide repeated motifs. These tandem repeats
are also referred to as variable number tandem repeat (VNTR) polymorphisms.

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VNTRs have been used in identity and paternity analysis (US 5,075,217; Armour et al., FEBS Lett. 307, 113-115 (1992); Horn et al., W0 91/14003; Jeffreys, EP 370,719), and in a large number of genetic mapping studies.

Other polymorphisms take the form of single nucleotide variations between individuals of the same species. Such polymorphisms are far more frequent than RFLPs, STRs and VNTRs. Some single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNP) occur in protein-coding nucleic acid sequences (coding sequence SNP (cSNP)), in which case, one of the polymorphic forms may give rise to the expression of a defective or otherwise variant protein and, potentially, a genetic disease. Examples of genes in which polymorphisms within coding sequences give rise to genetic disease include  $\beta$ -globin (sickle cell anemia), apoE4 (Alzheimer's Disease), Factor V Leiden (thrombosis), and CFTR (cystic fibrosis). cSNPs can alter the codon sequence of the gene and therefore specify an alternative amino acid. Such changes are called "missense" when another amino acid is substituted, and "nonsense" when the alternative codon specifies a stop signal in protein translation. When the cSNP does not alter the amino acid specified the cSNP is called "silent".

Other single nucleotide polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions. Some of these polymorphisms may also result in defective protein expression (e.g., as a result of defective splicing). Other single nucleotide polymorphisms have no phenotypic effects. Single nucleotide polymorphisms can be used in the same manner as RFLPs and VNTRs, but offer several advantages. Single nucleotide polymorphisms occur with greater frequency and are spaced more uniformly throughout the genome than other forms of polymorphism. The greater frequency and uniformity of single nucleotide polymorphisms means that there is a greater probability that such a polymorphism will be found in close proximity to a genetic locus of interest than would be the case for other polymorphisms. The different forms of characterized single nucleotide polymorphisms are often easier to distinguish than other types of polymorphism (e.g., by use of assays employing allele-specific hybridization probes or primers).

Only a small percentage of the total repository of polymorphisms in humans and other organisms has been identified. The limited number of polymorphisms identified to date is due to the large amount of work required for their detection by

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conventional methods. For example, a conventional approach to identifying polymorphisms might be to sequence the same stretch of DNA in a population of individuals by dideoxy sequencing. In this type of approach, the amount of work increases in proportion to both the length of sequence and the number of individuals in a population and becomes impractical for large stretches of DNA or large numbers of persons.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Work described herein pertains to the identification of polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease, by resequencing large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals. Various genes from a number of individuals have been resequenced as described herein, and SNPs in these genes have been discovered (see the Table and Fig. 3). Some of these SNPs are cSNPs which specify a different amino acid sequence, some of the SNPs are silent cSNPs and some of these cSNPs specify a stop signal in protein translation. Some of the identified SNPs were located in non-coding regions.

The invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific location. In a particular embodiment the invention relates to the variant allele of a gene having a single nucleotide polymorphism, which variant allele differs from a reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table and Fig. 3. Complements of these nucleic acid sequences are also included. The nucleic acid molecules can be DNA or RNA, and can be double-or single-stranded. Nucleic acid molecules can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long.

The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize to the reference or variant allele of a gene comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism or to the complement thereof. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table and/or Fig. 3. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table and /or Fig. 3 is

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determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

Thus, the invention further relates to a method of predicting the presence, absence, likelihood of the presence or absence, or severity of a particular phenotype or disorder associated with a particular genotype. The method comprises obtaining a nucleic acid sample from an individual and determining the identity of one or more bases (nucleotides) at polymorphic sites of genes described herein, wherein the presence of a particular base is correlated with a specified phenotype or disorder, thereby predicting the presence, absence, likelihood of the presence or absence, or severity of the phenotype or disorder in the individual.

The thrombospondins are a family of extracellular matrix (ECM) glycoproteins that modulate many cell behaviors including adhesion, migration, and proliferation. Thrombospondins (also known as thrombin sensitive proteins or TSPs) are large molecular weight glycoproteins composed of three identical disulfide-linked polypeptide chains. The results described herein also reveal an important association between alterations, particularly SNPs, in TSP genes, particularly TSP-1 and TSP-4, and vascular disease. In particular, SNPs in these genes which are associated with premature coronary artery disease (CAD)(or coronary heart disease) and myocardial infarction (MI) have been identified and represent a potentially vital marker of upstream biology influencing the complex process of atherosclerotic plaque generation and vulnerability.

Thus, the invention relates to the TSP gene SNPs identified as described herein, both singly and in combination, as well as to the use of these SNPs, and others in TSP genes, particularly those nearby in linkage disequilibrium with these SNPs, for diagnosis, prediction of clinical course and treatment response for vascular disease, development of new treatments for vascular disease based upon comparison of the variant and normal versions of the gene or gene product, and development of cell-culture based and animal models for research and treatment of vascular disease. The invention further relates to novel compounds and

pharmaceutical compositions for use in the diagnosis and treatment of such disorders. In preferred embodiments, the vascular disease is CAD or MI.

The invention relates to isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising all or a portion of the variant allele of TSP-1 (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 1), and to isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising all or a portion of the variant allele of TSP-4 (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 3). Preferred portions are at least 10 contiguous nucleotides and comprise the polymorphic site, e.g., a portion of SEQ ID NO: 1 which is at least 10 contiguous nucleotides and comprises the "G" at position 2210, or a portion of SEQ ID NO: 3 which is at least 10 contiguous nucleotides and 10 comprises the "C" at position 1186. The invention further relates to isolated gene products, e.g., polypeptides or proteins, which are encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprising all or a portion of the variant allele of TSP-1 or TSP-4 (e.g., SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 3, respectively). The invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules which hybridize to and/or share identity with the variant alleles identified herein (or their complements) and which also comprise the variant nucleotide at the SNP site.

The invention further relates to isolated proteins or polypeptides comprising all or a portion of the variant amino acid sequence of TSP-1 (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 2), and to isolated proteins or polypeptides comprising all or a portion of the variant amino acid sequence of TSP-4 (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 20 4). Preferred polypeptides are at least 10 contiguous amino acids and comprise the polymorphic amino acid, e.g., a portion of SEQ ID NO: 2 which is at least 10 contiguous amino acids and comprises the serine at residue 700, or a portion of SEQ ID NO: 4 which is at least 10 contiguous amino acids and comprises the proline at residue 387. The invention further relates to isolated nucleic acid molecules 25 encoding such proteins and polypeptides, as well as to antibodies which bind, e.g., specifically, to such proteins and polypeptides.

The invention further relates to a method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a disorder associated with the presence of one or more of (a) a G at nucleotide position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1; or (b) a C at nucleotide position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3 in an individual. The method comprises obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual and determining the nucleotide present at one or more of

the indicated nucleotide positions, wherein presence of one or more of (a) a G at nucleotide position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1; or (b) a C at nucleotide position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3 is indicative of increased likelihood of said disorder in the individual as compared with an appropriate control, e.g., an individual having the reference nucleotide at one or more of said positions. In a particular embodiment the disorder is a vascular disease selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart or artery disease, MI, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism. In a preferred embodiment, the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of CAD and MI.

The invention further relates to a method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a disorder associated with one or more of (a) a G at nucleotide position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1; or (b) a C at nucleotide position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3 in an individual. The method comprises obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual and determining the nucleotide present at one or more of the indicated nucleotide positions, wherein presence of one or more of (a) an A at nucleotide position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1; or (b) a G at nucleotide position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3 is indicative of decreased likelihood of said disorder in the individual as compared with an appropriate control, e.g., an individual having the variant nucleotide at said position. In a particular embodiment the disorder is a vascular disease selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart or artery disease, MI, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism. In a preferred embodiment, the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of CAD and MI.

In one embodiment, the invention relates to a method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vascular disease (or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease), comprising the steps of obtaining a DNA sample from an individual to be assessed and determining the nucleotide present at one or more of nucleotide positions 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1 or 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3. The presence of the reference nucleotide at one or more of these positions indicates that the individual has a lower likelihood of having a vascular disease than an individual having the variant nucleotide at one or more of these positions, or a lower likelihood

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of having severe symptomology. In a particular embodiment, the individual is an individual at risk for development of a vascular disease.

The invention further relates to a method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a disorder associated with the presence of one or more of (a) a serine at amino acid position 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2; or (b) a proline at amino acid position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4 in an individual. The method comprises obtaining a biological sample containing the TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual and determining the amino acid present at one or more of the indicated amino acid positions, wherein presence of one or more of (a) a serine at amino acid position 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2; or (b) a proline at amino acid position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4 is indicative of increased likelihood of said disorder in the individual as compared with an appropriate control, e.g., an individual having the reference amino acid at one or more of said positions.

The invention further relates to a method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a disorder associated with one or more of (a) a serine at amino acid position 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2; or (b) a proline at amino acid position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4 in an individual. The method comprises obtaining a biological sample containing the TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual and determining the amino acid present at one or more of the indicated amino acid positions, wherein presence of one or more of (a) an asparagine at amino acid position 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2; or (b) an alanine at amino acid position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4 is indicative of decreased likelihood of said disorder in the individual as compared with an appropriate control, e.g., an individual having the variant amino acid at one or more of said positions.

In one embodiment, the invention relates to a method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vascular disease (or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease), comprising the steps of obtaining a biological sample comprising the TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from an individual to be assessed and determining the amino acid present at one or more of amino acid positions 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2 or 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4. The presence of the reference amino acid at one or more of these positions indicates that the individual has a lower likelihood of having a vascular disease than an individual

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having the variant amino acid at one or more of these positions, or a lower likelihood of having severe symptomology. In a particular embodiment, the individual is an individual at risk for development of a vascular disease.

In another embodiment, the invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a reference TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 gene or gene product, or active portion thereof, for use in the treatment of vascular diseases. The invention further relates to the use of agonists and antagonists of TSP-1 and TSP-4 activity for use in the treatment of vascular diseases. In a particular embodiment the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart or artery disease, MI, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism. In a preferred embodiment, the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of CAD and MI.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figs. 1A-1D show the reference nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 1) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 2) sequences for TSP-1.

Figs. 2A-2C show the reference nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 3) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 4) sequences for TSP-4.

Fig. 3 shows a table providing detailed information about the SNPs identified herein. Column one shows the internal polymorphism identifier. Column two shows the accession number for the reference sequence in the TIGR database (http://www.tigr.org/tdb/hgi/searching/hgi\_reports.html). Column three shows the nucleotide position for the SNP iste. Column four shows the gene in which the polymorphism was identified. Column five shows the polymorphic site and additional flanking sequence on each side of the polymorphism. Column six shows the type of mutation produced by the polymorphism. Columns seven and eight show the reference and alternate (variant) nucleotides, respectively, for the SNP. Columns nine and ten show the reference and alternate (variant) amino acids, respectively, encoded by the alleles of the gene.

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#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) at a specific location. The gene which includes the SNP has at least two alleles, referred to herein as the reference allele and the variant allele. The reference allele (prototypical or wild type allele) has been designated arbitrarily and typically corresponds to the nucleotide sequence of the gene which has been deposited with GenBank or TIGR under a given Accession number. The variant allele differs from the reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table. The present invention also relates to variant alleles of the described genes and to complements of the variant alleles. The invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules which hybridize to and/or share identity with the variant alleles identified herein (or their complements) and which also comprise the variant nucleotide at the SNP site.

The invention further relates to portions of the variant alleles and portions of complements of the variant alleles which comprise (encompass) the site of the SNP and are at least 5 nucleotides in length. Portions can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long. For example, a portion of a variant allele which is 21 nucleotides in length includes the single nucleotide polymorphism (the nucleotide which differs from the reference allele at that site) and twenty additional nucleotides which flank the site in the variant allele. These nucleotides can be on one or both sides of the polymorphism. Polymorphisms which are the subject of this invention are defined in the Table with respect to the reference sequence deposited in GenBank or TIGR under the Accession number indicated. For example, the invention relates to a portion of a gene (e.g., AT3) having a nucleotide sequence as deposited in GenBank (e.g., U11270) comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific position (e.g., nucleotide 11918). The reference nucleotide for AT3 is shown in column 8, and the variant nucleotide is shown in column 9 of the Table. The nucleotide sequences of the invention can be double- or single-stranded.

The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize to the reference or variant allele of a gene comprising a single nucleotide

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polymorphism or to the complement thereof. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table and/or Fig. 3. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table and/or Fig. 3 is determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

Thus, the invention further relates to a method of predicting the presence, absence, likelihood of the presence or absence, or severity of a particular phenotype or disorder associated with a particular genotype. The method comprises obtaining a nucleic acid sample from an individual and determining the identity of one or more bases (nucleotides) at polymorphic sites of genes described herein, wherein the presence of a particular base is correlated with a specified phenotype or disorder, thereby predicting the presence, absence, likelihood of the presence or absence, or severity of the phenotype or disorder in the individual.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

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A nucleic acid molecule or oligonucleotide can be DNA or RNA, and singleor double-stranded. Nucleic acid molecules and oligonucleotides can be naturally
occurring or synthetic, but are typically prepared by synthetic means. Preferred
nucleic acid molecules and oligonucleotides of the invention include segments of
DNA, or their complements, which include any one of the polymorphic sites shown
in the Table. The segments can be between 5 and 250 bases, and, in specific
embodiments, are between 5-10, 5-20, 10-20, 10-50, 20-50 or 10-100 bases. For
example, the segment can be 21 bases. The polymorphic site can occur within any
position of the segment. The segments can be from any of the allelic forms of DNA
shown in the Table.

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As used herein, the terms "nucleotide", "base" and "nucleic acid" are intended to be equivalent. The terms "nucleotide sequence", "nucleic acid sequence", "nucleic acid molecule" and "segment" are intended to be equivalent.

Hybridization probes are oligonucleotides which bind in a base-specific manner to a complementary strand of nucleic acid. Such probes include peptide nucleic acids, as described in Nielsen *et al.*, *Science* 254, 1497-1500 (1991). Probes can be any length suitable for specific hybridization to the target nucleic acid sequence. The most appropriate length of the probe may vary depending upon the hybridization method in which it is being used; for example, particular lengths may be more appropriate for use in microfabricated arrays, while other lengths may be more suitable for use in classical hybridization methods. Such optimizations are known to the skilled artisan. Suitable probes and primers can range from about 5 nucleotides to about 30 nucleotides in length. For example, probes and primers can be 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28 or 30 nucleotides in length. The probe or primer preferably overlaps at least one polymorphic site occupied by any of the possible variant nucleotides. The nucleotide sequence can correspond to the coding sequence of the allele or to the complement of the coding sequence of the allele.

As used herein, the term "primer" refers to a single-stranded oligonucleotide which acts as a point of initiation of template-directed DNA synthesis under appropriate conditions (e.g., in the presence of four different nucleoside triphosphates and an agent for polymerization, such as DNA or RNA polymerase or reverse transcriptase) in an appropriate buffer and at a suitable temperature. The appropriate length of a primer depends on the intended use of the primer, but typically ranges from 15 to 30 nucleotides. Short primer molecules generally require cooler temperatures to form sufficiently stable hybrid complexes with the template. A primer need not reflect the exact sequence of the template, but must be sufficiently complementary to hybridize with a template. The term primer site refers to the area of the target DNA to which a primer hybridizes. The term primer pair refers to a set of primers including a 5' (upstream) primer that hybridizes with the 5' end of the DNA sequence to be amplified and a 3' (downstream) primer that hybridizes with the complement of the 3' end of the sequence to be amplified.

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As used herein, linkage describes the tendency of genes, alleles, loci or genetic markers to be inherited together as a result of their location on the same chromosome. It can be measured by percent recombination between the two genes, alleles, loci or genetic markers.

As used herein, polymorphism refers to the occurrence of two or more genetically determined alternative sequences or alleles in a population. A polymorphic marker or site is the locus at which divergence occurs. Preferred markers have at least two alleles, each occurring at frequency of greater than 1%, and more preferably greater than 10% or 20% of a selected population. A polymorphic locus may be as small as one base pair. Polymorphic markers include restriction fragment length polymorphisms, variable number of tandem repeats (VNTR's), hypervariable regions, minisatellites, dinucleotide repeats, trinucleotide repeats, tetranucleotide repeats, simple sequence repeats, and insertion elements such as Alu. The first identified allelic form is arbitrarily designated as the reference form and other allelic forms are designated as alternative or variant alleles. The allelic form occurring most frequently in a selected population is sometimes referred to as the wildtype form. Diploid organisms may be homozygous or heterozygous for allelic forms. A diallelic or biallelic polymorphism has two forms. A triallelic polymorphism has three forms.

Work described herein pertains to the resequencing of large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals to identify polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease. For example, polymorphisms in genes which are expressed in liver may predispose individuals to disorders of the liver. By altering amino acid sequence, SNPs may alter the function of the encoded proteins. The discovery of the SNP facilitates biochemical analysis of the variants and the development of assays to characterize the variants and to screen for pharmaceutical that would interact directly with one or another form of the protein. SNPs (including silent SNPs) also enable the development of specific DNA, RNA, or protein-based diagnostics that detect the presence or absence of the polymorphism in particular conditions.

A single nucleotide polymorphism occurs at a polymorphic site occupied by a single nucleotide, which is the site of variation between allelic sequences. The site

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is usually preceded by and followed by highly conserved sequences of the allele (e.g., sequences that vary in less than 1/100 or 1/1000 members of the populations).

A single nucleotide polymorphism usually arises due to substitution of one nucleotide for another at the polymorphic site. A transition is the replacement of one purine by another purine or one pyrimidine by another pyrimidine. A transversion is the replacement of a purine by a pyrimidine or vice versa. Single nucleotide polymorphisms can also arise from a deletion of a nucleotide or an insertion of a nucleotide relative to a reference allele. Typically the polymorphic site is occupied by a base other than the reference base. For example, where the reference allele contains the base "T" at the polymorphic site, the altered allele can contain a "C", "G" or "A" at the polymorphic site.

The invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules which hybridize to the variant alleles identified herein (or their complements) and which also comprise the variant nucleotide at the SNP site. Hybridizations are usually performed under stringent conditions, for example, at a salt concentration of no more than 1 M and a temperature of at least 25°C. For example, conditions of 5X SSPE (750 mM NaCl, 50 mM NaPhosphate, 5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4) and a temperature of 25-30°C, or equivalent conditions, are suitable for allele-specific probe hybridizations. Equivalent conditions can be determined by varying one or more of the parameters given as an example, as known in the art, while maintaining a similar degree of identity or similarity between the target nucleotide sequence and the primer or probe used.

The invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules which share substantial sequence identity to the variant alleles identified herein (or their complements) and which also comprise the variant nucleotide at the SNP site. Particularly preferred are nucleic acid molecules and fragments which have at least about 60%, preferably at least about 70, 80 or 85%, more preferably at least about 90%, even more preferably at least about 95%, and most preferably at least about 98% identity with nucleic acid molecules described herein. The percent identity of two nucleotide or amino acid sequences can be determined by aligning the sequences for optimal comparison purposes (e.g., gaps can be introduced in the sequence of a first sequence). The nucleotides or amino acids at corresponding positions are then

compared, and the percent identity between the two sequences is a function of the number of identical positions shared by the sequences (i.e., % identity = # of identical positions/total # of positions x 100). In certain embodiments, the length of a sequence aligned for comparison purposes is at least 30%, preferably at least 40%, more preferably at least 60%, and even more preferably at least 70%, 80% or 90% of the length of the reference sequence. The actual comparison of the two sequences can be accomplished by well-known methods, for example, using a mathematical algorithm. A preferred, non-limiting example of such a mathematical algorithm is described in Karlin et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 90:5873-5877 (1993). Such an algorithm is incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST programs (version 2.0) as described in Altschul et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 25:389-3402 (1997). When utilizing BLAST and Gapped BLAST programs, the default parameters of the respective programs (e.g., NBLAST) can be used. See http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov. In one embodiment, parameters for sequence comparison can be set at score=100, wordlength=12, or can be varied (e.g., W=5 or W=20).

The term "isolated" is used herein to indicate that the material in question exists in a physical milieu distinct from that in which it occurs in nature. For example, an isolated nucleic acid of the invention may be substantially isolated with respect to the complex cellular milieu in which it naturally occurs. In some instances, the isolated material will form part of a composition (for example, a crude extract containing other substances), buffer system or reagent mix. In other circumstance, the material may be purified to essential homogeneity, for example as determined by PAGE or column chromatography such as HPLC. Preferably, an isolated nucleic acid comprises at least about 50, 80 or 90 percent (on a molar basis) of all macromolecular species present.

## I. Novel Polymorphisms of the Invention

Some of the novel polymorphisms of the invention are shown in the Table.

Columns one and two show designations for the indicated polymorphism. Column three shows the Genbank or TIGR Accession number for the wild type (or reference) allele. Column four shows the location of the polymorphic site in the nucleic acid

sequence with reference to the Genbank or TIGR sequence shown in column three. Column five shows common names for the gene in which the polymorphism is located. Column six shows the polymorphism and a portion of the 3' and 5' flanking sequence of the gene. Column seven shows the type of mutation; N, non-sense, S, silent, M, missense. Columns eight and nine show the reference and alternate nucleotides, respectively, at the polymorphic site. Columns ten and eleven show the reference and alternate amino acids, respectively, encoded by the reference and variant, respectively, alleles. Other novel polymorphisms of the invention are shown in Fig. 3.

## 10 II. Analysis of Polymorphisms

A. Preparation of Samples

Polymorphisms are detected in a target nucleic acid from an individual being analyzed. For assay of genomic DNA, virtually any biological sample (other than pure red blood cells) is suitable. For example, convenient tissue samples include whole blood, semen, saliva, tears, urine, fecal material, sweat, buccal, skin and hair. For assay of cDNA or mRNA, the tissue sample must be obtained from an organ in which the target nucleic acid is expressed. For example, if the target nucleic acid is a cytochrome P450, the liver is a suitable source.

Many of the methods described below require amplification of DNA from
target samples. This can be accomplished by e.g., PCR. See generally PCR
Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification (ed. H.A. Erlich,
Freeman Press, NY, NY, 1992); PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and
Applications (eds. Innis, et al., Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1990); Mattila et
al., Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 4967 (1991); Eckert et al., PCR Methods and
Applications 1, 17 (1991); PCR (eds. McPherson et al., IRL Press, Oxford); and
U.S. Patent 4,683,202.

Other suitable amplification methods include the ligase chain reaction (LCR) (see Wu and Wallace, *Genomics* 4, 560 (1989), Landegren *et al.*, *Science* 241, 1077 (1988), transcription amplification (Kwoh *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86,

30 1173 (1989)), and self-sustained sequence replication (Guatelli et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA, 87, 1874 (1990)) and nucleic acid based sequence amplification

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(NASBA). The latter two amplification methods involve isothermal reactions based on isothermal transcription, which produce both single stranded RNA (ssRNA) and double stranded DNA (dsDNA) as the amplification products in a ratio of about 30 or 100 to 1, respectively.

### B. Detection of Polymorphisms in Target DNA

There are two distinct types of analysis of target DNA for detecting polymorphisms. The first type of analysis, sometimes referred to as *de novo* characterization, is carried out to identify polymorphic sites not previously characterized (i.e., to identify new polymorphisms). This analysis compares target sequences in different individuals to identify points of variation, i.e., polymorphic sites. By analyzing groups of individuals representing the greatest ethnic diversity among humans and greatest breed and species variety in plants and animals, patterns characteristic of the most common alleles/haplotypes of the locus can be identified, and the frequencies of such alleles/haplotypes in the population can be determined. Additional allelic frequencies can be determined for subpopulations characterized by criteria such as geography, race, or gender. The *de novo* identification of polymorphisms of the invention is described in the Examples section. The second type of analysis determines which form(s) of a characterized (known) polymorphism are present in individuals under test. There are a variety of suitable procedures, which are discussed in turn.

#### 1. Allele-Specific Probes

The design and use of allele-specific probes for analyzing polymorphisms is described by e.g., Saiki et al., Nature 324, 163-166 (1986); Dattagupta, EP 235,726, Saiki, WO 89/11548. Allele-specific probes can be designed that hybridize to a segment of target DNA from one individual but do not hybridize to the corresponding segment from another individual due to the presence of different polymorphic forms in the respective segments from the two individuals. Hybridization conditions should be sufficiently stringent that there is a significant difference in hybridization intensity between alleles, and preferably an essentially binary response, whereby a probe hybridizes to only one of the alleles. Some probes

are designed to hybridize to a segment of target DNA such that the polymorphic site aligns with a central position (e.g., in a 15-mer at the 7 position; in a 16-mer, at either the 8 or 9 position) of the probe. This design of probe achieves good discrimination in hybridization between different allelic forms.

Allele-specific probes are often used in pairs, one member of a pair showing a perfect match to a reference form of a target sequence and the other member showing a perfect match to a variant form. Several pairs of probes can then be immobilized on the same support for simultaneous analysis of multiple polymorphisms within the same target sequence.

## 2. Tiling Arrays

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The polymorphisms can also be identified by hybridization to nucleic acid arrays, some examples of which are described in WO 95/11995. One form of such arrays is described in the Examples section in connection with de novo identification of polymorphisms. The same array or a different array can be used for analysis of 15 characterized polymorphisms. WO 95/11995 also describes subarrays that are optimized for detection of a variant form of a precharacterized polymorphism. Such a subarray contains probes designed to be complementary to a second reference sequence, which is an allelic variant of the first reference sequence. The second group of probes is designed by the same principles as described in the Examples, except that the probes exhibit complementarity to the second reference sequence. The inclusion of a second group (or further groups) can be particularly useful for analyzing short subsequences of the primary reference sequence in which multiple mutations are expected to occur within a short distance commensurate with the length of the probes (e.g., two or more mutations within 9 to 21 bases).

# 3. Allele-Specific Primers

An allele-specific primer hybridizes to a site on target DNA overlapping a polymorphism and only primes amplification of an allelic form to which the primer exhibits perfect complementarity. See Gibbs, Nucleic Acid Res. 17, 2427-2448 (1989). This primer is used in conjunction with a second primer which hybridizes at a distal site. Amplification proceeds from the two primers, resulting in a detectable

product which indicates the particular allelic form is present. A control is usually performed with a second pair of primers, one of which shows a single base mismatch at the polymorphic site and the other of which exhibits perfect complementarity to a distal site. The single-base mismatch prevents amplification and no detectable product is formed. The method works best when the mismatch is included in the 3'-most position of the oligonucleotide aligned with the polymorphism because this position is most destabilizing to elongation from the primer (see, e.g., WO 93/22456).

#### 4. Direct-Sequencing

The direct analysis of the sequence of polymorphisms of the present invention can be accomplished using either the dideoxy chain termination method or the Maxam Gilbert method (see Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual (2nd Ed., CSHP, New York 1989); Zyskind et al., Recombinant DNA Laboratory Manual, (Acad. Press, 1988)).

#### Denaturing Gradient Gel Electrophoresis

Amplification products generated using the polymerase chain reaction can be analyzed by the use of denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Different alleles can be identified based on the different sequence-dependent melting properties and electrophoretic migration of DNA in solution. Erlich, ed., PCR Technology,

20 Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification, (W.H. Freeman and Co, New York, 1992), Chapter 7.

# 6. Single-Strand Conformation Polymorphism Analysis

Alleles of target sequences can be differentiated using single-strand conformation polymorphism analysis, which identifies base differences by alteration in electrophoretic migration of single stranded PCR products, as described in Orita et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 86, 2766-2770 (1989). Amplified PCR products can be generated as described above, and heated or otherwise denatured, to form single stranded amplification products. Single-stranded nucleic acids may refold or form secondary structures which are partially dependent on the base sequence. The

different electrophoretic mobilities of single-stranded amplification products can be related to base-sequence differences between alleles of target sequences.

#### 7. Single-Base Extension

An alternative method for identifying and analyzing polymorphisms is based on single-base extension (SBE) of a fluorescently-labeled primer coupled with fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET) between the label of the added base and the label of the primer. Typically, the method, such as that described by Chen et al., (PNAS 94:10756-61 (1997), incorporated herein by reference) uses a locus-specific oligonucleotide primer labeled on the 5' terminus with 5-carboxyfluorescein (FAM). This labeled primer is designed so that the 3' end is immediately adjacent to the polymorphic site of interest. The labeled primer is hybridized to the locus, and single base extension of the labeled primer is performed with fluorescently labeled dideoxyribonucleotides (ddNTPs) in dye-terminator sequencing fashion, except that no deoxyribonucleotides are present. An increase in fluorescence of the added ddNTP in response to excitation at the wavelength of the labeled primer is used to infer the identity of the added nucleotide.

#### III. Methods of Use

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After determining polymorphic form(s) present in an individual at one or more polymorphic sites, this information can be used in a number of methods.

#### A. Forensics

Determination of which polymorphic forms occupy a set of polymorphic sites in an individual identifies a set of polymorphic forms that distinguishes the individual. See generally National Research Council, The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence (Eds. Pollard et al., National Academy Press, DC, 1996). The more sites that are analyzed, the lower the probability that the set of polymorphic forms in one individual is the same as that in an unrelated individual. Preferably, if multiple sites are analyzed, the sites are unlinked. Thus, polymorphisms of the invention are often used in conjunction with polymorphisms in distal genes. Preferred polymorphisms for use in forensics are biallelic because the population frequencies

of two polymorphic forms can usually be determined with greater accuracy than those of multiple polymorphic forms at multi-allelic loci.

The capacity to identify a distinguishing or unique set of forensic markers in an individual is useful for forensic analysis. For example, one can determine whether a blood sample from a suspect matches a blood or other tissue sample from a crime scene by determining whether the set of polymorphic forms occupying selected polymorphic sites is the same in the suspect and the sample. If the set of polymorphic markers does not match between a suspect and a sample, it can be concluded (barring experimental error) that the suspect was not the source of the sample. If the set of markers does match, one can conclude that the DNA from the suspect is consistent with that found at the crime scene. If frequencies of the polymorphic forms at the loci tested have been determined (e.g., by analysis of a suitable population of individuals), one can perform a statistical analysis to determine the probability that a match of suspect and crime scene sample would occur by chance.

p(ID) is the probability that two random individuals have the same polymorphic or allelic form at a given polymorphic site. In biallelic loci, four genotypes are possible: AA, AB, BA, and BB. If alleles A and B occur in a haploid genome of the organism with frequencies x and y, the probability of each genotype in a diploid organism is (see WO 95/12607):

Homozygote:  $p(AA) = x^2$ 

Homozygote:  $p(BB)=y^2=(1-x)^2$ 

Single Heterozygote: p(AB)=p(BA)=xy=x(1-x)

Both Heterozygotes: p(AB+BA)= 2xy = 2x(1-x)

The probability of identity at one locus (i.e, the probability that two individuals, picked at random from a population will have identical polymorphic forms at a given locus) is given by the equation:

$$p(ID) = (x^2)^2 + (2xy)^2 + (y^2)^2$$
.

These calculations can be extended for any number of polymorphic forms at a given locus. For example, the probability of identity p(ID) for a 3-allele system

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where the alleles have the frequencies in the population of x, y and z, respectively, is equal to the sum of the squares of the genotype frequencies:

$$p(ID) = x^4 + (2xy)^2 + (2yz)^2 + (2xz)^2 + z^4 + y^4$$

In a locus of n alleles, the appropriate binomial expansion is used to calculate p(ID) and p(exc).

The cumulative probability of identity (cum p(ID)) for each of multiple unlinked loci is determined by multiplying the probabilities provided by each locus.

$$\operatorname{cum} p(\operatorname{ID}) = p(\operatorname{ID}1)p(\operatorname{ID}2)p(\operatorname{ID}3).... p(\operatorname{ID}n)$$

The cumulative probability of non-identity for n loci (i.e. the probability that two random individuals will be different at 1 or more loci) is given by the equation:  $\operatorname{cum} p(\operatorname{nonID}) = 1$ -cum  $p(\operatorname{ID})$ .

If several polymorphic loci are tested, the cumulative probability of nonidentity for random individuals becomes very high (e.g., one billion to one). Such probabilities can be taken into account together with other evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the suspect.

### B. Paternity Testing

The object of paternity testing is usually to determine whether a male is the father of a child. In most cases, the mother of the child is known and thus, the mother's contribution to the child's genotype can be traced. Paternity testing investigates whether the part of the child's genotype not attributable to the mother is consistent with that of the putative father. Paternity testing can be performed by analyzing sets of polymorphisms in the putative father and the child.

If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does not match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, it can be concluded, barring experimental error, that the putative father is not the real father. If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, a statistical calculation can be performed to determine the probability of coincidental match.

The probability of parentage exclusion (representing the probability that a random male will have a polymorphic form at a given polymorphic site that makes him incompatible as the father) is given by the equation (see WO 95/12607):

$$p(exc) = xy(l-xy)$$

where x and y are the population frequencies of alleles A and B of a biallelic polymorphic site.

(At a triallelic site p(exc) = xy(1-xy) + yz(1-yz) + xz(1-xz) + 3xyz(1-xyz))),

where x, y and z and the respective population frequencies of alleles A, B and C).

The probability of non-exclusion is

$$p(non-exc) = 1-p(exc)$$

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The cumulative probability of non-exclusion (representing the value obtained when n loci are used) is thus:

cum p(non-exc) = p(non-exc1)p(non-exc2)p(non-exc3).... p(non-excn)10

The cumulative probability of exclusion for n loci (representing the probability that a random male will be excluded)

cum p(exc) = 1 - cum p(non-exc).

If several polymorphic loci are included in the analysis, the cumulative probability of exclusion of a random male is very high. This probability can be taken into account in assessing the liability of a putative father whose polymorphic marker set matches the child's polymorphic marker set attributable to his/her father.

## C. Correlation of Polymorphisms with Phenotypic Traits

The polymorphisms of the invention may contribute to the phenotype of an organism in different ways. Some polymorphisms occur within a protein coding sequence and contribute to phenotype by affecting protein structure. The effect may be neutral, beneficial or detrimental, or both beneficial and detrimental, depending on the circumstances. For example, a heterozygous sickle cell mutation confers resistance to malaria, but a homozygous sickle cell mutation is usually lethal. Other polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions but may exert phenotypic effects indirectly via influence on replication, transcription, and translation. A single polymorphism may affect more than one phenotypic trait. Likewise, a single phenotypic trait may be affected by polymorphisms in different genes. Further, some polymorphisms predispose an individual to a distinct mutation that is causally related to a certain phenotype.

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Phenotypic traits include diseases that have known but hitherto unmapped genetic components (e.g., agammaglobulimenia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, muscular dystrophy, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary spherocytosis, von Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyposis, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, and acute intermittent porphyria). Phenotypic traits also include symptoms of, or susceptibility to, multifactorial diseases of which a component is or may be genetic, such as autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous system, and infection by pathogenic microorganisms. Some examples of autoimmune diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes (insulin-dependent and non-independent), systemic lupus erythematosus and Graves disease. Some examples of cancers include cancers of the bladder, brain, breast, colon, esophagus, kidney, leukemia, liver, lung, oral cavity, ovary, pancreas, prostate, skin, stomach and uterus. Phenotypic traits also include characteristics such as longevity, appearance (e.g., baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular drugs or therapeutic treatments.

The correlation of one or more polymorphisms with phenotypic traits can be facilitated by knowledge of the gene product of the wild type (reference) gene. The genes in which cSNPs of the present invention have been identified are genes which have been previously sequenced and characterized in one of their allelic forms.

Correlation is performed for a population of individuals who have been tested for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait of interest and for polymorphic markers sets. To perform such analysis, the presence or absence of a set of polymorphisms (i.e. a polymorphic set) is determined for a set of the individuals, some of whom exhibit a particular trait, and some of which exhibit lack of the trait. The alleles of each polymorphism of the set are then reviewed to determine whether the presence or absence of a particular allele is associated with the trait of interest. Correlation can be performed by standard statistical methods such as a  $\kappa$ -squared test and statistically significant correlations between polymorphic form(s) and phenotypic characteristics are noted. For example, it might be found that the presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A correlates with heart disease. As a further

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example, it might be found that the combined presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A and allele B1 at polymorphism B correlates with increased milk production of a farm animal.

Such correlations can be exploited in several ways. In the case of a strong correlation between a set of one or more polymorphic forms and a disease for which treatment is available, detection of the polymorphic form set in a human or animal patient may justify immediate administration of treatment, or at least the institution of regular monitoring of the patient. Detection of a polymorphic form correlated with serious disease in a couple contemplating a family may also be valuable to the couple in their reproductive decisions. For example, the female partner might elect to undergo *in vitro* fertilization to avoid the possibility of transmitting such a polymorphism from her husband to her offspring. In the case of a weaker, but still statistically significant correlation between a polymorphic set and human disease, immediate therapeutic intervention or monitoring may not be justified.

Nevertheless, the patient can be motivated to begin simple life-style changes (e.g., diet, exercise) that can be accomplished at little cost to the patient but confer potential benefits in reducing the risk of conditions to which the patient may have increased susceptibility by virtue of variant alleles. Identification of a polymorphic set in a patient correlated with enhanced receptiveness to one of several treatment regimes for a disease indicates that this treatment regime should be followed.

For animals and plants, correlations between characteristics and phenotype are useful for breeding for desired characteristics. For example, Beitz et al., US 5,292,639 discuss use of bovine mitochondrial polymorphisms in a breeding program to improve milk production in cows. To evaluate the effect of mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphism on milk production, each cow was assigned a value of 1 if variant or 0 if wildtype with respect to a prototypical mitochondrial DNA sequence at each of 17 locations considered. Each production trait was analyzed individually with the following animal model:

$$Y_{ijkpn} = \mu + YS_i + P_j + X_k + \beta_1 + ... \beta_{17} + PE_n + a_n + e_p$$

where  $Y_{ijknp}$  is the milk, fat, fat percentage, SNF, SNF percentage, energy concentration, or lactation energy record;  $\mu$  is an overall mean;  $YS_i$  is the effect common to all cows calving in year-season;  $X_k$  is the effect common to cows in

either the high or average selection line;  $\beta_1$  to  $\beta_{17}$  are the binomial regressions of production record on mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphisms;  $PE_n$  is permanent environmental effect common to all records of cow n;  $a_n$  is effect of animal n and is composed of the additive genetic contribution of sire and dam breeding values and a Mendelian sampling effect; and  $e_p$  is a random residual. It was found that eleven of seventeen polymorphisms tested influenced at least one production trait. Bovines having the best polymorphic forms for milk production at these eleven loci are used as parents for breeding the next generation of the herd.

## D. Genetic Mapping of Phenotypic Traits

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The previous section concerns identifying correlations between phenotypic traits and polymorphisms that directly or indirectly contribute to those traits. The present section describes identification of a physical linkage between a genetic locus associated with a trait of interest and polymorphic markers that are not associated with the trait, but are in physical proximity with the genetic locus responsible for the trait and co-segregate with it. Such analysis is useful for mapping a genetic locus associated with a phenotypic trait to a chromosomal position, and thereby cloning gene(s) responsible for the trait. See Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 83, 7353-7357 (1986); Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 84, 2363-2367 (1987); Donis-Keller et al., Cell 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., Genetics 121, 185-199 (1989)). Genes localized by linkage can be cloned by a process known as directional cloning. See Wainwright, Med. J. Australia 159, 170-174 (1993); Collins, Nature Genetics 1, 3-6 (1992).

Linkage studies are typically performed on members of a family. Available members of the family are characterized for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait and for a set of polymorphic markers. The distribution of polymorphic markers in an informative meiosis is then analyzed to determine which polymorphic markers co-segregate with a phenotypic trait. See, e.g., Kerem et al., Science 245, 1073-1080 (1989); Monaco et al., Nature 316, 842 (1985); Yamoka et al., Neurology 40, 222-226 (1990); Rossiter et al., FASEB Journal 5, 21-27 (1991).

Linkage is analyzed by calculation of LOD (log of the odds) values. A lod value is the relative likelihood of obtaining observed segregation data for a marker

and a genetic locus when the two are located at a recombination fraction  $\theta$ , versus the situation in which the two are not linked, and thus segregating independently (Thompson & Thompson, *Genetics in Medicine* (5th ed, W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia, 1991); Strachan, "Mapping the human genome" in *The Human* 

- Genome (BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd, Oxford), Chapter 4). A series of likelihood ratios are calculated at various recombination fractions (θ), ranging from θ = 0.0 (coincident loci) to θ = 0.50 (unlinked). Thus, the likelihood at a given value of θ is: probability of data if loci linked at θ to probability of data if loci unlinked. The computed likelihoods are usually expressed as the log<sub>10</sub> of this ratio
- (i.e., a lod score). For example, a lod score of 3 indicates 1000:1 odds against an apparent observed linkage being a coincidence. The use of logarithms allows data collected from different families to be combined by simple addition. Computer programs are available for the calculation of lod scores for differing values of θ (e.g., LIPED, MLINK (Lathrop, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. (USA) 81, 3443-3446 (1984)).
- For any particular lod score, a recombination fraction may be determined from mathematical tables. See Smith et al., Mathematical tables for research workers in human genetics (Churchill, London, 1961); Smith, Ann. Hum. Genet. 32, 127-150 (1968). The value of θ at which the lod score is the highest is considered to be the best estimate of the recombination fraction.
- Positive lod score values suggest that the two loci are linked, whereas negative values suggest that linkage is less likely (at that value of θ) than the possibility that the two loci are unlinked. By convention, a combined lod score of +3 or greater (equivalent to greater than 1000:1 odds in favor of linkage) is considered definitive evidence that two loci are linked. Similarly, by convention, a negative lod score of 2 or less is taken as definitive evidence against linkage of the two loci being compared. Negative linkage data are useful in excluding a chromosome or a segment thereof from consideration. The search focuses on the remaining non-excluded chromosomal locations.

#### IV. Modified Polypeptides and Gene Sequences

The invention further provides variant forms of nucleic acids and corresponding proteins. The nucleic acids comprise one of the sequences described

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in the Table, column 5, in which the polymorphic position is occupied by one of the alternative bases for that position. Some nucleic acids encode full-length variant forms of proteins. Similarly, variant proteins have the prototypical amino acid sequences encoded by nucleic acid sequences shown in the Table, column 5, (read so as to be in-frame with the full-length coding sequence of which it is a component) except at an amino acid encoded by a codon including one of the polymorphic positions shown in the Table. That position is occupied by the amino acid coded by the corresponding codon in any of the alternative forms shown in the Table.

Variant genes can be expressed in an expression vector in which a variant gene is operably linked to a native or other promoter. Usually, the promoter is a eukaryotic promoter for expression in a mammalian cell. The transcription regulation sequences typically include a heterologous promoter and optionally an enhancer which is recognized by the host. The selection of an appropriate promoter, for example trp, lac, phage promoters, glycolytic enzyme promoters and tRNA promoters, depends on the host selected. Commercially available expression vectors can be used. Vectors can include host-recognized replication systems, amplifiable genes, selectable markers, host sequences useful for insertion into the host genome, and the like.

The means of introducing the expression construct into a host cell varies depending upon the particular construction and the target host. Suitable means include fusion, conjugation, transfection, transduction, electroporation or injection, as described in Sambrook, supra. A wide variety of host cells can be employed for expression of the variant gene, both prokaryotic and eukaryotic. Suitable host cells include bacteria such as E. coli, yeast, filamentous fungi, insect cells, mammalian cells, typically immortalized, e.g., mouse, CHO, human and monkey cell lines and derivatives thereof. Preferred host cells are able to process the variant gene product to produce an appropriate mature polypeptide. Processing includes glycosylation, ubiquitination, disulfide bond formation, general post-translational modification, and the like. As used herein, "gene product" includes mRNA, peptide and protein products.

The protein may be isolated by conventional means of protein biochemistry and purification to obtain a substantially pure product, i.e., 80, 95 or 99% free of cell

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component contaminants, as described in Jacoby, Methods in Enzymology Volume 104, Academic Press, New York (1984); Scopes, Protein Purification, Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition, Springer-Verlag, New York (1987); and Deutscher (ed), Guide to Protein Purification, Methods in Enzymology, Vol. 182 (1990). If the protein is secreted, it can be isolated from the supernatant in which the host cell is grown. If not secreted, the protein can be isolated from a lysate of the host cells.

The invention further provides transgenic nonhuman animals capable of expressing an exogenous variant gene and/or having one or both alleles of an endogenous variant gene inactivated. Expression of an exogenous variant gene is usually achieved by operably linking the gene to a promoter and optionally an enhancer, and microinjecting the construct into a zygote. See Hogan et al., "Manipulating the Mouse Embryo, A Laboratory Manual," Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. Inactivation of endogenous variant genes can be achieved by forming a transgene in which a cloned variant gene is inactivated by insertion of a positive selection marker. See Capecchi, Science 244, 1288-1292 (1989). The transgene is then introduced into an embryonic stem cell, where it undergoes homologous recombination with an endogenous variant gene. Mice and other rodents are preferred animals. Such animals provide useful drug screening systems.

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In addition to substantially full-length polypeptides expressed by variant genes, the present invention includes biologically active fragments of the polypeptides, or analogs thereof, including organic molecules which simulate the interactions of the peptides. Biologically active fragments include any portion of the full-length polypeptide which confers a biological function on the variant gene product, including ligand binding, and antibody binding. Ligand binding includes binding by nucleic acids, proteins or polypeptides, small biologically active molecules, or large cellular structures.

Polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies that specifically bind to variant gene products but not to corresponding prototypical gene products are also provided. Antibodies can be made by injecting mice or other animals with the variant gene product or synthetic peptide fragments thereof. Monoclonal antibodies are screened as are described, for example, in Harlow & Lane, Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York (1988); Goding, Monoclonal antibodies,

Principles and Practice (2d ed.) Academic Press, New York (1986). Monoclonal antibodies are tested for specific immunoreactivity with a variant gene product and lack of immunoreactivity to the corresponding prototypical gene product. These antibodies are useful in diagnostic assays for detection of the variant form, or as an active ingredient in a pharmaceutical composition.

#### V. Kits

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The invention further provides kits comprising at least one allele-specific oligonucleotide as described herein. Often, the kits contain one or more pairs of allele-specific oligonucleotides hybridizing to different forms of a polymorphism. In some kits, the allele-specific oligonucleotides are provided immobilized to a substrate. For example, the same substrate can comprise allele-specific oligonucleotide probes for detecting at least 10, 100 or all of the polymorphisms shown in the Table. Optional additional components of the kit include, for example, restriction enzymes, reverse-transcriptase or polymerase, the substrate nucleoside triphosphates, means used to label (for example, an avidin-enzyme 15 conjugate and enzyme substrate and chromogen if the label is biotin), and the appropriate buffers for reverse transcription, PCR, or hybridization reactions. Usually, the kit also contains instructions for carrying out the methods.

The thrombospondins are a family of extracellular matrix (ECM) glycoproteins that modulate many cell behaviors including adhesion, migration, and proliferation. Thrombospondins (also known as thrombin sensitive proteins or TSPs) are large molecular weight glycoproteins composed of three identical disulfide-linked polypeptide chains. TSPs are stored in the alpha-granules of platelets and secreted by a variety of mesenchymal and epithelial cells (Majack et al., Cell Membrane 3:57-77 (1987)). Platelets secrete TSPs when activated in the 25 blood by such physiological agonists such as thrombin. TSPs have lectin properties and a broad function in the regulation of fibrinolysis and as a component of the ECM, and are one of a group of ECM proteins which have adhesive properties. TSPs bind to fibronectin and fibrinogen (Lahav et al., Eur J Biochem 145:151-6 (1984)), and these proteins are known to be involved in platelet adhesion to substratum and platelet aggregation (Leung, J Clin Invest 74:1764-1772 (1986)).

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Recent work has implicated TSPs in response of cells to growth factors. Submitogenic doses of PDGF induce a rapid but transitory, increase in TSP synthesis and secretion by rat aortic smooth muscle cells (Majack et al., J Biol Chem 101:1059-70 (1985)). PDGF responsiveness to TSP synthesis in glial cells has also been shown (Asch et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci 83:2904-8 (1986)). TSP mRNA levels rise rapidly in response to PDGF (Majack et al., J Biol Chem 262:8821-5 (1987)). TSPs act synergistically with epidermal growth factor to increase DNA synthesis in smooth muscle cells (Majack et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci 83:9050-4 (1986)), and monoclonal antibodies to TSPs inhibit smooth muscle cell proliferation (Majack et al., J Biol Chem 106:415-22 (1988)). TSPs modulate local adhesions in endothelial cells, and TSPs, particularly TSP-1 primarily derived from platelet granules, are known to be an important activator of transforming growth factor beta-1 (TGFB-1) (Crawford et al., Cell 93:1159 (1998)) and appear to be a potential link between platelet-thrombosis and development of atherosclerosis.

To determine pivotal genes associated with premature coronary artery disease, we analyzed DNA from 347 patients with MI or coronary revascularization before age 40 (men) or 45 (women) and 422 general population controls. Cases were drawn (one per family) from a retrospective collection of sibling pairs with premature CAD. Controls were ascertained through random-digit dialing. Both cases and controls were Caucasian. A complete database of phenotypic and laboratory variables for the affected patients afforded logistic regression to control for age, diabetes, body mass index, gender.

Thrombospondin (TSP) 4 and 1 emerged as important SNPs associated with premature CAD and MI. For CAD, 148 of 347 patients carried at least one copy of the TSP-4 variant compared with 142 of 422 control subjects; adjusted odds ratio 1.47, p=0.01. For premature MI, the association was even stronger: 91 of 187 cases vs. 142 of 422 controls had the variant; adjusted odds ratio 2.08, p=0.0003. The TSP-1 SNP was rare. Nonetheless, homozygosity for the variant allele gave an adjusted odds ratio of 9.5, p=.04.

Specific reference nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 1) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 2) sequences for TSP-1 are shown in Figs. 1A-1D. Specific reference nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 3) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 4) sequences for TSP-4 are shown in

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Figs. 2A-2C. It is understood that the invention is not limited by these exemplified reference sequences, as variants of these sequences which differ at locations other than the SNP sites identified herein can also be utilized. The skilled artisan can readily determine the SNP sites in these other reference sequences which correspond to the SNP sites identified herein by aligning the sequence of interest with the reference sequences specifically disclosed herein, and programs for performing such alignments are commercially available. For example, the ALIGN program in the GCG software package can be used, utilizing a PAM120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12 and a gap penalty of 4, for example.

Two SNPs have been specifically studied as described herein. The first (G334u4) is a change from A (reference nucleotide) to G (alternate or variant nucleotide) at nucleotide position 2210 of the nucleic acid sequence of TSP-1 (Figs. 1A-1D), resulting in a missense amino acid mutation from asparagine (reference) to serine (alternate) at amino acid 700. The second SNP (G355u2) is a change from G (reference) to C (alternate) at nucleotide position 1186 of the nucleic acid sequence of TSP-4 (Figs. 2A-2C), resulting in a missense amino acid alteration from alanine (reference) to proline (alternate) at amino acid 387. With respect to the G355u2 SNP, individuals with CAD carried at least one copy of the variant "C" allele more frequently than control individuals (43% as compared with 34%). With respect to the G355u2 SNP, individuals with MI carried at least one copy of the variant "C" allele more frequently than control individuals (49% as compared with 34%). With respect to the G334u4 SNP, individuals with CAD carried two copies of the variant "G" allele more frequently than control individuals (1.7% as compared with 0.2%). With respect to the G334u4 SNP, individuals with MI carried two copies of the variant "G" allele more frequently than control individuals (2% as compared with 0.2%).

As used herein, the term "polymorphism" refers to the occurrence of two or more genetically determined alternative sequences or alleles in a population. A polymorphic marker or site is the locus at which divergence occurs. Preferred markers have at least two alleles, each occurring at frequency of greater than 1%, and more preferably greater than 10% or 20% of a selected population. A

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polymorphic locus may be as small as one base pair, in which case it is referred to as a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP).

Thus, the invention relates to a method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vascular disease, or for aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease, or predicting the likelihood of having altered symptomology associated with a vascular disease, comprising the steps of obtaining a DNA sample from an individual to be assessed and determining the nucleotide present at one or more of nucleotide positions 2210 of the TSP-1 gene or 1186 of the TSP-4 gene. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleotides present at both of these nucleotide positions are determined. In one embodiment the TSP-1 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 and the TSP-4 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3. The presence of one or more of a G (the variant nucleotide) at position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1 or a C (the variant nucleotide) at position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 1186 indicates that the individual has a greater likelihood of having a vascular disease, or a greater likelihood of having severe symptomology associated with a vascular disease, than if that individual had the reference nucleotide at one or more of these positions. Conversely, the presence of one or more of an A (the reference nucleotide) at position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1 or a G (the reference nucleotide) at position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3 indicates that the individual has a reduced likelihood of having a vascular disease or a likelihood of having reduced symptomology associated with a vascular disease than if that individual had the variant nucleotide at one or more of these positions.

In a particular embodiment, the individual is an individual at risk for development of a vascular disease. In another embodiment the individual exhibits clinical symptomology associated with a vascular disease. In one embodiment, the individual has been clinically diagnosed as having a vascular disease. Vascular diseases include, but are not limited to, atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction (MI), stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism. In preferred embodiments, the vascular disease is CAD or MI.

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The genetic material to be assessed can be obtained from any nucleated cell from the individual. For assay of genomic DNA, virtually any biological sample

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(other than pure red blood cells) is suitable. For example, convenient tissue samples include whole blood, semen, saliva, tears, urine, fecal material, sweat, skin and hair. For assay of cDNA or mRNA, the tissue sample must be obtained from a tissue or organ in which the target nucleic acid is expressed.

Many of the methods described herein require amplification of DNA from target samples. This can be accomplished by e.g., PCR. See generally PCR Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification (ed. H.A. Erlich, Freeman Press, NY, NY, 1992); PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications (eds. Innis, et al., Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1990); Mattila et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 4967 (1991); Eckert et al., PCR Methods and Applications 1, 17 (1991); PCR (eds. McPherson et al., IRL Press, Oxford); and U.S. Patent 4,683,202.

Other suitable amplification methods include the ligase chain reaction (LCR) (see Wu and Wallace, Genomics 4, 560 (1989), Landegren et al., Science 241, 1077 (1988), transcription amplification (Kwoh et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1173 (1989)), and self-sustained sequence replication (Guatelli et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA, 87, 1874 (1990)) and nucleic acid based sequence amplification (NASBA). The latter two amplification methods involve isothermal reactions based on isothermal transcription, which produce both single stranded RNA (ssRNA) and double stranded DNA (dsDNA) as the amplification products in a ratio of about 30 or 100 to 1, respectively.

The nucleotide which occupies the polymorphic site of interest (e.g., nucleotide position 2210 in TSP-1 and/or nucleotide position 1186 in TSP-4) can be identified by a variety of methods, such as Southern analysis of genomic DNA; direct mutation analysis by restriction enzyme digestion; Northern analysis of RNA; denaturing high pressure liquid chromatography (DHPLC); gene isolation and sequencing; hybridization of an allele-specific oligonucleotide with amplified gene products; single base extension (SBE). In a preferred embodiment, determination of the allelic form of TSP is carried out using SBE-FRET methods as described herein, 30 or using chip-based oligonucleotide arrays as described herein.

The invention also relates to a method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vascular disease, or for aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular

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disease, or predicting the likelihood of having altered symptomology associated with a vascular disease, comprising the steps of obtaining a biological sample comprising TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from an individual to be assessed and determining the amino acid present at one or more of amino acid positions 700 of the TSP-1 gene product (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 2) or 387 of the TSP-4 gene product (e.g., as exemplified by SEQ ID NO: 4). In a preferred embodiment, the amino acids present at both of these amino acid positions are determined. As used herein, the term "relevant portion" of the TSP-1 and TSP-4 proteins is intended to encompass any portion of the protein which comprises the polymorphic amino acid positions. The presence of one or more of a serine (the variant amino acid) at position 700 of SEQ ID NO: 2, or a proline (the variant amino acid) at position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4 indicates that the individual has a greater likelihood of having a vascular disease, or a greater likelihood of having severe symptomology associated with a vascular disease, than if that individual had the reference amino acid at one or more of these positions. Conversely, the presence of one or more of an asparagine (the reference amino acid) at position 700 of SEO ID NO: 2, or an alanine (the reference amino acid) at position 387 of SEQ I D NO: 4 indicates that the individual has a reduced likelihood of having a vascular disease or a likelihood of having reduced symptomology associated with a vascular disease, than if that individual had the varaint amino acid at one or more of these positions.

In a particular embodiment, the individual is an individual at risk for development of a vascular disease. In another embodiment the individual exhibits clinical symptomology associated with a vascular disease. In one embodiment, the individual has been clinically diagnosed as having a vascular disease.

In this embodiment of the invention, the biological sample contains protein molecules from the test subject. *In vitro* techniques for detection of protein include enzyme linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs), Western blots, immunoprecipitations and immunofluorescence. Furthermore, *in vivo* techniques for detection of protein include introducing into a subject a labeled anti-protein antibody. For example, the antibody can be labeled with a radioactive marker whose presence and location in a subject can be detected by standard imaging techniques. Polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies that specifically bind to variant gene

products but not to corresponding reference gene products, and vice versa, are also provided. Antibodies can be made by injecting mice or other animals with the variant gene product or synthetic peptide fragments thereof comprising the variant portion. Monoclonal antibodies are screened as are described, for example, in Harlow & Lane, Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York (1988); Goding, Monoclonal antibodies, Principles and Practice (2d ed.) Academic Press, New York (1986). Monoclonal antibodies are tested for specific immunoreactivity with a variant gene product and lack of immunoreactivity to the corresponding prototypical gene product. These antibodies are useful in diagnostic assays for detection of the variant form, or as an active ingredient in a pharmaceutical composition.

The polymorphisms of the invention may be associated with vascular disease in different ways. The polymorphisms may exert phenotypic effects indirectly via influence on replication, transcription, and translation. Additionally, the described polymorphisms may predispose an individual to a distinct mutation that is causally related to a certain phenotype, such as susceptibility or resistance to vascular disease and related disorders. The discovery of the polymorphisms and their correlation with CAD and MI facilitates biochemical analysis of the variant and reference forms and the development of assays to characterize the variant and reference forms and to screen for pharmaceutical agents that interact directly with one or another form of the protein.

Alternatively, these particular polymorphisms may belong to a group of two or more polymorphisms in the TSP gene(s) which contributes to the presence, absence or severity of vascular disease. An assessment of other polymorphisms within the TSP gene(s) can be undertaken, and the separate and combined effects of these polymorphisms, as well as alternations in other, distinct genes, on the vascular disease phenotype can be assessed.

Correlation between a particular phenotype, e.g., the CAD or MI phenotype, and the presence or absence of a particular allele is performed for a population of individuals who have been tested for the presence or absence of the phenotype. Correlation can be performed by standard statistical methods such as a Chi-squared test and statistically significant correlations between polymorphic form(s) and

phenotypic characteristics are noted. This correlation can be exploited in several ways. In the case of a strong correlation between a particular polymorphic form, e.g., the variant allele for TSP-1 and/or TSP-4, and a disease for which treatment is available, detection of the polymorphic form in an individual may justify immediate administration of treatment, or at least the institution of regular monitoring of the individual. Detection of a polymorphic form correlated with a disorder in a couple contemplating a family may also be valuable to the couple in their reproductive decisions. For example, the female partner might elect to undergo in vitro fertilization to avoid the possibility of transmitting such a polymorphism from her husband to her offspring. In the case of a weaker, but still statistically significant correlation between a polymorphic form and a particular disorder, immediate therapeutic intervention or monitoring may not be justified. Nevertheless, the individual can be motivated to begin simple life-style changes (e.g., diet modification, therapy or counseling) that can be accomplished at little cost to the individual but confer potential benefits in reducing the risk of conditions to which the individual may have increased susceptibility by virtue of the particular allele. Furthermore, identification of a polymorphic form correlated with enhanced receptiveness to one of several treatment regimes for a disorder indicates that this treatment regimen should be followed for the individual in question.

Furthermore, it may be possible to identify a physical linkage between a genetic locus associated with a trait of interest (e.g., CAD or MI) and polymorphic markers that are or are not associated with the trait, but are in physical proximity with the genetic locus responsible for the trait and co-segregate with it. Such analysis is useful for mapping a genetic locus associated with a phenotypic trait to a chromosomal position, and thereby cloning gene(s) responsible for the trait. See Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 83, 7353-7357 (1986); Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 84, 2363-2367 (1987); Donis-Keller et al., Cell 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., Genetics 121, 185-199 (1989)). Genes localized by linkage can be cloned by a process known as directional cloning. See Wainwright, 30 Med. J. Australia 159, 170-174 (1993); Collins, Nature Genetics 1, 3-6 (1992). Linkage studies are discussed in more detail above.

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In another embodiment, the invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a reference TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 gene or gene product for use in the treatment of vascular disease, e.g., CAD and MI. As used herein, a reference TSP gene product is intended to mean gene products which are encoded by the reference allele of the TSP gene. In addition to substantially full-length polypeptides expressed by the genes, the present invention includes biologically active fragments of the polypeptides, or analogs thereof, including organic molecules which simulate the interactions of the peptides. Biologically active fragments include any portion of the full-length polypeptide which confers a biological function on the variant gene product, including ligand binding, and antibody binding. Ligand binding includes binding by nucleic acids, proteins or polypeptides, small biologically active molecules, or large cellular structures.

For instance, the polypeptide or protein, or fragment thereof, of the present invention can be formulated with a physiologically acceptable medium to prepare a pharmaceutical composition. The particular physiological medium may include, but is not limited to, water, buffered saline, polyols (e.g., glycerol, propylene glycol, liquid polyethylene glycol) and dextrose solutions. The optimum concentration of the active ingredient(s) in the chosen medium can be determined empirically, according to procedures well known to medicinal chemists, and will depend on the ultimate pharmaceutical formulation desired. Methods of introduction of exogenous peptides at the site of treatment include, but are not limited to, intradermal, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intravenous, subcutaneous, oral and intranasal. Other suitable methods of introduction can also include rechargeable or biodegradable devices and slow release polymeric devices. The pharmaceutical compositions of this invention can also be administered as part of a combinatorial therapy with other agents and treatment regimens.

The invention further pertains to compositions, e.g., vectors, comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding reference or variant TSP-1 and/or TSP-4 gene products. For example, reference genes can be expressed in an expression vector in which a reference gene is operably linked to a native or other promoter. Usually, the promoter is a eukaryotic promoter for expression in a mammalian cell. The transcription regulation sequences typically include a heterologous promoter and

optionally an enhancer which is recognized by the host. The selection of an appropriate promoter, for example trp, lac, phage promoters, glycolytic enzyme promoters and tRNA promoters, depends on the host selected. Commercially available expression vectors can be used. Vectors can include host-recognized replication systems, amplifiable genes, selectable markers, host sequences useful for insertion into the host genome, and the like.

The means of introducing the expression construct into a host cell varies depending upon the particular construction and the target host. Suitable means include fusion, conjugation, transfection, transduction, electroporation or injection, as described in Sambrook, supra. A wide variety of host cells can be employed for expression of the variant gene, both prokaryotic and eukaryotic. Suitable host cells include bacteria such as E. coli, yeast, filamentous fungi, insect cells, mammalian cells, typically immortalized, e.g., mouse, CHO, human and monkey cell lines and derivatives thereof. Preferred host cells are able to process the variant gene product to produce an appropriate mature polypeptide. Processing includes glycosylation, ubiquitination, disulfide bond formation, general post-translational modification, and the like.

It is also contemplated that cells can be engineered to express the reference allele of the invention by gene therapy methods. For example, DNA encoding the reference TSP gene product, or an active fragment or derivative thereof, can be introduced into an expression vector, such as a viral vector, and the vector can be introduced into appropriate cells in an animal. In such a method, the cell population can be engineered to inducibly or constitutively express active reference TSP gene product. In a preferred embodiment, the vector is delivered to the bone marrow, for example as described in Corey et al. (Science 244:1275-1281 (1989)).

The invention further relates to the use of compositions (i.e., agonists) which enhance or increase the activity of the reference (or variant) TSP (e.g., TSP-1 or TSP-4) gene product, or a functional portion thereof, for use in the treatment of vascular disease. The invention also relates to the use of compositions (i.e., antagonists) which reduce or decrease the activity of the variant (or reference) TSP (e.g., TSP-1 or TSP-4) gene product, or a functional portion thereof, for use in the treatment of vascular disease.

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The invention also relates to constructs which comprise a vector into which a sequence of the invention has been inserted in a sense or antisense orientation. For example, a vector comprising a nucleotide sequence which is antisense to the variant TSP-1 or TSP-4 allele may be used as an antagonist of the activity of the TSP-1 or TSP-4 variant allele. Alternatively, a vector comprising a nucleotide sequence of the TSP-1 or TSP-4 reference allele may be used therapeutically to treat vascular diseases. As used herein, the term "vector" refers to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of vector is a "plasmid", which refers to a circular double stranded DNA loop into which additional DNA segments can be ligated. Another type of vector is a viral vector, wherein additional DNA segments can be ligated into the viral genome. Certain vectors are capable of autonomous replication in a host cell into which they are introduced (e.g., bacterial vectors having a bacterial origin of replication and episomal mammalian vectors). Other vectors (e.g., non-episomal mammalian vectors) are integrated into the genome of a host cell upon introduction into the host cell, and thereby are replicated along with the host genome. Moreover, certain vectors, expression vectors, are capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operably linked. In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of plasmids (vectors). However, the invention is intended to include such other forms of expression vectors, such as viral vectors (e.g., replication defective retroviruses, adenoviruses and adeno-associated viruses) that serve equivalent functions.

Preferred recombinant expression vectors of the invention comprise a nucleic acid of the invention in a form suitable for expression of the nucleic acid in a host cell. This means that the recombinant expression vectors include one or more regulatory sequences, selected on the basis of the host cells to be used for expression, which is operably linked to the nucleic acid sequence to be expressed. Within a recombinant expression vector, "operably linked" is intended to mean that the nucleotide sequence of interest is linked to the regulatory sequence(s) in a manner which allows for expression of the nucleotide sequence (e.g., in an in vitro transcription/translation system or in a host cell when the vector is introduced into the host cell). The term "regulatory sequence" is intended to include promoters,

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enhancers and other expression control elements (e.g., polyadenylation signals). Such regulatory sequences are described, for example, in Goeddel, Gene Expression Technology: Methods in Enzymology 185, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1990). Regulatory sequences include those which direct constitutive expression of a nucleotide sequence in many types of host cell and those which direct expression of the nucleotide sequence only in certain host cells (e.g., tissue-specific regulatory sequences). It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the design of the expression vector can depend on such factors as the choice of the host cell to be transformed, the level of expression of protein desired, etc.

The expression vectors of the invention can be introduced into host cells to thereby produce proteins or peptides, including fusion proteins or peptides, encoded by nucleic acids as described herein. The recombinant expression vectors of the invention can be designed for expression of a polypeptide of the invention in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells, e.g., bacterial cells such as E. coli, insect cells (using baculovirus expression vectors), yeast cells or mammalian cells. Suitable host cells are discussed further in Goeddel, supra. Alternatively, the recombinant expression vector can be transcribed and translated in vitro, for example using T7 promoter regulatory sequences and T7 polymerase.

Another aspect of the invention pertains to host cells into which a recombinant expression vector of the invention has been introduced. The terms "host cell" and "recombinant host cell" are used interchangeably herein. It is understood that such terms refer not only to the particular subject cell but also to the progeny or potential progeny of such a cell. Because certain modifications may occur in succeeding generations due to either mutation or environmental influences, such progeny may not, in fact, be identical to the parent cell, but are still included within the scope of the term as used herein. A host cell can be any prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell. For example, a nucleic acid of the invention can be expressed in bacterial cells (e.g., E. coli), insect cells, yeast or mammalian cells (such as Chinese hamster ovary cells (CHO) or COS cells). Other suitable host cells are known to those skilled in the art.

Vector DNA can be introduced into prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells via conventional transformation or transfection techniques. As used herein, the terms "transformation" and "transfection" are intended to refer to a variety of

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art-recognized techniques for introducing foreign nucleic acid (e.g., DNA) into a host cell, including calcium phosphate or calcium chloride co-precipitation, DEAE-dextran-mediated transfection, lipofection, or electroporation. Suitable methods for transforming or transfecting host cells can be found in Sambrook, et al. (supra), and other laboratory manuals.

A host cell of the invention, such as a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cell in culture, can be used to produce (i.e., express) a polypeptide of the invention. Accordingly, the invention further provides methods for producing a polypeptide using the host cells of the invention. In one embodiment, the method comprises culturing the host cell of the invention (into which a recombinant expression vector encoding a polypeptide of the invention has been introduced) in a suitable medium such that the polypeptide is produced. In another embodiment, the method further comprises isolating the polypeptide from the medium or the host cell.

The host cells of the invention can also be used to produce nonhuman transgenic animals. For example, in one embodiment, a host cell of the invention is a fertilized oocyte or an embryonic stem cell into which a nucleic acid of the invention has been introduced. Such host cells can then be used to create non-human transgenic animals in which exogenous nucleotide sequences have been introduced into their genome or homologous recombinant animals in which endogenous nucleotide sequences have been altered. Such animals are useful for studying the function and/or activity of the nucleotide sequence and polypeptide encoded by the sequence and for identifying and/or evaluating modulators of their activity. As used herein, a "transgenic animal" is a non-human animal, preferably a mammal, more preferably a rodent such as a rat or mouse, in which one or more of the cells of the animal includes a transgene. Other examples of transgenic animals include non-human primates, sheep, dogs, cows, goats, chickens, amphibians, etc. A transgene is exogenous DNA which is integrated into the genome of a cell from which a transgenic animal develops and which remains in the genome of the mature animal, thereby directing the expression of an encoded gene product in one or more cell types or tissues of the transgenic animal. As used herein, an "homologous recombinant animal" is a non-human animal, preferably a mammal, more preferably a mouse, in which an endogenous gene has been altered by homologous

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recombination between the endogenous gene and an exogenous DNA molecule introduced into a cell of the animal, e.g., an embryonic cell of the animal, prior to development of the animal.

A transgenic animal of the invention can be created by introducing a nucleic acid of the invention into the male pronuclei of a fertilized oocyte, e.g., by microinjection, retroviral infection, and allowing the oocyte to develop in a pseudopregnant female foster animal. The sequence can be introduced as a transgene into the genome of a non-human animal. Intronic sequences and polyadenylation signals can also be included in the transgene to increase the efficiency of expression of the transgene. A tissue-specific regulatory sequence(s) can be operably linked to the transgene to direct expression of a polypeptide in particular cells. Methods for generating transgenic animals via embryo manipulation and microinjection, particularly animals such as mice, have become conventional in the art and are described, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,736,866 and 4,870,009, U.S. Patent No. 4,873,191 and in Hogan, Manipulating the Mouse Embryo (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1986). Similar methods are used for production of other transgenic animals. A transgenic founder animal can be identified based upon the presence of the transgene in its genome and/or expression of mRNA in tissues or cells of the animals. A transgenic founder animal can then be used to breed additional animals carrying the transgene. Moreover, transgenic animals carrying a transgene encoding the transgene can further be bred to other transgenic animals carrying other transgenes.

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The invention also relates to the use of the variant and reference gene products to guide efforts to identify the causative mutation for vascular diseases or to identify or synthesize agents useful in the treatment of vascular diseases, e.g., CAD and MI. Amino acids that are essential for function can be identified by methods known in the art, such as site-directed mutagenesis or alanine-scanning mutagenesis (Cunningham et al., Science, 244:1081-1085 (1989)). The latter procedure introduces single alanine mutations at every residue in the molecule. The resulting mutant molecules are then tested for biological activity in vitro, or in vitro activity. Sites that are critical for polypeptide activity can also be determined by structural analysis such as crystallization, nuclear magnetic resonance or photoaffinity labeling

(Smith et al., J. Mol. Biol., 224:899-904 (1992); de Vos et al. Science, 255:306-312 (1992)).

Another aspect of the invention pertains to monitoring the influence of agents (e.g., drugs, compounds) on the expression or activity of proteins of the invention in clinical trials. An exemplary method for detecting the presence or absence of proteins or nucleic acids of the invention in a biological sample involves obtaining a biological sample from a test subject and contacting the biological sample with a compound or an agent capable of detecting the protein, or nucleic acid (e.g., mRNA, genomic DNA) that encodes the protein, such that the presence of the protein or nucleic acid is detected in the biological sample. A preferred agent for detecting mRNA or genomic DNA is a labeled nucleic acid probe capable of hybridizing to mRNA or genomic DNA sequences described herein, preferably in an allele-specific manner. The nucleic acid probe can be, for example, a full-length nucleic acid, or a portion thereof, such as an oligonucleotide of at least 15, 30, 50, 100, 250 or 500 nucleotides in length and sufficient to specifically hybridize under stringent conditions to appropriate mRNA or genomic DNA. Other suitable probes for use in the diagnostic assays of the invention are described herein.

The invention also encompasses kits for detecting the presence of proteins or nucleic acid molecules of the invention in a biological sample. For example, the kit can comprise a labeled compound or agent (e.g., nucleic acid probe) capable of detecting protein or mRNA in a biological sample; means for determining the amount of protein or mRNA in the sample; and means for comparing the amount of protein or mRNA in the sample with a standard. The compound or agent can be packaged in a suitable container. The kit can further comprise instructions for using the kit to detect protein or nucleic acid.

The following Examples are offered for the purpose of illustrating the present invention and are not to be construed to limit the scope of this invention. The teachings of all references cited herein are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

## **EXAMPLES**

Identification of Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms

The polymorphisms shown in the Table were identified by resequencing of target sequences from individuals of diverse ethnic and geographic backgrounds by hybridization to probes immobilized to microfabricated arrays. The strategy and principles for design and use of such arrays are generally described in WO 95/11995.

A typical probe array used in this analysis has two groups of four sets of probes that respectively tile both strands of a reference sequence. A first probe set comprises a plurality of probes exhibiting perfect complementarily with one of the reference sequences. Each probe in the first probe set has an interrogation position that corresponds to a nucleotide in the reference sequence. That is, the interrogation position is aligned with the corresponding nucleotide in the reference sequence, when the probe and reference sequence are aligned to maximize complementarily between the two. For each probe in the first set, there are three corresponding probes from three additional probe sets. Thus, there are four probes corresponding to each nucleotide in the reference sequence. The probes from the three additional probe sets are identical to the corresponding probe from the first probe set except at the interrogation position, which occurs in the same position in each of the four corresponding probes from the four probe sets, and is occupied by a different nucleotide in the four probe sets. In the present analysis, probes were 25 nucleotides long. Arrays tiled for multiple different references sequences were included on the same substrate.

Publicly available sequences for a given gene were assembled into Gap4

(http://www.biozentrum.unibas.ch/~biocomp/staden/Overview.html). PCR primers covering each exon were designed using Primer 3 (http://www-genome.wi.mit.edu/cgi-bin/primer/primer3.cgi). Primers were not designed in regions where there were sequence discrepancies between reads. Genomic DNA was amplified in at least 50 individuals using 2.5 pmol each primer, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 100 µM dNTPs, 0.75 µM AmpliTaq GOLD polymerase, and 19 ng DNA in a 15 µl reaction. Reactions were assembled using a PACKARD MultiPROBE robotic pipetting station and then put in MJ 96-well tetrad thermocyclers (96°C for 10)

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minutes, followed by 35 cycles of 96°C for 30 seconds, 59°C for 2 minutes, and 72°C for 2 minutes). A subset of the PCR assays for each individual were run on 3% NuSieve gels in 0.5X TBE to confirm that the reaction worked.

For a given DNA, 5 µl (about 50 ng) of each PCR or RT-PCR product were pooled (Final volume = 150-200 µl). The products were purified using QiaQuick PCR purification from Qiagen. The samples were eluted once in 35 µl sterile water and 4 µl 10X One-Phor-All buffer (Pharmacia). The pooled samples were digested with 0.2 µ DNaseI (Promega) for 10 minutes at 37°C and then labeled with 0.5 nmols biotin-N6-ddATP and 15 µ Terminal Transferase (GibcoBRL Life Technology) for 60 minutes at 37°C. Both fragmentation and labeling reactions were terminated by incubating the pooled sample for 15 minutes at 100°C.

Low-density DNA chips (Affymetrix,CA) were hybridized following the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, the hybridization cocktail consisted of 3M TMACl, 10 mM Tris pH 7.8, 0.01% Triton X-100, 100 mg/ml herring sperm DNA (Gibco BRL), 200 pM control biotin-labeled oligo. The processed PCR products were denatured for 7 minutes at 100°C and then added to prewarmed (37°C) hybridization solution. The chips were hybridized overnight at 44°C. Chips were washed in 1X SSPET and 6X SSPET followed by staining with 2 µg/ml SARPE and 0.5 mg/ml acetylated BSA in 200 µl of 6X SSPET for 8 minutes at room temperature. Chips were scanned using a Molecular Dynamics scanner.

Chip image files were analyzed using Ulysses (Affymetrix, CA) which uses four algorithms to identify potential polymorphisms. Candidate polymorphisms were visually inspected and assigned a confidence value: high confidence candidates displayed all three genotypes, while likely candidates showed only two genotypes (homozygous for reference sequence and heterozygous for reference and variant). Some of the candidate polymorphisms were confirmed by ABI sequencing. Identified polymorphisms were compared to several databases to determine if they were novel. Results are shown in the Table.

Association of Thrombospondin Gene Polymorphisms with Vascular Disease

To determine pivotal genes associated with premature coronary artery disease, we analyzed DNA from 347 patients with MI or coronary revascularization before age 40 (men) or 45 (women) and 422 general population controls. Cases were

drawn (one per family) from a retrospective collection of sibling pairs with premature CAD. Controls were ascertained through random-digit dialing. Both cases and controls were Caucasian. A complete database of phenotypic and laboratory variables for the affected patients afforded logistic regression to control for age, diabetes, body mass index, gender.

Thrombospondin (TSP) 4 and 1 emerged as important SNPs associated with premature CAD and MI. For CAD, 148 of 347 patients carried at least one copy of the TSP-4 variant compared with 142 of 422 control subjects; adjusted odds ratio 1.47, p=0.01. For premature MI, the association was even stronger: 91 of 187 cases vs. 142 of 422 controls had the variant; adjusted odds ratio 2.08, p=0.0003. The TSP-1 SNP was rare. Nonetheless, homozygosity for the variant allele gave an adjusted odds ratio of 9.5, p=.04.

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Mutation Type	z	S	Σ	Σ	တ	¥	Σ	ဟ	Σ	S	တ	Σ
Pes gainfing Seq	CTGCAGGAGT [G/A] GCTGGATGAA	CATCTGGACC [C/T] TGCTGGGCAA	GTGCTGGTGT [G/C] CGCAGCCATC	TGCGCGCCAA [C/G] ATGACCAACG	1GTGCTCCAC [T/C] GCCTCCATCC	GCAGAGCACG [C/T] GCAGAGCTGC	ATGGTCGGCC[T/C]GGCATGGACC	GCAAGATGAC [T/C] CAGCGCATGG	TCGCTCATCA [G/A] CTTCTACATC	GGGGCGGCT [G/T] GACCTGCCAA	AGACCCTGTC [G/A] GTGATCATGG	GGAGGAC [T/G] TTTGGGAGCC
Gene Description	, antithromb	310 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	332 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	369 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	522 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	953 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	635 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	606 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	845 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	720 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	1044 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1	766 DRD1, dopamine receptor D1
Position in Sequence	11918 AT3	310	332	369	522	953	635	909	845	720	1044	766
Genbank or TIGR Accession Number	011270	M67439	M67439									
di AAIN	WIAF-13246	WIAF-12913	WIAF-12914	WIAF-12915	WIAF-12916	WIAF-12917	WIAF-12918	WIAF-12919	WIAP-12920	WIAF-12921	WIAP-12922	WIAF-12923
ar yios	AT3a7	DRDSu22	DRD5u23	DRD5u24	DRD5u25	DRDSu26	DRDSu27	DRD5u28	DRD5u29	DRD5u30	DRD5u31	DRD5u32

							L		L		
DRD5u33	WIAF-12924	M67439	777	777 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TTTGGGAGCC [C/T] GACGTGAATG	S	υ	E	a	<b>a</b> ,
DRDSu34	WIAF-12925	M67439	786	786 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	CCGACGTGAA [T/G] GCAGAGAACT	Σ	F	O	z	×
DRDSu35	WIAF-12926	M67439	887	887 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	ACCTACACGC [G/A] CATCTACCGC	Σ	U	Æ	~	н
DRD5u36	WIAF-12927	M67439	1279	1279 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GTGCAGCCAC [T/G] TCTGCTCCCG	Σ	<u>F</u>	ဗ	[te	>
DRDSu37	WIAF-12928	M67439	1370	1370 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GAAATCGCAG [C/T] TGCCTACATC	Σ	υ	Į.	æ	۸
DRDSu38	WIAP-12929	M67439	1500	500 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	ACCCTGTTGC [T/A] GAGTCTGTCT	Ø	f-	æ	Æ	<b>A</b>
DRD5u39	WIAF-12930	M67439	1338	1338 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TCTCCTACAA [C/T] CAAGACATCG	S	U	F	z	z
DRD5u40	WIAF-12931	M67439	1215	1215 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	CACTCAACCC [C/A] GTCATCTATG	σ	ပ	4	Ωı	Q.
DRDSu41	WIAF-12932	M67439	1242	1242 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	ACGCCGACTT [T/C] CAGAAGGTGT	တ	Ę÷	ပ	ĹĿ	Įt,
DRD5u42	WIAF-12933	M67439	1441	1441 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	CGAGGAGGAG [G/A] GTCCTTTCGA	Σ	O	A	ပ	S
DRD5u43	WIAF-12934	M67439	1460	1460 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GATCGCATGT [T/C] CCAGATCTAT	Σ	F	ပ	ĈŁ,	S
DRD5u44	WIAF-12960	M67439	399	399 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TGTCTCTGGC [C/T] GTGTCTGACC	ဟ	υ	[+	< <	Æ
DRD5u45	WIAF-12961	M67439	162	162 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TGCCGCCAGG [C/G] AGCAACGGCA	တ	υ	ŋ	U	o
DRD5u46	WIAF-12962	M67439	195	195 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GGCAGTTCGC [T/G] CTATACCAGC	<u></u> თ	€-	U	4	4
DRDSu47	WIAF-12963	M67439	264	264 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TGGGGCCCTC (A/G) CAGGTGGTCA		A	U	σ	S
DRD5u48	WIAF-12964	M67439	465	465 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TGGCCGGTTA (C/T) TGGCCCTTTG	တ	U	Ę.	<b>.</b> >	<b>×</b>
DRD5u49	WIAF-12965	M67439	511	511 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	CTTCGACATC (A/T) TGTGCTCCAC	Σ	æ	E	Σ	ı
DRD5u50	WIAF-12966	M67439	557	557 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	ATCAGCGTGG [A/G] CCGCTACTGG	Σ	Æ	9	۵	g
DRD5u51	WIAF-12967	M67439	476	476 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	TGGCCCTTTG [G/A] AGCGTTCTGC	Σ	ဗ	Æ	0	Œ

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DRD5u52	WIAF-12968	M67439	1004	1004 DRD1,	dopamine receptor Dl	AGCCTGCGCG [C/T] TTCCATCAAG	Σ	υ	£.	4	>
DRD5u53	WIAF-12969	M67439	1036	1036 DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GGTTCTCAAG (A/C) CCCTGTCGGT	Σ	Æ	C	T	Ċ,
DRD5u54	WIAF-12970	M67439	859	859 DRD1,	dopamine receptor Dl	CTACATCCCC [G/A] TTGCCATCAT	Σ	5	A	^	н
DRD5u55	WIAF-12971	M67439	931	DRD1,	dopamine receptor D1	GATTTCCTCC [C/T] TGGAGAGGGC	S	၁	T	L I	ı
G10u1	WIAF-10234	304111	1308	JUN, v.	JUN, v-jun avian sarcoma virus 17	CCCTCAACGC [C/T] TCGTTCCTCC	S	υ	۲	~	Æ
G10u2	WIAF-10235	304111	1471	JUN, oncoge	JUN, v-jun avian sarcoma virus 17 oncogene homolog	GCTGCTCAAG [C/T] TGGCGTCGCC	S	υ	F	.1	נ,
G10u3	WIAF-10253	304111	2010	JUN, v oncogen	JUN, v-jun avian sarcoma virus 17 2010 oncogene homolog	TGGAGTCCCA [G/A] GAGCGGATCA	S	ဗ	. 4	o	٥
G1001u1	WIAF-13746	D26135	993	DGKG, 993 gamma (	diacylglycerol kinase, (90kD)	CCCCAGTGGT [G/A] TACCTGAAGG	S	ပ	A	>	>
G1001n2	WIAF-13764	D26135	2313	DGKG, gamma (	diacylglycerol kinase, (90kD)	atgtgatgag [a/t] gagaaacatc	Σ	¥	T	R	Ø
G1002u1	WIAF-13918	X57206	334	ITPKB, trispho	ITPKB, inositol 1,4,5- 334 trisphosphate 3-kinase B	CCCCAAGATC (A/C) GGACAAGCCT	Σ	٧	c	٥	O.
G1002u2	WIAF-13925	X57206	575	ITPKB, trispho	ITPKB, inositol 1,4,5- 575 trisphosphate 3-kinase B	CCAACTCAGC [T/C] TTCCTGCATA	Ø	Ę÷	υ	4	Æ
G1004u1	WIAF-13567	L36151	1854	PIK4CA, pho kinase, cato polypeptide	phosphatidylinositol 4- catalytic, alpha tide	GCCGCTCAGA [C/T] TCCGAGGATG	Ø	υ	H	۵	Ω
G1006u1	WIAF-12375	HT2690	858	PRKCA,	protein kinase C, alpha	GGTACAAGTT [G/A] CTTAACCAAG	8	U	Æ	ı	ı
G1008u1	WIAF-12397	HT2136	300	300 PRKCZ,	protein kinase C, zeta	CTGGCCTGCC [A/G] TGTCCGGGAG	Ø	Æ	v		O.
G1008u2	WIAF-12398	HT2136	246	246 PRKCZ,	protein kinase C, zeta	AGTGCAGGGA [T/C] GAAGGCCTCA	w	Ę	U		۵
G1008u3	WIAF-12399	HT2136	5.04	504 PRKCZ,	protein kinase C, zeta	GCTGCCACGG [C/T] CTCGTCCCGC	တ	υ	Ę.	0	Ö
G1008u4	WIAF-12403	HT2136	807	807 PRKCZ,	protein kinase C, zeta	agaagaatga [c/t] caaatttacg	တ	υ	ь	٩	۵
G1008u5	WIAF-12404	HT2136	1514	1514 PRKCZ,	protein kinase C, zeta	GGATTTTCTG [A/T] CATCAAGTCC	Σ	æ	F	۵	>

G1008u6	WIAF-12412	HT2136	166	166 PRKCZ, prot	protein kinase C, zeta	Caagtgggtg [g/a] acagcgaagg	Σ	o	4	۵	z
G1008u7	WIAF-12418	HT2136	560	560 PRKCZ, prot	protein kinase C, zeta	TCCCAAGAGC [C/T] TCCAGTAGAC	Σ	·U	F	D <sub>4</sub>	ī
G1009n1	WIAF-12396	1.05186	2495	PTK2, PTK2 2495 kinase 2	protein tyrosine	TCATCAACAA [G/A] ATGAAACTGG	σ	U	_∢	×	×
G1011u1	WIAF-11988	X07876	1250	WNT2, winglintegration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 1250 integration site family member 2	TCCCATGTCA [C/A] CCGGATGACC	Σ	ပ	_ ∢	F	
G1011u2	WIAF-11997	X07876	788	WNT2, winglintegration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 788 integration site family member 2	GACTATGGGA [T/C] CAAATTTGCC	Σ	£.	υ	н	F
G1011u3	WIAF-12014	X07876	1338	WNT2, winglintegration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 1338 integration site family member 2	TGCACACATG [C/A] AAGGCCCCCA	×	υ	4	υ	•
G1011u4	WIAF-13475	X07876	856	WNT2, wingl integration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 856 integration site family member 2	CCTGATGAAT [C/T] TTCACAACAA	Σ	υ	F	- 1	ĈŁ,
9101105	WIAF-13476	X07876	958	WNT2, wingl integration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 958 integration site family member 2	GACATGCTGG [C/T] TGGCCATGGC	σ,	υ	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>	
9101106	WIAF-13477	X07876	789	WNT2, wingl	ess-type MMTV site family member 2	actatgggat [c/t] aaatttgccc	Ø	υ	F	н	н
G1011u7	WIAF-13478	X07876	823	WNT2, wing] integration	WNT2, wingless-type MMTV 823 integration site family member 2	TGCRANGGAA [A/G] GGAAAGGAAA	Σ	<b>«</b>	ဗ	<u> </u>	ဗ
G1012u1	WIAF-12408	HT48910	1574	WNT2B, wing integration	wingless-type MMTV ion site family, member 28	WNT2B, wingless-type MMTV 574 integration site family, member 2B ATACTTGCAA[A/G]GCCCCCAAGA	s s		ຍ	ᅩ	×
G1016a1	WIAF-12125	222534	793	793 ACVR1, acti	activin A receptor, type I	type I GGCAAGGGGA [A/G] AATGTTGCCG	S	Æ	g	_ ₩	8
G1016u2	WIAF-12392	222534	373	373 ACVR1, acti	activin A receptor, type I	type I creccaage (r/c) erepagreer	တ	F	ပ	A	_ A
G1018u1	WIAF-12413	X74210	1150	ADCY2, ader 1150 (brain)	adenylate cyclase 2	CAAATTGCGA [G/T] TGGGTATTAA	Σ.	9	Ę	>	13
G1019u1	WIAF-12394	UB3867	5475	SPTAN1, spe erythrocytic	SPTAN1, spectrin, alpha, non- 5475 erythrocytic 1 (alpha-fodrin)	GGGACCTAAC [T/C] GGCGTGCAGA	<u> </u>	٤	ပ	E+	F

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G1019u2	WIAF-12406	U83867	1223	SPTAN1, spectrin, alpha, non- 1223 erythrocytic 1 (alpha-fodrin)	GCCCTCATCA (A/G) TGCAGATGAG	Σ	A	ဗ	z	Ø
G1019u3	WIAF-12409	083867	3555	SPTAN1, spectrin, alpha, non- 3555 erythrocytic 1 (alpha-fodrin)	CTGAAGGTCT [T/C] ATGGCAGAGG	S	7		า	ī
G1019u4	WIAF-12415	U83867	3369	SPTAN1, spectrin, alpha, non-	TCCGTGAAGC [G/A] AATGAACTAC	S	9	Æ	, A	4
G1019u5	WIAF-12417	U83867	5839	SPTAN1, spectrin, alpha, non- 5839 erythrocytic 1 (alpha-fodrin)	TGAGACAGAC (T/A) TCACCGTCCA	Σ	Ŧ	æ	Da .	ı
G1022u1	WIAF-12393	U45945	631	ATP1B2, ATPase, Na+/K+631 transporting, beta 2 polypeptide	CATGAATGTT [A/G] CCTGTGCTGG	X	A	່	4	Æ
G1022u2	WIAF-12400	U45945	432	ATP1B2, ATPase, Na+/K+ transporting, beta 2 polypeptide	GCCGCCCTGG [G/A] CGCTATTACG	S	G	K	ຍ	ပ
G1023ul	WIAP-12401	D89722	395	ARNTL, aryl hydrocarbon receptor 395 nuclear translocator-like	aacattaaga [g/c] gtgccaccaa	×	9	د	ຍ	æ
G1023u2	WIAF-12407	D89722	681	ARNTL, aryl hydrocarbon receptor	CTCATAGATG [C/T] AAAAACTGGA	Æ	c	7	¥	^
G1024u1	WIAF-12410	185946	731	Homo sapiens brain secretory protein hSeclOp (HSEClO) mRNA,	gatagattt [C/t] agaagttaaa	Σ	S	1		7
G1027u1	WIAF-12402	L47647	1135 CKB,	CKB, creatine kinase, brain	TCGAGATGGA [A/G] CAGCGGCTGG	S	A	ຍ	3	22
G1027u2	WIAF-12405	L47647	499	499 CKB, creatine kinase, brain	GGGAGCGCCG [A/C] GCCATCGAGA	S	A	ບ	R	æ
010311	WIAF-10427	HT2269		ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	GGGATCGCCA (T/C) GGGAACTCAA	ဟ	E	٥	<b>*</b>	x

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Σ	Σ	Σ	<u>α</u>	Σ
ccrccttcr[c/t] caagaacttr	TCTCCAACTT [G/C] TACAAATTCT	ACTGAATCTG [C/A] AGGCCAGGAT	AATTTGAGCT [A/T] CTTGATAAGG	TCAGAATCAT [C/T] TGATGGATCT
ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	ERCC5, excision repair cross-complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne syndrome))
1221	1783	2077	3338	3487
HT2269	HT2269	HT2269	HT2269	HT2269
HIAF-10429	WIAF-10431	WIAF-10432	WIAF-10446	WIAF-10447
G103u2	6103u3	0103u4	910302	G103u6

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WIAF-10448	HT2269	3507	ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	TTCAAGTGAA [C/G] ATGCTGAAAG	X.	Ú	ж О	۵
WIAP-10457	HT2269	1388	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne	CTCTTGACGA [1/G] GACGAAGATG	Σ	Fr.	<u>0</u>	ω
WIAF-10458	HT2269	1362	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne 1362 syndrome))	CCGGACTCTT (T/C) CAGCCATTAA	Σ	<b>€</b> +	<u></u> თ	. <u>Q</u>
WIAF-10459	HT2269	2357	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne 1357 syndrome))	Ctgagaaga [t/c] gcggaagatt	ω	Ŧ	<u>α</u> υ	Q
WIAF-10462	HT2269	3109	ERCC5, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne 3109 syndrome))	TGGAACAGAA [C/T] GAAGACAGAT	Σ	· U	<u>+</u>	Σ

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GTTTCCTGTA [T/C] TAAAGCAACT S						
	AGAACAGCTG [C/T] GAAAGAGCCA	agaacagctg [c/t] gaaagagcca gatgtgcaga [c/t] gggaggcca	AGAACAGCTG [C/T] GAAAGAGCCA GATGTGCAGA [C/T] GGGAGGGCCA	AGAACAGCTG [C/T] GAAAGAGCCA GATGTGCAGA [C/T] GGGAGGGCCA AAGAATTTGA [G/T] CTACTTGATA ACACTTCTGA [C/T] TGCACTCCCG	AGNACAGCTG [C/T] GNAAGAGCCA GATGTGCAGA [C/T] GGGAGGGCCA AAGAATTTGA [G/T] TGCACTTGATA ACCTCCGG GCCACCCCAT [G/T] AACCTGGAGG	AGAACAGCTG [C/T] GAAAGAGCCA GATGTGCAGA [C/T] GGGAGGGCCA ACACTTCTGA [G/T] TGCACTCCG GCCACCCCAT [G/T] AACCTGGAGG
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		group ckayne	group ckayne ckayne group ckayne	group ckayne group group	group ckayne group group ckayne ein	group ckayne group group ckayne ein ein ein
ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum,	ome))	syndrome))  ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair  ( xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne syndrome))	eyndrome))  ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne syndrome))  ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne syndrome))	ome))  , excision repair cross- ementing rodent repair roderma pigmentation gro ementation group G (Cocka, ementation group G (Cocka, ementing rodent repair ementing rodent repair iency, complementation gr iency, complementation gr iency, complementation gr iementation group G (Cocka, come))  zipper (leucine) protein	ome))  , excision repair cross- ementing rodent repair roderma pigmentation gro- ementation group G (Cocka, ementation group G (Cocka, come))  , excision repair cross- ementing rodent repair riency, complementation gru- riency, complementation gru- riency, complementation gru- riency, complementation gru- riency complementation gru- rie	ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementation group of tookayne deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne gyndrome)) ERCCS, excision repair cross- complementation group G (Cockayne deficiency, complementation group 5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne gyndrome)) ZPK, zipper (leucine) protein kinase ZPK, zipper (leucine) protein kinase GPR37, G protein-coupled receptor 137 (endothelin receptor type B- like)
5 (xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group G (Cockayne 3553 evndrome))		ERCC5, excision re complementing rodes deficiency, compler 5 (xeroderma pigmen complementation grv	ERCCS, excision re complementing roder deficiency, compler 5 (xeroderma pigmen complementation grounds syndrome))  ERCCS, excision re complementing roder deficiency, complement pigmen complementation grill syndrome))	ERCC5, excision recomplementing roder deficiency, compler 5 (xeroderma pigmen complementation grouplementing roder deficiency, complementing roder deficiency, complementation grouplementation g	ERCCS, excision re complementing rodes deficiency, complete complementation grace complementation grace syndrome)  ERCCS, excision re complementing rodes deficiency, complete complementation grace c	ERCCS, excision re complementing roder deficiency, compler 5 (xeroderma pigmen complementation green complementing roder deficiency, complementing roder complementation green complementation green syndrome)  5 (xeroderma pigmen complementation green complementation green complementation green syndrome)  2 (xeroderma pigmen complementation green complementation green complementation green syndrome)  2 (xinase zpper (leucor zpp. zpper (leucor zpp. zpper (leucor zpp. zpper (leucor zpp. zpper zpper (leucor zpp. zpper zpper zpper zpp. zpper zppe
3553 BVD		ERC Comi def 5 ( Com	ERCC COM def 5 (C COM 1429 87) ERC COM 66	ERCC Complete def	ERCC Complete Strain    1429 syn    1429 syn    ERC    Complete Strain    203 kin    228    238    238    238    238    238    238    238    238    248    248    258    2	ERCCS  Compl  defic  (xell  1429 gyndr  1429 gyndr  ERCCS  Compl  defic  203 kinas  203 kinas  204 kinas  GRR37  GRR37  37 (e
HT2269		HT2269	HT2269 HT2269	HT2269 HT2269 U07358	HT2269 HT2269 U07358 U07358	HT2269 HT2269 U07358 U07358
WTAE-10484		WIAF-10485 H				
			G103u14 WI G103u15 WI			

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G1033u1	WIAP-12437	M65188	431	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	TCTGTACCCA [C/T] ACTCTTGTAC	Σ	υ	٤٠	E	н
G1033u2	WIAF-12438	M65188	GJ 169 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	aggcaacatg [g/c] gtgäctggag	X	. 0	U		
G1033u3	WIAF-12439	М65188	467 11,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	tatgtgatgc [g/a] aaaggaagag	Σ	Ö	4	æ	0
G1033u4	WIAF-12440	M65188	263	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	TTCATTTTCC [G/A] AATCCTGCTG	Σ	<sub>O</sub>	4	<u>د</u>	a
G1033u5	WIAF-12441	M65188	218	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha	CAAGCCTACT [C/T] AACTGCTGGA	Σ	U	F	w	ı,
G1033u6	WIAF-12442	M65188	GJ 498 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	agaaagaga [a/g] gaactcaagg	ø	A	.0	យ	D2
G1033u7	WIAF-12465	M65188	550	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 5501, 43kD (connexin 43)	GCACTTGAAG [C/A] AGATTGAGAT	Σ	υ	A	o	×
G1033u8	WIAP-12466	M65188	548 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	ATGCACTTGA [A/G] GCAGATTGAG	Σ	Æ	U	×	×
G1033u9	WIAP-12486	M65188	933 1,		CGCTGAGCCC [T/C] GCCAAAGACT	S	Ŧ	υ	O.	C <sub>1</sub>
G1033u10	WIAF-12487	M65188	GJ7 990 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	CCTCACCAAC [C/T] GCTCCCCTCT	Ŋ	υ	£	E	F
G1033u11	WIAF-12488	M65188	1034	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	AAGCTGGTTA [C/A] TGGCGACAGA	Σ	Ü	A	F	z
G1033u12	WIAF-12489	M65188	GJ 1158 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	CTAACTCCCA [T/C] GCACAGCCTT	S	Ŧ	· U	x	±
G1033u13	WIAF-12490	M65188	GJ)	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	TGGACATGAA [T/C] TACAGCCACT	S	£	υ	ı	Ţ

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G1033u14	WIAF-12491	M65188	GJ 1069 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	CCGCAATTAC [A/G] ACAAGCAAGC	X	4	o	2	Ω
G1033u15	WIAF-12492	M65188	1250 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43KD (connexin 43)	GTGGACCAGC [G/A] ACCTTCAAGC	Σ	ც	. «	æ	a
G1033u16	WIAF-12496	M65188	GJ 423 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	TATTTGTGTC [T/C] GTACCCACAC	S	T	υ	S.	
G1033u17	WIAF-12503	M65188	880	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 8801, 43kD (connexin 43)	CGTTAAGGAT [C/T] GGGTTAAGGG	Œ	ပ	£+	a L	3
G1033u18	WIAF-12504	M65188	GJ. 855 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	AACTCTTCTA [T/C] GTTTTCTTCA	S	T	C	*	*
G1033u19	WIAF-12505	M65188	GJ 576 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	agttcaagta [c/t] ggtattgaag	S	၁	£+.	*	*
G1033u20	WIAF-12512	M65188	GJ;	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	CCAGCGACCT [T/G] CAAGCAGAGC	E	T.	g	8	A
G1033u21	WIAP-12513	M65188	GJ 1078 1,	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	Caacaagcaa [g/a] caagtgagca	Æ	ß	A	. A	Ħ
G1033u22	WIAF-12514	M65188	1097	GJA1, gap junction protein, alpha 1, 43kD (connexin 43)	CAAAACTGGG [C/G] TAATTACAGT	Σ	3	<u>.</u>	4	U
G1034u1	WIAF-12443	303544	1201	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; brain	AGACCTGTGC [A/G] TACACCAACC	Ω	A	U	ď	A
G1034u2	WIAF-12469	303544	171	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; brain	GACACCCCAG [T/C] GCCCGGCTAC	Σ	T	υ	^	4
G1034u3	WIAF-12470	J03544	1465	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; 1465 brain	TCCACTCGGA [G/C] ATCGTGAAAC	Σ	ဗ	υ	ω	Δ
G1034u4	WIAF-12471	J03544	1583	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; 1583 brain	GGGGCTGGC [G/A] ATACCATCGT	Σ	G	A	Q	z
G1034u5	WIAF-12472	J03544	1774	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; 1774 brain	ccatgttcga[t/c]gtgcatgtga	S	T	S	Q	Ω
G1034u6	WIAF-12474	J03544	PYGB, 2449 brain	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen; brain	AGGTGGACCA [G/A] CTGTACCGGA	S	G	A	ø	ø

G1034u7	WIAF-12508	J03544	718	PYGB, phosphorylase, glycogen;	CCCCCGACGG (C/T) GTGAAGTGGC	s	U	F	0
G1035u1	WIAF-12484	097105	1962	DPYSL2, dihydropyrimidinase-like 2	GCAGAGGAGC [A/G] GCAGAGGATC	Σ	4	g	<u>د</u>
G1035u2	WIAF-12485	U97105	2842	DPYSL2, dihydropyrimidinase-like 2	ATGACGGACC (T/C) GTGTGTGAAG	S	T		_ A.
6103543	WIAF-12511	097105	2062	DPYSL2, dihydropyrimidinase-like 2	CCATCACCAT [C/T] GCCAACCAGA	S	υ	T	H
G1036u1	WIAF-12444	D88460	311	WASL, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome- like	ACGTGGGGTC [C/T] CTGTTGCTCA	s	υ	T	S
G1038u1	WIAF-12445	HT2746	994	994 PCTK2, PCTAIRE protein kinase 2	tagaagaag [g/a] tattgcatcg	Σ	U	4	н >
G1039u1	WIAF-12429	HT2747	955	serine/threonine kinase, PCTAIRE-3	PCTAIRE-3 ATCCAAGAGT [C/T] GCATGTCAGC	Σ	υ	H.	 
G1039u2	WIAF-12458	HT2747	808	808 serine/threonine kinase, PCTAIRE-3	PCTAIRE-3 CACAGAAGAG [A/T] CGTGGCCCGG	Σ	A	4	TS
G1041ul	WIAF-12459	X72886	544	544 H. sapiens TYRO3 mRNA.	CAAGTGGCTG [G/C] CCCTGGAGAG	М	G	C C	A P
G1041u2	WIAF-12460	X72886	693	693 H. sapiens TYRO3 mRNA.	TTGGCGGGAA [C/T] CGCCTGAAAC	S	ບ	Ē.	N
G1041u3	WIAF-12502	X72886	561	61 H.sapiens TYRO3 mRNA.	AGAGCCTGGC [C/T] GACAACCTGT	S	U	-	A
G1043u1	WIAF-12448	M94055	5481	Human voltage-gated sodium channel mRNA, complete cds.	CTCTGAGTGA [G/A] GATGACTTTG	ω	ט	۸	M M
G1043u2	WIAF-12449	M94055	5205	Human voltage-gated sodium channel 5205 mRNA, complete cds.	TTGAGACCTT [T/C] GGCAACAGCA	S	T		<u> </u>
G1043u3	WIAF-12450	M94055	5224	Human voltage-gated sodium channel mRNA, complete cds.	CATGATCTGC [C/T] TGTTCCAAAT	S	C	E+	<u>.</u> 1
G1043u4	WIAF-12451	M94055	5514	Human voltage-gated sodium channel mRNA, complete cds.	AGGTTTGGGA [G/A] AAGTTTGATC	w	Ö		<u>м</u>
G1043u5	WIAF-12452	M94055	5217	Human voltage-gated sodium channel 5217 mRNA, complete cds.	GCAACAGCAT [G/C] ATCTGCCTGT	Σ.	9	<u>~</u> υ	Σ E
G1043u6	WIAF-12453	M94055	5334	Human voltage-gated sodium channel 5334 mRNA, complete cds.	gctcagttaa [a/g] ggagactgtg	8	K	Ö	⊼ 

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G1043u7	WIAF-12454	M94055	5424	Human voltage-gated sodium channel 5424 mRNA, complete cds.	TGTACATCGC[G/C]GTCATCCTGG	Ŋ		U		
G1043u8	WIAF-12455	M94055	5322	Human voltage-gated sodium channel 5322 mRNA, complete cds.	ATCACCCTGG [A/C] AGCTCAGTTA	S	A	U U	o o	
G1043u9	WIAF-12456	M94055	1200	Human voltage-gated sodium channel mRNA, complete cds.	ATGGCTACAC [G/A] AGCTTTGACA	S	ອ	4	Ŧ	
G1043u10	WIAF-12499	M94055	1170	Human voltage-gated sodium channel	TCTGTGTGAA [G/T] GCTGGTAGAA	Σ	ບ	F-	X	
G1046a1	WIAF-13187	U50352	267	ACCN1, amiloride-sensitive cation 267 channel 1, neuronal (degenerin)	TCCCAGCTGT [0/A] ACCCTCTGTA	ß	ß	A	^	
G1046a2	WIAF-13188	U50352	282	ACCN1, amiloride-sensitive cation channel 1, neuronal (degenerin)	TCTGTAACCT [C/g] AATGGCTTCC	w	ပ	6	7	_
G1046a3	WIAF-13189	050352	315	ACCN1, amiloride-sensitive cation 315 channel 1, neuronal (degenerin)	TCACCACCAA [C/t]GACCTGTACC	S	ပ		z	
G1046a4	WIAF-13190	USO3S2	386	ACCN1, amiloride-sensitive cation 386 channel 1, neuronal (degenerin)	CCCCATCTGG [C/a] TGACCCCTCC	Σ	C	, e	A D	
G1046a5	WIAF-13191	050352	417	ACCN1, amiloride-sensitive cation 17 channel 1, neuronal (degenerin)	CCTGCGGCA [G/A] AAGGCCAACT	S	9	A	0	
G1048u1	WIAF-12641	HT5174S	3214	REST, RE1-silencing transcription 3214 factor	CAGTCAAAGC [G/A] GCTAAGGGAG	Ŋ	g		A	
G1048u2	WIAF-12642	HT5174S	3199	REST, RE1-silencing transcription 3199 factor	CAAAGGAAGC [C/G] TTGGCAGTCA	S	۲	0	A	
G1048u3	WIAF-12657	HT5174S	2125	REST, RE1-silencing transcription 2125 factor	CTCCCATGGA [Q/T]ACTGCTCAGA	Σ	9	H	2	
G1048u4	WIAF-12660	HT5174S	2333	REST, RE1-silencing transcription 2333 factor	GGAACCTGTT [A/C]AGATAGAGCT	Σ	Æ	C	_ Ø	
G1051u1	WIAF-12431	HT28321	658	SCNNIG, sodium channel, 658 nonvoltage-gated 1, gamma	ATGACACCTC [C/T] GACTGTGCCA	S	၁	T	S	
G1051u2	WIAF-12434	HT28321	1735	SCNNIG, sodium channel, 1735 nonvoltage-gated 1, gamma	AAGCCAAGGA [G/A] TGGTGGGCCT	S	ပ	4	8	

G1051u3	WIAF-12473	HT28321	409	SCNNIG, sodium channel,	AGTCCCTGTA [T/C] GGCTTTCCAG	S	r F	- >-	- >-	
G1051u4	WIAF-12475	HT28321	953	SCNNIG, sodium channel, 953 nonvoltage-gated 1, gamma	agtcattttg [t/c] acataaacga	Σ	F)	*	x	
G1051u5	WIAF-12476	HT28321	576	SCNN1G, sodium channel, 975 nonvoltage-gated 1, gamma	GAGGAATACA [A/G]CCCATTCCTC	Σ	<u>ق</u> ح	2	S	
9105116	WIAF-12477	HT28321	1192	SCNNIG, sodium channel,	CTGCCTACTC [G/A] CTCCAGATCT	ς, O	<u>م</u> ن	S	- CS	
G1053a1	WIAF-13192	HT2201	4085	SCN5A, sodium channel, voltage- gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT 4085 syndrome 3)	COTCCTCTGA (G/A) AGCTCTGTCA	Σ	<u>م</u> ق	α		
G1053a2	WIAF-13193	HT2201		SCNSA, sodium channel, voltage- gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT 5607 syndrome 3)	ACTTTGCCGA [C/T] GCCCTGTCTG	ø		<u>0</u>	ΩΩ	
G1053a3	WIAF-13194	HT2201	5828	SCN5A, sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT 5828 syndrome 3)	GAGCCCATCA [C/T] CACCACTC	Σ	U	+ +	н	
G105384	WIAF-13202	HT2201	713	SCN5A, sodium channel, voltage- gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT	GCGTTCACTT [T/A] CCTTCGGGAC	Σ	F	4	<u>&gt;</u>	
G1053a5	WIAF-13203	HT2201	6148	SCNSA, sodium channel, voltage- gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT 6148 syndrome 3)	CCACAGTGAA [G/T] ATCTCGCCGA	Σ	U	<u>0</u>	<u>×</u>	
G1053a6	WIAF-13204	HT2201	6217	SCN5A, sodium channel, voltage- gated, type V, alpha polypeptide (long (electrocardiographic) QT 6217 syndrome 3)	GGCCTGGCTG [G/T] CCAGGACACA		U	F-		

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				SCN5A, gated, (long	ium channel, voltage- V, alpha polypeptide trocardiographic) QT	מטטטטטטטן פון פון און מונטטטטטטטט			a	<u>.</u>	
G1053a7	WIAF-13205	102214	9250	syndrome 31		יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי					
G1054u1	WIAF-12419	HT2202	2252	SCN4A, gated,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	ttggcaagag [c/t] tacaaggagt	ß	υ	F	S	
G1054u2	WIAF-12423	HT2202	4559	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	TGGTCATGTT [C/T] ATCTACTCCA	w	U	Ę+	54	îa.
G1054u3	WIAF-12424	HT2202	4856	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	TCAACATGTA [C/G] ATCGCCATCA	z	υ	U	, ,	
G1054u4	WIAF-12425	HT2202	4777	SCN4A, gated,	channel, voltage- alpha polypeptide	GTCAAGGGTG [A/G] CTGCGGCAAC	Σ	A	U	۵	U
G1054uS	WIAF-12426	HT2202	4863	SCN4A, 4863 gated,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide  GTACATCGCC[A/G]TCATCCTGGA	GTACATCGCC (A/G) TCATCCTGGA	Σ	4	0	н	>
G1054u6	WIAF-12427	HT2202	4566	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	GTTCATCTAC [T/G] CCATCTTCGG	Σ	, E+	U	σ	æ
G1054u7	WIAF-12428	HT2202.	4923	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	tggtgaagat [g/t] actttgagat	Σ	g	Ę۰	۵	<b>&gt;</b>
G1054u8	WIAF-12446	HT2202	3595	SCN4A,		TTCTGGCTGA (T/C) CTTCAGCATC	Σ	F	U	н	H
G1054u9	WIAF-12447	HT2202	4203	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	GGAGACAGAC [G/A] ACCAGAGCCA	Σ	ø	4	۵	z
G1054u10	WIAF-12495	HT2202	4811	SCN4A,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	TCTGCTTCTT [C/A] TGCAGCTATA	Σ	U	A	<u>Cu</u>	L.
G1054u11	WIAF-12497	HT2202	5555	SCN4A, 5555 gated,	sodium channel, voltage- type IV, alpha polypeptide	CAGGGCAGAC (T/G) GTGCGCCCAG	ω	E	O	۴	F

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CAGGGGACGC [C/T] GGACCCACTA	CGCTGCTGCT [G/A] CCACTATTGC	TCTGCGCGCG[C/T]AGCCCGCCAT	CAGCATGTGG [C/T] CGCCGTGGAT	ATGAGCGAAA [G/A] GTGAATGCGT	GGTTCCTGAG [A/G] GCCAAGATGG	GTGAGGCTGT [A/G] TCGGGTCTGC	CCAAGAAATT [C/G] AAGAGGAAAT	ATCAGCCTGG [T/G] GATGCTGAGG	GCCACGGGAT [C/T] GTGGAGGTTG	receptor CTTTGGCACC [G/A] TCATCTGCAA	receptor GCCTGTCTGT [G/A] AGTGTGTCCA	Crecrectre [1/A] scremente	AAACGCTGTG [C/T] ATCATCTGGT	gracectrcr (1/c) caceracece
SCN4A, sodium channel, voltage- 5480 gated, type IV, alpha polypeptide	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4) 112 precursor-like protein 1	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4)	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4)	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4)	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4)	APLP1, amyloid beta (A4)	APLP2, amyloid beta (A4) 1744 precursor-like protein 2	APLP2, amyloid beta (A4) 2213 precursor-like protein 2	APLP2, amyloid beta (A4) 2256 precursor-like protein 2	م ا	607 CCKBR, cholecystokinin B receptor	864 CCKBR, cholecystokinin B receptor CTGCTGCTTC[T/A]GCTCTTGTTC	KCNA1, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, member 1 (episodic ataxia with 684 myokymia)	KCNA1, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, member 1 (episodic ataxia with
5480	112	140	1344	6971	9.6	1786	1744	2213	2256	366	607	864	684	
HT2202	HT33704	HT33704	HT33704	7020000	HT33704	HT33704	HT1418	HT1418	HT1418	HT3538	HT3538	HT3538	HT0830	
WIAF-12498	WIAF-12432	WTAF-12433	WTAF-12435		00501-3418	WIAF-12501	WIAF-12436	WIAF-12467	WIAF-12468	WIAF-13195	WIAF-13196	WIAF-13206	WIAF-12478	-
G1054u12	G1059u1				**************************************	9065010	G106011	2106012	G1060u3	G1066a1	G1066a2	G1066a3	נייראסנט	

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G1067u3	WIAF-12480	HT0830	808	KCNA1, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, member 1 (episodic ataxia with 804 myokymia)	ATTTCATCAC [C/G] CTGGGCACCG	<u>.</u> თ	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>	H
G1067u4	WIAF-12509	HT0830	069	KCNA1, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, member 1 (episodic ataxia with 690 myokymia)	TGTGCATCAT [C/T] TGGTTCTCCT	<u> </u>	F	H'	H
G1068u1	WIAF-12493	HT0831	774	KCNA2, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, 774 member 2	TGAACAT (T/A) GACATTGTGG	S T	<u> </u>	н	H
G1070a1	WIAF-13197	HT27728	522	KCNJ6, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J. 522 member 6	CACAGTGACC [1/C] GGCTCTTTT	. Ε	U	3	<u>~</u>
G1070a2	WIAF-13201	HT27728	1244	<pre>KCNJ6, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 1244 member 6</pre>	CCCTGGAGGA (T/C) GGĞTTCTACG	8	<u>ပ</u>	Δ.	Ω
G1070a3	WIAF-13207	HT27728	707	<pre>KCNJ6, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 707 member 6</pre>	ataaatgccc [g/a] gagggaatta	8	∢		<u>a</u> ,
G1071u1	WIAF-12422	HT48672	1534	<pre>KCNJ3, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 1534 member 3</pre>	TTCCGGGCAA [C/T] TCAGAAGAAA	ນ ຮ	H		z
G1073u1	WIAF-12461	HT4556	1127	<pre>KCNJ1, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 1127 member 1</pre>	CACTGTGCCA (T/C) GTGCCTTTAT	£		Σ	<u> </u>
6107411	WIAF-12462	HT27804	289	KCNAB2, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, 289 beta member 2	ACCTCTTGGA [T/C] ACAGCAGAAG	رم د	U	Ω	ο
G1079u1	WIAF-12463	HT27383	1130	potassium channel, inwardly 1130 rectifing (GB:D50582)	ACCTGGCCGA [T/A] GAGÀTCCTGT	Ε	۸ .		<u> </u>
G1079u2	WIAF-12464	HT27383	1192	potassium channel, inwardly 1192 rectifing (GB:D50582)	CGTTACTCTG [1/G] GGACTACTCC	Σ.			

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G1079u3	WIAF-12481	HT27383	708	potassium channel, inwardly 708 rectifing (GB:D50582)	GCTTGGCTGC (A/G) TCTTCATGAA	Σ	4	U	<u>&gt;</u>	
G1079u4	WIAF-12482	HT27383	977	potassium channel, inwardly 779 rectifing (GB:D50582)	CGGTGATCGC [T/C] CTGCGCCACG	w	Ę+	U	4	
G1079u5	WIAF-12483	HT27383	276	potassium channel, inwardly 276 rectifing (GB:D50582)	GGACCCTGCC [G/A] AGCCCAGGTA	Σ		«	я Ж	
G1079u6	WIAF-12510	HT27383	489	potassium channel, inwardly 489 rectifing (GB:DSOS82)	Gracetcate (G/A) cetteacca	Σ	O	4	F K	
G1080u1	WIAP-12536	HT4412	1099	KCNJ4, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 1099 member 4	TGGACTACTC [A/G] CGTTTTCACA	Ø	4	ဗ	<u>ა</u>	
G1080u2	WIAF-12537	HT4412	1050	KCNJ4, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J, 1050 member 4	GGCCACCGCT [T/A] TGAGCCTGTG	Σ	F	4	<u>۲</u>	
G1081u1	WIAP-12538	HT27724	1090	KCNJ2, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J,	GGCCACCGCT [A/T] TGAGCCTGTG	Σ	4	E-	<u>ب</u> ج	
G1082u1	WIAF-12662	HT28319	168	potassium channel, inwardly rectifying, high conductance, 768 alpha subunit	CGCGGTCAC [C/T] GAGGAGGCG	S	υ	Ę-	+ +	
G1082u2	WIAF-12663	HT28319	854	potassium channel, inwardly rectifying, high conductance, 854 alpha subunit	CTGGTCGC [C/T] CATCACCATC	Σ	U	Ę+	D.	·
G1082u3	WIAF-12679	HT28319	471	potassium channel, inwardly rectifying, high conductance, 471 alpha subunit	TCTCCATCGA [G/C]ACGCAGACCA	Σ	U	υ	<u>о</u>	
G1084a1	WIAF-13198	HT0383	2028	KCNB1, potassium voltage-gated channel, Shab-related subfamily, 2028 member 1	CACTCCCCAG [C/A] AAGACTGGGG	Σ	U	4	w w	
G1084a2	WIAF-13199	HT0383	2033	KCNB1, potassium voltage-gated channel, Shab-related subfamily,	CCCAGCAAGA [C/G] TGGGGGCAGC	Σ	υ	ဗ	F-	s

G1084a3	WIAR-13200	HT0383	2321	KCNB1, potassium voltage-gated channel, Shab-related subfamily, 2321 member 1	GAGTGTGCCA [C/A] GCTTTTGGAC	Σ	U	4	<u>×</u>
G1084a4	WIAF-13208	HT0383	870	KCNB1, potassium voltage-gated channel, Shab-related subfamily, 870 member 1	ACAACCCCA [G/A] CTGGCCCACG	ø	o	ø	α
G1088u1	WIAF-12516	HT0522	1503	. KCNAS, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, 1503 member 5	TCCTGGGCAA [G/A] ACCTTGCAGG	ß	9	×	×
G1088u2	WIAF-12519	HT0522	1249	KCNAS, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily,	CGAGCTGCTC [G/A] TGCGCTTCTT	Σ	U	> 4	Σ
G1088u3	WIAF-12520	HT0522	973	KCNAS, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily,	CTCTGGGTCC [G/A] CGCGGGCCAT	Σ	Ð		F
G1088u4	, WIAF-12521	HT0522	1013	KCNAS, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, member 5	GTTATCCTCA [T/C] CTCCATCATC	Σ	H	C	H
G1090u1	WIAF-12651	HT1497	1836	KCNA6, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, 1836 member 6	CAACCAGCCA [G/A] TGGAGGAGGC	Σ	U	<u>α</u>	z
G1091u1	WIAF-12714	HT0222	843	KCNA3, potassium voltage-gated channel, shaker-related subfamily, 843 member 3	CATCATCTGG [T/C] TCTCCTTCGA	Σ	£.	<u>n</u>	a
G1094a1	WIAF-13218	HT27381	1280	KCNJ8, potassium inwardly- rectifying channel, subfamily J,	GTGTATTCTG [T/a] GGATTACTCC	Σ	Ę÷	<u>ν</u>	ω .

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TTCTCTACTT [C/T] QGCTTGCGGT	GTGTCTGCA [T/C] CTTTGGCGAC	GATGATACTT [C/G] GCTGCAGGAC	TCGTGGTCTG [C/T] ATCTTTGGCG	CACTCATGAG [C/T] GCGACGTACT	GGATGTTTCA [C/T] TGGTGTGCAC	Carcctgact [c/t] gaagtgaagc
CNWA1, potassium large onductance calcium-activated hannel, subfamily M, alpha member	CNMA1, potassium large onductance calcium-activated hannel, subfamily M, alpha member	CNMA1, potassium large onductance calcium-activated hannel, subfamily M, alpha member	KCNWA1, potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily M, alpha member 1	KCNMA1, potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily M, alpha member 1	KCNWA1, potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily M, alpha member 1	KCNWA1, potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily M, alpha member 1
К С С С С С С	24 44 10 0 K	K C C C C C C C	K   C   C   C   C	300	2352	2392 1
HT2629	HT2629	HT2629	HT2629	HT2629	HT2629	HT2629
WIAF-12532	WIAP-12533	WIAF-12534	WTAF-12535	WIAF-12539	WIAF-12544	WIAF-12545
1086019	G1095u2				G1095u6	G1095u7

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G1095u8	WIAP-12546	HT2629	2295 1	KCNMA1, potassium large conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily M, alpha member 1	CTGGCAATGA [T/C] CAGATTGACA	S	F-	<u>م</u> ن	α .	_
G1095u9	HIAF-12548	HT2629	2949	CNWA1, potassium large onductance calcium-activated hannel, subfamily M, alpha member	Agtttttgga (c/t) caagacgatg	s	. 0	T 0	<u>a</u>	
G1095u10	WIAF-12549	HT2629	2865 10.0 %	CNNA1, potassium large onductance calcium-activated hannel, subfamily M, alpha member	TGCACGGGAT [G/A] TTACGTCAAC	Σ	9	4	H E	
G1096u1	WIAF-12547	1,2631,8	930	РККМВ, protein kinase mitogen- activated 8 (MAP kinase)	tgctggtaat (a/t) gatgcatcta	တ	4	H.	I	
G1098u1	WIAF-12515	11611	2650	DAG1, dystroglycan 1 (dystrophin- 2650 associated glycoprotein 1)	TCTACCTGCA [C/T] ACAGTCATTC	S	ပ	7	H	
G110u1	WIAF-10385	HT27392	230	meiosis-specific recA homolog, 230 HsLim15	Caaaggtata [C/t] agatgacaac	Z	C	т	•	
G110u2	WIAF-10397	HT27392	1050	meiosis-specific recA homolog,	CCTGAAAATG [A/G] AGCCACCTTC	Σ	A	0	8	-
G110u3	WIAF-10399	HT27392	674	meiosis-specific recA homolog, 674 HsLim15	TGAACATCAG [A/G] TGGAGCTACT	Σ	A	9	A M	
G1106u1	WIAF-12647	HT5073	5781	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 5781 protein 1B	actatgagaa [g/a] atagagagaa	S	უ	A .	X	
G1106u2	WIAF-12648	HT5073	5916	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 5916 protein 1B	CTGAAGAGG [C/T] GGGTACTCAT	S	υ	F	<u>ი</u>	
G1106u3	WIAF-12650	HT5073	1837	MAP1B, microtubule-associated	agacaagcca [g/a] taaaaacaga	Σ	c	Ą	_ <u> </u>	
G1106u4	WIAF-12653	HT5073	2476	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 2476 protein 1B	CACCACAGCA [G/A] CTGTCATGGC	Σ	ტ	۸ ۲	A T	
G1106u5	WIAF-12656	HT5073	3913	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 3913 protein 1B	GCCCAATGAG [A/G] TTAAAGTCTC	Σ	. «	. 0	н	>
G1106u6	WIAF-12667	HT5073	559	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 559 protein 1B	GATTTTCACC [G/A] ATCAAGAGAT	Σ	U	- K	2 0	-

G1106u7 WIAF-12668 G1106u8 WIAF-12669 G1106u10 WIAF-12672 G1106u11 WIAF-12673 G1106u13 WIAF-12674 G1106u14 WIAF-12677 G1106u15 WIAF-12677 G1110u1 WIAF-12517 G1110u1 WIAF-12518 G1110u2 WIAF-12518 G1110u3 WIAF-12523 G1110u3 WIAF-12523	HT5073	570	protein 1B	コート しゅうしゅうしょく しょくしょうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅう		ט	1	7	-
		İ			2	ľ		-	
	HT5073	6175	MAPIB, microtubule-associated	TACTTCCACA [T/C] ACTGTTACGA	Σ	F	ű	<u>≖</u> ≻	
	HT5073	1215	MAP1B, microtubule.associated protein 1B	TCACTCTCCA [0/C] TACCTAAACA	Σ	· o	ပ ပ	# 0	
	HT5073	1821	MAPIB, microtubule-associated protein 1B	aggtaatggt [g/a] aaaaagaca	ß	U	A	<u> </u>	
					· ,	,			
	HT5073	2727	2727 protein 18	GICCIGCCGA [G/ I) ICCCCIGAIG	T	T	1	T	T
	HT5073	2739	MAP1B, microtubule-associated 2739 protein 1B	CCCCTGATGA [G/A] GGAATCACTA	တ	o	4	R	
	HT5073	3643	MAP1B, microtubule-associated	AGATGCCACT [G/A] ATGGCAAGGA	Σ	0	4	Z Q	
	HT5073.	3609	MAP1B, microtubule-associated protein 1B	CACCGCTCAA[C/T]GGATTTTCTG	თ	U		z	
	HT5073	4752	MAP1B, microtubule-associated	TTCCAGAGCC [A/T] ACAACAGATG	ß	A		<u> </u>	
	HT1096	1527	myelin associated glycoprotein	GCGGCCTCGT [G/C] CTCACCAGCA	ß		o	>	
	HT1096	1678	myelin associated glycoprotein	TGTGGGGCC (G/T) TGGTCGCCTT	Σ		£-	> 1	
	HT1096	1271	1271 myelin associated glycoprotein	GCCGTGTCAC [C/T] CGAGGATGAT	Σ	v		د د	
	HT2242	353	53 myelin transcription factor 1	AATTCCGATC [G/T] GATCCTCAGG	Σ	9	£.	~	13
Ī	HT28451	417	myelin oligodendrocyte 417 glycoprotein (MOG)	CAAGCTTATC [G/A] AGACCCTCTC	တ	ပ	A	S	S
G1116a2 WIAF-13219	HT28451	913	myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG)	GCAGATCACT [C/G] TTGGCCTCGT	Σ	υ	b	<u>&gt;</u>	
	HT28451	922	myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG)	retresecte [9/A] retrecters	æ	g	A	- H	
T	HT3695	1200	1200 neurofilament, subunit H	TAGAGATAGC (T/C) GCTTACAGAA	S	1	v	A	
	HT2569	2269	OMG, oligodendrocyte myelin 2269 glycoprotein	CAGCTGCAAC [T/C] CTAACTATTC	Ø	Ŧ	U	1	7
	HT28354	626	PSEN2, presentiin 2 (Alzheimer 626 disease 4)	GAGCGAAGCA [T/C] GTGATCATGC	S	Ę	U	표	×
	HT28354	494	PSEN2, presenilin 2 (Alzheimer 494 disease 4)	ATGGAGAA [T/C] ACTGCCCAGT	w	E	U	z	z

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G1126u3	WIAF-12528	HT28354	434	PSEN2, presenilin 2 (Alzheimer disease 4)	TAATGTCGGC [C/T] GAGAGCCCCA	Ø	υ	. F	_ <u> </u>	_
G1126u4	WIAF-12543	HT28354	550	PSENZ, presenilin 2 (Alzheimer 550 disease 4)	GACCCTGACC[G/A] CTATGTCTGT	Σ	G	A	R	_
G117u1	WIAF-10391	HT27765	156	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding protein	ACTTCTCACC [A/G] GGAGATTTGG	S	A	5	<u>а</u>	
G117u2	WIAF-10392	HT27765	420	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding	AACGTGCAGA [T/C] GAAGCCTTAA	S	ī	U U	Q Q	_
G117u3	WIAF-10407	HT27765	939	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding 939 protein	CCCACGTTAG [T/C] GGAGGTGGTG	s s	F	U U	<u>α</u>	
G117u4	WIAF-10411	HT27765	1622	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding 1622 protein	CATTGTTCGA [G/A] ATTTAGGACT	Σ	ß	4	×	
911745	WIAF-10412	HT27765	2405	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding 2405 protein	GACAGCAGGG [C/T] TATAATGTAT	Σ	٥	T .	۸ ۷	
G117u6	WIAF-10413	HT27765	2387	GTBP, G/T mismatch-binding 2387 protein	AAGAGTCAGA [A/T] CCACCCAGAC	Σ	æ	t-	2	
G125u1	WIAF-10371	HT28632	1999	ATM, ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation 1999 groups A, C and D)	CAGTAATTTT [C/T] CTCATCTTGT	Σ	υ	٤٠	<u>د</u> د	ra
G125u2	WIAF-10372	HT28632	2631	ATM, ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation 2631 groups A, C and D)	Taatgaatga [C/a] attgcagata	Σ	υ	4	<u>a</u>	63
G125u3	WIAF-10373	HT28632	3084	ATM, ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation 3084 groups A, C and D)	Cratggraga [1/G] gttcttgaac	Σ	H	5	g 0	(a)
G125us	WIAF-10375	HT28632	4767	ATM, ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation 4767 groups A, C and D)	CACTTATACC [C/T] CTTGTGTATG	S	Ü	Ę.	G. G.	
G125u6	WIAF-10383	HT28632	8713	ATM, ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation 8713 groups A, C and D)	AFTCTTGGAT [C/T] CAGCTATTTG	Σ	υ	f-	O.	

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HT28632	ATM, ata: mutated ( 1825 groups A,	xia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)	GACTTTGGCA [C/G] TGACCACCAG	<u>U</u>	<u> </u>	.3	>
HT28632	ATM, a mutated	kia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)		Σ			~
HT28632	ATM, ata: mutated ( 8967 groups A,	giectasia complementation	ttgaaggtgt [c/t] ttcagaagat	υ s	H	>	^
HT28632 6	ATM, ata) mutated (1	<pre>cia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)</pre>	ccaaacacct[t/c]gtagaactct	. <u>F</u>	· ບ	ر.	ت ع
HT28632 68	ATM, ata: mutated ( 6855 groups A,	<pre>xia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)</pre>	ttcaggagcc (t/c) atcatggctc	S F	υ	م	Δ.
нт28632 68	ATM, ata mutated (3	<pre>cda telangiectasia includes complementation C_and D)</pre>	tatatataa (g/t) tggcagaaac	<u>υ</u> Σ	H	×	z
HT28632 3:	ATM, ata mutated ( 335 groups A,	xia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)	CATTCAGATT [C/G] CAAACAAGGA	υ Σ	9	8	ن
н Т28632 396	ATM, atax mutated (3	<pre>cia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)</pre>	ttccacatct [g/a] gtgattagaa	<u>ა</u>	4	'n	'n
HT28632 86	ATM, atam mutated (: 8642 groups A,	kia telangiectasia includes complementation C and D)	gagaaatatg (a/c) agtcttcatg	K K	ပ	ង	Ą
HT3337 5	MLH1, (colon 535 2)	MLH1, muth (E. coli) homolog 1 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type	aggagaaag [C/T] TTTaaaaaat	∪	F	«	>

				ŀ			1			
				MLH1, mutl (E. coli) homolog 1	,					
G136u2	WIAF-10389	HT3337	769 2)		TTCAAAATGA [A/G] TGGTTACATA	Σ	4		2	
				FOS, v-fos PBJ murine osteosarcoma viral oncodene					$\top$	
G144n1	WIAF-11638	HT3625	1129	1129 homolog	ccrerecact [c/r] cogregatoac	Σ	υ	٤.	S G	
G1461u1	WIAF-12562	HT0329	684	684 pRB-binding protein	TTGCCAAGAA [G/A] TCCAAGAACC	S	b	Г		
G1466u1	WIAF-12571	HT27849	2128	2128 API2, apoptosis inhibitor 2	ATGATCCATG [G/C] GTAGAACATG	Σ	_	U	. 3	
G1468u1	WIAP-12563	HT4986	1928	1928 apoptosis inhibitor, neuronal	CCACCAGACC [A/T] GACGAGGGGC	v	A	į.	<u>a</u>	
G1468u2	WIAF-12564	HT4986	3057	3057 apoptosis inhibitor, neuronal	TTTGCAATTC [C/G] TTCAAGGGAG	x	υ	9	د	
G1472u1	WIAF-12565	HT28478	242	242 BAK1, BCL2-antagonist/killer 1	GGCAGGAGTG [C/T] GGAGAGCCTG	Ø	υ	ŀ	U	
G1472u2	WIAR-12572	HT28478	509	509 BAK1, BCL2-antagonist/killer 1	TGCAGCCCAC [G/A] GCAGAGAATG	ဟ	U	A	H	
G1473u1	WIAF-12568	HT28606	394	CASP6, caspase 6, apoptosis- 394 related cysteine protease	GGTGTCAACT [6/C] TTAGCCACGC	Σ	ပ	v	۷ -	
G1473u2	WIAF-12576	HT28606	411	CASP6, caspase 6, apoptosis- related cysteine protease	ACGCAGATGC [C/T] GATTGCTTTG	Ø	ن د	F-	a a	
G1479u1	WIAF-12550	Y09077	711	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	ACTITATIAA [1/C] GGTTCTTACT	Σ	Į.	υ	Ε Ε	
G1479u2	WIAP-12551	Y09077	4303	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	TTGCGTATGC[T/C]GATAATAGCC	S	٦.	<u>ه</u> ن	<u>_</u>	
G1479u3	WIAF-12552	Y09077	1894	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	ATTCTGATGA [T/C] GGCTGTTTAA	8	Ţ	<u>Ω</u>	Ω .	
G1479u4	WIAF-12553	Y09077	ATR, 1855 Rad3	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	ATTTATGTGG [T/A] ATGCTCTCAC	S	Ţ	<u>ن</u> لا		
G1479u5	WIAF-12558	Y09077	ATR, 5287 Rad3	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	TCATTCATTA [1/C] CATGGTGTAG	w	£+	<u>+</u> ن		

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G1479u6	WIAF-12559	Y09077	5539	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related	CAGCTITITA (1/C) GACTCACTGA	α	£+	U	>+	×
G1479u7	WIAF-12569	Y09077	1540	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and 1540 Rad3 related	ATCCTGTTAT [T/C] GAGATGTTAG	S	F	v	I	
G1479u8	WIAF-12570	74060X	2521	ATR, ataxia telangiectasia and 1521 Rad3 related	ATTTAATGGA [A/G] GATCCAGACA	S	d		9	ω
G1482u1	WIAF-12560	HT27870	3176	3176 BLM, Bloom syndrome	AAAATATAAC [G/A] GAATGCAGGA	Γ		Γ		٤٠
G1482u2	WIAF-12561	HT27870	3605	3605 BLM, Bloom syndrome	GAAATAAAGC (C/A) CAAACTGTAC	S	U	A	A	A
G1482u3	WIAF-12573	HT27870	2677	2677 BLM, Bloom syndrome	TATGTATTAC (C/T) GAAAAAGCCT	Σ	Ü	1	<u>-</u>	L,
G1483u1	WIAF-12597	HT1470	1910	MYBL2, v-myb avian myeloblastosis	818 GGATGAGGAT [G/A] TGAAGCTGAT	Σ	<sub>O</sub>	4	>	Σ
G1483u2	WIAP-12610	HT1470	. 244	MYBL2, v-myb avian myeloblastosis  viral oncogene homolog-like 2	918 ATGAGGAGGA [C/T] GAGCAGCTGA	တ	C	1	٥	Ω
G1483u3	WIAF-12611	HT1470	1406	MYBL2, v-myb avian myeloblastosis 1406 viral oncogene homolog-like 2	918 CACTGAGAAT [A/G] GCACCAGTCT	Σ	A	9	s	ပ
G1485ul	WIAF-12581	HT1432	1941	BCR, breakpoint cluster region	TGGAGATGAG [A/G] AAATGGGTCC	_ w	A	ט	~	æ
G1485u2	WIAF-12582	HT1432	3144	3144 BCR, breakpoint cluster region	TGACCATCAA (T/C) AAGGAAGATG	(J)	£+	U	z	z
G1485u3	WIAF-12583	HT1432	3777	3777 BCR, breakpoint cluster region	ATAACAAGGA [T/C] GTGTCGGTGA	8	Т	c	Q	D
G1485u4	WIAF-12603	HT1432	2831	2831 BCR, breakpoint cluster region	CAGATCAAGA [G/A] TGACATCCAG	Σ	9	Ą	S	2
G1485u5	WIAF-12608	HT1432	4217	4217 BCR, breakpoint cluster region	ATCCCTGCCC [C/T] GGACAGCAAG	Σ	υ	H		ı
G1486u1	WIAF-12578	HT33770	1909	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early onset	ATTGATAATG [G/A] AAGCTGGCCA	Σ	g	4	5	8
G1486u2	WIAF-12579	HT33770	3623	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early onset	AGTTTAGAAA [A/G] CCAAGCTACA	ဟ	4	U	×	×
G1486u3	WIAF-12586	HT33770	1341	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early 1341 onset	AAATGTAGCA [A/C] ATCAGAAGCC	Σ	4	υ	z	×
G1486u4	WIAF-12594	HT33770	446	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early 446 onset	CTTATAATCA (G/A) CTGGCTTCAA	S	ប	A	0	°

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G1486u5	WIAF-12598	HT33770	3013	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early onset	ACCATGGTTT [T/C] ATATGGAGAC	Σ	Ŀ	υ	د.	S
				BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early						
G1486u6	WIAF-12599	HT33770	3187	onset	Gaaaaaata [a/t] tgattacatg	Σ	æ	T	z	н
7,14,86,17	MIRR-12604	172224	1604	BRCA2, breast cancer 2, early	Tenentation (2) (a) aspendance	Σ	4	į.	F	۰
		2		oraco C repres treest Cando						
G1486uB	WIAF-12607	HT33770	4034	onset	ATGATTCTGT [C/T] GTTTCAATGT	S	ပ	Т	۸	>
				BRCA1, breast cancer 1, early						
G1487u1	WIAF-12584	HT27632	2536	опвеt	AGTCAGTGTG [C/G] AGCATTTGAA	Σ	ں	0	A	0
G1487u2	WIAF-12587	HT27632	4697	BRCA1, breast cancer 1, early 4697 onset	CATCTCAAGA [G/C] GAGCTCATTA	Σ	ပ	U	ω	
				BRCA1, breast cancer 1, early		_				
G1487u3	WIAP-12595	HT27632	469	69 onset	TCTCCTGAAC (A/G) TCTAAAAGAT	Σ	4	g	×	œ
G1487u4	WIAF-12600	HT27632	3667	BRCAl, breast cancer 1, early onset	AGCGTCCAGA [A/G] AGGAGAGCTT	Σ	_ ∢	U	×	æ
G1487uS	WIAF-12601	HT27632	3537	BRCAl, breast cancer 1, early 3537 onset	TATGGGAAGT (A/G) GTCATGCATC	Σ	4	g	S	9
				BRCAl, breast cancer 1, early						
G1487u6	WIAF-12602	HT27632	4956	956 onset	ATCTGCCCAG [A/G] GTCCAGCTGC	Σ	Æ	o	S	O
G1487u7	WIAF-12605	HT27632	2090	BRCAl, breast cancer 1, early 2090 onset	AGTACAACCA [A/G] ATGCCAGTCA	S	Æ		o	_ 0
				BRCAl, breast cancer 1, early						
G1487u8	WIAF-12614	HT27632	233	onset	TCTCCACAAA [G/A] TGTGACCACA	S	<u>.</u>	Ø	7	×
G1492u1	WIAR-12585	HT3506	3912	3912 cell death-associated kinase	TCCAGGTCCG [T/C] GGCCTGGAGA	တ	Ę	υ	~	œ
G1492u2	WIAF-12593	HT3506	4352	352 cell death-associated kinase	TACAACACCA [A/G] TAACGGGGCT	Σ	æ	_ ტ	z	S
G1492u3	WIAF-12606	HT3506	2127	2127 cell death-associated kinase	GCAATTTGGA [C/T] ATCTCCAACA	ွ	ပ	£•	Ω	٥
G1492u4	WIAF-12612	HT3506	1605	cell death-associated kinase	TGAAATTTCT [C/T] AGTGAGAACA	တ	ຼັບ	T	L	Ĺ
G1494u1	WIAF-12589	HT28507	366	cell death-inducing protein Bik	TTCACCACAC [T/C] TAAGGAGAAC	Σ	Ę÷	၁	1	ď
G1495u1	WIAF-12580	HT27803	759	CSELL, chromosome segregation 1 (yeast homolog)-like	TTTCTTCCCT [G/C] ATCCTGATCT	တ	ဗ	υ	ı	1
G1501u1	WIAF-13502	HT1949	1181	MCC, mutated in colorectal cancers	CAGCAATGAC [A/C] TTCCCATCGC	Σ	Æ	υ	1	ı

G1501u2	WIAF-13503	HT1949	1753	MCC, mutated in colorectal	poeencomo (T/J) ecoeption		·	£	2	- 2
669	C. Cath			MCC, mutated in colorectal						
chrocto	MTML - TOOM	447111	2344	2344 cancers	TGTCCCTAGC [T/C] GAACTCAGGA	2	٢	U	۸	4
G1501u4	WIAF-13521	HT1949	445	MCC, mutated in colorectal .	AGCGAACGAC [G/A] CTTCGCTATG	ß	U	4	£-	£-
				MCC, mutated in colorectal		L			Г	
G1501u5	WIAF-13522	HT1949	1504	504 cancers	AAAGCAATGC [T/C] GAGAGGATGA	တ	Т	C	A	A
G1501u6	WIAF-13527	HT1949	2511	MCC, mutated in colorectal	TTCGTGAATG [A/G] TCTAAAGCGG	Σ	_ «		٥	ő
G1502u1	WIAF-12633	HT1547	870	CCND1, cyclin D1 (PRAD1: 870 parathyroid adenomatosis 1)	AGTGTGACCC (A/G) GACTGCCTCC	S	4			<u> </u>
G1503u1	WIAF-13741	U37022	1151	1151 CDK4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	CATGCCAATT [G/A] CATCGTTCAC	Σ	g	æ	U	*
G1503u2	WIAF-13742	U37022	1410	1410 CDK4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	CTGAAGCCGA (C/T) CAGTTGGGCA	S	J	Ţ	۵	Q
G1503u3	WIAF-13743	U37022	1328	1328 CDK4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	TATGCAACAC [C/T] TGTGGACATG	Σ	Ü	Ţ	Ω	ı,
G1503u4	WIAF-13780	U37022	1194	1194 CDX4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	TTCTGGTGAC [A/G] AGTGGTGGAA	S	₩.	c	, L	Ŧ
G1503u5	WIAF-13781	U37022	1443	1443 CDK4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	TGATTGGGCT [G/A] CCTCCAGAGG	Ŋ	U	4	ı	ı,
G1503u6	WIAF-13787	U37022	1633	1633 CDK4, cyclin-dependent kinase 4	CTCTTATCTA [C/T] ATAAGGATGA	Σ	د ر	T	. #	*
01517u1	WIAF-12618	HT1132	3894	ERBB3, v-erb-b2 avian erythroblastic leukemia viral 3894 oncogene homolog 3	CAGACCTCAG [1/C] GCCTCTCTGG	<u>"</u>	H	υ	σ v	σ
G152u1	WIAF-11608	HT3854	1673	HSPAlL, heat shock 70kD protein-	GTGAGTGATG [A/C] AGGTTTGAAG	Σ	⋖	U	<u>~</u>	<b>A</b>
G152u2	WIAF-11629	HT3854	1683	HSPAIL, heat shock 70kD protein- 1683 like 1	AAGGITIGAA [G/A] GGCAAGAITA	S	o	4	×	×
G152u3	WIAF-11609	HT3854	1478	HSPAIL, heat shock 70kD protein-	GTCACAGCCA [C/T] GGACAAGAGC	Σ	ບ	£	Ę.	Σ
G152u4	WIAF-11610	HT3854	1443	HSPAIL, heat shock 70kD protein-	TGACGITTGA [C/T] ATTGATGCCA	S	ວ	F	۵	Q
G1520u1	WIAF-12162	HT1175	2211 5'	DNA excision repair protein ERCC2, 5' end	TGACCGTGGA [C/T] GAGGGTGTCC	ß	ບ	£-	۵	۵

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G1520u2	WIAF-12166	HT1175	546	DNA excision repair protein ERCC2,	CCCACTGCCG [A/C] TTCTATGAGG	(r		_ ပ	2	n.
				GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase		-	<u> </u>			
G1527u1	WIAF-12168	HT0086	577	577 M2 (muscle)	TCATCTCCCG (A/C) TTTGAGGGCT	S	4	ن	~	2
G1527u2	WIAF-12169	HT0086	644	GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase 644 M2 (muscle)	ACCTGTGTTC [A/T] CAAAGATGGC	Σ	Æ	ŧ-	Ę-	S
				GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase					Ŀ	-
G1527u3	WIAF-12171	HT0086	100	100 M2 (muscle)	ACTCAAGCTA [C/T] GAGGAAAGA	S	U	F	×	×
G1527u4	WIAF-12172	HT0086	41	GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase M2 (muscle)	GGGGTACTGG [A/G] ACATCCGCGG	Σ	K	U	Z	Q
				GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase					ŧ	
G1527u5	WIAF-12173	HT0086	215	ដ្ឋា	GATTGATGGG (A/G) CTCACAGAT	Ε	۲	,	_	
G1527u6	WIAF-12194	нтоове	GST 238 M2	GSTM2, glutathione S-transferase M2 (muscle)	CCCAGAGCAA [T/C] GCCATCCTGC	_ &	F	υ	z	z
G1528u1	WIAF-11950	HT1811	529	GSTM3, glutathione S-transferase 529 M3 (brain)	GTATATTTGA [C/G] CCCAAGTGCC	Σ	ပ	ט	D	ω
01528u2	WIAF-11951	HT1811	674	GSTM3, glutathione S-transferase M3 (brain)	CAACAAGCCT [G/A] TATGCTGAGC	Σ	ဗ	Ą	۸	н
G1528u3	WIAF-11989	HT1811	572	GSTM3, glutathione S-transferase 572 M3 (brain)	GGCTTTCATG [1/0] GCCGTTTTGA	Σ	۴	U	υ	v
G1528u4	WIAF-13470	HT1811	240	GSTM3, glutathione S-transferase 240 M3 (brain)	CAGAGCAATG (C/A) CATCTTGCGC	Σ	Ü	٨	A	Q
G1529u1	WIAF-14146	HT2006	797 M4	GSTM4, glutathione S-transferase M4	TGGACGCCTT [C/T] CCAAATCTGA	ဟ	ပ	E	(Day	£.
G153u1	WIAF-12163	HT3856	1212	1212 HSPA1B, heat shock 70kD protein 1	heat shock 70kD protein 1 TGGGGCTGGA[G/A]ACGGCCGGAG	တ	ڻ	æ	ω	<b>1</b>
G153u2	WIAF-12182	HT3856	676	676 HSPAIB, heat shock 70kD protein 1	shock 70kD protein 1 gGCCGGGGAC[A/G]CCCACCTGGG	Σ	-∢	U	£.	A
G153u3	WIAF-12183	HT3856	1695	1695 HSPAIB, heat shock 70kD protein 1	70kD protein 1 TCAGCGAGGC[C/G]GACAAGAAGA	<u> </u>	U	U	Æ	æ
G153u4	WIAF-12189	HT3856	330	330 HSPAlB, heat shock 70kD protein 1	70kD protein 1 ACAAGGGGGA[G/C]ACCAAGGCAT	Σ	0	υ	ខា	Δ
G153u5	WIAF-12190	HT3856	1053	1053 HSPAIB, heat shock 70kD protein 1	heat shock 70kD protein 1 AGCTGCTGCA[A/G]GACTTCTTCA	<u>s</u>	4	U	o	ø
G1530u1	WIAF-11964	HT3010	SS 673 MS	GSTM5, glutathione S-transferase M5	ATTCCTCCGA [G/A] GTCTTTTGTT	Σ	ပ	Æ	U	S
G1530u2	WIAF-11995	HT3010	SD 865	GSTM5, glutathione S-transferase MS	GACGCCTTCC [T/C] AAACTTGAAG	Σ	F	U		<u>a</u>

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G1530u3	WIAF-13473	HT3010	693 M5	GSIMS, glucachione s-cranscerase MS	TTGGAAAGTC [A/G] GCTACATGGA	S	A	<sub>O</sub>	S	S
G1533u1	WIAF-13458	HT27460	543	GSTT2, glutathione S-transferase 543 theta 2	Crcrcogcra (c/r) gaacrorrre	ω	υ	H	>-	~
G1533u2	WIAF-13460	HT27460	417	GSTT2, glutathione S-transferase	GGACTGCCAT [G/A] GACCAGGCCC	Σ	ď	A	Σ.	ı
G1533u3	WIAF-13461	HT27460	.359	GSTT2, glutathione S-transferase	CAGGTGTTGG [Q/A] GCCACTCATT	Σ	g	A .		æ
G1533u4	WIAP-13462	HT27460	363	GSTT2, glutathione S-transferase	rgrrggggcc (a/c) crcarrgggg	s	A	د		ď
G1533u5	WIAF-13463	HT27460	385	GSTT2, glutathione S-transferase 385 theta 2	CCAGGTGCCC [G/A] AGGAGAAGGT	Σ	b	ď	ω	×
G1535u1	WIAF-11952	HT0436	517	517 HCK, hemopoietic cell kinase	CCGCGTTGAC [T/C] CTCTGGAGAC	Σ	F	ပ	S	G,
G1535u2	WIAF-12013	HT0436	783	783 HCK, hemopoietic cell kinase	TGGACCACTA [C/T] AAGAAGGGGA	σ	ပ	Ŀ	>-	,
G1535u3	WIAF-13464	HT0436	357	357 HCK, hemopoietic cell kinase	TCATCGTGGT [T/C] GCCCTGTATG	တ	£-	U	>	>
G1535u4	WIAF-13465	HT0436	387	387 HCK, hemopoietic cell kinase	CCATTCACCA [C/T] GAAGACCTCA	တ	U	Ŧ	Ξ.	Ξ
G1535u5	WIAF-13466	HT0436	471	471 HCK, hemopoletic cell kinase	cccraaccac [c/a] caanaaaaa	တ	Ü	U	F	Ę-
G1535u6	WIAF-13467	HT0436	240	240 HCK, hemopoletic cell kinase	CCAGCGCCAG [C/T] CCACACTGTC	S	_ 0	Ę.	8	S
G1535u7	WIAF-13468	HT0436	394	394 HCK, hemopoletic cell kinase	CCACGAAGAC [C/T] TCAGCTTCCA	Σ	υ	4	ı	ſ.
G1537u1	WIAF-12020	004045	MS (c 1514 1)	MSH2, mutS (E. coll) homolog 2 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	gtgaattaag [a/g] gaaataatga	Ŋ	æ	U	æ	æ
G1537u2	WIAF-12044	004045	MS (c	MSH2, mutS (E. coli) homolog 2 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	GACTGTGTGA (A/T) TTCCCTGATA	Σ	æ	£-	ш	Q
G1537u3	WIAF-12045	004045	1452	MSH2, mutS (E. coli) homolog 2 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	agatatggat [C/T] aggtggaaaa	2	υ	£-	0	
G1537u4	WIAF-12076	U04045	MS (c 938 1)	MSH2, mutS (E. coli) homolog 2 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	GACAGTTTGA [A/T] CTGACTACTT	Σ	4	Ę	(22	Q

G1537u5	WIAF-12077	004045	MS (0	MSH2, muts (E. coli) homolog 2 (colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1)	TCAGCTAGAT [G/A] CTGTTGTCAG	Σ	o	4	4	
				Concession of the same (AM occurs of the same of the s					_	
G1543u1	WIAF-13856	911000	553		GAGTTTCTGG [G/T] CTGAGCTCAA	Σ	v	£	S)	
G1543112	WIAF-13857	300119	621	MOS, v-mos Moloney murine sarcoma Viral oncodene homolog	GCACGCGCAC [9/A] CCCGCAGGGT	S			<u>+</u>	
G1544u1	WIAF-12018	US9464	3821	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	CATCCCGAAT [C/T] CAGGCATCAC	Σ	U	H	S	
G1544u2	WIAF-12019	US9464	3618	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	GCGTGGTCCG [C/T] TTCGCCATGC	S	υ	£.	ж Ж	
G1544u3	WIAF-12027	U59464	1941	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	ATTITIGCCAT [G/T] GTTCTGCTCA	Σ	g	Ŧ	H	
G1544u4	WIAF-12029	U59464	4074	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	CTGCCATGGG [C/T] AGCTCCGTGC	S	ວ	ı	ย	
G1544u5	WIAF-12043	US9464	3845	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 3845 homolog	CCCTCGAACC [C/T] GAGACAGCAG	Σ	υ	£-	I d	
G1544u6	WIAF-12056	U59464	1433	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	CTGCTGGTTG [C/T] ACTGTCAGTG	Σ	υ	T	۸ >	
G1544u7	WIAF-12058	U59464	3298	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 3298 homolog	CACCGITCAC [G/C] TTGCTTTGGC	Σ	9	υ	۷ ت	
G1544u8	WIAF-12062	U59464	3986	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 3986 homolog	TCTACTGAAG [G/A] GCATTCTGGC	Σ	g	4	G	
G1544u9	WIAF-13489	U59464	1665	PTCH, patched (Drosophila)	CCATCAGCAA (T/C) GTCACAGCCT	S	7	၁	Z	
G1544u10	WIAF-13490	U59464	2396	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 2396 homolog	AAATACTTTT [C/T] TTTCTACAAC	Σ	ပ	Т	S H	
G1544u11	WIAF-13491	U59464	2199	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 2199 homolog	GGACACTCTC [A/G] TCTTTTGCTG	S	Ą	U	S	
G1544u12	WIAF-13492	U59464	2222	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 2222 homolog	AAGCACTATG [C/T] TCCTTTCCTC	Σ	U	F	>	
G1544u13	WIAF-13500	U59464	1686	PTCH, patched (Drosophila) 1686 homolog	rcttcatggc[c/t]gcgttaatcc	Ŋ	υ	F	<b>4</b>	
G1545u1	WIAF-12032	HT0473	1835	RAG1, recombination activating 1835 gene 1	GGACATGGAA [G/A] AAGACATCTT	Σ	Ü	d	я _ <del>х</del>	
G1545u2	WIAF-12035	HT0473	2519	RAG1, recombination activating 2519 gene 1	TGACATTGGC [A/G] ATGCAGCTGA	Σ	_∢	ပ	2	

				1	recombination activating					
G1545U3	WIAF - 12046	H104/3	3045	٦l	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	CGGAAAATGA (A/G) TGCCAGGCAG	Ε	4	5	z
G1545u4	WIAF-12047	HT0473	3146	KAGI, recombination 3146 gene 1	ion activating	TCATAATGCA [T/C] TAAAAACCTC	တ	Ę+	U	ı
G1545u5	WIAF-12075	HT0473	2513	RAG1, recombination gene 1	ion activating	CCACTGTGAC (A/T) TTGGCAATGC	Σ	4	4	4 I
G1545u6	WIAF-13484	HT0473	1322	RAG1, recombination gene 1	activating	GTCGCTGACT [C/T] GGAGAGCTCA	Σ	U	٤-	3
G1545u7	WIAF-13494	HT0473	2571	RAG1, recombination 571 gene 1	ion activating	GAAGTGTATA [A/G] GAATCCCAAT	Σ	4		×
G1545u8	WIAF-13498	HT0473	1018	-	recombination activating	TTCTGGCTGA (C/A) CCTGTGGAGA	Σ	U	4	<u>u</u>
G1545u9	WIAF-13499	HT0473	2782	RAG1, recombinat:	recombination activating	ATCTTTACCT [G/C] AAGATGAAAC	8	ט	ິ	ri Er
G1548u1	WIAF-12015	HT4999	133	IFI27, interferon, inducible protein 27	n, alpha- 27	CTCTGCCGTA [9/A] TTTTGCCCCT	Σ	Ü	4	\ 1
G1548u2	WIAF-13482	HT4999	380	IFI27, interferon, 380 inducible protein 27	alpha-	ATCCTGGGCT [C/T] CATTGGGTCT	W	C	T	S.
G1548u3	WIAF-13483	HT4999	135	IFI27, interferon, 135 inducible protein 27	n, alpha- 27	CTGCCGTAGT (T/C) TTGCCCCTGG	s	£-	Ü	^
Glssul	WIAF-11634	HT3962	991	CHC1,	chromosome condensation 1	AGCTGGATGT [G/A] CCTGTGGTAA	ß	U	4	<u>&gt;</u> >
G155u2	WIAF-11635	нт3962	1271	CHC1, chromosome	condensation 1	CGGCTTCGGC [C/T] TCTCCAACTA	Σ	·	Ę.	L R
G155u3	WIAF-11636	нт3962	1192	1192 CHC1, chromosome	chromosome condensation 1	GCCGGGGCCA [C/T] GTGAGATTCC	တ		T	н н.
G155u4	WIAF-11637	HT3962	1267	1267 CHC1, chromosome	chromosome condensation 1	TGTACGGCTT [C/T] GGCCTCTCCA	S	U	F	<u>.</u>
G155uS	WIAF-11649	HT3962	1657	1657 CHC1, chromosome	chromosome condensation 1	TGATGGGCAA [A/G] CAGCTGGAGA	ß	4	9	X X
G1550u1	WIAF-12057	M16038	611	LYN, viral	v-yes-1 Yamaguchi sarcoma related oncogene homolog	gcaaagtccc (T/G) tttaacaaaa	Σ	E		
G1550u2	WIAF-12061	M16038	1371	LYN, v-yes-1 Yam:	v-yes-1 Yamaguchi sarcoma related oncogene homolog	tggcatacat [c/t] gagcggaaga	Ŋ	υ	H	1
G1550u3	WIAF-12080	M16038	1059	LYN, v-yes-1 Yami	v-yes-1 Yamaguchi sarcoma related oncogene homolog	AAAGGCTTGG [C/T] GCTGGGCAGT	S	ນ	F	<u> </u>

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G1550u4	WIAF-12081	M16038	966	LYN, v-yes-l Yamaguchi sarcoma 996 viral related oncogene homolog	AGCCACAGAA [G/A] CCATGGGATA	Ŋ	G	∢	×	¥
G1552u1	WIAF-12030	HT4578	2355	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 2355 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	CCTGCTATTT [A/T] AAAGACTTCT	Z	A	T	K	•
G1552u2	WIAF-12031	HT4578	2231	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 2231 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	acaagttga [c/t] ttagaagaga	S	c	Ŧ	D	D
G1552u3	WIAF-12040	HT4578	617	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 617 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	TCATGAGCTT [T/C] GGTATCCTTA	S	T	υ	ė,	(b.
G1552u4	WIAF-12063	HT4578	1723	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation	TCATGTAACA [A/G] AAAATCAAAT	Σ	A	υ	×	œ
01552u5	WIAF-12064	HT4578	1732	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 1732 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	aaaaaatcaa (a/g) tgtaatagat	Σ	4	U	z	S
G1552u6	WIAF-12065	HT4578	1660	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation	TTACCATGTA [A/G] AGTAAGTAAT	Σ	æ	U	×	æ
G1552u7	WIAP-12066	HT4578	1975	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation	gaacgataca [a/g] tagtcaaatg	Σ	· 4	o	z	. 8
G1552u8	WIAF-12067	HT4578	1881	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation	TTTAGAGGAT [G/T] CAACACTACA	Σ	ອ	Ŧ.	Ą	Ø
G1552u9	WIAF-12068	HT4578	2454	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 2454 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	TTTAGACGTT [T/A] TATATAAAT	Σ	4	4	Į.	I
G1552u10	WIAF-12069	HT4578	2457	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 2457 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	agacgtttta [t/c] ataaaatgac	Σ	H	U	۸	×
G1552ull	WIAF-12082	HT4578	2557	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 2557 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	ATACCAGGAG (T/C) TTCAATTACT	Σ	H	U	>	A
G1552u12	WIAF-12083	HT4578	176	PMS1, postmeiotic segregation 971 increased (S. cerevisiae) 1	TTTTCTTTCT [G/T] AAAATCGATG	ဟ	ပ	£4	ı	ı

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G1554u1	WIAF-12028	HT4161	1500	ELK3, ELK3, ETS-domain protein (SRF accessory protein 2) NOTE:	CTCAGAAATC [C/T] TGATGACGTC	တ	υ	ŧ	თ	ဖ
G1554u2	WIAF-12059	HT4161	1380	ELK3, ELK3, ETS-domain protein (SRF accessory protein 2) NOTE:	CTGCCAGGCT [G/A] CAAGGGCCAA	S.	g	æ	- <u>- 1</u>	
G1554u3	WIAF-12060	HT4161	1436	ELK3, ELK3, ETS-domain protein (SRF accessory protein 2) NOTE:	CACATGCCAG (T/C) GCCAATCCCC	Σ	F	υ	>	ď
G1562u1	WIAF-12024	HT28220	804	804 PDCD1, programmed cell death 1	aggecreage (T/C) gaeggeeere	83	£.	υ	4	4
G1562u2	WIAF-13488	HT28220	644	644 PDCD1, programmed cell death 1	GACCCCTCAG [C/T] CGTGCCTGTG	Σ	c	Т	A A	>
G1563u1	WIAF-13493	HT1187	1748	EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor (avian erythroblastic leukemia viral (v-erb-b) oncogene 1748 homolog)	ccggagccca [g/A] ggactgcgtc	Σ	Ö	æ	. «	×
G1563u2	WIAE-13497	HT1187	2073	EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor (avian erythroblastic leukemia viral (v-erb-b) oncogene 2073 homolog)	ACGGATGCAC [T/A] GGGCCAGGTC	W	H	æ		H
G1566u1	WIAF-12016	HT27594	235	235 PDCD2, programmed cell death 2	aceccecrac [c/a] reaccecce	Σ	υ	U	a.	~
G1566u2	WIAF-12033	HT27594	904	904 PDCD2, programmed cell death 2	TTGGAATTCC [A/G] GGTCATGCCT	Σ	æ	b	- <u>"</u>	~
G1566u3	WIAF-12041	HT27594	331	331 PDCD2, programmed cell death 2	AATCAAÇTAC [C/T] CAGGAAAAAC	Σ	υ	Ę-	<u></u>	ri.
G1566u4	WIAF-12071	HT27594	649	649 PDCD2, programmed cell death 2	CCTGAGGTTG [T/C] GGAAAAGGAA	Σ	£-	U		A
G1566u5	WIAF-12072	HT27594	633	633 PDCD2, programmed cell death 2	AGAAGATGAG [A/T] TTATGCCTGA	Σ	A	Ę+	H	C.
G1567u1	WIAF-12042	M95936	293	AKT2, v-akt murine thymoma viral	GAGAGGCGC [G/A] ACCCAACACC	Σ	b	A	α	a

G1572u1	WIAF-12212	HT3998 .	1894	proto-oncogene c-abl, tyrosine 1894 protein kinase, alt. transcript 2	TGTTCCAGGA [A/G] TCCAGTATCT	S	A	9	. ш	Т
G1572u2	WIAF-12233	HT3998	3694	proto-oncogene c-abl, tyrosine 3694 protein kinase, alt. transcript 2	AGCTTCAGAT [C/T] TGCCCGGCGA	w	U	Ę÷	н	
G1572u3	WIAF-12234	HT3998	3721	proto-oncogene c-abl, tyrosine 3721 protein kinase, alt. transcript 2	GCAGTGGTCC [G/A] GCGGCCACTC		U	4	<u>a</u>	
G1573u1	WIAF-12021	HT0642	343	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 343 retroviral transforming sequence	TCATGGACAA (G/C) GTGGTGCGGT	Σ	O	U	z ×	
G1573u2	WIAF-12022	HT0642	363	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 363 retroviral transforming sequence	TTGTGTGAGA [A/T] CCCAAAGCTG	Σ	A	£-	z	
G1573u3	WIAF-12034	HT0642	2364	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic	AATATTCAGT [C/T] CCAGGCGCCA	Σ	U	E	ν E	
G1573u4	WIAF-12049	HT0642	387	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 387 retroviral transforming sequence	CTAAAGAATA [G/A] CCCACCTTAT	Σ	U	A	z v	
G1573us	WIAF-12050	HT0642	947	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 947 retroviral transforming sequence	AACTCATCCT [G/A] GCTACATGGC	Σ	U	4	<u>თ</u>	•
G1573u6	WIAF-12070	HT0642	2740	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic	TCGAGAACCT [C/T] ATGAGTCAGG	တ	ပ	H	7	_
G1573u7	WIAF-12073	HT0642	661	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 661 retroviral transforming sequence	TCTTTCCAAG [T/C] GGACTCTTTC	တ	E-	U	σ,	S
G1573u8	WIAF-12074	HT0642	2569	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic	CTCTGGATGG [T/C] GATCCTACAA	S	1	U	U	9
G1573u9	WIAF-13486	HT0642	2006	CBL, Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic 2006 retroviral transforming sequence	CCGGCACTCA [C/T] TTCCATTTTC	Σ	U	E	ı	Ct.

G1574u1	WIAF-12037	HT1508	2493	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theiten) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v- 2493 fps) oncogene homolog	AGCGGCCCAG [C/T] TTCAGCACCA	S)	υ	- E	S	S
G1574u2	WIAF-12051	HT1508	189	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v-	cccagcggt [c/t] aagagtgaca	Ø	٥	T	^ /	
G1574u3	WIAF-12052	HT1508	FES, Thei avia 1441 [ps]	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v- fps) oncogene homolog	GAAGCCCTG [C/T] ATGAGCAGCT	Σ	Ú		. ж	>-
0157444	WIAF-12053	HT1508	2202	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v-	Gagaggagg [C/T] gatggggtct	v <sub>1</sub>	υ	F.	- R	ď
G1574u5	WIAF-12054	HT1508	2088	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v- 2088 fps) oncogene homolog	CTGCTGGCAT [G/T] GAGTACCTGG	E	g	F-	Σ.	н
G1574u6	WIAF-12078	HT1508	1577	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v- 1577/fps) oncogene homolog	GATGGTCTGC [C/T] CCGGCACTTC	Œ	ບ	T.	<u> </u>	1
G1574u7	WIAF-13495	HT1508	579	FES, feline sarcoma (Snyder- Theilen) viral (v-fes)/Fujinami avian sarcoma (PRCII) viral (v- 579 fps) oncogene homolog	GTGACAAGGC [T/C] AAGGACAAGT	ν,	F	v U	4	
G1575u1	WIAF-12079	HT1052	963	FGR, Gardner-Rasheed feline sarcoma viral (v-fgr) oncogene 963 homolog	TGGGCACCGG [C/T] TGCTTCGGGG	S	U	E-	ဖ	ٯ

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	CAGAAGCTAC [G/A] GGGCAGCAGA	TGGATCAACA [G/A] AATCCCGATG	אטטא אטאנה אט (יי) דון דונטא אסריא א	GGCCAATCCA (A/G) TITIONGGTAC	GTCCAGGCTT [C/T] TAATGTAGAT	GCATCACAAT [C/T] TGCAGAAATC	AAATTCTCAG [G/C] AGCTATTATC	AACCAATGCA [G/T] CGACACCTTT	GACACTGAAG [G/A] AGCTGTCAGT	TTCTCTTCAG [C/T] AGAATGATGA	ACTGTGAAGG [T/A] TCTGCTCTGT	AAAATCAGAG [C/T] AACTTAAAAA	AGTACTGGGG [C/T] TCCTCAGTCT	GCCAGTCTCT [C/G] TGCCTCAATA	ATTCTGGGAC (T/G) CCCAAAGACC	GGAGTGACCC (A/G) GTGGAGCAAG	TCCAGAACCA [T/C] TTTGTGGACG	GCATACCTCA [G/C] TGGCTACTAA	CCATCTTGGT [C/T] GTGAAGATCC	AGAGCCAGGT (A/G) TCGGAGCAGC	GTCGCCGGGG [C/A] CCAGCAAATA
	FGK, Gardner-Rasheed feline sarcoma viral (v-fgr) oncogene 232 homolog	CRK, v-crk avian sarcoma virus 996 CT10 oncogene homolog	CRK, v-crk avian sarcoma virus	1473 proto-oncogene dbl	2549 proto-oncogene dbl	2828 proto-oncogene dbl	982 proto-oncogene dbl	2343 proto-oncogene dbl	683 proto-oncogene db1	2686 proto-oncogene db1	2136 proto-oncogene dbl	1566 proto-oncogene dbl	RAD23B, RAD23 (S. cerevisiae) 1059 homolog B	ETS2, v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26	ET82, v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 1107 oncogene homolog 2	ETS2, v-ets avian erythroblastosis virus E26 1314 oncogene homolog 2	HRAS, v-Ha-ras Harvey rat sarcoma	proto-oncogene 1-myc, alt.	900 MAS1, MAS1 oncogene	erevisiae)	ncogene pim-1
	HT1052	HT1675	HT1675	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590	HT0590 .	HT4209	HT2455	HT2455	HT2455	HT2333	HT33778	HT0410	HT4247	HT1903
	WIAF-13487	WIAF-12017	WIAF-12036	WIAF-12023	WIAF-12025	WIAF-12026	WIAF-12038	WIAF-12039	WIAF-12048	WIAF-12055	WIAF-13485	WIAF-13496	WIAF-11616	WIAF-13897	WIAF-13913	WIAF-13914	WIAF-13924	WIAP-12262	WIAF-12243	WIAF-11630	WIAF-14180
	G1575u2	G1585u1	G1585u2	G1587u1	G1587u2	G1587u3						G1587u9	G159u1	G1590u1	G1590u2	G1590u3	G1591u1	G1595u1	G1597u1	G160u1	G1602u1

G1604u1	WIAF-12319	HT2788	1182	REL, v-rel avian reticuloendotheliosis viral 1182 oncogene homolog	CCTCCCAAAG [T/C] GCTGGGATTA	S	F	υ	ς,	σ,
G1609u1	WIAF-12358	HT33646	348	RIPK1, receptor (TNFRSF)- interacting serine-threonine 348 kinase 1	GACGCAGGGT [C/T] TCCCATGACC	ဟ	U	F	>	
616101	WIAF-11654	HT4251	1522	DNA repair and recombination 1522 homolog RAD52	TATGATCCAT [C/T] TTAACTGAGG	Σ	Ú	E+	G.	
G1610a1	WIAF-12101	HT27727	501	501 replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	TGCAACTCCT [G/A] CTATTAAGAC	Σ	U	4	4	
G1610a2	WIAF-12102	HT27727	554	replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	TACCGTGTAA [C/T] GTGAACCAGC	S	c	T.	Z	
G1610u3	WIAR-12307	HT27727	450	50 replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	TTCTGCTGCT [G/A] ATGGAGCGAG	Σ	9	4	Z	
G1610u4	WIAF-12320	HT27727	1037	1037 replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	TGATTCATGA [G/C] TGTCCTCATC	Σ	ď	င	B	Q
G1610u5	WIAF-12321	HT27727	857	857 replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	TAGAGGACAT [G/A] AACGAGTTCA	Σ	G	A	H	
G1610u6	WIAF-12343	HT27727	539	539 replication protein Rpa4, 30 kDa	GAATTCAGGA [C/T] GTTGTACCGT	S	د	1	Ω	
G1630u1	WIAE-12302	HT3563	4312	DCC, deleted in colorectal	ACTCATGAAG [C/T] AGCTTAATGC	2	ű	F	•	
G1632u1	WIAF-13572	HT27355	742	tumor suppressor, PDGF receptor 742 beta-like	TTTATGACAT [G/C] AAGCGGGGT	Σ	U	U	Ε	<u> </u>
G1632u2	WIAF-13584	HT27355	1102	tumor suppressor, PDGF receptor	TGGAAGACTT [C/T] GAGACGATTG	ß	U	F-	[E <sub>2</sub>	
G1632u3	WIAF-13601	HT27355	258	tumor suppressor, PDGF receptor 258 beta-like	AAGACGCAGT [C/T] TATCATGATG	Σ	U	£-	ν ω	
G1633u1	WIAF-13957	HT1778	1263	FER, fer (fps/fes related) tyrosine kinase (phosphoprotein 1263 NCP94)	TTCAGGCAAA (T/C) GAGATCATGT	S	F	<u>z</u>	z	
G1633u2	WIAF-13958	HT1778	2407	FER, fer (fps/fes related) tyrosine kinase (phosphoprotein	tatgttgtt [c/t] tcgagagtaa	Σ	U	F F	14 14	l .
G1634u1	WIAF-13505	HT3216	1569	ELK1, ELK1, member of ETS 1569 oncogene family	TCTCGACCCC [C/T] GTCGTGCTCT	s	Ű	F	4	<u>a</u>
G1634u2	WIAF-13858	HT3216	456	ELK1, ELK1, member of ETS 456 oncogene family	GGCTGTGGGG [A/G] CTACGCAAGA	တ	4	U	<u>ი</u>	

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G1634u3	WIAF-13859	HT3216	745	ELK1, ELK1, member of ETS 745 oncogene family	AGGCCCAGGC [G/A] GTTTGGCACG	Σ	ø	4	. છ	s)
G1638u1	WIAF-14172	HT1224	86	98 uracil-DNA glycosylase	GCTGGGACCT [G/C] TTCCACAAAT		ပ	v		
G1643u1	WIAF-13517	HT3751	629	DXS648E, DNA segment on chromosome X (unique) 648 629 expressed sequence	TACATCCCCA [G/A] TOGTGGCCCT	Σ	၅	4	8	z
G1645u1	WIAF-14087	D21089	363	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum, 363 complementation group C	aaaacctcaa [g/a] gttataaagg	σ	ပ	A	×	×
G1645u2	WIAF-14088	D21089	2166	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	TGCATTCCAG [G/A] GACACGTGGC	w	g	A	æ	×
G1645u3	WIAF-14089	D21089	1580	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	GGGAGCCATC [G/A] TAAGGACCCA	Σ	ပ	æ	ĸ	r
G1645u4	WIAF-14090	021089	1601	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group C	AGCTTGCCAG [T/C] GGCATCCTCA	Σ	£4	υ	>	æ
G1645u5	WIAF-14091	D21089	2920	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	CCCATTTGAG [A/C] AGCTGTGAGC	Σ	Æ	Ú	×	0
G1645u6	WIAF-14103	D21089	405	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	ATGACCTCAG [G/A] GACTTTCCAA	S	9	Ą	œ	æ
G1645u7	WIAF-14104	D21089	151	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	GGGACGCGAA [C/G] TGCGCAGCCA	Σ	ວ	9	ı	^
G1645uB	WIAF-14105	D21089	2133	XPC, xeroderma pigmentosum,	AAGCGGTCTA [C/T] TCCAGGGATT	cs.	٥	Ŧ	Ā	*
, G167u1	WIAF-11632	HT4579	83	PMS218, postmeiotic segregation increased 2-like 8	CCTATTGATC [G/A] GAAGTCAGTC	Σ	g	4	. 2	α
G167u2	WIAF-11633	HT4579	219	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation increased 2-like 8	gagtggatct [T/C] attgaagttt	တ	Ę	υ	11	'n
G167u3	WIAF-11644	HT4579	768	PMSZLB, postmeiotic segregation 768 increased 2-like 8	TGCCCCCTAG [T/C] GACTCCGTGT	တ	F	υ	ဟ	S

G167u4	WIAF-11622	HT4579	1645	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation 1645 increased 2-like 8	GAAAGCGCCT [G/A] AAACTGACGA	Σ	ಶ	A	89	X
G167uS	WIAF-11645	HT4579	1512	PMS2LB, postmeiotic segregation	ACTCGGGGCA [C/T] GGCAGCACTT	S)	v	£.	ж	н
G167u6	WIAF-11646	HT4579	1619	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation 1619 increased 2-like 8	TCGCAGGAAC [A/G] TGTGGACTCT	Σ	æ	9	н	æ
G167u7	WIAF-11647	HT4579	1432	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation 1432 increased 2-like 8	CGTCCTGAGA [C/T] CTCAGAAAGA	Σ	υ	T	Ċ,	S
G167u8	WIAF-11625	HT4579	2490	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation 2490 increased 2-like 8	GGACTGCTCT [T/C] AACACAAGCG	S	T	٥		ı
G167u9	WIAF-11619	HT4579	804	PMS2L8, postmelotic segregation 804 increased 2-like 8	TGAGCTGTTC [G/C] GATGCTCTGC	S	G	၁	S	S
G167u10	WIAF-11623	HT4579	1555	PMS2L8, postmelotic segregation 1555 increased 2-like 8	CATCCCAGAC (A/G) CGGGCAGTCA	M	Ā	9	Ŧ	ď
G167u11	WIAF-11624	HT4579	2364	PMS2LB, postmeiotic segregation 2364 increased 2-like 8	CCTTCGGACC [C/T] CAGGACGTCG	S	ິວ	1	O.	۵۰
G167u12	WIAF-11626	HT4579	2348	PMS2L8, postmeiotic segregation 2348 increased 2-like 8	actagtaaaa (a/g) ctggaccttc	Σ	4	U	z	s
G181u1	WIAF-11697	HT48793	311	ERCC4, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group	ATATTTGGGA [C/T] AAGTAGGATA	Σ	υ	F	Ę+	н
G181u2	WIAF-11698	HT48793	295 4 A	ERCC4, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group	cacacaaggt [g/c] gtgttatatt	X	ڻ	υ	9	æ
G181u3	WIAF-11699	HT48793	234 4	ERCC4, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group	TTGAACACCT [C/T] CCTCGCCGTG	ß	υ	H	ر د	i,

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				BRCC4, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group						
G181u4	WIAF-11704	HT48793	808 4	4	TTTGTGGCAC [C/T] AGCTTGGAGC	z	c	F	٥	
				ERCC4, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group						
G181uS	WIAF-11705	HT48793	640 4	4	TTCTATGACA [C/T] CTACCATGCT	X	υ	<u>.</u>	S	
				ERCC4, excision repair cross-						
				complementing rodent repair						
G181u6	WIAP-11670	HT48793	1117 4	4	AGAAAGCAAC [C/T] CAAAGTGGGA	Σ	υ	<u> </u>	<del>م</del>	
G185ul	WIAF-11668	HT5122	319	ACVR2B, activin A receptor, type 319 IIB	TCTGCAACGA [G/A] CGCTTCACTC	S	U	<u>a</u>	<u> </u>	
G185u2	WIAF-11707	HT5122	70	ACVR2B, activin A receptor, type 70 IIB	AGACACGGGA [G/C] TGCATCTACT	X	o	U	<u> </u>	
G185u3	WIAF-11672	HT5122	812	ACVR2B, activin A receptor, type 812 IIB	CCTCACGGAT [T/C] ACCTCAAGGG	Σ	4			
G185u4	WIAF-13542	X77533	ACV 1109 IIB	ACVR2B, activin A receptor, type IIB	GGCTCCTGAG [G/A] TGCTCGAGGG	Σ	U	>	Σ	
G185u5	WIAF-13558	X77533	766	ACVR2B, activin A receptor, type 997 IIB	TGCTGAAGAG [C/T] GACCTCACAG	. თ	U	. υ	50	
G187u1	WIAF-11669	HT97400	. 183	183 androgen	CCAGAGACAG [C/T] GCGACCCGGA	Σ	Π	T	2	Γ
G191n1	WIAF-10176	AF025375	414	CXCR4, chemokine (C-X-C motif), 414 receptor 4 (fusin)	ACCTGGCCAT [C/T] GTCCACGCCA	S	U	H		
G193n1	WIAF-10178	D29984	231	CCR2, chemokine (C-C motif) 231 receptor 2	AGTGCTTGAC [T/A] GACATTTACC	တ	Ę+	4	<u>+</u>	
G193u2	WIAR-10179	D29984	190	CCR2, chemokine (C-C motif) 190 receptor 2	CATGCTGGTC [G/A] TCCTCATCTT	Σ	U	A >	H	
G194u1	WIAF-10211	D43767	121	SCYA17, small inducible cytokine subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 17	ACATCCACGC [A/C] GCTCGAGGGA	S	A	<b>4</b> U	<b>A</b>	
G197u1	WIAF-10167	D50403	1515	NRAMP1, natural resistance- associated macrophage protein 1 1515 (might include Leishmaniasis)	GGTGCTAGTC [T/C] GCGCCATCAA	Σ	Ŧ		α.	

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	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	<u> </u>	σ	<u>s</u>	S	v	. <u>%</u>	S
	CACCTACCTG [G/C] TCTGGACCTG	CGGTACACAG (T/C) GACAATTGAG	GAGCACGGGT [C/T] CCTGTTTGAT		TATATTGGGA [G/C] ATTGCTCGAA	GAGATGTC [T/C] CTCCAAAGAC	AGCTGTACTT [C/T] CAACAGTTAT	GGGGAAACCA [A/G] TGAAAAGCGT	TCACCTGCTG [T/C] TATAACTTCA	TGAAAGAAGT [G/A] GCAACGCTGT	GCATCTCTGC [C/T] GAAGCCAAGG	TGACCAGCCT [C/T] CGCCGCTCGG	CAGAGTGCAA [G/A] CGCAGCCACA	ATAACAACCC [C/T] ATCTGGTCAG	TGAAGCTCTT (C/T) TTTGGTGGCC
	NRAMP1, natural resistance- associated macrophage protein 1 1629 (might include Leishmaniasis)	ACVR1B, activin A receptor, type 896 IB	ACVRIB, activin A receptor, type 866 IB	ACVR1B, activin A receptor, type	ACVR1B, activin A receptor, type 1236 IB	ACVR1B, activin A receptor, type 518 IB	Human CTLA4 counter-receptor (B7-866 2) mRNA, complete cds.	CCR7, chemokine (C-C motif) 85 receptor 7	SCYA2, small inducible cytokine A2 (monocyte chemotactic protein 1741, homologous to mouse Sig-je)	CD80, CD80 antigen (CD28 antigen 452 ligand 1, B7-1 antigen)	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 822 protein)	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 159 protein)	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 96 protein)	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 1377 protein)	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 1326 protein)
	D50403	014722	014722	014722	U14722	U14722	125259	131581	M24545	M27533	M28393	M28393	M28393	M28393	M28393
	WIAF-10173	WIAF-10249	WIAF-10250	WIAF-10251	WIAF-10252	WIAF-10261	WIAF-10516	WIAF-10204	WIAF-10213	WIAF-10191	WIAF-11659	WIAF-11723	WIAP-11724	WIAF-11725	WIAF-11726
<u>-,</u> .	G197u2	G20n1	G20n2	G20u3	G20u4	. Sn025	G207al	G208u1	G211u1	G214u1	G215u1	G215u2	G215u3	G215u4	G215u5

G215u6	WIAF-11727	M28393	1076	PRF1, perforin 1 (preforming 1076 protein)	CGGCGGAGG [C/T] ACTGAGGAGG	Σ.	ں	F	4	>
G217u1	WIAF-11691	M31932	649	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of IgG, low 649 affinity IIb, receptor for (CD32)	GCAGCTCTTC [A/G] CCAATGGGGA	σ	4	U	S	s
G217u2	WIAF-11692	M31932	625	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of 1gG, low 625 affinity 11b, receptor for (CD32)	TCACTGTCCA [A/G] GTGCCCAGCA	S	Ą	ŋ	o	٥
G217u3	WIAP-11712	M31932	332	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of IgG, low 332 affinity IIb, receptor for (CD32)	GACTGGCCAG [A/C] CCAGCCTCAG	Σ	¥	υ	H	C <sub>4</sub>
G217u4	WIAF-11713	M31932	101	PCGR2B, Fc fragment of IgG, low 101 affinity IIb, receptor for (CD32)	GGCTTCTGCA [G/T] ACAGTCAAGC	Σ	U	Ę	۵	*
G218u1	WIAF-10184	M36712	677	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta polypeptide 1 (p37)	TTTTACAAAT [A/G] AGCAGAGAAT	z	a			
G218u2	WIAF-10188	M36712	326	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 326 polypeptide 1 (p37)	GCTGTGTTTC [G/C] GGATGCAAGC	Σ	<sub>D</sub>	υ	~	0,
G218u3	WIAF-10189	M36712	196	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta	CAGTAACATG [C/T] GCATCTACTG	Σ	υ	F	~	ű
G218u4	WIAF-10190	M36712	225	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta polypeptide 1 (p37)	AGCGCCAGGC [A/C] CCGAGCAGTG	Ŋ	æ	υ	A	4
G218u5	WIAF-10194	M36712	583	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 583 polypeptide 1 (p37)	GGTGGCTGGC [G/A] TCCTGGTTCT	Σ		4	>	H
G218u6	WIAF-10208	M36712	372	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 372 polypeptide 1 (p37)	TGAAGCCGGA [A/G] GACAGTGGCA	S	4	U	ш	
G218u7	WIAF-10209	M36712	400	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta	CTGCATGATC [G/T] TCGGGAGCCC	Σ	U	F	>	Cs.
G218u8	WIAR-10210	M36712	270	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 270 polypeptide 1 (p37)	TCTGGGATTC (C/T) GCAAAAGGGA	S	υ	Ę-	S	s
G218a9	WIAF-10518	M36712	618	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 618 polypeptide 1 (p37)	GAGTGGCCAT (C/G) CACCTGTGCT	Σ	U	· ·	<u> </u>	Σ
G218a10	WIAF-13223	M36712	556	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 556 polypeptide 1 (p37)	TIGIAGCCCC (A/G) TCACCCTTGG	Σ	4		1	>
G218al1	WIAF-13224	M36712	836	CD8B1, CD8 antigen, beta 836 polypeptide 1 (p31)	CTGTGTGTGA [T/C] GTGCATGGGA	٠	£-	υ	<u> </u>	
G22u1	WIAF-10301	U86136	6719	Human telomerase-associated 6719 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	GGTGGTAACC [G/A] TCGGGCTAGA	Σ	Ö	Ą	v	

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G22u2	WIAF-10302	U86136	7537	Human telomerase-associated	CTGATGGGAT [C/G] CTATGGAACC	Σ	U	ڻ	H	Σ
G22u3	WIAF-10311	U86136	1798	Human telomerase-associated 1798 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	Atgatgccat [t/c] gatgccctcg	Ŋ	F	U	н	
G22u4	WIAF-10312	086136	2397	Human telomerase-associated 2397 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	CTGTCTCTGG [C/T] TGGCCAAAGG	Σ	U	£-	4	>
G22u5	WIAF-10313	U86136	3289	Human telomerase-associated 3289 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	AGAAAGGGAT (A/C) ACCTGCGGA	Ŋ	4	U	н	ı
G22u6	WIAF-10314	U86136	3242	Human telomerase-associated 3242 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	AGAGGCCGCA [T/C] GTCGGATCTC	Σ	٤٠	U	U	œ
G22u7	WIAF-10315		4482	Human telomerase-associated	CCGTTTGCCT [G/A] CCTCGTCCAG	Σ	U	A	U	<b>&gt;</b>
G22u8	WIAF-10316	086136	4363	Human telomerase-associated	GTTTGACTGT [G/A] GACCAGCTGC	Ø	ø	Æ	>	>
6220	WIAF-10317	U86136	4230	Human telomerase-associated 4230 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	GTGTCTGAGA [G/A] ACTCCGGACC	Σ	9	A	œ	×
G22u10	WIAF-10318	U86136	4419	ase-associated mRNA, complete	GGGACTAAGA [G/C] CTGGGAAGAA	Σ	9	c	S	H
G22u11	WIAF-10319	086136	5269	Human telomerase-associated protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	TCTCCGATGA [T/C] ACACTCTTTC	Ŋ	Ę	υ	۵	Q
G22u12	WIAF-10320	U86136	5015	1 (2	GCTGCTCTCC [C/T] GGAGATGGCA	Σ	U	. t	α	3
G22u13	WIAF-10321	U86136	5133	Human telomerase-associated	GTGGCCTTCT [C/T] CACCAATGGG	Σ	U	£4	s	(tu
G22u14	WIAF-10322	086136	7764	Human telomerase-associated 7764 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	ACAGCCCTCC [A/G] TGTGCTACCT	Σ	æ	g	×	œ

G22u15	WIAF-10323	U86136	7884	Human telomerase-associated 7884 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	TGCCTGGAAC [C/T] TTGGCTGGGC	Σ.	U	F	d	ŗ
G22u16	WIAF-10324	U86136	7744	Human telomerase-associated 7744 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	AGATTCACTC [G/A] GGCTCTGTCA	S	U	4	S	တ
G22u17	WIAF-10337	<b>U86136</b>	1018	Human telomerase-associated	CCATTGCTGC (1/C) TTCTTGCCGG	S	£.	U	A	A
G22u18	WIAF-10338	U86136	1000	Human telomerase-associated	TGGCCAATAA [C/A] ATCTTGGCCA	Σ	υ	Æ	z	×
G22u19	WIAF-10339	U86136	1182	Human telomerase-associated	ATGACGGACA [A/G] ATTTGCCCAG	Σ	. 4	U	×	œ
G22n20	WIAF-10340	U86136	1939	Human telomerase-associated	AGCAGCTTCG [T/G] ATGGCAATGA	S	£.	ט	œ	œ
G22u21	WIAF-10341	086136	2227	Human telomerase-associated	TCACGAGGGC [G/A] GAGCAGGTGG	σ.	ъ	4	æ	æ
G22u22	WIAF-10342	U86136	2776	Human telomerase-associated	GGCGCAGCAT [C/T] CGGCTTTTCA	တ	Ų	E	н	н
G22u23	WIAF-10343	U86136	2877	Human telomerase-associated 2877 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	GCCCTCACC [G/A] TATCAGCCTT	Σ	U	4	~	×
G22u24	WIAF-10344	U86136	3087	Human telomerase-associated . 3087 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	TCAGGCGCT [C/T] TGTGACAGAG	Σ	υ	E	S	(L
G22u25	WIAF-10345	U86136	3662	Human telomerase-associated 3662 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	CAAGGTGGCA [C/T] CATTAGTCTT	Σ	υ	F	O.	ø
G22u26	WIAP-10346	086136	4762	Human telomerase-associated	TTTCGAAGTT [C/T] CTTACCAACC	s	U	۴	D <sub>4</sub>	[L4
G22u27	WIAP-10351	U86136	1737	Human telomerase-associated	CTCCAGCATG [G/C] GAAGTCGGTG	Σ	Ŋ	U	O	4

G22u28	WIAF-10352	U86136	.3543	Human telomerase-associated 3543 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	ACAGTGCAAC (A/G) GCTGATGCTG	Σ	«		<u>«</u>
G22n29	WIAF-10353	086136	4232	Human telomerase-associated	GTCTGAGAGA [C/T] TCCGGACCCT	Σ	ပ	ŧ+.	7
G22n30	WIAF-10354	U86136	4523	Human telomerase-associated 4523 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	GGAGGGCCT [C/T] TGGAGCGCCC	s	. ບ	H	<u>1</u>
G22u31	WIAF-10355	086136	5333	Human telomerase-associated 5333 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	TGGTTGTCGG [G/T] TGCTGCAGAC	Σ	o	£-	>
G22u32	WIAP-10356	U86136	6208	Human telomerase-associated 6208 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	AGCTGCTGAC [G/A] CGGCCACACA	S	U	A	T
G22u33	WIAF-10357	086136	7703	Human telomerase-associated 7703 protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	TAGTGAGCCA [A/G] CACCACATCT	E	A	Đ	F &
G22u34	WIAF-10360	UB6136	3881	Human telomerase-associated protein TP-1 mRNA, complete cds.	CATCGATGGG [G/A] CTGATAGGTT	Σ	U	ď	A.
G222u1	WIAF-11700	M57230	697	<pre>IL6ST, interleukin 6 signal transducer (gpl30, oncostatin M 697 receptor)</pre>	TGAGTGGGAT [G/C] GTGGAAGGGA	Σ	U	U	0
G222u2	WIAF-11701	M57230	708	<pre>Li6ST, interleukin 6 signal transducer (gp130, oncostatin M 708 receptor)</pre>	GTGGAAGGGA [A/G] ACACACTTGG				
G222n3	WIAF-11702	M57230	677	<pre>LL6ST, interleukin 6 signal transducer (gp130, oncostatin M receptor)</pre>	GAGGGAAGA [A/G] AATGAGGTGT	Σ	4	× ن	
G222u4	WIAF-11706	M57230	1616	IL6ST, interleukin 6 signal transducer (gpl30, oncostatin M 1616 receptor)	AAGAAATATA [T/C] ACTTGAGTGG	Σ	Ę+	L U	
G222uS	WIAF-11667 .	M57230	1444	IL6ST, interleukin 6 signal transducer (gp130, oncostatin M 1444 receptor)	TGATCGCTAT [C/G] TAGCAACCCT	Σ.		<u>1</u>	>
G222u6	WIAF-11708	M57230	981	IL6ST, interleukin 6 algnal transducer (gpl30, oncostatin M 981 receptor)	TCTTAAAATT [G/C] ACATGGACCA	υ		J O	E.

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G226u1	WIAF-11714	M85079	698	TGFBR2, tra 869 factor, beta	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) CACTGGGAGT[T/C]GCCATATCTG	S	Ę+	U	>	>
G226u2	WIAF-11715	M85079	1749	TGFBR2, tra	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) AGATTATGAG[C/T]CTCCATTTGG	Σ	U	į.	۵۰	Ø
G226u3	WIAF-11716		1601	TGFBR2, factor, b	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) TGGGAACTGC[A/G]AGATACATGG	S	<b>A</b>	U	æ	A
G226u4	WIAF-11721	M85079	1256	TGFBR2, tra	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) TACTCCAGTT[C/G]CTGACGGCTG	Σ	v	ပ	G.	ı
G226uS	WIAF-11722	M85079	1502	TGFBR2, tra	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) TCGTGAAGAA[C/T]GACCTAACCT	တ	U	£-	z	z
G226u6	WIAP-11671	M85079	888	TGFBR2, tra 888 factor, beta	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) TGTCATCATC[A/C]TCTTCTACTG	Σ	Æ	U	H	,ı,
G226u7	WIAF-11674	M85079	1425	TGFBR2, tra	transforming growth beta receptor II (70-80kD)	growth II (70-80kD) CCTCCACAGT[G/A]ATCACACTCC	Σ	9	Ą	٥	z
G227u1	WIAF-10197	M86511	685	685 CD14, CD14	CD14 antigen	ccrercreac [a/6] arccreeacr	Σ	A	G	z	۵
G227u2	WIAF-10212	M86511	497	497 CD14, CD14	CD14 antigen	GAAGCCACAG [G/A] ACTTGCACTT	Σ	ပ	4	U	E I
G2278u1	WIAF-14117	AF034611	656	CUBN, cubilin (int	rinsic factor-	AGATAAATAA (T/C) GGCGGCTGTT	S	Ţ	Ú	z	z
G2278u2	WIAF-14118	AF034611	781	CUBN, cubilin (int	rinsic factor-	GGGTGGATGT [C/T] TTCACCCAAC	Σ	Ü	E,	S	£.
G2278u3	WIAF-14119	AF034611	641	CUBN, cubilin (int	cubilin (intrinsic factor- in receptor)	CTGAGACGTA [C/T] GGACCCCAGT	S	υ	H	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>×</b>
G2278u4	WIAF-14121	AF034611	1185	CUBN, cubilin (int	cubilin (intrinsic factor-	TGGTTATGGG [C/A] CAAATGGATG	Σ	U	4	O.	۴
G2278u5	WIAF-14133	AF034611	1532	CUBN, cobalam	cubilin (intrinsic factor- in receptor)	TCTGGGTTAT [C/G] AAAACTGAAA	Σ	ပ	g		Σ
G2278u6	WIAF-14134	AF034611	2208	CUBN, cubilin (int	cubilin (intrinsic factor-	GCCTTTCACT [C/T] ACACCAGGCA	Σ	ပ	£-	×	۲
G228u1	WIAF-10199	U00672	885	IL10RA, int 586 alpha	interleukin 10 receptor,	GCAAGGTGCC [G/A] GGAAACTTCA	S	ŋ	A	G,	D.
G228u2	WIAF-10200	U00672	131	IL10RA, int 731 alpha	interleukin 10 receptor,	AGAGGAGTGC [A/G] TCTCCCTCAC	Σ	<	0	н	>

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G2280u1	WIAF-13970	AJ001515	1747	1747 RYR3, F	ryanodine receptor	ceptor 3	CAGGTATCTT [G/A] GAAGTTTTGC	ဟ	ຶ່	æ	ر.	.1
G2280u2	WIAF-13974	AJ001515	8593	8593 RYR3, r	ryanodine receptor	ceptor 3	TAGAAGCCAT [T/C] GTCAGCAGTG	S	T	c	н	ı
G2282u1	WIAF-12694	500726	.263	FECH, (protop	ferrochelatase orphyria)	981	ACATGGGAGG [C/T] CCTGAAACTC	S	C	Ţ	G	g
G2282u2	WIAF-12695	D00726	514	FECH, ferrochel	ferrochelatase orphyria)	ıße	TACTATATTG [G/A] ATTTCGGTAC	Σ	ß	A	b	R
G2285u1	WIAF-12688	D16611	673	CPO, (copro	CPO, coproporphyri (coproporphyria, ha	coproporphyrinogen oxidase porphyria, harderoporphyria)	rinogen oxidase harderoporphyria) AGAAGACGCT[G/A]TCCATTTTCA	Σ	ပ	4	۸	. н
G2285u2	WIAF-12689	D16611	783	CPO, co (copropo	proporphyri rphyria, ha	coproporphyrinogen oxidase porphyria, harderoporphyria)	CPO, coproporphyrinogen oxidase 783 (coproporphyria, harderoporphyria) ATCGTGGAGA [G/A] CGGCGGGGCA	S	. 9	A	Ø	ω
G2287u1	WIAF-12687	D28472	502	PTGER4, prosta 502 4 (subtype EP4)	prostaglan pe EP4)	prostaglandin E receptor pe EP4)	GGGCCTCACG [C/T] TCTTTGCAGT	Σ	υ	T	ı.	124
G2287u2	WIAF-12691	D28472	1309	PTGER4, pr 4 (subtype	prostaglandin pe EP4)	ıdin E receptor	TGAAAATGGC [C/T] TTGGAGGCAG	Σ	င	Ţ	L	ĵs,
G2287u3	WIAF-12707	D28472	243	PTGER4, prosta 243 4 (subtype EP4)	prostaglandin pe EP4)	ıdin E receptor	AGGAGACGAC [C/T] TTCTACACGC	9	ບ	T	Ð	[+
G2287u4	WIAF-12710	D28472	1343	PTGER4, prosta 1343 4 (subtype RP4)	prostaglandin pe EP4)	ıdin E receptor	GGTGTGCCTG [G/A] CATGGGCCTG	Σ	ບ	A	g	Q
G229u1	WIAF-10185	U16752	202	DF1,	tromal cell	stromal cell-derived factor	CATGITIGCCA [G/A] AGCCAACGIC	Σ	ပ	Æ	R	×
G2295u1	WIAF-12727	D89079	613	LTB4R, (chemoki	LTB4R, leukotriene b4 rece 613 (chemokine receptor-like 1)	leukotriene b4 receptor .ne receptor-like 1)	CTATGTCTGC [G/C] GAGTCAGCAT	Σ	9	C	g	R
G2295u2	WIAF-12728	D89079	1248	LTB4R, (chemoki	LTB4R, leukotziene b4 rece 1248 (chemokine receptor-like 1)	leukotriene b4 receptor ne receptor-like 1)	AGGCACGGG (T/C) TCCGAGGCGT	S	1	C	U	<sub>0</sub>
G2295u3	WIAF-12753	D89079	1348	LTB4R, (chemoki	LTB4R, leukotriene b4 rece 1348 (chemokine receptor-like 1)	leukotriene b4 receptor ne receptor-like 1)	CCTCACTGCC [T/G] CCAGCCCTCT	Σ	Ę+	G	S	Æ
G230u1	WIAF-10201	U31628	627	IL15RA, alpha	interleukin 15	n 15 receptor,	ACAGCCAAGA [A/C] CTGGGAACTC	Σ	æ	_ ပ	z	F
G2300u1	WIAF-12735	J02959	102	102 LTA4H,	leukotriene	leukotriene A4 hydrolase	ACCTGCACCT [G/T] CGCTGCAGCG	ေ	U	Ţ	·J	,ı
G2300n2	WIAF-12738	302959	1380	1380 LTA4H,	leukotriene	leukotriene A4 hydrolase	CCTGGCTCTA [C/T] TCTCCTGGAC	S	U	Ę-	>-	<b>&gt;</b>

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G2302u1	WIAF-12741	303037	627	627 CA2, carbonic anhydrase II	TCCTGAATCC [C/T] TGGATTACTG	S	Ü	Į.		د
G2302u2	WIAF-12742	303037	819	819 CA2, carbonic anhydrase II	GCCACTGAAG [A/G]ACAGGCAAAT	Σ	4		z	Ω
G2303u1	WIAF-12751	303571	304	ALOX5, arachidonate 5- 304 lipoxygenase	CGCTGAAGAC [G/A] CCCCACGGGG	S	ບ	A	Į.	£-
G2303u2	WIAF-12752	103571	794	ALOX5, arachidonate 5- 794 lipoxygenase	AGAGCTGCCC [G/A] AGAAGCTCCC	Σ	5	A	ω	×
G2304u1	WIAF-12772	303575	840	PDHA1, pyruvate dehydrogenase (lipoamide) alpha 1	TCCGAGAGGC (A/G) ACAAGGTTTG	တ	A	ပ	Æ	æ
G2304u2	WIAF-12779	303575	1044	PDHAl, pyruvate dehydrogenase	CCAGTGTGGA (A/C) GAACTAAAGG	Σ	A	υ	æ	۵
G2305u1	WIAF-12763	303576	456	PDHB, pyruvate dehydrogenase 456 (lipoamide) beta	TCTTCAGGGG (A/G) CCCAATGGTG	S	4	O	U	
G2305u2	WIAP-12764	303576	059	PDHB, pyruvate dehydrogenase 650 (lipoamide) beta	GTTCCTTTTG [A/C] ATTTCTCCCG	Σ.	Ą	υ	œ	Æ
G231u1	WIAF-10202	U32324	734	IL11RA, interleukin 11 receptor, 734 alpha	CCAGGGCCTG [C/T] GGGTAGAGTC	Σ	ပ	F	œ	3
G2312u1	WIAF-12762	305096	3726	ATP1A2, ATPase, Na+/K+ transporting, alpha 2 (+) 3726 polypeptide	TCAAGAACCA [C/T] ACAGAGATCG	တ	C .	F	н	×
G2313u1	WIAF-12760	J05200	6141	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 (11 (12) (13)	tgcaattcaa (a/g) gatggtacag	S	A	o	ĸ	×
G2313u2	WIAF-12767	305200	3048	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 3048 (8keletal)	CGGCGCAGAC [A/G] ACACTGGTGG	တ	æ	b	Ŧ.	F
G2313u3	WIAF-12768	305200	3084	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 3084 (skeletal)	ATGGGCACAA [C/T] GTGTGGGCCC	S	υ	E	z	z
G2313u4	WIAF-12777	305200	5667	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 5667 (skeletal)	GCATCTTTGG [C/T] GATGAGGATG	Ŋ	U	F	ပ	U
G2313u5	WIAF-12780	205200	0099	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 (skeletal).	GCTCGCTGCT [C/T] ATCGTGCAGA	S	Ü	(-	ı	.1
G2313u6	WIAF-12781	305200	1912	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 7191 (skeletal)	AGCCTGAGTG [C/T] TTCGGACCCG	S	Ü	Ę.	ບ	U
G2313u7	WIAF-12782	205200	7602	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 7602 (skeletal)	ACCACAAGGC [G/A] TCCATGGTGC	တ	ပ	A	A	æ

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G2313u8	WIAF-12784	305200	9288	<pre>RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 (skeletal)</pre>	CAGACGCCC (A/G) GCTGTGGTCA	Ø	٠ <u>«</u>	ő	۵	
G2313u9	WIAF-12786	305200	13690	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 13690 (skeletal)	TCCAAAGAAG [G/A] AGGAAGCTGG	Σ	0			
G2313u10	WIAF-12789	305200	3147	RYR1, ryanodine receptor 1 3147 (skeletal)	ACATCCCAGC [G/A] CGCCGAAACC	8	U			A
G2314u1	WIAP-12771	305272	1920	IMPDH1, IMP (inosine	TGAAGATCGC [A/G] CAGGGTGTCT	S	4		4	
G2319u1	WIAP-12814	K03191	651	CYPlAl, cytochrome P450, subfamily I (aromatic compound- inducible), polypeptide 1	CCCCTACAGG [T/C] ATGTGGTGGT	Σ	Ŧ	υ	<b>&gt;</b>	ж
G232u1	WIAP-11657	U58917	1490	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, 1490 complete cds.	TGAACATGAT (C/T) CTCCCGGACT	83	ပ	6-	1	
G232u2	WIAF-11677	U58917	1293	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, 1293 complete cds.	GCAGGCCATC [T/C] CGGAGGCAGG	Σ	Ŧ	U	S	o.
G232u3	WIAF-11658	US8917	1132	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, 1132 complete cds.	gaccraccra [c/r] agcraaccra	Σ	Ú	<u>-</u> د	<u>&gt;</u>	
G232u4	WIAF-11679	US8917	905	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, complete cds.	GCAGCTGCCT [C/T] AATGACTGCC	S	υ	F	_ 13 1	
G232u5	WIAF-11682	US8917	1794	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, complete cds.	GTTCGAATGT [G/T] AGAACCTCTA	Z	U	T- II	<u>.</u>	
G232u7	WIAF-11660	U58917	743	Homo sapiens IL-17 receptor mRNA, 743 complete cds.	TGACCAGTTT (T/C) CCGCACATGG	σ <sub>1</sub>	F	<u>a</u>	0.	
G2322u1	WIAF-12853	101406	1316	GHRHR, growth hormone releasing 1316 hormone receptor	CTGACATCTA [T/C] GTGCTAGGCT		6-			
G2328u1	WIAF-12845	L20316	1285 GCGR,	GGR, glucagon receptor	TGCGGGCACG [G/C] CAGATGCACC	S	П			
G2329u1	WIAF-12850	122214	713	713 ADORAl, adenosine Al receptor	TGCTGGCAAT (T/C) GCTGTGGACC		Ę+	U U	<u> </u>	
G2329u2	WIAF-12851	122214	716	716 ADORAl, adenosine Al receptor	TGGCAATTGC [T/G] GTGGACCGCT		Ę.	<u>ح</u> ن	4	

				ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate						
G2335a1	WIAF-12136	L32961	265	265 aminotransferase	CCTAGATCTC [A/G] GGAGTTAATG	Σ	4	g	0	×
G2335a2	WIAF-12137	L32961	407	ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate	TCTCCTCTGT [T/C] CCCATAGGTT	S	Ŧ	υ	^	^
				ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate					<u> </u>	
G2335u3	WIAF-12838	L32961	365	365 aminotransferase	TTGATGTGGA [C/T] GGCAACCGAA	S	ن	٢	۵	0
G2335u4	WIAF-12839	L32961	583	ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate 583 aminotransferase	ATCACCATGG [C/T] CTGCGGCTCC	Σ	υ	4	٧	۸
				ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate		-	L	ļ		
G2335u5	WIAF-12841	L32961	1082	1082 aminotransferase	TGGACGAGGT [C/A] CAGACCGGAG	S	ပ	٨	>	۸
G2335u6	WIAF-12852	L32961	227	ABAT, 4-aminobutyrate 227 aminotransferase	ATTATGATGG [G/A] CCTCTGATGA	S	Ö	4	9	9
		·								
				ALDH5Al, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5		<del></del>				
				family, member Al (succinate-						
G2337u1	WIAF-13577	L34820	149	149 semialdehyde dehydrogenase)	TGTTCTCGAA (A/G)GAATGCCAAG	Σ	٨	ဗ	×	R
G2342al	WIAF-12138	M12530	1602 TF,	TF, transferrin	GCCTAAACCT [G/C] TGTGAACCCA	S	ე	ວ	ŗ	ı
G2342a2	WIAF-12139	M12530	1795 TF,	TF, transferrin	TACCAGGAAA [C/T] CTGTGGAGGA	Æ	S	Т	ď	S
				ALAD, aminolevulinate, delta-,			L	L	L	
G2346u1	WIAF-12829	M13928	234	234 dehydratase	TGGCCAGGTA [T/C] GGTGTGAAGC	S	۲۰	υ	>	Y
				ALAD, aminolevulinate, delta-,	-					
G2346u2	WIAF-12830	M13928	529	529 dehydratase	TGAGGTGGCA [T/C] TGGCGTATGC	S	۴	ں	.1	.1
5346.00	C A O C L G G T W	0.00	0	ALAD, aminolevulinate, delta-,		c		E		:
200	2077 - 3074	0765	7	חבוואתו שרשפה	ופאפופאאיש (כ/ ז) פפאפראו זכר	,	ر.	4	٤	2
G2348u1	WIAF-12835	M14016	621	UROD, uroporphyrinogen 621 decarboxylase	CTCTGGTCCC (A/G) TATCTGGTAG	တ	⋖	ပ	Д	Δ,
G235u1	WIAF-11678	17120	100	100 subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 22	CAGGCCCCTA [C/T] GGCGCCAACA	ဟ	ပ	F	>	>-
G2363a1	WIAF-10519	M37435	965	CSF1, colony stimulating factor 1 (macrophage)	Cacaagga (T/6/7)		c	£	3	
				(26-14-12-14			,	1		
	30001.9419	27.52	0	CSF1, colony stimulating factor 1			. (			
0230302	C77CT_JW7H	CC#/CI	420	(macrophage)	איפאפראופאור/ זו איפפררופרפ	2	إد	_	4	1
G2363a3	WIAF-13226	M37435	712	CSF1, colony stimulating factor 1 712 (macrophage)	CAGTGACCCG [G/T] CCTCTGTCTC	Σ	g	<u> F</u>	_4	¢5

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- I	WIAF-12854	M30773	857.	PPP3R1, protein phosphatase 3 (formerly 2B), regulatory subunit B (19kD), alpha isoform (calcineurin B, type I)	TTGATTTGGA [C/T] AATTCTGGTT	Ø	υ	H	۵
3	WIAF-12855	M30773	1274	PPP3R1, protein phosphatase 3 (formerly 28), regulatory subunit B (19kD), alpha isoform 1274 (calcineurin B, type I)	ATGTGTGACT [C/T] TTATCAGAGA		ပ	F	
	WIAF-11662	U86358	311	SCYA25, small inducible cytokine 311 subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 25	CACCACAACA [T/C] GCAGACCTTC	Σ	Į.	U	<u>+</u> Σ
	WIAF-11680	U86358	134	SCYA25, small inducible cytokine 134 subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 25	GTGCTCCGGC [0/A] CGCCTGGACT	Σ	9	ď	<u>π</u>
	WIAF-11681	U86358	133	SCYA25, small inducible cytokine 133 subfamily A (Cys.Cys), member 25	TGTGCTCCGG [C/T] GCGCCTGGAC	Σ		H	<u>ں</u> د
	WIAP-11661	บลธ์358	302	SCYA25, small inducible cytokine 302 subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 25	GCAAAGCTCC (A/G) CCACAACATG	£	¥	υ	<u> </u>
	WIAF-11663	086358	378	SCYA25, small inducible cytokine 378 subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 25	agttatcatc [a/g] tccaagttta	တ	V	g	S
	WIAF-12870	M36035	200	BZRP, benzodiazapine receptor 500 (peripheral)	GCTGGCCTTC [G/A] CGACCACACT	Σ	U	A	A
-	WIAF-13025	M57414	676	979 TACR2, tachykinin receptor 2	crecreccea (1/c) gggrcacacc	Σ	T	ບ	3
	WIAF-10177	X01394	239	TNF, tumor necrosis factor (TNF 239 superfamily, member 2)	GCTCCAGGCG (G/T) TGCTTGTTCC	S	9	F	<u> </u>
	WIAP-12894	M59941	730	CSF2RB, colony stimulating factor 2 receptor, beta, low-affinity 730 (granulocyte-macrophage)	CAGAGGTTTG [C/T] TGGGACTCCC	Ŋ	U	F	U

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23.03	20 C Rd Tu	M50941	1306	CSF2RB, colony stimulating factor z receptor, beta, low-affinity (granulocyte-macrophage)	GGATCTGGAG [C/T] GAGTGGAGTG	<u>ა</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
				ing factor finity				٠.	
G2381u3	WIAF-12900	MS9941	1972	(granulocyte-macrophage)	CGATGGGACC [G/A] GGACAGGCCG	S	4	4	-
				ing factor finity	יייין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אי	Σ		>	<u>×</u>
G2381u4	WIAF-12901	M59941	1982	(granulocyte-macrophage)	GGGACAGGCC [G/A] TGGAAGTGGA	T			T
G2381u5	WIAF-12942	M59941	773	CSF2RB, colony stimulating factor 2 receptor, beta, low-affinity 773 (granulocyte-macrophage)	CCAGAACCTG [G/C] AGTGCTTCTT	Σ	U		<u>.</u> ප
				CSF2RB, colony stimulating factor			-		
G2381u6	WIAF-12946	M59941	2458	<pre>2 receptor, beta, low-affinity 2458 (granulocyte-macrophage)</pre>	CCCCACAGCC [C/A] GAGGGCCTCC	ဟ	<del>ا</del> د		۵
G2384u1	WIAF-12908	M61831	1000	AHCY, S-adenosylhomocysteine	gccgtggaga (a/c) ggtgaacatc	Σ	<u>ن</u> 4		<del>اع</del>
G2387u1	WIAF-12910	M63967	2585	2585 ALDHS, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	CTGCTGAACC [T/Q] CCTGGCAGAC	Σ	<u>0</u>		2
G2387u2	WIAF-12911	M63967	2996	2996 ALDH5, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	TATGGCCCAA [C/G]AGCAGGTGCG	Σ	U		F
G2387u3	WIAF-12954	M63967	2522	2522 ALDHS, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	GCCCGGGAAG [C/T] CTTCCGCCTG	Σ	U	F	> 4
G2387u4	WIAF-12955	M63967	2448	2448 ALDH5, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	ACCCTACCAC [C/T] GGGGAGGTCA	w	U	E	4
G2387u5	WIAF-12956	M63967	2460	2460 ALDHS, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	GGGAGGTCAT [C/T] GGGCACGTGG	S	Ü	H	H

G2387u6	WIAF-12957	M63967	2991	2991 ALDHS, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	CGGGGTATGG [C/T] CCAACAGCAG	S	ပ	F	U	U
G2387u7	WIAF-12958	M63967	3022	3022 ALDHS, aldehyde dehydrogenase S	CGCCCAGCAC (A/G) TGGATGTTGA	Σ	4	g	Σ	>
G2387u8	WIAF-12959	M63967	2943	2943 ALDH5, aldehyde dehydrogenase 5	CCCTCATCAA [G/C] GAGGCAGGCT	Σ	ც	د	×	z
G2388u1	WIAF-12888	M64590	5. 88 80	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 588 system protein P)	TGCCACAGAC [G/A]ATTTTGCGGA	ν.	g	a	£-	F
G2388u2	WIAF-12889	M64590	651	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 651 system protein P)	ACCAGCCTGA [G/A] GTGTCTCAGG	S	ຽ	ď	æ	ω
G2388u3	WIAF-12890	M64590	. 869	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	Cagaccatgg [t/c] gtgtgacatc	M	T	Ü	^	æ
G2388u4	WIAF-12891	M64590	557	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 557 system protein P)	TATATTGGCA [T/C] GGGCTATTAT	Σ	1	υ	Σ	Ę÷
G2388u5	WIAF-12938	M64590	587	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 587 system protein P)	GTGCCACAGA [C/G] GATTTTGGG	Σ	ပ		T	æ
G2388u6	WIAF-12939	M64590	518	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 518 system protein P)	CTGCATGCCA (T/C) TTCAAGCAAA	Σ	Ŧ	Ú	н	[⊷

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G2388u7	WIAF-12940	M64590	810	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage 810 system protein P)	GGAAATTTCT [C/T] GTTGATCCCC	ဖ	 F	<u>.</u>	
G2388u8	WIAP-12941	M64590	1481	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	CATTGTGGCT [G/A] CTCAGTGAAG	<u>υ</u>	<b>K</b>	<u> </u>	*
G2388u9	WIAF-12947	M64590	1841	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	aaactgaaca [g/a] ttcgtctgaa	Σ	9	A S	Z.
G2388u10	WIAF-12948	M64590	2325	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating: glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	Gacageteta [c/t] ctagacgggg	8	Ü	T	<u> </u>
G2388u11	WIAF-12949	M64590	2362	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	GGTGGGAATC [T/A] GTCGCCCTGG	Æ	T	У	<u>v</u>
G2388u12	WIAP-12950	M64590	3220	GLDC, glycine dehydrogenase (decarboxylating; glycine decarboxylase, glycine cleavage	TTAGTCCTCT [C/G] TCCCTAAGTT	-	. 0	<u>'</u>	•
G2391u1	WIAF-12998	M69238	623	ARNT, aryl hydrocarbon receptor 623 nuclear translocator	TGGTGTATGT [G/C] TCTGACTCCG	σ	Ö	> ບ	>
G2391u2	WIAF-13002	M69238	1072	ARNT, aryl hydrocarbon receptor	TGCCTAGTGG [C/T] CATTGGCAGA	Σ	·	٠ ۲	>
G2391u3	WIAP-13021	M69238	996	ARNT, aryl hydrocarbon receptor 966 nuclear translocator	ACCTCACTTC [G/A] TGGTGGTCCA	Σ	U	<u>&gt;</u>	Σ

				hyroid stimulating hormone		Σ	Ę			- =
62394n1	WIAF-13003	TACCEX	4000	TSHR, thyroid stimulating hormone	TTACCCACGA [C/G] ATGAGGCAGG	Σ	U		۵	œ
2239402	10001-3010	M74542	1027	aldehyde dehydrogenase 3	CCCCCAGTCC [C/G] CGGTGATGCA	Σ	c	G	þ	Æ
223525	WIAF-13019	M74542	1295	aldehyde dehydrogenase 3	GGCAAGAAGA [G/A] CTTCGAGACT	Σ	U	4	S	z
G2403u1	WIAF-13583	M83670	280	280 CA4, carbonic anhydrase IV	TACGATAAGA (A/T) GCAAACGTGG	Σ	Æ	Ę.	×	Y
G2409u1	WIAF-10010	HT2156	1268	1, angiotensin receptor 1	CCACTCAAAC [C/T] TTTCAACAAA	Σ	U	7	ıı	Œ
G2411m1	WIAF-13541	M97759	210	210 ADORA2B, adenosine A2b receptor	TGCGGGCAA [C/T] GTGCTGGTGT	S	၁	£	z	z
G242211	WIAF-14077	890469	375	POR, P450 (cytochrome) oxidoreductase	GCAGCCTGCC [A/G] GAGATCGACA	ß	Æ		a	۵
G2422112	WTAP-14078	890469	852	POR, P450 (cytochrome) oxidoreductase	TCCTGGCTGC (A/G) GTCACCACCA	ß	Æ	ဗ	K	4
02422113	WTAF-14082	890469	1496	POR, P450 (cytochrome) 1496 oxidoreductase	AAGGAGCCTG (T/C) CGGGGAGAAC	Σ	H	U	>	æ
G2422u4	WIAF-14099	890469	1443	POR, P450 (cytochrome)	AGACCAAGGC[C/T]GGCCGCATCA	ဖ	U	Ę	Æ	A
2242245	WIAF-14100	890469	1704	POR, P450 (cytochrome) 1704 oxidoreductase	GCCGCCGCTC [G/A] GATGAGGACT	တ	ď	A	S	S
G2427u1	WIAF-14079	007919	1369	1369 ALDH6, aldehyde dehydrogenase 6	ACTATGGACT [C/T] ACAGCAGCCG	Ø	_ ပ	€ .	.1	د
G2427u2	WIAF-14096	007919	1347	1347 ALDH6, aldehyde dehydrogenase 6	ataaaagag [c/t] gaatagcacc	Σ	U	€-	A	>
G243u1	WIAF-11684	X57522	926	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 926 binding cassette)	ATAGCCAGTG [C/G] AGTGCTGGAG	Σ	U	o	A	ဗ
G243u2	WIAF-11685	X57522	627	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 627)binding cassette)	ACCCTACCGC [C/T] TTCGTTGTCA	တ	ပ	£+	A	A
G243u3	WIAF-11686	X57522	538	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 538 binding cassette)	CCTGCCGGGA [C/G] TTGCCTTGTT	Σ	ر.	o	رر	>
9243114	WIAF-11687	X57522	198	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 798 binding cassette)	regreerccr [c/a] rccrcrcrrs	တ	ပ	U		.1
G243u5	WIAF-11689	X57522	1465	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 1465 binding cassette)	TAGTATTTCA [G/T] GTATGCTGCT	Σ	0	F		υ

G243u6	WIAF-11690	X57522	771	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 177 binding cassette)	AGAGTCCCAG [A/G] CCCGGCCGGG	S	4	U	24	× ×
G243u7	WIAF-11693	X57522	1067	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 1067 binding cassette)	AACATCATGT [C/T] TCGGGTAACA	Σ	U	£۱	S	(L <sub>1</sub>
G243u8	WIAF-11665	X57522	1207	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 1207 binding cassette)	GGTCACCCTG [A/G] TCACCCTGCC	Σ	æ	Ö	н	>
G243u9	WIAF-11664	X57522	1757	TAP1, transporter 1, ABC (ATP 1757 binding cassette)	CCAAACCGCC[C/T]AGATGTCTTA	_Σ	_ ပ	_ £-	ď	-1
G244u1	WIAF-10174	X60592	239	TNPRSF5, tumor necrosis factor	CTTGCGGTGA [A/G] AGCGAATTCC	· თ	4	o	ω	ы
G2441u1	WIAF-13682	U30246	1355	SLC12A2, solute carrier family 12 (sodium/potassium/chloride 1355 transporters), member 2	TGCTTAAGGA [A/G] CATTCCATAC	w	æ	g	ш	ω
G2441u2	WIAF-13714	U30246	2691	SLC12A2, solute carrier family 12 (sodium/potassium/chloride transporters), member 2	AGCCAAATAT [C/G] AGCGATGGCT	Σ	υ	U	0	ш
G2443u1	WIAF-14004	U37143	1456	CYP2J2, cytochrome P450, subfamily IIJ (arachidonic acid epoxygenase) polypeptide 2	CTGAAGTTTA [G/A] AATGGGTATC	Σ	U	Æ	œ	×
G2443u2	WIAF-14032	U37143	376	CYP2J2, cytochrome P450, subfamily IIJ (arachidonic acid 376 epoxygenase) polypeptide 2	TITAAGAAA (A/G) TGGATTGATT	Σ	a	O	z	S
G2443u3	WIAF-14033	U37143	1502	CYP2J2, cytochrome P450, subfamily IIJ (arachidonic acid i502 epoxygenase) polypeptide 2	TCTGCGCTGT [T/A] CCTCAGGTGT	Ŋ	F	٨.	>	>
G2444u1	WIAF-14065	U37519	171	771 ALDH3, aldehyde dehydrogenase 3	CCCGCAGGGA [A/G] TTGCGTGGTG	Σ	4	မ	z	Ø
G2444u2	WIAF-14066	U37519	1698	1698 ALDH3, aldehyde dehydrogenase 3	AAGGAGATCC [G/A] CTACCCACCC	Σ	ဗ	_ A	œ	æ
G2445u1	WIAF-14114	U38178	236	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	TGCCGGGCGC [G/A] CCTCTCGCTG	Σ		4	<u>«</u>	×

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G2445u2	WIAF-14115	U38178	849	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	GTGCCGCCGA [A/G] GAAAAAGTGC	s	. 4	ט	ω	ω
G2445u3	HIAF-14122	U38178	1655	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	GTTATCTTGC [A/T] GAGATCTCTG	Σ	æ	٠		
G2445u4	WIAF-14241	X95520	941	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	TGCAAAATAT [T/C] CAGGAGACCG	٠	£.	U	7 2	
G2445u5	WIAF-14242	X95520	1057	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	TGGAGTTGAT [C/T] TTTCAGTGCT	۷.	c	Ęı	2	
G2445u6	WIAF-14243	X95520	1583	CNP, 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'	TCTACTGGCT [C/G] TCTAACTAAT	٠	c	9	2	
G2448u1	WIAF-13973	046689	1895	ALDH10, aldehyde dehydrogenase 10	TTGTCAAGGC [A/T] GAATATTACT	S	Ą	F		æ
G2457ul	WIAF-13898	U90277	GR 1304 2A	GRIN2A, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	GGTCCCGATG [C/T] ACACCTTGCA	Σ	Ü	Ŧ	, Н	
G2457u2	WIAF-13899	U90277	GR 1934 2A	GRIN2A, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	aagaagtaat [G/T] gcaccgtctc	Ж	g	T	9	Ú
G2457u3	WIAF-13900	190277	GR 103 2230 2A	GRINZA, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	TCGCTGTCAT [A/G] TTCCTGGCTA	. <u>K</u>	Æ	U	I	_
G2457u4	WIAF-13902	U90277	GR 100 2916 2A	GRINZA, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	GGCATCTACA [G/A] CTGCATTCAT	Σ	ဗ	4	S X	
G2457u5	WIAF-13903	U90277	GR. 103 3251 2A	GRIN2A, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	CTATGTATTC [C/T] AGGGACAACA	z	υ	Ŧ	•	
G2457u6	WIAF-13917	U90277	GR 10 2756 2A	GRIN2A, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2A	GGACATTGAC [A/G] ACATGGCGGG	Σ	Ą	9	z	۵
G2468u1	WIAF-13642	X04011	101	CYBB, cytochrome b-245, beta polypeptide (chronic granulomatous 1017 disease)	AGGTGTCCAA [G/A] CTGGAGTGGC	w	U	4	<u>∠</u>	×

PCT/US00/24503

G2473u1	WIAF-13670	06690X	1417	ICAM1, intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (CD54), human 1417 rhinovirus receptor	GGTCACCCGC [G/A] AGGTGACCGT	X	0	M A		
62473u2	WIRF-13695	06690X	179	ICAM1, intercellular adhesion molecule 1 (CD54), human 179 rhinovirus receptor	gaccagcca (a/t) gttgttgggc	Σ	4	F-	Σ.	
G2480u1	WIAF-14148	X55330	800	800 AGA, aspartylglucosaminidase	TIGGCAIGGI (I/G)GIAAICCAIA	S	F	<u>&gt;</u> 0	->	
G2480u2	WIAF-14149	X55330	852	852 AGA, aspartylglucosaminidase	aaatggtata (a/t) aattcaaaat	z	4	F X		
G2480u3	WIAF-14158	X55330	616	616 AGA, aspartylglucosaminidase	TTATCTACCA (G/C) TGCTTCTCAA	Σ	U	U	S	
G2485u1	WIAF-13612	X59543	2301	ge M1	ATTGATCAAA (G/A) CCAATCTTTG	Σ	U	Æ	ν v	
G2485u2	WIAF-13613	X59543	2410	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1 2410 polypeptide	ATTTAAGGAC [G/A] AGACCAGCAG	S		A	T T	
G2485u3	WIAF-13651	X59543	548	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1 548 polypeptide	CAAGTCAACA [T/C] TGGATATTGT	S	F	U	1	
G2485u4	WIAF-13652	X59543	199	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1 199 polypeptide	TGCATGTGAT [C/T] AAGCGAGATG	S	U	F	-	
G2485u5	WIAF-13653	X59543	1037	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1	CAACACAGCT [C/A] GATATGTGGA	Ŋ	U	a	<u> </u>	$\neg$
G2485u6	WIAF-13660	X59543	1955	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1 1955 polypeptide	gaagattgca (a/c) agtatggtat	Σ		U	о ×	
G2485u7	WIAF-13877	X59543	860	RRM1, ribonucleotide reductase M1 860 polypeptide	GAGTATGAAA [G/C] ATGACAGCAT	Σ	U		Э	
G2486u1	WIAF-14075	X59618	543	RRM2, ribonucleotide reductase M2 543 polypeptide	TCAGCACTGG [G/C] AATCCCTGAA.	Σ	U	U	<u>о</u> ¤	
G2486u2	WIAF-14076	X59618	189	RRM2, ribonucleotide reductase M2 189 polypeptide	TCGCTGCGCC [T/G] CCACTATGCT	_	T	U		
G2486u3	WIAF-14092	X59618	524	RRM2, ribonucleotide reductase M2 524 polypeptide	TTGACCTCTC [C/G] AAGGACATTC	S	υ	U	တ	
G2488u1	WIAF-13585	X63563	1633	POLR2B, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 1633 directed) polypeptide B (140kD)	CCTTGATGGC [G/A] TATATTTCAG	σ	O	4	A	

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G2488u2	WIAF-13586	X63563	2452	POLRZB, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 2452 directed) polypeptide B (140kD)	CTGTAGACCG [C/T] GGCTTCTTCA	ဟ	U	F	α α	æ
G2488u3	WIAF-13587	x63563	2740	POLR2B, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 2740 directed) polypeptide B (140kD)	TCAGAACTAG [T/C] GAGACGGGCA	S	F-	U	80	ß
G2488u4	WIAF-13602	X63563	1411	POLR2B, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 1411 directed) polypeptide B (140kD)	GGGGTGATCA (A/G) AAGAAAGCTC	w	4	v	0	0
G2488u5	WIAP-13603	X63563	2386	POLR2B, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 2386 directed) polypeptide B (140kD)	CAATTGTGGC [C/T] ATTGCATCAT	S	v	E-	4	A
G2489u1	WIAF-14181	X63564	1346	POLR2A, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 1346 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	TGGTGGACAA (T/C) GAGCTGCCTG	တ	Ę+	υ	z	z
G2489u2	WIAF-14236	X63564	1847	POLR2A, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 1847 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	TGAATCTTAG [C/T] GTGACAACTC	۰,	U	Ę-		
G2489u3	WIAF-14237	X63564	2678	POLRZA, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 2678 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	CTGAATACAA [C/T] AACTTCAAGT	٠,	U	ب	٠.	ر.
G2489u4	WIAF-14238	X63564	3059	POLR2A, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 3059 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	AGCTGCGCTA [C/T] GGCGAAGACG	۲.	Ú	F	~	۲-
22489115	WIAP-14239	X63564	3827	POLR2A, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 3827 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	TGGGCCAGTC [C/T] GCTCGAGATG	2	υ	F	~	~
G2489u6	WIAP-14240	X63564	3992		TGCCTGACTT [T/C] GATGTGGCCC	2	Ę-	U	~	
2248911.7	WTAF-14245	X63564	3938	POLRZA, polymerase (RNA) II (DNA 3938 directed) polypeptide A (220kD)	CCCAGAGCAC [G/A] GTGGTGGCAG	٥	ც	Æ	۲-	٠.
G250u1	WIAF-11696	HT0155	1113	ILI3RA, interleukin 3 receptor, alpha (low affinity)	CTGTGTCTTC [G/C] TGATCTGCAG	Σ	ŋ	υ	>	r.
G251u1	WIAF-11666	HT0240	179	179 interleukin 1 beta convertase	TGGATAAGAC[C/T]CGAGCTTTGA	S	ບ	T.	Ę	Ę÷
ا										

2251112	WTAF-11694	HT0240	973	973 interleukin 1 beta convertase	GATECTATTA (A/G) GAAAGCCCAC	Σ	æ	9	K	œ
G251u3	WIAF-11695	HT0240	783	783 interleukin 1 beta convertase	CCCAGATATA [C/T] TACAACTCAA	ß	ပ	Ę.	ı	ı,
22513111	W12F-13736	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	1721	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	aactatctat [g/a] aaaagccaaa	Σ	ტ	<b>A</b>	Σ	н
G2513u2	WIAF-13737	HT27365	1741	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	AACTATTGGG [A/T] AATGTGTTCA	Σ	4	1	Ø	>
G2513u3	WIAF-13738	HT27365	1697	FLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	aatctgttca (a/g) tacaggatt	S	4	Đ	ď	σ
G2513n4	WIAF-13739	H727365	1908	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	CTGTCAGATT [G/A] TAGCAATGAA	Σ		A	>	н
9251305	WIAF-13740	HT27365	2172	FLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	TATAGAGATA [C/T] ACGGAATTCC	Σ	Ü	Į.	н	¥
6251346	WIAF-13744	HT27365	3019	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	TTGAAGGGCC [A/G] AGGAGATCTG	Ε	4	O	0	æ
G2513u7	WIAF-13745	HT27365	3024	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	GGGCCAAGGA [G/A]ATCTGTTGAA	Σ	8	4	Q	Z
G2513u8	WIAF-13771	HT27365	1079	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3 1079 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	ACATTTTGA [T/C] CCTGAGCAAA	S	€	บ	Ω	Δ

G2513u9	WIAF-13772	HT27365	1546	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	AAGTTGCCTT [C/T] TGATCCAGAT	Σ	ပ	<b>€</b> ∙	S	Œ.
62513010	WIAF-13773	HT27365	1514	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	aattaaaaag (a/t) atgatcattg	Σ.	«	H	В	G
	WIAF-13774	HT27365	1445	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	aggictitigg [c/t] aataaactct	<u></u> თ	U	£-	U	9
92513412	WIAF-13778	HT27365	2087	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	ttcatatcaa [g/a] atcatcagtg	, co	U	ď	Ж	X
	WIAF-13779	HT27365	2367	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	TGAATGTTTG [C/T] AGCCTGGATA	z	υ	4	٥	•
	WIAF-13782	HT27365	2719	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	CTCATCACCA [G/A] TGACAATACT	Σ	9	4	တ	Z
	WIAE-13783	HT27365	2567	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	TICATGACAT [C/T] TITAAAATAG	w	U		н	1
	WIAF-13784	HT27365	2864	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3	TAGAAATGGC [G/A] GACACAGTCC	ွတ	ی	٨		٧
	WIAF-13785	HT27365	2571	PLCB3, phospholipase C, beta 3 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	TGACATCTTT [A/T] AAATAGCGGT	Z	«	£	~	4

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				PLCB3,	phospholipase C, beta 3					-	
G2513u18	WIAF-13786	HT27365	2706	(deoud	2706 (phosphatidylinositol-specific)	TCTGTCATCT [C/T] GGCTCATCAC	Σ	٥		æ	3
G252u1	WIAF-10195	HT0425	397	FCER2, Fc f 397 affinity II,	ragment of IgE, low receptor for (CD23A)	GAGGCTGCC [C/T] GGAACGTCTC	Σ	υ	F	<b>e</b> :	3
G252u2	WIAF-10206	HT0425	930	FCER2, affinit	FCER2, Fc fragment of 1gB, low 930 affinity II, receptor for (CD23A)	ATGGGAGCCA [T/C] GTGGACTACA	თ	E	υ	π	н
G253u1	WIAF-10175	HT0573	228	IFNB1, int	interferon, beta 1, ast	GGCTTGAATA [C/T] TGCCTCAAGG	Ø	ပ	£.	¥	¥
G254u1	WIAF-10196	HT0611	466	466 IL4R,	interleukin 4 receptor	TCAGTGCGGA [T/C] AACTATACAC		Ę+	ပ	Q	٥
G254u2	WIAF-10198	HT0611	1474	1474 IL4R,	interleukin 4 receptor	CATGCCTTCT [T/C] CCACCTTCGG	· თ	[+	ပ	'n	L.
G254u3	WIAF-10207	HT0611	1902	1902 IL4R,	interleukin 4 receptor	AGTGGCTATC (A/G) GGAGTTTGTA	Σ.	Æ	G	o	æ
G260u1	WIAF-10186	HT1090	453	ILIRI, 453 type I	interleukin 1 receptor,	TGTTATAATG [C/G] ACAAGCCATA	Σ	U	g	4	U
G261u1	WIAF-10187	HT1101	434	IL7R,	interleukin 7 receptor	CCTGAGTGTC (A/G) TCTATCGGGA	Σ	4	ပ	н	>
G261u2	WIAP-10203	HT1101	517	517 IL7R,	interleukin 7 receptor	TTTTAATGCA (T/C) GATGTAGCTT	S	Į.	c	H	×
G267u1	WIAF-11735	HT1877	881	IL2RB, beta	interleukin 2 receptor,	TCCTCGTGGG [C/T] CTCAGCGGGG	S	၁	T	G	g
G267u2	WIAF-11759	HT1877	379	IL2RB, 379 beta	interleukin 2 receptor,	AGTCAAGCAT [C/T] CTGGGCCTGC	Σ	υ	Ŧ	S	Ĺt.
G268u1	WIAF-11758	HT1985	568	568 CD19 antigen	ıtigen	GCCTCCGTGT [G/C] TCCCACCGAG	Σ	ပ	J	>	
G268u2	WIAP-11734	HT1985	783	783 CD19 antigen	ıtigen	ACGATCGCCC [G/T] GCCAGAGATA	8	9	Ţ	۵	۵.
G270u1	WIAF-11736	HT2415	530	530 IL6R,	interleukin 6 receptor	AGGAGGTGGC (A/G) AGAGGCGTGC	ဖ	Æ	U	A	A
G270u2	WIAF-11760	HT2415	1590	IL6R,	interleukin 6 receptor	CATTGCCATT [G/A] TTCTGAGGTT	Σ	U	4	۸	н
G270u3	WIAR-11737	HT2415	1510	1510 IL6R,	interleukin 6 receptor	CCAGTGCAAG [A/C] TTCTTCTTCA	Σ	_∢	U	٥	K
G270u4	WIAF-11761	HT2415	1451	1451 IL6R,	interleukin 6 receptor	CTACTAATAA (A/T) GACGATGATA	_Σ	_ «	F	×	z

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G270uS	WIAF-11766	HT2415	1843	IL6R, interleukin 6 receptor	TTCCCCAGAT (A/G) GCTGGCTGGG	2	4	0	٠	3
G270u6	WIAF-11767	HT2415	1829	1829 ILGR, interleukin 6 receptor	ATACAGACTA [C/T] TTCTTCCCCA	S	υ	E	<b>&gt;</b>	,
G271u1	WIAF-11762	HT2531	577	CD2, CD2 antigen (ps0), sheep red blood cell receptor	TCAGAGGGTC [A/G] TCACACACAA	Σ	Æ		н	>
G271u2	WIAF-11739	HT2531	861	CD2, CD2 antigen (p50), sheep red 861 blood cell receptor	GGAAGCCCCA (A/C) CAAATTCCAG	Σ	A	U	×	×
G271u3	WIAF-11768	HT2531	818	CD2, CD2 antigen (p50), sheep red 818 blood cell receptor	CTGGRGACAA [G/A] AGCCCACAGA	Σ	U	A	œ	×
G271u4	WIAF-11738	HT2531	736	CD2, CD2 antigen (p50), sheep red	CCTCTTGATG [G/A] TCTTTGTGGC	Σ	U	ં 4	>	H
G273u1	WIAF-11763	HT3139	667	IL2RA, interleukin 2 receptor, alpha	ATCATGGTGC [C/T] TGGCTGCCAG	Σ	Ų	£4	o.	ı
G273u2	WIAF-11764	HT3139	956	IL2RA, interleukin 2 receptor, 956 alpha	AAAGTCCAAT [G/C] CAGCCAGTGG	Σ	U	U	Σ	н
6273u3	WIAF-11765	HT3139	701	IL2RA, interleukin 2 receptor, alpha	ACGATGACCC [G/A] CCAGAGATCC	σ	b	A	Ω,	Q.
G273u4	WIAF-11740	HT3139	1133	ILZRA, interleukin 2 receptor, alpha	AAATGACCCA [C/T] GGGAAGACAA	တ	ပ	Ę	<b>=</b>	×
G273u5	WIAF-11769	HT3139	1163	IL2RA, interleukin 2 receptor, alpha	AGCCCCAGCT [C/A] ATATGCACAG	ຶ	U	4	ឯ	ıı
G276u1	WIAF-10192	нт3670	644	644 CD4 antigen	CTGGTAGTAG [C/G] CCCTCAGTGC	Σ	ပ	ပ	S	æ
G276u2	WIAF-10193	HT3670	1535 CD4	CD4 antigen	ccreccagre [r/c] ccrcacceer	S	F	ပ	ပ	ပ
G276u3	WIAF-10205	HT3670	1217 CD4	11	TGATGCTGAG (T/C) TTGAAACTGG	S	E	ان	S	S
G277u1	WIAF-10007	D10232	. 851	RENBP, renin-binding protein	CACGTGATTG (A/G) CAAGTTCCTA	Σ	Æ	9	Δ	0
G277u2	WIAF-10032	D10232	842	842 RENBP, renin-binding protein	CTTCGAGCCC[A/G]CGTGATTGAC	Σ	Æ	G	Ξ	æ
G277u3	WIAF-10042	D10232	634	634 RENBP, renin-binding protein	GCTGGCGGGC [A/G] AATACGCAGA	×	Æ	U	×	ω
G279u1	WIAF-10047	K01740	F8 px 1658 A)	PBC, coagulation factor VIIIc, procoagulant component (hemophilia A)	ACTGATGTCC [G/A] TCCTTTGTAT	Σ	U		~~~~	π_

							l		
				F8C, coagulation factor VIIIc, procoagulant component (hemophilia					
G279u2	WIAF-10049	K01740	2328 A)		CCTTACTGAA [G/A]GTTTCTAGTT	S	4	<b>×</b>	×
G274n3	WIAF-10050	K01740	F8 pr pr	C, coagulation factor VIIIc, occagulant component (hemophilia	CTGTTCTCC [G/A] AAACCAGACT	<u>ი</u>	4	<u>α</u>	a.
				C, coagulation factor VIIIc, coogulant component (hemophilia					
G279u4	WIAF-10061	K01740	6919 A)		CCAGAAGACA [A/G] TGAAAGICAC	ξ.	Т	T	7
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIC, procoagulant component (hemophilia	ンサポンプンサポング ( 4 / ジ) カ まご 4 4 ご 4 4 mm	2		Σ	
G279u5	WIAF-10080	K01740	480	A)	וואאפאאראז (פ/אן פרו זריניטור	T	Τ	T	+
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIC, procoagulant component (hemophilia					
G279u6	WIAF-10082	K01740	2129 A)		TACATTCTAA [G/A] CATTGGAGCA	Σ	4	8	z
				C, coagulation factor VIIc, occagulant component (hemophilia	The state of the s			α.	
G279u7	WIAF-10084	K01740	2533 A)		פון ופרשראר (א/פן פטשרטררוטי	T	T	T	T
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIIc, procoagulant component (hemophilia					
G279u8	WIAF-10086	K01740	6639	A)	ACCCTCCAAT [T/C] ATTGCTCGAT	S	<u>د</u>	╣	늬
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIIc,					
6279119	WIAF-10087	K01740	. 5957	procoagulant component (nemopulita	GAGAATTATC [G/A] CTTCCATGCA	Σ	G B	æ	×
				FBC, coaqulation factor VIIIc,					
				ocoagulant component (hemophilia					
G279a10	WIAF-10495	K01740	5829	A)	TGACAGTACA [G/A] GAATTTGCTC	s	8	9	2
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIIc,	٠				
  G279a11	WIAF-10496	K01740	5852		TTTTTCACCA [T/G] CTTTGATGAG	Σ	T G	_	တ
				FBC, coagulation factor VIIIc,					
	2000	0 % 1 0 %	2442	procoagulant component (hemophilia	ACCACAATTC [C/T] AGAAAATGAC	Σ	<del>ن</del> ن	<u> </u>	
22/3016	40504-1044	22.5						-	L
			 -	FBC, coagulation factor VIIIc, procoagulant component (hemophilia					
G279a13	WIAF-10503	K01740	9069	A)	TGCAAGTGGA [C/T] TTCCAGAAGA	S	Ü	<u>۵</u>	
				F8C, coagulation factor VIIIc,	•				
				procoagulant component (hemophilia		ď		<u></u>	
G279a14	WIAF-13120	K01740	1980 A)	(A)	באניים באינוים (ט/כן באנפניים באינוים	1	1	1	1

				ı					-	Γ
				Fac, coagulation factor ville,						
				occagulant component (hemophilia						
G279a15	WIAF-13121	K01740	1982 A)		GAGAATATAC [A/c] ACGCTTTCTC	Σ	×	<u>2</u>	2	T
				arginine vasopressin					-	
G282u1	WIAF-10067	L25615	976	976 receptor 1A	CGCCTTTCTT (C/A) ATCATCCAGA	E	T	֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	1	T
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin						
G282u2	WIAF-10070	125615	460	460 receptor 1A	TCGGCATGTT [T/C] GCGTCGGCCT	S	۲	۵ د	P4	٦
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin						
G282u3	WIAF-10071	125615	343	receptor 1A	accraaccaa [c/r] craaccaraa	S	Ü	<u>۱</u>	4	T
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin	į					
G282u4	WIAF-10072	L25615	68	68 receptor 1A	TCTCTCCGCC [G/A] GTCCCGACGC	Σ	0	Ø	<u>~</u>	
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin						
G282u5	WIAF-10073	125615	535	535 receptor 1A	AGACTCTGCA [A/G] CAGCCCGCGC	S	4	0	9	T
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin						
G282u6	WIAF-10092	125615	1075	1075 receptor 1A	CCTTGAATAG [C/A] TGCTGTAATC	Σ	U	A	S	T
				AVPRIA, arginine vasopressin						
G282a7	WIAF-10499	L25615	1089	1089 receptor 1A	TGTAATCCCT [G/A] GATATACATG	z	ی	- -	2	
				ACADM, acyl-Coenzyme A						
			٠	dehydrogenase, C-4 to C-12						
G284u1	WIAF-10182	M16827	1179	1179 straight chain	AATATCCTGT [A/G]GAAAAACTAA	S	4		<u>&gt;</u> >	T
				ACADM, acyl-Coenzyme A						
				dehydrogenase, C-4 to C-12						
G284a2	WIAF-10515	M16827	969	straight chain	TTGTGGAAGC (A/G) GATACCCCAG	S	<b>A</b>	Ù	A A	I
							-			
				ZNF9, zinc finger protein 9 (a						
				cellular retroviral nucleic acid						
G285u1	WIAF-10108	M28372	258	258 binding protein)	CTCTTCCAGA (T/C) ATTTGTTATC	T	1	T	1	T
G289u1	WIAF-10041	M63012	172	172 PON1, paraoxonase 1	CTCTGAAGAC (A/T) TGGAGATACT	Σ	A	-	<u>1</u>	Ī
					¥.					
				LRPAP1, low density lipoprotein-						
				related protein-associated protein						
	0000	0	25.6	1 (alpha-z-macrogiobulin receptor-	CTCATAGGCA (A/G) CCTCAATGTC	Σ	Ø	ט	z S	
rnnezo	HTAL-TOODS	100000		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					ĺ	

G290a2	WIAF-13122	M63959		LRPAP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein-associated protein 1 (alpha-2-macroglobulin receptor- 223 associated protein 1)	AGCGACTGCA [T/A] CTTCCTCCCG	Σ	·	A H	0
G292u1	WIAF-10180	M74096	1002	ACADL, acyl-Coenzyme A 1002 dehydrogenase, long chain	agtgcaacat [a/c] aattagcaga	Σ	4	×	0
G293u1	WIAF-10068	M74775	723	LIPA, lipase A, lysosomal acid, cholesterol esterase (Wolman 723 disease)	aaggacttat [1/c] tggagacaaa	Œ	Ŀ	ب ا	S
G293a2	WIAF-10497	M74775	101	LIPA, lipase A, lysosomal acid, cholesterol esterase (Wolman 107 disease)	TGAGGGGTCT [G/A] GAGGGAAACT	Σ	S	<u>ه</u>	<u> </u>
G293a3	WIAF-1049B	M74775	98	LIPA, lipase A, lysosomal acid, cholesterol esterase (Wolman 86 disease)	GGTTCTCTGG [C/A] CCCTGCATTC	Σ	υ	<u>م</u>	<u>+</u>
G295u1	WIAP-10057	U04270	1282	KCNH2, potassium voltage-gated	AAAGGAGCGA [A/T] CCCACAATGT	Σ	d	E E	u u
G295u2	WIAF-10062	U04270	1875	KCNH2, potassium voltage-gated	CGCACTGGCT [A/G] GCCTGCATCT	S	4	د. ن	a
G295u3	WIAF-10064	U04270	2040	KCNH2, potassium voltage-gated 2040 channel, subfamily H, member 2	ACTTCACCTT [C/T] AGCAGCCTCA	S)	υ	£+	<u>C.</u>
G295u4	WIAF-10088	U04270	1650	KCNH2, potassium voltage-gated	CCGGCCGCAT [C/T] GCCGTCCACT	တ	υ	T	
G295u5	WIAF-10090	004270	2139	KCNH2, potassium voltage-gated	CCCTCATGTA [T/C] GCTAGCATCT	တ	F	<u>~</u> ن	<u>*</u>
G2951u1	WIAF-14147	HT0030	1334	ZNF42, zinc finger protein 42 (myeloid-specific retinoic acid-1334 responsive)	CCCTGCTCTG [A/G] TCACCACCCG	Σ	A		>

ZNF42, zinc finger protein 42 (myeloid-specific retinoic acid-1558 responsive)
GRLF1, glucocorticoid receptor
GRLF1, glucocorticoid receptor
ACADSB, acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, short/branched chain
SMARCA1, SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, subfamily a, member 1
SMARCAl, SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, subfamily a, member 1
ECH1, enoyl Coenzyme A hydratase
ECH1, enoyl Coenzyme A hydratase
BR140: bromodomain-containing 682 protein, 140kD (peregrin)
B-cell-specific transcription factor
B-cell-specific transcription factor
SATB1, special AT-rich sequence binding protein 1 (binds to nuclear matrix/scaffold-

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4	U	g	Ú	Ę+	U	ဗ	U	4		æ	U
S		Σ	တ	Σ	ဟ	တ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ
TGGCCTCTCC [A/G] GCAGAGTCAG	CATAGAGGGT [C/T] CCAGGTCCCC	CCGGACAGGA [G/A] GTGCATTCCC	ATGCAGCCAT [C/T] GAACTGCCTA	AACTCTTTCA [T/C]TGTTTCA	CCATGGTGC [G/A] GTGGCAGGCC	ACTCTGAAGT [G/A] ATTCGTTATG	GTTCCAATGC [G/A].CATCTGGGCG	ACTTGCTCTG [A/G] AAATGAATTC	ACTCCTTATG [6/C] CATCACTGTT	TTGCTTGGAA [A/G] ACAATGGTGG	Tacacaaat [g/a] tcataattca
SATB1, special AT-rich sequence binding protein 1 (binds to nuclear matrix/scaffold- 2116 associating DNA's)	MSX1, msh (Drosophila) homeo box	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 grecursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 13217 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 5371 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 precursor, mRNA, complete cds	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 8718 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 grecursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 6949 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 7149 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 8590 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.
2116	1140	5668	13217	6298	6371	6914	8718	9088	6949	7149	8590
HT0340	HT0346	733837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837	U33837
WIAF-12743	WIAF-12721	WIAF-10048	WIAP-10051	WIAF-10077	WIAF-10078	WIAF-10079	WIAF-10081	WIAF-10083	WIAF-10096	WIAF-10097	WIAF-10100
G2976u2	G2978u1	G298u1	G298u2	G298u3	G298u4	G298u5	G298u6	G298u7	G298u8	G298u9	G298u10

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G298u11	WIAF-10101	U33837	12948	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 12948 precursor, mRNA, complete cds.	CATCTTTGAA (G/C) ACCAGTTATA	Σ	v	U	H Q	
G2980u1	WIAF-12723	HT0356	437	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila 437 E(spl)	TCATGGCCAC [G/A] GACCCCCAGT	Σ	ပ	A	<u>«</u>	
G2980u2	WIAF-12726	HT0356	2044	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila 2044 E(spl)	AGTGGCTGGC (A/G) GTGGGCATGG	ß	ď	U	A	æ
G2980u3	WIAF-12747	HT0356	379	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila	CCATGGCAGA [G/A] TTGAATGCCA	Ø	U	4	ω.	ω
G2980u4	WIAF-12748	HT0356	276	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila 276 E(spl)	atcgccaaga [g/a] attgaatacg	Σ	ပ	a	~	×
G2980u5	WIAF-12749	HT0356	1876	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila E(spl)	GCCACACAGA [C/T] GGAGCCAGCT	S	c	H		D
G2980u6	WIAF-12750	HT0356	1759	TLE1, transducin-like enhancer of split 1, homolog of Drosophila	CCGCCTGCTA [C/T] GCCCTGGCCA	α	٥	T	٠,	*
G2981u1	WIAF-12720	HT0357	2206	TLE2, transducin-like enhancer of split 2, homolog of Drosophila 2206 E(spl)	acaaatacat (t/c) gtgrcagget	s	F	c	1	
G2981u2	WIAF-12737	HT0357	1036	TLE2, transducin-like enhancer of split 2, homolog of Drosophila	CGGACAGCGT [C/T] GCCCTGAGGA	Ø	ပ	Ħ	>	>
G2981u3	WIAF-12740	HT0357	2181	TLE2, transducin-like enhancer of split 2, homolog of Drosophila	CTGAGTTGTG [A/T] CATCTCCAGA	Σ	ď	Т	۵	۸

G2983u1	WIAF-12833	HT0360	636	TLE3, transducin-like enhancer of split 3, homolog of Drosophila B(spl)	TGTCACCCTC [G/C] GAAAGCCTCC	<u> </u>		U	S	S
G2983u2	WIAF-12834	HT0360	1944	TLE3, transducin-like enhancer of split 3, homolog of Drosophila 1944 E(spl)	TGGACAACAC [G/A] GTGCGCTCCT	<b>S</b>	ט	4	Į.	F
G2983u3	WIAF-12848	HT0360	1710	TLE3, transducin-like enhancer of split 3, homolog of Drosophila	ACCTGGCCTC [G/A] CCCACGCCC	S		ď	ς, 	ဟ
G2985u1	WIAF-12724	HT0421	995	995 homeotic protein D3	GGCTTCGCCA [G/A] CGCCAACCTG	Σ	g	K	Γ	z
Znc8625	WIAF-12725	HT0421	1003	1003 homeotic protein D3	CAGCGCCAAC [C/T] TGCAGGGCAG	S	U	Į-	П	13
G2986u1	WIAF-14124	HT0468	1197	1197 CSDA, cold shock domain protein A GCCGTGGATA[C/T]CGGCGTCCCT	GCCGTGGATA [C/T] CGGCGTCCCT	w	ပ	T		*
G2987u1	WIAF-12758	HT0474	ZNI 2068 4,	ZNF7, zinc finger protein 7 (KOX 4, clone HF.16)	AGTGGTTTTA (C/T) GAATATGGGA	s	U	1	<u> </u>	*
G2987u2	WIAF-12773	HT0474	985	ZNF7, zinc finger protein 7 (KOX 985 4, clone HF.16)	GAGAGAAGCC [G/C] TACGAATGTG	s	ပ	U	4	<u>a</u>
G2987u3	WIAF-12775	HT0474	ZNI 1278 4,	ZNF7, zinc finger protein 7 (KOX 4, clone HF.16)	AGCCAGCAGT (C/T) GCAGCTGGTT	Σ	υ	Į.	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
G3005a1	WIAF-12133	HT0735	1441	1441 homeotic protein 5.1	GAGGCAGCGG [C/T] CCCGGGCCTG		U	E	Т	L
G3008a1	WIAF-12134	HT0753	1850	ATF4, activating transcription factor 4 (tax-responsive enhancer 1850 element B67)	Taaaagagag [g/a] gcggattccc	S	9	A	2	
G3008u2	WIAF-12798	HT0753	946	ATF4, activating transcription factor 4 (tax-responsive enhancer 946 element B67)	CCCTTCGACC [C/A] GTCGGGTTTG	Σ	υ	4	<u>0</u>	
G3008u3	WIAF-12812	HT0753	. 1482	ATF4, activating transcription factor 4 (tax-responsive enhancer 1482 element B67)	CACTGCTTAC [G/A] TTGCCATGAT	Σ	U	4	) )	
G3008u4	WIAF-12813	HT0753	1847	ATF4, activating transcription factor 4 (tax-responsive enhancer 1847 element B67)	CTCTAAAAGA [G/C] AGGGCGGATT	Σ	U	U	<u>0</u>	

G301u1	WIAF-10127	U71285	3639	MTR, 5-methyltetrahydrofolate- 3639 homocysteine methyltransferase	TGTGGAGACT [C/T] GCAGACATCG	S	-		- 2
G3012n1	WIAF-12794	HT0873	402 MAD,	MAX dimerization protein	TGGTGCCACT [G/T] GGACCCGAAT	S	G F	-	
G3014u1	WIAF-14183	HT0899	274	274 homeotic protein 2, distal-less	AAAAGACTCA [G/A] TACTTGGCCT	S	8	-	-
	wrae.12797	920074	B 52.2	MLLT3, myeloid/lymphoid or mixed- lineage leukemia (trithorax (Drosophila) homolog);	GTGCCTTCAA [A/G] GAACCTTCCA	S	ن د		<u>×</u>
700000	700 CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT CT	HTOSER	381	inked, duplicated	GCTGCAGCAA [G/A] CAATATGACA	S	<u>ل</u> ا	<u>×</u>	_ <u>×</u>
10520550 03003m2	WIAF-13725	HT0966	220 A	inc finger, X-linked, duplicated	GGCCAAACTC [G/A] GCGCCCACCA	Σ	۷ 9	<sub>O</sub>	တ
Eur 00 E D	WTAF-13726	HT0966	(Z)	zinc finger, X-linked, duplicated A	AGTCGCACGA [T/C] AAACTGCGGC	S	. F	_0	
4116000	WTAF-13727	HT0966	249 A	zinc finger, X-linked, duplicated A	ACTTCGAACC [C/T] GAGAGGCCTT	Ø	U	F	<u>α</u>
31162015	WTAF-13765	HT0966	661	zinc finger, X-linked, duplicated A	CAGGTTCTCT [G/A] CTCGCAGTAG	Σ		4	4
00000	32551-345W	итовек	2 Z	zinc finger, X-linked, duplicated	TGACTCCTTC (G/T) AGCACCCTTT	S		Ŧ	S
G3027u1	WIAF-12800	HT1035	124	124 HOXB7, homeo box B7	TTATGCGAAT [G/A] CTTTATTTC				П
G3027u2	WIAF-12816	HT1035	450	50 HOXB7, homeo box B7	GGGACTCGGA [C/T] TTGGCGGCCG		T		7
G3028u1	WIAF-12806	HT1037	701	701 homeotic protein C8	AGACCCTGGA (A/G) CTGGAGAAGG	T			T
G3029u1	WIAF-14153	HT1100	441	zinc finger protein 8	TCAGACTCAG [G/A] GAAAACTGCG	Ţ	T		
G3029u2	WIAF-14155	HT1100	1416	zinc finger protein 8	GGCGTGAACA [A/G] TCCTCGAGCA	2	4	,	<u>}</u>
G303u1	WIAF-10000	X13916	4110	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- macroglobulin receptor)	ATGGAGCTGG [G/A] GCCCGACAAC	Σ	0	4	<u>ω</u>
G303u2	WIAF-10001	X13916	4012	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-	GCGAGCTCTG [C/T] GACCAGTGCT	ഗ	U	F	U

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				LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-						
G303u3 W	WIAF-10002	X13916	4702	4702 macroglobulin receptor)	GCCTGCCCCG [C/T] ATTGAGGCAG	S	ر ان	<u>~</u>	×	
3		X13916	39 55	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 6395 macroglobulin receptor)	CTGGATCGCA [G/A] GCAACATCTA	Σ	U	ه د	<u> </u>	
	WIAF-10004	X13916	6937	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 6937 macroglobulin receptor)	aaggaacaa [c/t] ststscscss	Ø	Ú	<del>-</del>	z	
	100005	X13916	9391	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- macroalobulin receptor)	GGCTGAAGGA [T/C] GACGGCCGGA	S	H	U	۵	
	10001-94FD	919ELX	766	IRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 766 macroglobulin receptor)	ACTGCATGGA [C/T] GGCTCAGATG	တ	υ	£-	Q Q	
	900000000000000000000000000000000000000	x12016	9040	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-	ACCOGACTG (C/T) GGCCCCAGTG	S		Ŧ	o o	• .
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.001-3414	91361X	11749	IRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- macroalobulin receptor)	ccracacra (c/r) AACATGTTCG	S	υ	۲	ນ	υ
		7. 13. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14	1917	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-	GACCAGTATG [G/A] GAAGCCGGGT	Σ	o o	4		<sub>E2</sub>
G303u11	WIAF-10021	X13916	4810	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 4810 macroglobulin receptor)	AGAAGCGCAT [C/T] CTTTGGATTG	w	v	Ŧ	I	

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				LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-					
G303u12	WIAF-10022	X13916	6367	6367 macroglobulin receptor)	TTGGCCGTGT [G/C] GAGGGCATTG	ဖ	0	<del>}</del>	<del>}</del>
6303u13	WIAF-10023	X13916	6247	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 6247 macroglobulin receptor)	CTGTCGGCAT [C/T] GACTTCCACG	ν.	F U	н	н
G303u14	WIAF-10024	X13916	8371	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- macroglobulin receptor)	ACGCCTCAGA [T/C] GAGATGAACT	Ŋ	F	Ω U	
G303u15	WIAF-10030	X13916	11395	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein l (alpha-2- macroglobulin receptor)	ACGGCAGCGA [C/T] GAGGAGGCCT	ς,	U	£ £	Δ
6303016	WIAF-10031	X13916	12763	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 12763 macroglobulin receptor)	ACGTCTTTGA [G/A] GATTACATCT	w	g	M A	<u> </u>
G303m17	WIAE-10035	X13916	640	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 640 macroglobulin receptor)	ACGGATCTGA [C/T] GAGGCCCTG	ω	Ú	. F	
83031138	WIAF-10037	X13916	1609	LAP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2-	GCCGCCTTGT [C/T] TACTGGGCAG	ω	U	> F	>
G303u19	WIAF-10038	X13916	1629	LAP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- nacroglobulin receptor)	GATGCCTATC [1/6] GGACTATATT	Σ	F		ت. «
6303u20	WIAP-10039	X13916	2210	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- macroglobulin receptor)	CACCAGCTAC [C/T] TCATTGGCCG	Σ	υ	£	r) Fr

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4		U	<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0 0 4 0			
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Σ U	<u>x</u>		ζC 3						
GATGGCTCCA [G/A] GAGGATCACC	CTCTGACGAG (A/G) TCCCTTGCAA	-	GTGCGCACCG [A/G] GAAAGCGGCC				ATCTTCAATT [A/G] TGAGGAGCCTTTTTAAGGAAGCCGCCTTTTAAGGAAGCTTTTTTTCAATT [A/G] TGGGTTCCTTTAAGAAGCT [A/G] TGGGTTCCTTTAAGAAGCT [A/G] TGCAGCTTGC		
LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 7287 macroglobulin receptor)	LRP1, low density lipoprotein- related protein 1 (alpha-2- 8258 macroglobulin receptor)	protein- a-2-	118/1 macrogrobutin receptor)	яоте, АТРаве, 3	ATPase, 3 ATPase, 3 actor 12	ATPase, 3 actor 12 (actor 12	ATPase, 3 actor 12 () actor 12 () of kappa	ATPase, 3 actor 12 () () of kappa enhancer in enhancer in	Arrase, 3 Arrase, 3 actor 12 cactor 13 cactor 12 cactor 13 cactor 13 cactor 13 cactor 14 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor 15 cactor
150170ml / 07/	LRP1, related 8258 macrogl	LRP1,	11871 macrogl	11871 macrogl PSMC3, 611 macropa	11871 macrogl PSMC3, 611 macropa TCF12, (HTF4,	11871 macrogl PSMC3, 611 macrogs TCF12, (HTF4, 137 transca	11871   macroglobu   PSMC3, pr	11871 macrogi	11871   611   137   137   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150   150
X13916	X13916		X13916	X13916 X13918 HT1128	X13916 HT1128 HT1182	X13916 HT1128 HT1182 HT1182	X13916 HT1128 HT1182 HT1182	HT1128 HT1182 HT1182 HT1373	HT1128 HT1182 HT1182 HT1373 HT1373
WIAF-10043	WIAF-10044		WIAF-10045	WIAF-14097	WIAF-10045 WIAF-14097 WIAF-12836	WIAF-10045 WIAF-14097 WIAF-12836	WIAF-10045 WIAF-14097 WIAF-12837 WIAF-12864	WIAF-10045 WIAF-14097 WIAF-12837 WIAF-12864	WIAF-10045 WIAF-14097 WIAF-12836 WIAF-12864 WIAF-12881
G303u21	G303u22		G303u23	G303u23 G3031u1	G303u23 G3031u1 G3034u1	G3031u1 G3031u1 G3034u1	G3031u1 G3031u1 G3034u1 G3034u2	G3031u1 G3031u1 G3034u1 G3034u2 G3038u1	G3031u1 G3031u1 G3034u1 G3034u2 G3038u1

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	13028	HT1375	3963	GLI3, GLI-Kruppel family member GLI3 (Greig cephalopolysyndactyly 3963 syndrome)	cgccaaatga [g/t] tcagctggca	Σ	U	E .	<u>D</u>	
				FABP3, fatty acid binding protein				•		
KIMI (myoco)	WIAF-12242	HT637	158	3, muscle and heart (mammary- 158 derived growth inhibitor)	CTCACCCTAA [A/G] AACACACAGC	Σ	A	U	ж ж	
		HT1486	842	ory	GTGCCGAGGG [G/A] CGGCCACACT	S		4	<u> </u>	
		HT1518	1233	ription factor 1, nucleolar	TCCGTTTCCT [C/T] GAGAGCCTGC	တ	U	F-	1	ı,
		HT1518	1746	nucleolar	GGATTAAGAA [G/A] GCAGCCGAAG	လ	U	4	×	×
		HT1518	1829	1829 transcription factor 1, nucleolar TCCAAGAAGA [T/C] GAAATTCCAG	TCCAAGAAGA (T/C) GAAATTCCAG	Σ	Ţ	U	Σ	E
	T	HT1530	628	628 transcription factor USF	AGTGGAGCGT [C/T] GCCGCCGAGA	Σ	U	F	~	J
		HT0034		prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta subunit/protein disulfide fsomerase/thyroid hormone-binding	CCCTTGTCAT [C/T] GAGTTCACCG	σ	υ	Ę	н	H
	T 25 - 10154	HT0034	138	prolyl 4-hydroxylase, beta subunit/protein disulfide isomerase/thyroid hormone-binding	TGGGGGCCCA [C/A] AAGTACCTGC	Σ	U	æ	×	ø
		HT0034	1428	prolyl 4- subunit/p isomerase protein,	GGACGGTCAT [T/C] GATTACAACG	တ	F	U	н	
		H-11358	2098	FSRG1: fe	aacattgcaa [t/c] ggcattttga	ဟ	Fe	υ	z	z
		HT1558	2845	FSRG1: female sterile homeotic- 2845 related gene 1 (mouse homolog)	TAGGCCCTTC [T/C] GGCTTTGGAC	w	٤٠	U	s	S

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5105013	WIAF-12862	HT1558	3409	FSRG1: female sterile homeotic-	CCTCGTCGTC [G/A] TCTTCAGACA	<u>ი</u> ა	4	υ	ဟ
9:05050	WTAF-12874	HT1558	1699	emale sterile homeotic- qene 1 (mouse homolog)	TCTCTTCTGT [G/C] TCACACAG	<u> </u>	ပ	>	>
	o coch anti	8 5 5 1 1 1 1	2093	terile homeotic-	GTTAAAACAT [T/G]GCAATGGCAT	Æ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
03050us	WIAF-12879	HT1558	2746		CTGGGGCGA [C/T] GAAGATGACA	S	<u>+</u>	٥	· <u>a</u>
0305111	WT b F - 1 2 8 6 6	ъ 9 ч. Г. Н	1423	MEF2B, MADS box transcription enhancer factor 2, polypeptide B (myocyte enhancer factor 2B)	CTTGGCCGAC [a/A] GCTGGCCCCG	ν v	<u>م</u> ن	<u> </u>	H
				MEF2B, MADS box t	Pagagrapag (c/r) gaggggggg	Ŋ	, L	<u>.</u>	<u>,                                    </u>
G3051u2	MIAE-13022	ттека	5955		AGACTGCTCT [T/C] GAGGCTCATA	S	F.		u
G1057a2	WIAF-12143	HT1669	5634	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding 5634 protein	CTCTGTCTGC [G/A] ATGCTCTTAG	Ŋ	<u>ل</u> ا ن	4	4
G3057a3	WIAF-12144	HT1669	5664	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding 5664 protein	GGGGACTCCA [G/T] ATGAAAGGAG	Σ	<u>٦</u>	_ 0	- =
G3057a4	WIAF-12145	HT1669	5703	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	GCTTTTCCCA [C/T] CTACCCCCAA	ď	E U	王	æ
G3057u5	WIAF-12885	HT1669	2227	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	TCTGGAGATC [C/T] ATATGAGGTC	Σ	-F	Ξ.	->
31123050	WIAF-12892	HT1669	3720	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding	AGACCTTGCC [G/A] GCTCAGCTAC	S	8	<u> </u>	۵.
2067	WTBF-12893	HT1669	4137	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding 4137 protein	CAAGGTTTAC [G/A] GACTACCAGC	S	<u>م</u> ن	F	- 1
G3057u8	WIAF-12897	HT1669	4783	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding	GAAGACCAAC [A/C] CTCCCCAGCA	Σ	4	E U	Δ.
20.50									

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G3057u9	WIAF-12898	HT1669	5215	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	TCCAACCTCC [A/C] CAATGAACAC	Σ	4	U	F D
G3057u10	WIAF-12904	HT1669	7266	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	cccracage [c/r] acarraactr	S	U	£-	A 4
G3057u11	WIAF-12907	HT1669	8345	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	CCAACAGACG [A/C] CTATTCGGAG	Σ	ď	۔ ن	<u>4</u> ۵
G3057u12	WIAF-12943	HT1669	4257	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	TGGTGTGTT [T/C] CAGAATGCCC	S	Ę4	υ	<u> </u>
G3057u13	WIAF-12951	HT1669	7333	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	ACCAGGCTTT (T/A) CTCCTTATTA	Σ	F	4	S)
G3057u14	WIAP-13030	HT1669	303	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	GCAGCCTGTC [G/A] GAGGACGAGT	S	b		S S
G3057u15	WIAF-13031	HT1669	17.1	alpha-fetoprotein enhancer-binding protein	GCCTTCCAGA [G/A] GAGGACGAGG	ຮ	O	4	E
G306u1	WIAF-10118	HT0040	1618	CPT2, carnitine palmitoyltransferase II	CTCTACTGCC [G/A] TCCACTTTGA	Σ	9	4	^
G307u1	WIAF-10076	HT0114	110	110 EDN2, endothelin 2	CGTTGCGCTA [G/A] CCCTGCTCGT	Σ	ß	A	F F
G3070u1	WIAF-12972	HT2085	625	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 3	AGAAATATGA (A/G) CAGGCATGTA	ທ	A	g	ш
G3070u2	WIAF-12973	HT2085	.841	pre-B-cell leukemia transcription factor 3	GTAACTTCAG [T/C] AAACAGGCCA	ø	F	Ü	S
G3071u1	WIAF-12886	HT2086	566	AGER, advanced glycosylation end 995 product-specific receptor	CCTGCGAGGC (T/C) GTGATGATCC	S	F	U	A A
G3071u2	WIAF-12887	HT2086	1475	AGER, advanced glycosylation end	gaggccagat [c/g] tacagcccac	Σ	U	ŋ	<u>Σ</u>
G3071u3	WIAF-12935	HT2086	933	AGER, advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor	ACGCATGGTG [A/G] GCATCATCCA	Σ	A	o	S
G3071u4	WIAF-12936	HT2086	1052	AGER, advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor	GTAACTTCAG [C/T] AAACAGGCCA		U	F	S S
G3071uS	WIAF-12937	HT2086	836	AGER, advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor	agaagtatga (g/a) caggcatgta	w	9	A	ш
G308u1	WIAF-10094	HT0192	484	ANX4, annexin IV (placental 484 anticoagulant protein II)	atggacggag [c/g] cttgaagatg	Σ	U	U	<u>α</u>

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G308u2	WIAF-10095	HT0192	333	ANX4, annexin IV (placental 333 anticoagulant protein II)	GGGATGATGA [C/T] GCCCACGGTG	Σ	Ü	H	Σ .	
G3081u1	WIAF-12997	HT2188	689	PSMC2, proteasome (prosome, 689 macropain) 26S subunit, ATPase, 2	GGCATTGAGC [C/T] TCCCAAGGGC	Σ	, U	T	۰. ت	
G3083u1	WIAF-12976	HT2228	106	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 106 binding protein 2	TGCTGGAGCT [T/C] GAGAGAGG	S	1	ບ	7	
G3083u2	WIAF-12985	HT2228	2260	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 2260 binding protein 2	TGGAGTTCAT [G/C] GCCAGCAAGA	Σ	0	S	M	
G3083u3	WIAF-12986	HT2228	2060	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 2060 binding protein 2	GGGACCTGCT [A/G] CGTCCACCAG	Σ	A	G	_ 4 +	
G3083u4	WIAF-12987	HT2228	2365	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 2365 binding protein 2	ACGACAGTTC [C/T] GGGGAAGGGA	S	U	£-	S	
G3083uS	WIAF-13005	HT2228	411	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu	TTTGATGAGT (C/T) CCACGATTTC	Σ	υ	Ŧ	ς, E4	
G3083u6	WIAF-13006	HT2228	272	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 272 binding protein 2	ATACGGGTCC [G/A] CGGCAGCTCT	Σ	U	4	. A	
G3083u7	WIAF-13010	HT2228	2581	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 2581 binding protein 2	TCAGGAGCGC [G/A] CAGGGGCAGC	8	U	4	_	
G3083u8	WIAF-13011	HT2228	2594	IGHMBP2, immunoglobulin mu 2594 binding protein 2	GGGGCAGCCC [G/A] CCAGCAAGGA	Σ	9	A	- F	
G3088u1	WIAF-12984	HT2318	884	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding protein 1	TGTGGCACTA [C/T] GTCCCCTCC	Σ	U	Ħ	Σ.	
G3088u2	WIAF-12988	HT2318	.2469	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	TCTTGTCACC [A/G] CGTCAACACC	w	4	ပ	<u>а</u>	
G3088u3	WIAF-12989	HT2318	3066	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	TTCTTGGTAC [T/C] GGACAGTCCC	w	H	υ	H	
G3088u4	WIAF-12991	HT2318	4008	HIVED1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	TTATCCGCCA [G/T] CACAACATCC	Σ	b	F	т	

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G3088u5	WIAF-12992	HT2318	4880	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 4880 protein 1	CAAATCCATG [C/G] ACCGCCTAGC	Σ	υ	G	4	g
G308816	WIAF-12993	HT2318	5148	<pre>HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 5148 protein 1</pre>	TTGACAGCAT [G/A] TCTAATTCGC	Σ		æ	<u>Η</u> Σ	
G3088u7	WIAF-12999	HT2318	5834	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 5834 protein 1	CCAGCTGATA (A/G) TTCATCAACA	Σ	a	U	z	ß
G3088u8	WIAF-13000	HT2318		HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 6065 protein 1	CAAAGTCAAC [G/A] GCCAGTCACT.	Σ	ŋ	æ	α	٥
6308819	WIAF-13001	HT2318	7652	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 7652 protein 1	Cataggaata [C/t] ggtcacagaa	Σ	U	(+	۴	Σ
G3088u10	WIAF-13008	HT2318	741	HIVED1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	ttctgcagca (a/g) ccatctgaac	<b>o</b>	Æ	9	a	ø
G3088u11	WIAF-13009	HT2318	948	HIVED1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	CAGAACTGAG (C/T) ACCTTGTCAC	တ	Ú	£-	S	ဟ
G3088u12	WIAF-13012	HT2318	1909	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	TGAAACTTTA [C/T] TAAAATCAAG	Ø	υ	T	,a	t
G3088u13	WIAF-13013	HT2318	2803	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding 2803 protein 1	TCTTCTGTCT [6/A] TACCTTCACT	Σ		ď	>	н

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G3088u14	WIAF-13015	HT2318	3342	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	GCGGTCTGCA [A/G] CCTCAGATTC	Ŋ	. a	σ	ø
G3088u15	WIAF-13016	HT2318	3542	HIVEP1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	CCTAAACATA [G/A] TGTTACCATA	Σ	<b>4</b>		z
	WIAF-13017	HT2318	4972	HIVED1, human immunodeficiency virus type I enhancer-binding	tgggtcttct [a/g] aaagtgagga	Σ	4	<u>×</u>	<sub>D</sub>
G3095u1	WIAF-12994	HT2435	707	TCF2, transcription factor 2, hepatic; LF-B3; variant hepatic	CCGCTCTGTA [C/T] ACCTGGTACG	S	υ	<u>ح</u> ب	×
	WIAF-13018	HT2435	362	ranscription factor 2, LF-B3; variant hepatic factor	GGGCGAGCC [C/T] GACACCAAGC	Ø	<del>-</del>	<del>ب</del> م	<u>a</u>
	WIAF-13020	HT2435	1620	TCF2, transcription factor 2, hepatic; LF-B3; variant hepatic	CCAGTTCTCC[C/T]AGCAGCTGCA	N	U	٠ 0	•
	WIAF-12147	HT2483	526	ZNF141, zinc finger protein 141 526 (clone pHZ-44)	gaatgagtgt [a/g] agttgcagaa	Σ	Ą	S K	<u></u> ω
	WIAF-12975	HT2508	259	NRF1, nuclear respiratory factor	CGCCTTCTTC [G/T] CCCGAGGACA	S	U	F.	လ
	WIAF-13617	HT2511	1106	1106 E2F2, E2F transcription factor 2	CCTTGGACCA [G/T] CTCATCCAGA	Σ	U	O F	Ξ
	WIAF-13659	HT2511	1154	1154 B2F2, B2F transcription factor 2	CTGAGGACAA [G/A]GCCAACAAGA	S	U	× ×	_×
G311u1	WIAF-10291	HT0402	1339 A2M,	A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	GTCCCTGTTA [C/T] GGCTACCAGT	ß	U	F ×	<b>&gt;</b>
G311u2	WIAF-10292	HT0402	1201 A2M,	A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	TCATATTCAT [C/T] AGAGGAAATG	S	U	H	- +
G311n3	WIAP-10293	HT0402	3041 A2M,	A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	TACTCCAGAG [G/A] TCAAGTCCAA	Σ	U	>	_#

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G311v4	WIAF-10294	HT0402	3676	3676 A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	TGACATCCTA (T/C) GTGCTCCTCG	S	F	U	>	٨
G311uS	WIAF-10296	HT0402	3364 A2M,	A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	ATATCACCAT [C/T] GCCCTTCTGG	ß	ບ	H	н	1
631106	WIAF-10297	HT0402	3203	3203 A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	CCAAGCTCGA [G/T] CCTACATCTT	Σ	ပ	F	4	S
G311a7	WIAF-10494	HT0402	1122 A2M,	A2M, alpha-2-macroglobulin	TCACACTTTC [G/A] ACAGGGAATT	Σ	ø	4	æ	0
G3119u1	WIAF-13947	HT2654	2876	GLI, glioma-associated oncogene 2876 homolog (zinc finger protein)	TTTCTGGGGG [G/A] TTCCCAGGTT	æ	Ö	4	O	D
G3119u2	WIAF-13959	HT2654	654	GLI, glioma-associated oncogene 654 homolog (zinc finger protein)	AGTGCCGGGA [G/A] GAACCCTTGG	<u>თ</u>		4	12	ω
G3119u3	WIAF-13965	HT2654	3376	GLI, glioma-associated oncogene 3376 homolog (zinc finger protein)	TGGGGAAACA [G/C] AATTCCTCAA	Σ		U	ω ω	_ 0
G312u1	WIAF-10006	HT0428	868	PLAU, plasminogen activator, 898 urokinase	CTCACCACAA [C/T] GACATTGCCT	<u> </u>	Ü	H	z	z
G312u2	WIAF-10029	HT0428	498	PLAU, plasminogen activator,	GGCCTAAAGC [C/T] GCTTGTCCAA	Σ	ပ	٤	۵	11
G312a3	WIAF-10521	HT0428	767	PLAU, plasminogen activator, 767 urokinase	TGATTACCCA [A/C] AGAAGGAGGA	Σ	4	υ	×	α
G3125u1	WIAF-13675	HT2674	740	GTF2F2, general transcription factor IIF, polypeptide 2 (30kD	ACATCACAAA [A/G] CAACCTGTGG	თ		<u></u> 5	×	Ж
G313u1	WIAF-10129	HT0462	3086	platelet-derived growth factor, 3086 alpha polypeptide (GB:M21574)	CATGCGTGTG [G/A] ACTCAGACAA	Σ	ຶ່ນ	Æ	0	z
G313u2	WIAF-10130	HT0462	1078	platelet-derived growth factor, alpha polypeptide (GB:M21574)	atgagaagg [t/g] ttcattgaa	တ	Ţ	IJ	ღ	g
6313u3	WIAF-10133	HT0462	1571	platelet-derived growth factor, 1571 alpha polypeptide (GB:M21574)	GGAGATCCAC [T/C] CCCGAGACAG	×	£-	ວ	တ	Ωı
G313u4	WIAF-10135	HT0462	2611	platelet-derived growth factor, 2611 alpha polypeptide (GB:M21574)	CTCGCAACGT (C/T) CTCCTGGCAC	S	ပ	T.	>	· >

				ALOX15, arachidonate 15-	טטטטנטטנט (א/ט) אטטאטטטאטש	U		-	- 6	
631401	WIAF - 10069	41046	0601	Toyo Tipoxygenase	222222222222222222222222222222222222222	,	,		1	Τ
G3141u1	WIAF-13934	HT27498	878	NFATC3, nuclear factor of 878 activated T-cells, cytoplasmic 3	CCAGAGGATA [9/A] CTGGCTACTC	Σ	ø	4	S	
G3141u2	WIAP-13936	HT27498	1189	NFATC3, nuclear factor of activated T-cells, cytoplasmic 3	GCCTGCCTCA [T/C] GCAATGGGAA	Σ	F.	U	ຶ່ນ	
G3141u3	WIAF-13938	HT27498	2241	NFATC3, nuclear factor of 2241 activated T-cells, cytoplasmic 3	CTCTGCGGGG [T/C] TTCCCTTCAG	S	Ţ	U	U U	
G3141u4	WIRF-13944	HT27498	702	NFATC3, nuclear factor of activated T-calls, cytoplasmic 3	ATGCCTCTGA [C/T] GAGGCAGCCC	ស	Ü	H	<u>α</u>	
d3159u1	WIAF-13891	HT2757	523	SP4, Sp4 transcription factor	CTTCAAAAGA [G/A] AATAACGTTT	S	9	4	8	ы
G3159u2	WIAF-13892	HT2757	1514	SP4, Sp4 transcription factor	ACAGAATGTT [C/T] AACTTCAAGC	z	υ	F	o o	
G3159u3	WIAF-13893	HT2757	2236 SP4,	SP4, Sp4 transcription factor	TGTTTTGTGG [C/T] AAAAGATTCA	, v	U	Ę÷	U	<sub>o</sub>
G3165u1	WIAF-13860	HT27636	437	437 transcription factor B-ATF	AGCAGCTCAC (A/G) GAGGAACTGA	S	A	G	T	ī
G3165u2	WIAF-13861	HT27636	512	512 transcription factor B-ATF	CCAGCACGCC [C/G] TCGCCCCCC	S	ပ	ပ	a	۵
G3173u1	WIAF-13556	HT2772	1686	ZNF74, zinc finger protein 74 (Cos52)	TGCACAGCGA [G/A] GGGAAGCCCT	တ		A	ω	ω
G3175u1	WIAF-13948	HT2776	2037	transcriptional regulator, via 2037 glucocorticoid receptor	TGTTCGGACC [A/G] GAAGCACCCA	တ	A	· v	d.	a
G3182u1	WIAF-14036	HT2783	1614	MHC2TA, MHC class II	ATCCTAGACG [C/G] CTTCGAGGAG	Σ	ນ	Ö	. U	
G3182u2	WIAF-14037	HT2783	2791	MHC2TA, MHC class II transactivator	TGAGCGACAC [G/A] GTGGCGCTGT	S	_ ც	4	H	£.
G3182u3	WIAF-14059	HT2783	1657	MHC2TA, MHC class II 1657 transactivator	TGCACAGCAC [G/A] TGCGGACCGG	တ	ტ	A	F	F
G3182u4	WIAF-14060	HT2783	1606	MHC2TA, MHC class II 1606 transactivator	TTCTGCTCAT [C/T] CTAGACGCCT	S	U	1	н	н
G3183u1	WIAF-13950	HT27861	392	392 zinc finger protein C2H2-150	TACTCTAGAG [G/A] AGCCTGTTGG	Σ	ø	d	<u> </u>	×
G3184u1	WIAF-13864	HT27862	271	271 zinc finger protein C2H2-171	GAAACTCCAG [T/G] TCAAAGACTT	_Σ	E+	O	Œ.	_

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G3184u2	WIAF-13865	HT27862	248	248 zinc finger protein C2H2-171	CTGCTTGAAT [T/C] CATGTATGAR	Σ	F-	E.	S	
G320u1	WIAF-10136	HT0791	552	552 ANX7, annexin VII (synexin)	CCAACTTCGA [T/C] GCTATAAGAG	ď	F	O U		
6120112	WIAF-10137	HT0791	1350	1350 ANX7, annexin VII (synexin)	TTGACCTTGT (A/G) CAAATAAAAC	Ŋ	4	> 0		$\neg$
G3208u1	WIAF-14186	HT27930	485	485 zinc finger protein ZNF37A	GTCAGAAGTC [A/G] GCCCTAATTG	S	4	S	S	T
11811	WTAF-13526	HT28104	187	zinc finger protein ZNF169, 187 Krueppel-type	CCCGACAGCT [C/T] ATTAAGAAAG	Σ	U	±		
				inducible nitric e (NOS) mRNA,				E		
G323u1	WIAF-10066	HT0915	1361	ete cds.	ACTICIBISA (C/1) GICCAGCOCI	T		T	Τ	Τ
G325u1	WIAF-10106	HT0962	3817	FBN1, fibrillin 1 (Marfan 3817 syndrome)	TGTGAATGCC [C/T] GCCTGGCCAT	Σ	Ü	- -	괴	
G325u2	WIAF-10113	HT0962	722	FBN1, fibrillin 1 (Marfan 722 syndrome)	AGATAGCTCC (T/G) TCCTGTGGCT	s	F	<u> </u>	<u>a</u>	
G325u3	WIAF-10114	HT0962	2022	FBN1, fibrillin 1 (Marfan syndrome)	GATCTGCAAT [A/C] ATGGACGCTG	Σ	4	U	2	
G325u4	WIAF-10116	HT0962	3603	FBN1, fibrillin 1 (Marfan 3603 syndrome)	GAACTGCACA [G/C] ACATTGACGA	Σ	O	U	Ξ	
G325u5	WIAF-10117	HT0962	2270	FBN1, fibrillin 1 (Marfan 2270 syndrome)	TCTGCATGAA [C/T] GGGCGTTGCG	S	U	H	_ z	
G326u1	WIAF-10036	HT1009	1854	KLKB1, kallikrein B plasma, (Fletcher factor) 1	GCAAACACA [C/T] GGAATGTGGC	တ	U	F	2	
G327u1	WIAF-10052	HT1011	1599 HRG,	HRG, histidine-rich glycoprotein	AAGCCAGACA [A/T] TCAGCCCTTT	Σ	4	Н	Z	
G327u2	WIAF-10054	HT1011	1083 HRG,	HRG, histidine-rich glycoprotein	CCACTATTGC [C/T] CATGTCCTGC	Σ	Ü	Ę	괴	
G327u3	WIAF-10055	HT1011	1140 HRG,	HRG, histidine-rich glycoprotein	GCCCAAAGAC (A/G) TTCTCATAAT					
G328u1	WIAF-10145	HT1087	255	255 SAA1, serum amyloid Al	GTGCCTGGGC[T/C]GCAGAGTGA	S	П	T	$\neg$	
G328a2	WIAF-10511	HT1087	248	248 SAA1, serum amyloid Al	ccreegegare [c/r] creegereca	Σ				J
G328a3	WIAF-10512	HT1087	305	305 SAA1, serum amyloid Al	TTCTTTGGCC (A/G) TGGTGCGGAG	Σ	T		Т	<u>.</u>
G328a4	WIAF-13126	HT1087	295	295 SAA1, serum amyloid A1	TATCCAGAGA (T/C) TCTTTGGCCA	Σ	Į.	Т	Т	٦,
G328a5	WIAF-13127	HT1087	82	82 SAA1, serum amyloid A1	CTTGGTCCTG [G/A] GTGTCAGCAG	Σ	ای	4	ار"	2
612911	WIAF-10140	HT1141	2514	PLCG1, phospholipase C, gamma 1 2514 (formerly subtype 148)	CTGACCTTCA [T/C] CAAGAGCGCC	Σ	E	υ	H	Ę
225741										

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		171143	1036	PLCG1, phospholipase C, gamma 1	TATGCCCGGA [C/A] ACCATGAACA	Σ U	<u>4</u>		ш	
6329uz	WIAE - 10162			С, датта 1					•	
G329u3	WIAF-10163	HT1141	116	rly subtype 148)	GTTCATGCTC [A/G] GCTTCCTCCG	¥ E	٦	S	٥	Т
	71001-04TW	HT3460	1229	FUBP, far upstream element	CCATAAAAAG [C/T] ATAAGCCAGC	တ	fi U	ß	Ø	
TDC2750		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9000	transcription factor TFIIIC, RNA	CAGCCTGGAC (G/A) AGAGCCCCAT	Σ	<u>ب</u> و	<u>[</u>	×	
G3296u1	WLAF - 14100			transcription factor TFIIIC, RNA						
G3296u2	WIAF-14179	HT3466	235	235 polymerase III, alpha subunit	GGGCATCAGC [T/A] TCTATGAGGA	Σ	<b>∢</b>	2 2	1 2	Т
G3298u1	WIAF-13523	HT3504	1803	1803 DNA-binding protein HRFX2	ACTTTGCCAA [C/T] GTGCAGGAGC	Τ	Τ	Ţ	Τ	Τ
G3298u2	WIAF-13524	HT3504	1743	1743 DNA-binding protein HRFX2	GGGCGGTGCT [G/A] CAGAACACGT	1	T		7	T
G3298u3	WIAF-13528	HT3504	2002	밁	GITCITIGUE (A/G) AAIGGICCII	T		Τ	T	Т
G33u1	WIAF-10254	X82540	1044	1044 INHBC, inhibin, beta C	AAGGCCAACA (C/1) AGC16CAGGC	T	7	Τ	Т	T
G33u2	WIAF-10255	X82540	1136		CAGCAACATT [G/A] TCAAGACTGA	T	T	Τ	Т	Τ
G33u3	WIAF-10256	X82540	1185	1185 INHBC, inhibin, beta C	GGGTGCAGTT (A/G) GTCTATGTG	T		Τ	Τ	Τ
G33u4	WIAF-10259	X82540	892	892 INHBC, inhibin, beta C	TTTTGTGGA [C/T] TTCCGTGAGA	S	اد	1	+	T
1,100,000	W13F-1356	HT3523	981	POUGF1, POU domain, class 6, transcription factor 1	CAGGCCAGGA [G/A] ATCACTGAAA	ß	ő	A	ш	$\neg$
Throngs	1000 C. BATM	U#3544	970	SP2. Sp2 transcription factor	TCAACAACCT [C/T] GTGAACGCCA	8	Ü	F	<u>د</u> د	T
6330444	WIAF-13935	HT3544	1891 SP2,		AGAAGCACGT [T/G] TGCCACATCC	ď	E-I	U	>	
633643	WTBE-13943	HT3544	920	920 SP2, Sp2 transcription factor	TGTGGTGAAG [T/C] TGACAGGTGG	S	4	U	1	$\neg$
57.55.50	WINE LIBER	H#3585	757	757 GATA3, GATA-binding protein 3	cccactcccg [T/C] ggcagcatga	တ	E	U	~	$\neg$
1011101	07001 4415	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	106	1	TCGGATGCAA [G/A] TCCAGGCCCA	S	U	4	×	
2977705	25051-3071			zinc finger protein HKE-T1,	AAAGAGTTTC (A/G) GTCAGAGTTC	Σ	4	U	S	
G3316u1	WIAF-13818	HT3607	787	282 Krupper-Line						

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				SMARCA3, SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent			-		<del></del> ,
G3319u1	WIAF-14214	HT3613	1086	1086 a, member 3	AAACTCTTAC [A/G] GCCATTGCAG	S	4	+	E
				SMARCA3, SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent					
G3319u2	WIAF-14221	HT3613	1261 8,	regulator of chilomatth, subtamily a, member 3	TAGATGTAGT [G/C] AACAACCCAG	Σ	υ υ	M	0
1,100000	0 3 C 1 - 3 C L M	HT3622	624	BCL6, B-cell CLL/lymphoma 6 (zinc 624 finger protein 51)	ATTTGCGGGA [G/C] GGCAACATCA	Σ	<u> </u>	ω	_Ω
1022555	2007				_				
G3320u2	WIAF-13717	HT3622	1062	1062 finger protein 51)	ACAGCCGGCC [G/A] ACTTTGGAGG	S	8	Δ.	۵
				STAT2, signal transducer and activator of transcription 2,					
G3321u1	WIAF-13761	HT3641	235	235 113kD	TCTTGGATCA (G/C) CTGAACTATG	Σ	اد	2	-
				STAT2, signal transducer and activator of transcription 2,					
G3321u2	WIAF-13762	HT3641	774	774 113kD	CAAAAAGCCT [G/C] CATCAGAGCT	Σ	0	$\neg$	S
G3328u1	WIAF-13543	HT3681	1550	550 transcription factor anf6	CCACAATGGT [A/G] TCAGAGGAGG	S	S A	٦	>
G3328u2	WIAF-13544	HT3681	1389	1389 transcription factor znf6	AGAGGATTTA [G/C] AGGAAGATGA	Σ	9	Θ	9
	2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	υπ3712	216	olf xmpl x-box binding protein 1	ACCTGAGCCC [C/T] GAGGAGAAGG	S	n F	<u> </u>	
G334u1	WIAF-10008	HT1220	893	,	TACATTGGCC[A/C]CAAGACAAAG		C A	Ξ	2
G334u2	WIAF-10009	HT1220	2000	2000 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	TCACAGCCCT [T/C] CGGCCAGGGT	Σ	F O	<u>[4</u>	8
G334u3	WIAF-10016	HT1220	1521	1521 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	CCCAGATGAA [T/C] GGGAAACCCT	S			z
G334u4	WIAF-10017	HT1220	2210	2210 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	GGCTGGCCCA[A/G]TGAGAACCTG	T		$\exists$	T
G334u5	WIAF-10018	HT1220	2979	2979 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	GTGAGACCGA [T/C] TTCCGCCGAT	T	$\top$	Т	1
G334u6	WIAF-10033	HT1220	1136	1136 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	TGTCACTGTC[A/G]GAACTCAGTT	7	T	1	T
G334u7	WIAF-10034	HT1220	1859	1859 THBS1, thrombospondin 1	AGTGGAAATG [G/A] CATCCAGTGC	Σ	8	٥	4
	0 7 0 6 7 6 7 7	0.00	7011	ZNF76, zinc finger protein 76	GCAGTGCCCA [C/T] GGCGAGCTGG	Ŋ		<u> </u>	=
G334301	WIAF - 13545	0//614		ימאלו מחופה דיי כנונים				-	-
G3343u2	WIAF-13561	HT3770	425	ZNF76, zinc finger protein 76 425 (expressed in testis)	GAGCAGTATG [C/A] CAGCAAGGTT	Σ	U	4	

G3343u3	WIAF-13562	HT3770	143	ZNF76, zinc finger protein 76 143 (expressed in testis)	CACCAGGTGA [C/T] GGTACAGAAA	Σ	C	£.	Ę.	Σ
G3343u4	WIAF-13563	HT3770	646	ZNF76, zinc finger protein 76 646 (expressed in testis)	GAAGAGCCAC [G/T] TTCGTACCCA	Σ	9	H	۸	Ĺ,
G3343uS	WIAF-13564	HT3770	611	ZNF76, zinc finger protein 76 (expressed in testis)	AGCTGTGGAA (A/G) GGCCTTTGCC	Σ	A	U	×	~
G3344u1	WIAF-13664	HT3772	925	925 zinc finger protein MAZ	AGCTGTCGCA [C/T] TCGGACGAGA	S	U	Ţ	×	Ξ
<b>03345</b> u1	WIAF-13508	HT3823	315	TCF611, transcription factor 6- like 1 (mitochondrial 315 transcription factor 1-like)	TTCGATTTTC [T/C] AAAGAACAAC	S	F	U U	S	S
G3345u2	WIAF-13509	HT3823	167	TCF611, transcription factor 6- like 1 (mitochondrial	GGCGTGCTGA [G/C] TGCCCTGGGA	Σ	. 0	υ	Ø	Ę
G3345u3	WIAF-13531	HT3823		TCF6L1, transcription factor 6- like 1 (mitochondrial transcription factor 1-like)	TTATAACGTT [T/G] ATGTAGCTGA	Σ	T	o i	Ā	Ω
G3352u1	WIAF-13589	HT4005	1190	MITF, microphthalmia-associated	CTCGGAACTG [G/A] GACTGAGGCC	Σ	g	4		ш
<b>G3352u2</b>	WIAF-13604	HT4005	1156	MITF, microphthalmia-associated	TCTCACGGAT [G/A] GCACCATCAC	Σ	U	۸_	ø	vs
G3353u1	WIAF-13937	HT4010	360	GTF2H3, general transcription factor IIH, polypeptide 3 (34kD	atctaatgac [c/a] aaaagtgaca	တ	c	Æ	Ŧ	Į.
G3358u1	WIAF-13671	HT4187	398	ETV5, ets variant gene 5 (ets-398 related molecule)	GATGATGAAC [A/G] GTTTGTCCCA	Σ	A	ဗ	٥	~
G3358u2	WIAF-13672	HT4187	223	ETV5, ets variant gene 5 (ets- 223 related molecule)	TCAGCAAGTC[C/T]CTTTTATGGT	Σ	Ü	Ę=	Ъ	S

				ETV5, ets variant gene 5 (ets-			Г		H	Γ
G3358u3	WIAF-13673	HT4187	1236	1236 related molecule)	GACTGGAAGG [C/G] AAAGTCAAAC	S	J	J	<u>ი</u>	<u></u>
711831.60	WT86-13674	HT4187	1678	ETV5, ets variant gene 5 (ets-	TTACCTCCTG [G/A] ACATGGACCG	Σ		æ	2 0	
G3358u5	WIAF-13706	HT4187	414	ETVS, ets variant gene 5 (ets-	TCCCAGATTT [T/C] CAGTCTGATA	S	£-	U	(24 (24	
G3358u6	WIAF-13707	HT4187	1238	ETV5, ets variant gene 5 (ets- 1238 related molecule)	CTGGAAGGCA [A/G] AGTCAAACAG	Σ	A	Ð	×	α
1.196.10	WTAP-10152	HT1258	998	ACAT1, acetyl-Coenzyme A acetyltransferase 1 (acetoacetyl Coenzyme A thiolase)	AGAGCATGTC [C/A] AATGTTCCAT	S	U	Æ	σ <sub>1</sub>	s
G3369u1	WIAF-14047	HT4302	614	614 zinc finger protein DB1	ATCTCAATCG (A/G) CACAAGCTCT	S	A	G	N I	~
G337u1	WIAF-10268	HT1259	464	464 EDNRB, endothelin receptor type B AAAGAGACA[G/T]GACGGCAGGA	araggagaca [g/t] gacggcagga	Σ	U	Ę+	~	x
G337u2	WIAF-10298	HT1259	1281	1281 EDNRB, endothelin receptor type B TGAAGCTCAC[T/A]CTTTATAATC	TGAAGCTCAC[T/A]CTTTATAATC	တ	£+	4	F	E
G3373u1	WIAF-14203	HT4342	1253	MTF1, m transcri	CTCAACAGAC [A/G] GCTTCCTTGA	တ	4	o	Ęı	Ę-
G3390u1	WIAF-14182	HT4483	089	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133 680 (clone pHZ-13)	AGAGCCAGAG [C/T] TCTACCTCGA	Σ	υ	F		£4,
G3390u2	WIAF-14184	HT4483	1026	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133 1026 (clone pH2-13)	GCTCAGACAG [G/A] GAACCCTGAG	Σ	ڻ	4	U	ы
G3390u3	WIAF-14185	HT4483	1423	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133 (clone pH2-13)	AAAAGCCTTA [T/C] GTGTGCCGGG	Ø	Ę+	U	,	у.
G3390u4	WIAF-14197	HT4483	811	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133 (clone pHZ-13)	CTGGGGATCC[A/G]GGCCCAGGGG	S	Æ	G	۵.	a
G3390u5	WIAF-14198	HT4483	1420	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133	GGGAAAAGCC [T/G] TATGTGTGCC	ဟ	Ęı	G	Δ	a.
93390ne	WIAF-14199	HT4483	2143	ZNF133, zinc finger protein 133 2143 (clone pHZ-13)	CAGCTCTAAT [C/T] ACACACAAGC	S	ပ	E	н	
G3391u1	WIAP-13631	HT4484	391	ZNF136, zinc finger protein 136 (clone pHZ-20)	AGCATTGTAT [A/G] TGGAGAAGTC	Σ	Æ	9	>-	U
G3396u1	WIAF-13978	HT4491	1283	ZNF135, zinc finger protein 135 1283 (clone pHZ-17)	CACAGCTCCT [C/T] GCTCAGCCAG	Σ	U	£	S	.1
G3396u2	WIAF-13979	HT4491	1296	ZNF135, zinc finger protein 135 1296 (clone pHZ-17)	TCAGCCAGCA [C/T] GAAAGGACGC	တ	U	£-	*	=
G3396u3	WIAF-13980	HT4491	1028	ZNF135, zinc finger protein 135 1028 (clone pHZ-17)	AGTCACAGCT [C/T] GTCCCTCACC	Σ	U	E	S	.1

				1			ſ	T	-	
G3396u4	WIAF-13981	HT4491	1057	ZNF135, Zinc inger procein 135 1057 (clone pHZ-17)	GCGAATCCAC [A/G] CTGGGGAGAA	Σ	A	Ö	T.	
G3396u5	WIAF-13982	HT4491	1152	ZNF135, zinc finger protein 135 (clone pHZ-17)	CAGGAGAA (A/G) CCCTATGAAT	S	ď	۵ ×	×	
9339616	WIAF-13983	HT4491	1243	ZNF135,	AAAGCCGTAT [G/C] GGTGCAATGA	Σ	Ü	U U	~	
G3396u7	WIAF-13984	HT4491	1045	ZNF135, zinc finger protein 135 1045 (clone pHZ-17)	CACCAAACAT [C/T] AGCGAATCCA	2	υ	F	*	
034011	WIAF-10139	H71386	A O O	CYP27A1, cytochrome P450, subfamily XXVIIA (steroid 27- hydroxylase, cerebrotendinous 59 xanthomatosis), polypeptide 1	CCTATGGGCC [G/A] TTCACCACGG	. თ	Ö	4	<u>a.</u>	
634 m. 2	WTAF-10160	HT1386	801	CYP27A1, cytochrome P450, subfamily XXVIIA (steroid 27-hydroxylase, cerebrotendinous Anathomatosis), polypeptide 1	TCCCCAAGTG [G/A] ACTCGCCCG	z	Ð	4	3	
G341u1	WIAF-10121	HT1388	912	MUT, methylmalonyl Coenzyme A	GAGCTGGCCT (A/G) TACTTTAGCA	Σ	Æ	G	YC	
G341u2	WIAF-10128	HT1388	2087	MUT, methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase	TGCTGTGGGC [G/A] TAAGCACCCT	Σ	Ð	A	N I	
G3410u1	WIAF-13749	HT4550	1720	zinc finger homeodomain protein	TGAGICCTCT [G/T] TTTCATCAGC	Σ	U	H	) >	
G3410u2	WIAF-13750	HT4550	2843	2843 zinc finger homeodomain protein	AAACATCATT [T/C] GATTGAACAC	Σ	Ę	Ü	S	
G3410u3	WIAF-13751	HT4550	2745	2745 zinc finger homeodomain protein	AGATATTCCA [A/T] AAGAGTAGTT	Σ	V	F-	_ <u>=</u>	
G3410u4	WIAF-13775	HT4550	236	236 zinc finger homeodomain protein	agagaagga (a/c) tgctaagaac	Σ	æ	U	z	
G3410u5	WIAF-13776	HT4550	195	195 zinc finger homeodomain protein	TGCCAACAGA [C/T] CAGACAGTGT	တ	U	E	-	
G3410u6	WIAF-13777	HT4550	909	606 zinc finger homeodomain protein	ATAACTTTAG [T/C] TGCTCCCTGT	တ	Ęq	U	S	
G3410u7	WIAF-13793	HT4550	2073	2073 zinc finger homeodomain protein	CAGTTTTACC [A/G] GTGGGATCAA	တ	Æ			
G343u1	WIAF-10120	HT1552	561	S61 HK1, hexokinase 1	CTTGCCAACA[A/G]TCCAAAATAG	s	4	ű	의 이	

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634302	W1AF - 10124	766710	CCT		WONTH BOOK				П	1.	Т	Γ
				PECAM1,	platelet/endothelial cell	11						
G348u1	WIAF-10269	HT1906	2212	adhesior	2212 adhesion molecule (CD31 antigen)		TGACGATGTC (A/G) GAAACCATGC	S.	4	و	2	T
			-	PECAM1,	platelet/endothelial cell	thelial cell						
G348u2	WIAF-10277	HT1906	1656	1656 adhesion			GCCATTCCCA [C/T] GCCAAATGT	S	U	1	퓌	
				PECAM1,	platelet/endothelial cell	11		u u		2	<u> </u>	
G348u3	WIAF-10283	HT1906	577	577 adhesion	n molecule (CD31 antigen)		AGAGIACCAG (C/G) 1G11GG1GGA	•	T	T	T	T
G348a5	WIAF-13119	HT1906	~	PECAM1, adhesion	platelet/endothelial cell		ATTGTTCCC [C/G]	٠.	U	U		
G351u1	WIAF-10123	HT1990	1047	1047 OSBP, c	oxysterol binding protein		TGCTGGCAGA [G/A] TCAGATGAAT	s	v	4	EZ EX	
G351u2	WIAF-10132	HT1990	1023	1023 OSBP,	oxysterol binding protein		TGGCCAAGGC[C/A]AAAGCTGTGA	S	ပ	<u>4</u>	۸	
G355u1	WIAF-10146	HT2143	1670	١.	thrombospondin		AACTGCCTGA [G/A] TGTCTTAAAT	Æ	ບ	A	S	_
G355u2	WIAF-10165	HT2143	1186	1186 THBS4,	thrombospondin	4	TCGAAATGGA [G/C] CGTGCGTTCC	М		CA	A.	
G155a3	WIAF-10510	HT2143	1962	1962 THBS4,	thrombospondin	4	ACTGCCCCAC [C/G] GTCATTAACA	S	U	GT	<u>+</u>	
G355a4	WIAP-13125	HT2143	1963	1963 THBS4,	thrombospondin	4	CTGCCCCACC [G/a] TCATTAACAG	Σ	g	a	V I	
G3552u1	Ì	HT28101	1006	1006 CLCN2,	chloride channel	1 2	AAGAGACTAT [T/C] ACAGCCCTCT	S		C. I	-	
G3552u2	١.	HT28101	1823	1823 CLCN2,	chloride channel	2	CCGCCACCAG [C/T] AGTACCGGGT	N	ပ	ī	*	
G3552u3	WIAF-12736	HT28101	2254	2254 CLCN2,	chloride channel	2	GGAGCGCAGA [G/C] TCGGCAGGCA	Σ	o	Ü	의	
G3565u1	WIAF-12744	HT2896	334	334 calcyclin	in		GCCCTCAAGG [G/A] CTGAAAATAA	Σ	g	4	0	
G357u1	WIAF-10267	HT2244	4300	4300 C4B, C	complement component 4B	nent 4B	ATGAGTACGA [T/C] GAGCTTCCAG	တ	£-	U	۵	Δ
G357u2	WIAF-10280	HT2244	5605	5095 C4B, C	complement component	nent 4B	TCATGGGTCT [G/A] GATGGGGCCA	တ	ڻ	4	2	ı
G357u3	WIAF-10295	HT2244	2996	2996 C4B, C	complement component 4B	nent 4B	CTCAGATCCA [T/C] TGGACACTTT	တ	Į+		1	J.
635911	WIAF-10026	HT2411	936	PLAT, 936 tissue	plasminogen act	activator,	CGCAGGCTGA [A/G] GTGGGAGTAC	Σ	æ	v	- <u>2</u> F	Σ
	00001 11411	1170411	1444	1	plasminogen activator,	ivator,	AGGCCTTGTC (T/C) CCTTTCTATT	ဟ	Ę	·	67	s
G359a2	WIAF-10520	41421		,,,,,,,							1	

	3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	, :0, ::	100	710.00	) A Lounday of Jack the	CHACABAGGA [G/A] ACCACATOTTE	8	c	4		E S
G3592u1	WIAF-12759	H14214	68/	/43 CECN4,	,	בוורושארפש (פ/ ש) ארבשבוווופ	, ,	T	Ţ	T	, ,
G3592u2	WIAF-12761	HT4214	835	835 CLCN4,	chloride channel 4	GCTTACATTC [T/G] GAATTACTTA	Σ	£	U	اد.	~
G361u1	WIAF-10053	HT2479	857	cystathionine 857 transcript 1	lne beta synthase, alt. 1	TGGCTCACTA [C/T] GACACCACCG	တ	U	<b>t</b> →	*	<b>&gt;</b> -
G361u2	WIAF-10056	HT2479	1097	cystathionin	e beta synthase, alt.	TCATCCCCAC [G/A] GTGCTGGACA	S	O	A	F	f-
G362u1	WIAF-10058	HT2638	223	ADRB2, recepto	ADRB2, adrenergic, beta-2-,	GGCACCCAAT [G/A] GAAGCCATGC	Σ	U	4	ၓ	~
G362u2	WIAF-10059	HT2638	429	ADRB2, recepto	ADRB2, adrenergic, beta-2-,	TCATGGGCCT [G/A] GCAGTGGTGC	ß	უ	Æ	ı	ı
G362u3	WIAF-10060	HT2638	256	ADRB2, receptor	ADRB2, adrenergic, beta-2-, 256 receptor, surface	CGTCACGCAG [G/C] AAAGGGACGA	Σ	ပ	U	ω	٥
G362u4	WIAF-10093	HT2638	1230	ADRB2, recepto	ADRB2, adrenergic, beta-2-,	AGGCCTATGG [G/C] AATGGCTACT	ဟ	U	U	U	g
G3620u1	WIAF-12808	HT97200	458	ACATN, ace	tyl-Coenzyme A	CACTCTCTGG (A/G) TATGAAGAGC	Σ	4	g	۵	U
G3627u1	WIAF-12820	HT97387	347	NAPG, 1	N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive attachment protein, gamma	GCAGAAACTA [C/T] CAGAGGCCGT	Σ.	U	F	Д	S
G366u1	WIAF-10046	HT2764	186	BDKRB2,	bradykinin receptor B2	GCCTCCTTCA (T/C) GGCCTACAGC	Σ	£+	υ	Σ	Ŧ
G366a2	WIAF-10500	HT2764	820	BDKRB2,	bradykinin receptor B2	AGATCCAGAC [G/A]GAGAGGAGGG	S	ဗ	A	~ <b>⊢</b>	Ę.
G366a3	WIAF-10501	HT2764	961	961 BDKRB2,	bradykinin receptor B2	GCATCATCGA [T/C] GTAATCACAC	_ κ	E	υ	Ω	۵
G367u1	WIAF-10156	HT27685	6965	ACACA, carboxy	ACACA, acetyl-Coenzyme A 6965 carboxylase alpha	ATCATCCATA [T/C] GACGCAGCAC	2	Ę	υ		U
G370u1	WIAF-10281	HT27888	3250	Н	leptin receptor	AAAATTCTCC [G/A] TTGAAGGATT	S	0	4	G,	۵,
G370u2	WIAF-10282	HT27888	3229	3229 LEPR,	leptin receptor	TCACCAAGTG [C/T] TTCTCTAGCA	S	را	F	υ i	ان
G370u3	WIAF-10284	HT27888	1005			CAATATCAAG [T/C] GAAATATTCA	Σ	٠, ١	ر ا	> ;	∢ :
G370u4	WIAF-10285	HT27888	1894	LEPR,	receptor	CAGAGAATAA [C/T] CTTCAATTCC	20	<u>ر</u> ا	٠,٠	z	z (
G370uS	WIAF-10299	HT27888	1222	LEPR,		TTCTGACAAG [T/C] GTTGGGTCTA	nΣ	. c	ے اد	n ×	0 2
G370u6	WIAF-10300	HTZ / BBB	240	240 Coat	reptili receptor	acetyltransferase TCATCTACTC [G/C] AGCCCAGGCG	. o	ی ا	ں ا	s o	S
G371a2	WIAF-12093	HT27943	287		carnitine acetyltransferase GGAGAACTGG (C/T) TGTCTGAGTG	GGAGAACTGG [C/T] TGTCTGAGTG	ν	U	[+	1,1	د.

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Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	S	S	S	Σ.	Σ	s	S	S	Σ	S	Σ	Σ	Σ.	М	S
TGGAGCTCCA [C/A] AGAAGGATGT	CACCTCCCAC [G/A] TCCCGGAGGT	CTGGACAGGG (T/C) GACCCGAGAG	CAAGAGCTAC [A/G] TCATCGCTGG	TGGCACACAT [C/T] CTGGGCATCC	GGGCCATCAA [C/T] GTCCTGCTGA	ACATGGCCCA (A/G) GGGAAGCACA	GGACCCGGCT [1/C] CCGTCGTGA	CACCTTTGTG [G/A] TGATACCAAC	TCTACCTGGA [C/T] GGCAGGTGTG	GGCAGGATGC (A/G) TGTGGTTCCA	GCGTGCCCAC [G/A] AGTCCGGAGG	AGCAGCGGGC [G/A] AGGCTCCCCC	atgacagtgc [a/g] ggaaagcagc	atcacagaca [c/g] tctggttgca	CACTCTCCAG [G/C] AGCTCCGTGC	GCTGCTGCCG [C/G] CAACCTACAA	CTCCAGAAAT [G/A] CTGAGGAACA	TTGCTCGTGC [C/G] GTGGACACAC
HADHA, hydroxyacyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase/3-ketoacyl-Coenzyme A thiolase/encyl-Coenzyme A hydratase (trifunctional protein),	4435 FASN, fatty acid synthase	5996 FASN, fatty acid synthase	5644 FASN, fatty acid synthase	6387 FASN, fatty acid synthase	567 FASN, fatty acid synthase	5520 FASN, fatty acid synthase	PCCB, propionyl Coenzyme A	PCCB, propionyl Coenzyme A 1416 carboxylase, beta polypeptide	831 INSR, insulin receptor	1698 INSR, insulin receptor	2382 INSR, insulin receptor	phospholipase C, beta 3, alt. 3633 transcript 2	PRCP, prolylcarboxypeptidase 1505 (anglotensinase C)	PRCP, prolylcarboxypeptidase	SREBF2, sterol regulatory element 2697 binding transcription factor 2	SREBF2, sterol regulatory element 1901 binding transcription factor 2	245 SELPLG, selectin P ligand	NOS3, nitric oxide synthase 3 (2049) (endothelial cell)
HT28247	HT28496	HT28496	HT28496	HT28496	HT28496	HT28496	HT2996	HT2996	HT3159	HT3159	HT3159	HT33546	нТ3383	HT3383	HT3439	HT3439	HT3440	HT3568
WIAE-10506	WIAF-10103	WIAF-10104	WIAF-10105	WIAF-10115	WIAF-10119	WIAF-12094	WIAF-10142	WIAF-10143	WIAF-10122	WIAF-10126	WIAF-11605	WIAF-10125	WIAF-10141	WIAF-10157	WIAF-11729	WIAF-11770	WIAF-10270	WIAF-10276
G372a1	G374u1	G374u2	G374u3	G374u4	G374u5	G374a6	G377u1	G377u2	G380u1	G380u2	G380u4	G383u1	G385u1	G385u2	G387u1	G387u2.	G388u1	G390u1

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G391u1	WIAF-10013	HT3630	6205	6205 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	AGGACCTGGA [G/C] GTGATTCTCC	Σ	Ö	Ü	ы	_
G391n2	WIAF-10265	HT3630	4554	4554 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	GCCCCTGAGA [A/G] CAAGGCCTTC	Σ	4	U	z	ဟ
G391u3	WIAF-10266	HT3630	7489	7489 VWF.	von Willebrand factor	TGGCCTCAAC [C/T] GCCACCAATG	s	υ	Ę	F	£-
G391u4	WIAF-10272	HT3630	2470	2470 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	ACTGTACCAT [G/A] AGTGGAGTCC	Σ	ტ	< <	Σ	I
0391u5	WIAF-10273	HT3630	2615	2615 VWF.	von Willebrand factor	GCTCGAGTGT [A/G] CCAAAACGTG	Σ	⋖	. 0	1	
911660	WIAF-10274	HT3630	2635	2635 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	GCCAGAACTA [T/C] GACCTGGAGT	S	Ę٠	ں	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
G391u7	WIAF-10275	HT3630	4045 VWF,	VWF,	von Willebrand factor	TCTCGGAACC [G/A] CCGTTGCACG	တ	g	<	D <sub>4</sub>	. ف
G391u8	WIAF-10278	HT3630	4446	4446 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	AACTITGICC [G/A] CTACGICCAG	Σ	U	_ «	æ	×
G391u9	WIAF-10279	HT3630	5152	5152 VWP,	von Willebrand factor	GCCCTAATGC [C/T] AACGTGCAGG	တ	U	Į.	4	A
G391u10	WIAF-10286	HT3630	3448	3448 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	TTACCAGTGA [C/T] GTCTTCCAGG	S	ပ	T	۵	۵
G391n11	WIAF-10287	HT3630	4891	4891 VWF,	von Willebrand factor	ACATGGTGAC [C/T] GTGGAGTACC	S	υ	£-	E	Ę-
G391u12	WIAF-10288	HT3630	4805 VWF,	VWF,	von Willebrand factor	CAGGAGCAAG (G/A) AGTTCATGGA	_Σ	U	4	떠	×
G391u13	WIAP-10289	HT3630	4943 VWF,	VWP,	von Willebrand factor	CCTGCAGCGG [G/T] TGCGAGAGAT	Σ	U	Т	۸	u
G391u14	WIAF-10290	HT3630	4915 WF,	VWF.	von Willebrand factor	TCAGCGAGGC [A/C] CAGTCCAAAG	S	¥	٥	4	A
G391a15	WIAF-10517	HT3630	6194 VWF,	VWF,	von Willebrand factor	AAACAAGGAG [C/T] AGGACCTGGA	Z	S	£+	·o	
G391a16	WIAF-13222	HT3630	6419 VWF,	VWF,	von Willebrand factor	TCACCTTGGT [C/T] ACATCTTCAC	Σ	υ	1	Ξ	<b>×</b>
G3941u1	WIAF-14123	HT3464	1265	manno	1265 mannosidase, alpha, lysosomal	CAGGTGTGCA (A/G) CCAGCTGGAG	Σ	Æ	ဗ	z	တ
G3941u2	WIAF-14135	HT3464	965	manno	965 mannosidase, alpha, lysosomal	ACCAACCACA [C/T] TGTGATGACC		o	7	T	H
G395u1	WIAF-10271	HT4158	1627	ECE1, 1627 enzyme	endothelin converting 1	TCACTGCCGA [T/C] CAGCTCAGGA	S	T	υ	Q	٥

	_			ECE1,	endothelin converting					_
G395a2	WIAF-13110	HT4158	1493	a)	1	CATCTACAAC (A/T) TGATAGGATA	Σ	A	<u>Σ</u>	-
				ADTB1,	adaptin, beta 1 (beta					
G3959u1	WIAF-13634	HT4490	250	250 prime)		TGAAGAAGCT [G/A] GTATACCTCT	S	0	<u>۲</u>	-
				ADTB1,	adaptin, beta 1 (beta	TO A COMMISSION CO. TO J. M.J. CO.C. C. C. C. M.J. C.		F	<u>,</u>	<u>.</u>
G3959u2	WIAF-13640	HT4490	2029	2029 prime)		וונרוופניפפ (וו/כ) פפרכו ופארא	,	T	T	1
				ADTB1,	adaptin, beta 1 (beta		_			
G3959u3	WIAF-13641	HT4490	2395	2395 prime)		AGGTCCACGC [G/A] CCACTCAGCC	S	ပ	A A	4
				ACTC,	actin, alpha, cardiac				_	
G3967u1	WIAF-13997	HT2958	918	918 muscle		GAGGCACCAC [T/C] ATGTACCCTG	s	۴	F U	F
G3968u1	WIAF-14159	HT1986	1747	1747 ACTN3,	actinin, alpha 3	CGAGGCTGAC [C/T] GAGAGCGAGG	z	U	4	•
G3968u2	WIAF-14164	HT1986	1900	1900 ACTN3,	actinin, alpha 3	GGTGCCCAGC [C/T] GTGACCAGAC	Σ	ບ	T R	<u>ن</u>
G3968u3	WIAF-14165	HT1986	2184	2184 ACTN3,	actinin, alpha 3	ACACCGTCTA [C/T] AGCATGGAGC	S	C	T	<u>۲</u>
G3968u4	WIAF-14167	HT1986	2557	2557 ACTN3,		GATCTTGGCA [G/A] GAGACAAGAA	M		A G	æ
G3968u5	WIAF-14175	HT1986	1212	1212 ACTN3,	actinin, alpha 3	GGCTGCTCTC [G/A] GAGATCCGGC	S		¥	S
G3979u1	WIAF-13884	HT0623	776	776 GPC1,	; ~	TGCTGCTGCC [T/G] GATGACTACC	S		0	<u>م</u>
G3979u2	WIAF-13885	HT0623	680	680 GPC1,	glypican 1	TGTACTACCG [C/T] GGTGCCAACC	S	c	Į.	R R
G3979u3	WIAF-13886	HT0623	1361	1361 GPC1,	glypican 1	AGCTGGTCTC [T/C] GAAGCCAAGG	S		Ü	S
G3979u4	WIAF-13887	HT0623	1163	1163 GPC1,	glypican 1	AGAGTGTCAT [C/T] GGCAGCGTGC	S	ပ	E	ı
G3979u5	WIAF-13888	HT0623	1670	1670 GPC1,	glypican 1	ACCCCAGTGA [C/T] GACGCCAGCG	S		Ŧ	O O
G3979u6	WIAP-13905	HT0623	1069	1069 GPC1,	glypican 1	CTTGCCAACC [A/T] GGCCGACCTG	Σ	A	Ŀ	0
G3979u7	WIAF-13906	HT0623	1514	1514 GPC1,	glypican l	TCATGGGTGA [C/T] GGCCTGGCCA	S		Į.	0
G3979u8	WIAF-13907	HT0623	1720	1720 GPC1,	glypican 1	GACCTCTGCG [G/C] CCGGAAGGTC	Σ	G	S	G G
G3979u9	WIAF-13908	HT0623	1676	1676 GPC1,	glypican 1	GTGACGACGG [C/T] AGCGGCTCGG	S	၁	T	G
G3979u10	WIAF-13909	HT0623	1719	1719 GPC1,	glypican 1	TGACCTCTGC [G/A] GCCGGAAGGT	Σ		A	G S
G399u1	WIAF-10102	HT48511	450	450 AQP3,	aquaporin 3	TCTGGCACTT [T/C] GCCGACAACC	Ø	Т	Ü	E.
G399u2	WIAF-10111	HT48511	192	192 AQP3,	aquaporin 3	Gerecençee (c/t) cagetratee	S	ပ	۴	4
G399u3	WIAF-10112	HT48511	165	165 AQP3,	aquaporin 3	cccrcarccr(c/g) grgargrrrg	S	Ü	0	1
				MFAP2,	microfibrillar-associated					
G3997u1	WIAF-13649	HT27682	473	protein	n 2	TGTGTGCCCA [C/T] GAGGAGCTCC	S	٥	<u>-</u>	표
				MFAP2,			;	,		
G3997u2	WIAF-13650	HT27682	377	377 protein	n 2	CCATACACAG [G/T] CCTTGCAAAC	Σ	٥	-	8
				MFAP2,	microfibrillar-associated					
G3997u3	WIAF-13876	HT27682	453	453 protein	2 u	GGAGATCTGT [G/T] TTCGTACAGT	Σ	٥	<u>-</u>	<u>د</u> د
				TGM1,	transglutaminase 1 (K					
				polyper	polypeptide epidermal type I,					
			-	protein	protein-glutamine-gamma-	KAKODODBAD (O) BJ BOBO SAF TOM		_6	,	<u>e</u>
G4022u1	WIAF-14020	HT2426	240	glutamy	240 glutamyltransterase)	וופפרופרופו (ו/ר) באופרבפאשא		]	1	1

				TGM1, transglutaminase 1 (K polypeptide epidermal type I, protein-glutamine-gamma-					
G4022u2	WIAF-14021	HT2426	371	glutamyltransferase)	CCCGGGGCAG [C/T] GGTGTCAATG	S		F-	5
i				TGM1, transglutaminase 1 (K polypeptide epidermal type I,	*:				
G4022u3	WIAF-14022	HT2426	506		ACGAGCTGAT [A/G] GTGCGCCGCG	Σ	A	H U	Σ
				TGM1, transglutaminase 1 (K nolymentide epidermal tyme I					
G4022u4	WIAF-14031	HT2426	2491	protein-glutamine-gamm glutamyltransferase)	GCTGGAGGTG [A/T] CAGTCACTTA	Σ	4	Т	>
				LAMB3, laminin, beta 3 (nicein (125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600					
G4038u1	WIAF-13998	HT4211	411		GGTGGCAGTC [C/A] CAGAATGATG	S	C	A	S
				LAMB3, laminin, beta 3 (nicein (125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600					
G4038u2	WIAP-13999	HT4211	258	(125kD))	CTTCATCTAC [C/T] TGTGGACTGA	S		_	T.
				LAMB3, laminin, beta 3 (nicein (125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600					
G4038u3	WIAF-14002	HT4211	1830	,	GAGGCTACTG [C/T] AATCGCTACC	S	U	F	ن د
				laminin,					
G4038u4	WIAF-14003	HT4211	2668	(125KD), kalinin (140KD), BM600 (125KD))	GACCAGGCAG (A/T) TGATTAGGGC	Σ	4	E-	Σ Ω
			·	laminin, beta 3 (r					
G4038uS	WIAF-14018	HT4211	248	(125kD); kallilli (140kD); Broco (125kD))	TTTCTCCGAG [C/T] TTCATCTACC	Σ	U	F	> 4
				laminin,					
134038116	WIAF-14019	HT4211	887	(125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600 (125kD))	CACGGCCATG [C/T] TGATCGCTGC	Σ	υ	F	> 4
				LAMB3, laminin, beta 3 (nicein					
			3361	(125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600	actendance [G/A] GATGGGGCAG	c)	U	4	<u>a</u>
240390	WINE - 14023	nistri.		TANDO Jamining Poro 2 (picoin					-
				), kalinin (140kD)					
G4038u8	WIAF-14025	HT4211	1693	(125kD))	CTATGGAGAC [G/A] TGGCCACAGG	Σ	U	4	Σ >
				_					
0.00	2007 L - G 4 T 1.1	1107411	1553	(125kD), kalinin (140kD), BM600   1553  (125kD))	GGCTGTGAAC [C/T] GTGTGCCTGC	Σ	U	F	<u>.1</u>
G#O30H2	177 - TATE							1	

							r	r	-	Γ
G4038u10	WIAF-14029	HT4211	3562	, kalinin	CCTGACAGGA [C/T] TGGAGAAGCG		<u></u>	<u>د</u>	<u>-1</u>	
				LAMB3, laminin, beta 3 (nicein (125kD) kalinin (140kD). BM600			-			
G4038u11	WIAF-14030	HT4211	3546		TGCTGCGCTC [A/G] GCGGACCTGA	S	A	9	SS	
G4045u1	WIAF-13571	HT0652	1266	1266 adducin, beta subunit	TGGAGCAGGA [G/T] AAGCACCGGC	M	G	Ŧ	<u>а</u>	
G4050ul	WIAF-14106	HT1466	1366	1366 villin	CGTTTGGCAG [G/A] GCAGCCAGGC	Σ	ט	A	G S	
G4050u2	WIAF-14107	HT1466	1468	1468 villin	GGTCCCAATG [G/A] GCAAGGAGCC	Σ	0	A	S	7
G4050u3	WIAF-14108	HT1466	1932	1932 villin	CCACAGAGAT [C/T] CCTGACTTCA	S	ر د	T	-	
G4050u4	WIAF-14110	HT1466	2438	2438 villin	TTTGGGATGA [C/T] TCCAGCTGCC	Ж	r L	т  т	I	
G4057u1	WIAF-13648	HT33633	371	CNN3, calponin 3, acidic	TTCAGGCTTA [T/C] GGTATGAAGC	s	F-	U	X X	
G4066u1	WIAF-13676	HT4301	654	troponin T, beta, skeletal	agattgacaa [g/a] ttcgagtttg	S	5 S	A	KK	
G4066u2	WIAF-13677	HT4301	774	troponin T, beta, skeletal	GCAAAGTCGG [C/T] GGGCGCTGGA		C	T (	g g	
G4066u3	WIAF-13708	HT4301	625	625 troponin T, beta, skeletal	GGAGCTCTGG [G/C] AGACCCTGCA	Σ	b	Ü	O 3	
				HSPG2, heparan sulfate						!
G4080u1	WIAF-14142	HT1396	13130	proteoglycan 2 (perlecan)	GATTCTCCTC [G/A] GGCATCACAG	S	0	4	S	٦
G4080u2	WIAF-14150	HT1396	10340	HSPG2, heparan sulfate	TTGAGTTCCA [C/T] TGTGCTGTGC	_ ω	υ		<u>=</u> =	
				HSPG2, heparan sulfate					_	
G4080u3	WIAF-14151	HT1396	12392	12392 proteoglycan 2 (perlecan)	AATGCTATGA [T/C] AGCTCCCCAT	S	Ę.	Ü	<u>0</u>	
		)		HSPG2, heparan sulfate	いろう キャルワ キン (も/ ひ) しつつかつほうかい	ú	<u>.</u>	E		<u> </u>
6408004	WIAF - 14152	HITTOR	3410	3410 proceediycan z (pertecan)	ופקרופוסררור/ זו משפששירים		T	1	T	T
G4080uS	WIAF-14154	HT1396	4588	HSPG2, heparan sulfate 588 proteoglycan 2 (perlecan)	GTGCCGCTGG [T/C] GGCCAGCATC	Σ		υ	× >	
				HSPG2, heparan sulfate						
G4080u6	WIAF-14156	HT1396	9582	9582 proteoglycan 2 (perlecan)	GGACAGCCAC [G/A] CGGTGCTGCA	Σ	<u>.</u>	æ	A	1
G4096u1	WIAF-13890	HT4237	394	motor protein	CAAAGAAATC [G/A] ATTCAGTCGG	တ	S	4	S	
G4096u2	WIAF-13910	HT4237	455	motor protein	ATCTAAACAG [C/T] CTGCCTCACA	Σ	ر د	<u>-</u>	P S	
G4096u3	WIAF-13911	HT4237	1150	motor protein	CTAAGGTTGT [A/G] TCTCAGTATC	S	٨	0	<u>&gt;</u>	٦
G4109ul	WIAF-14034	HT28223	1238	238 phosphoglucomutase-related protein TACAGCGTGG[C/T]GAAGACGGAT	TACAGCGTGG [C/T] GAAGACGGAT	Σ	U	F	>	
G4109u2	WIAF-14035	HT28223	1043	1043 phosphoglucomutase-related protein	protein ATTATTGCTG[C/A]CCGGAAGCAG	Σ	<u>-</u> ن	4	<u>ο</u>	
G411201	WIAF-13615	HT4401	374	374 KIFSA, kinesin family member SA	AGATGTCCTT [G/A] CTGGCTACAA	Σ	o S	A	Ā	
G4112u2	WIAF-13623	HT4401	2767	2767 KIFSA, kinesin family member SA	AGAGAGTTAA [G/T] GCCCTGGAGG	Σ		Į.	X	
				l						

						_				
Callani	WIAP-14113	HT4160	830	830 fibrinogen-like protein pT49	AACTTCACCA [G/A] AACATGGCAA	Σ	g	A	~	×
G4118u1	WIAF-14010	HT0841	564	MYL5, myosin, light polypeptide 5, regulatory	TCGATGTGC [G/A]GGCAACCTGG	S	G	A	<u>^</u>	Æ
G4118u2	WIAF-14011	HT0841	368	MYL5, myosin, light polypeptide 368 S, regulatory	TTCACCATGT [T/C] TCTGAACCTG	Σ	Т	C	- B	S
G4118u3	WIAF-14012	HT0841	533	MYL5, myosin, light polypeptide 533 5, regulatory	GAGGTGGACC [A/G] GATGTTCCAG	Σ	æ	9	ð	æ
G4122ul	WIAF-13955	HT97538	191	161 myosin-I	TCGAGAACCT [A/G] CGGCGGCGAT	S	A	o	П	ı
G4124u1	WIAF-13895	HT0925	1517	TGM3, transglutaminase 3 (E polypeptide, protein-glutamine- gamma-glutamyltransferase)	TCGCTGGCAT [G/A] CTGGCAGTAG	Σ	ß	4	Σ	н
				TGM3, transglutaminase 3 (E polypeptide, protein-glutamine-						
G4124u2	WIAF-13896	HT0925	1433	1433 gamma-glutamyltransferase)	AACCCAACAC [G/A] CCATTTGCCG	S	ی ا	<b>∀</b> (	H 0	H 0
C4 1 2 P U I	WAR - 13830	604711	1033	myostu namang procesu n	שרוכפושרור (כ/ פן זוררפפפורו	, ;	, ,	Ī	Τ	Ţ,
G4126u2	WIAF-13853	HT2465	369	369 myosin binding protein H	AGAGAGGAG [G/C] CTCGGAGTGG	Σ		ان	,	<
G4130ul	WIAF-13614	HT1657	198	198 CFL1, cofilin 1 (non-muscle)	CTGTCGACGA [T/C] CCCTACGCCA	S	F	U		Ω
G4138u1	WIAF-13598	HT33664	601	MAGP2: Microfibril-associated 601 glycoprotein-2	GAAAGATGAG [C/T] TTTGCCGTCA	Σ	υ	F	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	Œ.
G4138u2	WIAF-13599	HT33664	4.05	MAGP2: Microfibril-associated	ATGACTTGGC [C/T] TCCCTCAGTG	S	ບ	£	4	A
G4138u3	WIAF-13600	HT33664	327	MAGP2: Microfibril-associated glycoprotein-2	AAGATCCTAA (T/C) CTGGTGAATG	S	Ţ	C	2	2
G4159u1	WIAF-14048	HT3443	1119	SNL, singed (Drosophila)-like	GCTGCTACTT [1/C]GACATCGAGT	S	E	υ	D.	D <sub>4</sub>
G4170ul	WIAF-13580	HT5069	1131	Golgi protein, peripheral,	GAAATATACC [A/G] TAAGTATGGA	Æ	Æ	U	ı	>
G4170u2	WIAF-13581	HT5069	930	Golgi protein, peripheral, 930 brefeldin A-sensitive	GTATAATAAA [C/T] TCCTGGAGTT	Σ	ບ	F	ر.	G.
G4170u3	WIAF-13582	HT5069	2312	Golgi protein, peripheral, 2312 brefeldin A-sensitive	AGCAGCCTTA [A/G] GCATCTTGGA	Z	∢	U		
G4170u4	WIAF-13596	HT5069	359	Golgi protein, peripheral, 359 brefeldin A-sensitive	TCAACCAGCT [T/G] TCTGTGCCTT	_ σ	F	O	اد	,

							ŀ	ŀ	-
G4170u5	WIAF-13597	HT5069	1001	Golgi protein, peripheral, 1007 brefeldin A-sensitive	aaaaagcaa [t/a] actgttcctg	F	A	z	_×
G4171u1	WIAF-13688	HT1587	199	667 KIFSB, kinesin family member 5B	TTTTTAATTA [T/C] ATTTACTCCA	S	<u>.</u>	>-	->
G4171u2	WIAF-13689	HT1587	1036	1036 KIF5B, kinesin family member 5B	TTAGTAAAC (T/C) GGAGCTGAAG	S	. U	Ð	H
G4176u1	WIAF-14204	HT33754	130	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 130 janusin)	GCTCATTGGC [G/A] TCAACCTGAT	Σ	<u>ل</u> ا ق	>	
G4176u2	WIAF-14205	HT33754	463	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 463 janusin)	CTGTCCATGT [G/T] CCAGTTCAGC	Σ	G	_∢	Ŋ
G4176u3	WIAF-14206	HT33754	249	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 249 janusin)	ACTACAACAC [G/A] TCCAGCAAAG	8	<u>«</u> ق	+3	H
G4176u4	WIAF-14208	HT33754	2009	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 2009 janusin)	CTGGTCCCCA [G/A] GGGCATTGGT	Σ	<b>لا</b> ق	ac.	×
04176uS	WIAF-14209	HT33754	2175	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 2175 janusin)	CAGCCTCCTC [G/A] GAGACCTCCA	တ	<u>م</u> ن	ω	_ σ
G4176u6	WIAF-14210	HT33754	3318	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 3318 janusin)	AATCCACCGA [C/T] GGAAGCCGCA	ω	<del>اء</del> ن	_ Ω	Δ
G4176u7	WIAF-14211	HT33754	3221	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 3221 janusin)	CCGGCAAACC [T/C] GACAGCCAGT	Σ	. F	13	
G4176u8	WIAF-14217	HT33754	1635	TNR, tenascin R (restrictin, 1635 janusin)	TCTCGGACAC [C/T] GTGGCTTTTG	σ,	n F		F
G4178u1	WIAF-14138	HT0224	2827	2827 ACTN2, actinin, alpha 2	GCTGCGTTCT [C/T] TTCCGCACTC	Σ	r F	5	Ci,
G4178u2	WIAF-14139	HT0224	2818	2818 ACTN2, actinin, alpha 2	CTGGATTACG [C/T] TGCGTTCTCT	Σ	٦ ٦	4	>
G418u1	WIAF-11750	L07594	2370	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	GAGTGCACTT [C/T] CCTATCCCGC	w	- F	(Eq.	(ka
G418u2	WIAF-11751	L07594	2586	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	AGAAGACGTT [C/T] ACCAAGCCCC	ω	₽	(Es.)	Ĉt.
G418u3	WIAF-11752	L07594	2671	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III	AATTTCTCCA [C/T] CAATTTTCCA	Æ	F C	<u>a</u>	ω

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G418u4	WIAF-11771	L07594	4 8 8	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	TGTGTGAACT [G/T] TCACCTGTCA	S	9	<u>-</u> ا	1	
G418us	WIAF-11744	107594	392		CTGATGAGCT [T/C] CTGTTTAGCC	Σ		<b>5</b>	F S	
G418u6	WIAF-11772	107594	1470	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	AGCTACGGAT [C/T] CTGCTGGACC	Ω.	υ	F.	<u> </u>	
G418u7	WIAF-11773	107594		TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	tcttgaagtg [c/a] aaaaagtctg	2	υ	4	U	
G418u8	WIAF-11745	107594	1463	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	CCTCCTGAGC [T/C] ACGGATCCTG	E	F	U	- T	
G418u9	WIAF-11746	107594	2211	TGFBR3, transforming growth factor, beta receptor III (betaglycan, 300kD)	ATGTTGAGGT [A/G] TCTGTTACTA	Ø	ď	0	Λ	
G4181u1	WIAF-14207	HT2008	425	SPTBN1, spectrin, beta, non-	CTCTGCGCGG [C/T] TTTTTGAGCG	Σ	υ	F	٦	És,
G4181u2	WIAF-14213	HT2008	3565	SPTBN1, spectrin, beta, non- 3565 erythrocytic 1	AGACAGCGAT [C/T] GCCTCGGAGG	S	ပ	Ŧ	II	
G4181u3	WIAF-14218	HT2008	1258	SPTBN1, spectrin, beta, non-	ACCTTCTGGA [A/G] TGGATTGAAC	S	A	G	8	60
G4181u4	WIAF-14219	HT2008	1780	SPTBN1, spectrin, beta, non- 1780 erythrocytic 1	AGCTCGAGGC [C/T] GAGAATTACC	တ	၀	T	A	
G4181u5	WIAF-14220	HT200B	3637	SPTBN1, spectrin, beta, non- 3637 erythrocytic 1	ACATCAAGAA [T/C] GAGATCGACA	s	Ţ	- -	Z	
G4183u1	WIAF-13976	HT2640	404	404 TPM4, tropomyosin 4	CCAAGCACAT [T/C] GCGGAAGAGG	S	T	U	1	
G4185u1	WIAF-13554	HT3451	257	MFAP1, microfibrillar-associated protein 1	AAGGCCAGAC[T/G]ATGCCCCTAT	Σ	Ę	v	, ,	۵
G4185u2	WIAF-13555	HT3451	1108	MFAP1, microfibrillar-associated	CCAACAAAGC [T/G] GTTAAGGGCA	S	f+	U	4	

		-		MPAD1	m ( ) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -						
G4185u3	WIAF-13570	HT3451	274	274 protein	with out the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state						
G4196u1	WIAF-13665	HT97558	941		חווט פיויטטטטוטווט	CIAIGGAGIC (C/T) TCAGATGAGG	S	ᆈ	۴	S	S
G4196u2	WIAF-13666	HT975CB	500	Т	nacieoporin aaku	GGGTCCATTG [C/A] CCATGCATCT	Σ	ပ	K	4	Ω
G4196u3	WIAF-13667	HT9755B		1	Mucreoporth 88KD	ATGACCACAC [G/A] TCAGAAAGT	S	១	A	T	Ŧ
G4196u4	WTAF-13668	חשרטבנים	1001	1	nucleoporin 88kD	TCCATCCAGC [G/A] TCTCCTCCCC	S	ပ	4	4	A
64196115	WTAP-12660	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	7227		nucleoporin 88kD	AGGGTGAACA (T/C) ATAAGGGAAA	S	۴۰	ပ	×	Ħ
G420801	WT85-13031	119/558	220		nucleoporin 88kD	CCATCCTGAA [A/G] GAGGAGGGTG	S	A	u	Π	×
C4208112	MTNO 10001	77171	1323	- 1	vinculin	TGATCCTAAA [G/C] AAAGAGATGA	Σ	မ	ပ	Γ	
2000	MING-13922	HT1122	2436	- 1	vinculin	CCATCTCCCC (A/G) ATGGTGATGG	S	4	0	Γ	Δ.
50007	WIAF-13941	HT1122	818		vinculin	GGGATGAAGA (T/C) GCCTGGGCCA	v.	E	ر	Τ	
G4 20804	WIAF-13942	HT1122	1556	1556 VCL, vi	vinculin	AAGCACAGCG [G/A] TGGATTGATA	0	<u>.</u>	, -	Ţ	T.
G4213u1	WIAF-13605	HT2813	163	163 NUP153,	nucleoporin 153kD	GCCAGGGTGG (T/C) TACABAGATA	,   .	) E	, ,	7	
G4213u2	WIAF-13606	HT2813	742	742 NUP153,	nucleoporin 153kD	GAATTCTTC (2 / 0) TCCTTAAAAC	, ,	٠.	, ار	T	, ,
G4213u3	WIAF-13609	HT2813	1800	1800 NUP153	חוות שניהות והיות	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s	ا=	٤	T	7	>
G4213u4	WIAF-13627	HT2813	1829	1829 MITD162		TIMEACCIEC (A/C) GAAATCCTGA	S	4	U	A	A
G4213u5	WIAF-13632	HT2813	3350	3350 1110153		AGTGTTCTAG (A/C) TATTCTGAAA	Σ	Ø	ပ	Ω	Æ
34213116	WT. 0 - 1 3 C 3 E	20000	3536	NUPLS3,		CTTTTGGCAA [C/T] GTGGAGCCTG	Ŋ	c	T	z	z
200	CC051-3674	H12813	4162	4162 NUP153,	nucleoporin 153kD	CTCTGGAACA [A/G] CTCCTAATTC	Σ	A		Τ	A
G4218ul	WIAF-13854	HT1681	1122	phosphati 1122 class A	phosphatidyl-inositol glycan, class A	AACCTTATTA [T/C]TTTATGTGAG	×	Ę		Т	
				CD36L2,	CD36 antigen (collagen		-				
				type I re	type I receptor, thrombospondin						
G4223111	WTAF-14160	407185		receptor							
	00161-3014	111084	1434	integral	1434 integral membrane protein II)	ATTAGATGAC (T/C) TTGTTGAAAC	Я	Ŧ	υ	<u>-</u>	۔۔
				CD36L2,	CD36 antigen (collagen						Γ
				type I re	type I receptor, thrombospondin				٠.		
64223112	WTDE.14177	700	1	receptor)							
		F007111	989	integral	byb integral membrane protein II)	GTGGTCCCAG [G/A] TGCACTTCCT	Σ	<sub>o</sub>	A	>	
				CD3612,	CD36 antigen (collagen						
			•	ŭ	ceptor, thrombospondin						
		-		receptor) - like 2	-like 2 (lysosomal						
G4223u3	WIAF-14174	HT1684	986	integral	986 integral membrane protein II)	CAGACAAGTG [C/T] AATATGATTA	တ	U	<u>ب</u>	ပ ပ	
										-	Γ
				CD36L2,	CD36 antigen (collagen					-	
_	·			type I receptor,	type I receptor, thrombospondin						
G4223u4	WIAF-14176	HT1684	1437	integral :	orotein II)						
						פטונטערויין ופין או זיינטעארפפפ	Ε	5	۸ ۷	, (I	7

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0	0	6	Ę-	4	0	F-	4	4	ی	E	U	υ	9	b	0	ပ	F	A	<u></u>	4	ပ
S	5	Σ	Σ	Σ	S	s	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	s	S	Σ	ß	ς <sub>0</sub>	S	S	S	Σ	Σ	Σ
ATGCCTCCAA [G/A] AAAGATGGGG	GGAACTTTGC [G/A] TACTGGGCTG	CCGAGGAGGC [T/C] ACTGGCGTCG	GCTGCTGCTG [T/C] TCTTCGTAGG	CCATAACCTG [A/C] TGACATTTCA	AGCTGGAGGT [G/A] AAGATCCGTG	ACAGGACAAT [T/C] GAGGAGCTGC	GGAGGAGGCC [A/G] ACACTGAGCT	CTGGCTGCTG [A/C] TGACTTCCGC	ATCGATTGCA [G/C] TCAGAGCCTG	GTCCTATCAG [T/C] ACTGAGAGGC	ACACCCGGGA [G/A] CTGTTTCTCA	fast Acctgaagag [c/t] gtgatgctgc	fast TCGAGGAGAA [G/C] TCTGGCATGG	AGTTCCACAG [G/A] AAATACCGGA	CCTCCTTCCT [G/A] CGGGCACCCA	CCAGCCGCCT [C/T] TTTCACCAGT	GGATCCCAGC [T/C] GATGTAGACC	TAGAGTTGGC [A/G] TTGGAAACAT	TATTTAGTAG [T/C] GAAACCAAAT	TCATTATCAC [A/G] CAAGGTAACT	CGGTCAGTGG [C/T] TTCCAGCCAG
912 proteoglycan 2	1254 proteoglycan 2	1321 proteoglycan 2	SDC4, syndecan 4 (amphiglycan, 74 ryudocan)	602 TRAM protein	406 KRT17, keratin 17	478 KRT17, keratin 17	389 KRT17, keratin 17	S64 KRT17, keratin 17	386 clathrin, light polypeptide a	259 SLN, sarcolipin	189 SLN, sarcolipin	86 TNNI2, troponin I, skeletal, fast	530 TNNIZ, troponin I, skeletal, fast	562 CRYAB, crystallin, alpha B	367 CRYAB, crystallin, alpha B	271 CRYAB, crystallin, alpha B	580 CRYAB, crystallin, alpha B	PIGF, phosphatidylinositol 394 glycan, class F	PIGF, phosphatidylinositol 252 glycan, class F	PIGF, phosphatidylinositol	TJP1, tight junction protein 1
HT1929	HT1929	HT1929	HT1689	HT4995	HT2901	HT2901	HT2901	HT2901	HT1056	HT97492	HT97492	HT3393	нт3393	HT2907	HT2907	HT2907	HT2907	HT1694	HT1694	HT1694	HT0968
WIAF-14056	WIAF-14057	WIAF-14058	WIAF-13961	WIAF-13525	WIAF-14169	WIAF-14170	WIAF-14171	WIAF-14178	WIAF-14086	WIAF-14044	WIAF-14045	WIAF-13546	WIAF-13553	WIAF-13644	WIAF-13645	WIAF-13872	WIAF-13873	WIAF-14052	WIAF-14053	WIAF-14069	WIAF-13519
G4227ul	G4227u2	G4227u3	G4229u1	G4230u1	G4243u1	G4243u2	G4243u3	G4243u4	G424411	Q4246u1	G4246u2	G4254u1	G4254u2	G4255u1	G4255u2	G4255u3	G4255u4	G4257u1	G4257u2	G4257u3	G4264u1

G4264u2	WIAF-13520	HT0968	2272	10F1, tight junction process 1 2272 (zona occludens 1)	CATGCTGATG [A/G] TCACACCT	Σ	A		۵	o
G4264u3	WIAF-13529	HT0968	5408	TJP1, tight junction protein 1	AGCCTCCTGA [A/T] GCTGATGGTG	Σ	4	T	24	a
G434u1	WIAF-11748	M21121	286	SCYAS, small inducible cytokine 286 AS (RANTES)	TACATCAACT [C/T] TTTGGAGATG	Σ	Ü	ī	S	Œ.
G434u2	WIAF-11749	M21121	137	SCYAS, small inducible cytokine 137 AS (RANTES)	GCTTTGCCTA[C/T]ATTGCCCGCC	Š	U	Ę	×	<b>&gt;</b>
G435u1	WIAF-11741	M31933	754	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of 19G, low affinity IIb, receptor for (CD32)	greactegga (T/c) tectgrage	Σ	F	υ	н	Ę-
G435u2	WIAF-11743	M31933	395	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of IgG, low 395 affinity Ilb, receptor for (CD32)	GGGAGTACAC [G/A] TGCCAGACTG	w	g	A	£-	F
G435u3	WIAF-11742	M31933	673	FCGR2B, Fc fragment of IgG, low 673 affinity Ilb, receptor for (CD32)	TACACGCTGT [T/A] CTCATCCAAG	Σ	E+	A	Œ	<b>&gt;</b> -
G4369u1	WIAF-13728	HT0900	1176	GBE1, glucan (1,4-alpha-), branching enzyme 1 (glycogen branching enzyme, Andersen disease, glycogen storage disease 1176 type IV)	TTACGTCCAT [G/A] CTTTATCATC	Σ	ט	ď	Σ	н
Q4369u2	WIAF-13729	HT'0900	1609	GBE1, glucan (1,4-alpha-), branching enzyme i (glycogen branching enzyme, Andersen disease, glycogen storage disease 1609 type IV)	GAGTGTCCTG [A/G] CTCCTTTTAC	Σ	Ą	b	Ŧ.	A
G4373u1	WIAF-13559	HT0940	1117	HSD17B2, hydroxysteroid (17-beta)	GCCAGCAAGG [A/T] CTTCTCTCCG	Æ	4	T	Q	Λ
G4373u2	WIAF-13560	HT0940	1195	HSD17B2, hydroxysteroid (17-beta)	CCAGGGAAAG [G/A] CGCTTACTTG	Σ	G	4	b	Ω
G438u1	, WIAF-11830	M63121	583	TNFRSF1A, tumor necrosis factor 583 receptor superfamily, member 1A	ACCGTGTG[G/A]CTGCAGGAAG	Σ	U	4	U	۵

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				TNFRSF1A, tumor necrosis factor						
G438u2	WIAF-11790	M63121	618	superfamily, member 1A	TTATTGGAGT [G/A] AAAACCTTTT	Σ	0	4	24	<u>~</u>
G440u1	WIAF-11806	M74447	261	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 261 binding cassette)	TGCTAAAGCT (A/G)AGAGGGCTGC	S	4	ď	د	اد
G440u2	WIAF-11807	M74447	2089	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 2089 binding cassette)	CAGGCTGCAG [G/A] CAGTTCAGCG	м	g	A	A	F
G440u3	WIAF-11808	M74447	2155	r 2, ABC (ATP	TGCCCAGCTC [C/T] AGGAGGGACA	z	ບ	F	0	
G440u4	WIAF-11818	M74447	1789	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1789 binding cassette)	GAACAACATT [G/A] CTTATGGGCT	Σ	ڻ	A	4	Į-
G440u5	WIAF-11819	M74447	1565	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1565 binding cassette)	AAGGGGCTGA [C/T] GTTTACCCTA	Σ	υ	F	F	Σ
G440u6	WIAF-11820	M74447	1254	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1254 binding cassette)	TGCACTTGGG [G/T] GTGCAGATGC	S	ပ	£-	U	9
G440u7	WIAF-11788	M74447	1231	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1231 binding cassette)	GTACCTGCTC [A/G] TAAGGAGGGT	Σ	Æ	ß		>
G440u8	WIAF-11821	M74447	1404	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1404 binding cassette)	TGCTCAGCAA [C/T] GTGGGAGCTG	တ	Ü	F	z	2
G440u9	WIAF-11783	M74447	2187	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 2187 binding cassette)	ccccccroar[r/g]caccacccc	w	۴	g	>	>
G440u10	WIAF-11786	M74447	1825	TAP2, transporter 2, ABC (ATP 1825 binding cassette)	TGATAAGGTG [A/G] TGGCGGCTGC	Σ	æ	g	Σ	>
G4400u1	WIAF-14007	HT97396	839 A33	A33	GCCAATCAAA (G/T) GAGGGCTCAC	Σ	0	F	×	z
G4404u1	WIAF-14013	HT1215	109	ACP2, acid phosphatase 2,	CCGCCCACCC [G/A] GGCCCGGAGT	_Σ	U	æ	œ	a
G4404u2	WIAF-14016	HT1215	1271	ACP2, acid phosphatase 2,	ACCGCCACGT [C/T] GCAGATGGGG	S	ບ	Ŀ	>	>
G4406u1	WIAF-13661	HT3564	872	872 ACPP, acid phosphatase, prostate	acaaaaact [t/c] atcatgtatt	Ø	£+	U	L.	13
G4406u2	WIAF-13662	HT3564	839	839 ACPP, acid phosphatase, prostate	atcacatgaa [g/a] agagcaactc	Ø	U	A	×	¥
G4406u3	WIAF-13881	HT3564	741	741 ACPP, acid phosphatase, prostate	AGAATTGTCA [G/T] AATTGTCCCT	z	U	E	ω	
G441u1	WIAF-10166	M77349	869	TGFBI, transforming growth	GTGCCCGGCT [C/G] CTGAAAGCCG	တ	Ü	0	ra La	i.

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G441u2	WIAF-10168	M77349	1028	TGFBI, transforming growth	GGCTGTCTGT [A/G] GAGACCCTGG	ဟ	4	<u>&gt;</u>	->	
2441113	WTAR-10169	M77349	1667	TGPB1, transforming growth	ACACAGTCTT [T/C] GCTCCCACAA	Ŋ	F	U	De, De	
				transforming	4 D 4 D FFF 4 C D FFF 6 C D A D A D A D A D A D A D A D A D A D	ď	,	E-		
G441u4	WIAP-10171	M77349	1463	1463 factor, Deta-Induced, 66KD	GCTGACCAAT (A/G) AGGCCACCCT	Τ	Т		Τ	
G4411U1	WIAF-14008	HT97468	1076	1076 acy1-CoA	TGCCCGAGAC [C/T] GAGGACGAGA		П	T.	П	
	ACACL BATH	17. 28.2	657	ACADS, acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, C-2 to C-3 short chain	GCAAAACAAG [G/A] GCATCAGTGC	Σ	υ	4	<u>ა</u>	
6441202	WIAF-13579	HT1882	1022	ACADS, acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, C-2 to C-3 short 1022 chain	TGACCTGGCG [C/T] GCTGCCATGC	S	υ	1	ж ж	
G4415u1	WIAF-14080	HT2503	2170	acyl-Coenzyme A:cholesterol	TCATTATATT [C/T] GAGCAGATTC	Ŋ	υ	F	Es Es	
6441512	WIAF-14081	HT2503	1993	acyl-Coenzyme A:cholesterol	TTTCAGITCC[C/T]TATITTCTGT	σ	U	E+	Ω, Ω,	
G4415u3	WIAF-14098	HT2503	2006	acyl-Coenzyme A:cholesterol acyltransferase	TTTTCTGTTT [C/G] AACATTGGCG	Σ	υ	U	<u>ш</u>	ы
64415114	WIAF-14101	HT2503	2365	acyl-Coenzyme A:cholesterol 2365 acyltransferase	GGGGTTATGT [C/T] GCTATGAAGT	w	υ	E	<u> </u>	
G4417u1	WIAF-13819	HT0542	356	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	TCCAGCCAAC [G/A] ATGACCAGTC	Σ	U	- A	_ Z	2
G4417u2	WIAF-13820	HT0542	340	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase 340 (neutrophil)	TTCAGTCCTC [G/A] GCCTCTCCAG	ω	U	A	8	S
G4417u3	WIAF-13824	HT0542	1595	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	GCTAAATAAA [G/A] ACATGACCTA	Σ	G	a	۵	z
G4417u4	WIAF-13841	HT0542	382	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	CCAGCCTCTC [G/A] AATGGGCACA	S		a	8	S
G4417u5	WIAF-13842	HT0542	458	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase 458 (neutrophil)	CAACTCGACG [G/A] TCCAGGCCTC	Σ	U	4	>	- Н

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G4417u6	WIAF-13843	HT0542	1201	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase 1201 (neutrophil)	GATTTCTGGA (C/T) TCCACTGTTG	s	U	T	۵	
7117117	WT&F-13844	KT0542	1321	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	ACCTGAAGAA (A/G) TTTATAGAAA	ဟ	4	<u>×</u> ع	<u>×</u>	
G4417nB	WIAF-13845	HT0542	1404	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	GATGTCTGCA [G/A] TGGGAAGAGT	Æ	9	4	S N	
G4417u9	WIAF-13846	HT0542	1759	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	AATTTACAAA (C/T) TTCAATCTTT	s	υ	T	2	
G4417u10	WIAF-13847	HT0542	1644	AOAH, acyloxyacyl hydrolase (neutrophil)	CTCCAGGTCA [G/A] CCCCTGCCAC	W	G	8	2	
G442m1	WTAF-11828	M94582	933	11.8RA, interleukin 8 receptor, 933 alpha	CACATCGACC [G/A] GGCTCTGGAT	Σ	g	_ <u>u</u>	R	
G442u2	WIAF-11829	M94582	721	ILBRA, interleukin 8 receptor, alpha	TCATCGTGCC (A/G) CTGCTGATCA	S	A	U	<u>a</u>	
G442u3	WIAF-11780	M94582	1027	ILBRA, interleukin 8 receptor, alpha	GCCATGGACT [C/T] CTCAAGATTC	ß	U	F	a a	
G442u4	WIAF-11792	M94582	78	ILBRA, interleukin 8 receptor, alpha	ATGGAGAGTG [A/G] CAGCTTTGAA	Σ	A		<u>ت</u> ۵	
G4423u1	WIAF-13752	HT2216	7.1	71 ADSL, adenylosuccinate lyase	GCTATGCCAG[C/T]CCGGAGATGT	တ	U	F	<u>လ</u> လ	
G4423u2	WIAF-13794	HT2216	126	26 ADSL, adenylosuccinate lyase	ATGGCGGCAG [C/T] TGTGGCTGTG	S	υ	F	1	
G4423u3	WIAF-13795	HT2216	674	674 ADSL, adenylosuccinate lyase	AGCTTGACAA [G/A] ATGGTGACAG	တ		4	× ×	
G4428u1	WIAF-13954	HT97524	57	ADFP, adipose differentiation- related protein; adipophilin	TGGTCAACCT [G/A] CCCTTGGTGA	S	Ö	4	1	
G4434u1	WIAF-13506	HT0863	551	551 ARF3, ADP-ribosylation factor 3	TCTGGAGACA [C/T] TACTTCCAGA	8	U	Ę.	#	
G444u1	WIAF-10172	U28694	398	CCR3, chemokine (C-C motif) 398 receptor 3	CGAGATCTTT [T/G] TCATAATCCT	Σ	E	U	> E.	
G444u2	WIAF-10181	U28694	214	CCR3, chemokine (C-C motif) 214 receptor 3	TCCTCATAAA [A/G]TACAGGAGGC	S	æ	U	×	
G4440u1	WIAF-14054	HT1392	136	ADRBK1, adrenergic, beta, 136 receptor kinase 1	GCAAGAÀGAT [A/C] CTGCTGCCG	s	a	U	H	
G445u1	WIAF-10183	U40373	319	Human cell surface glycoprotein 319 CD44 mRNA, complete cds.	TAGAAGGGCA [C/T] GTGGTGATTC	o	υ	F	H H	

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G4456u1	WIAF-13629	HT0626	196	ALDOC, aldolase C, fructose-	CCCTGCTCAA [G/A] CCCAACATGG	Ø	U	4	×	×
G446u1	WIAF-11832	U64198	754	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 754 beta 2	TGAAGCCTTC (C/G) CATGTAATTT	S	υ	g	S	S
G446u2	WIAF-11795	U64198	2569	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 2569 beta 2	TTTTCTCAAC [G/A] CATTACTTCC	S	ບ	Ą	F	T
G446u3	WIAF-11833	U64198	2500	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 2500 beta 2	TGCAAGGTAA [A/G] GCCAATTGGA	S	Ą	Ð	Ж	×
G446u4	WIAF-11835	U64198	1918	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 1918 beta 2	CTCCTCGCCA [G/C] GTCTCTGCAA	×	ე	င	٥	æ
G446u5	WIAF-11793	U6419B	991	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 991 beta 2	GTGGAGCAGA [G/A] ATCTTCGTTG	S	ဗ	4	េ	R
G446u6	WIAF-11794	U64198	2469	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 2469 beta 2	AGTTCCCACG [G/C] AAATGAGAGG	Σ	ဗ	c	U	A
G446a7	WIAF-13128	U64198	1964	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 1964 beta 2	GGTGACTTGG [C/9] AGCCTCCCAG	¥	υ	6	o	ω
G446a8	WIAF-13129	U64198	2060	IL12RB2, interleukin 12 receptor, 2060 beta 2	TCTAAAĈTGG [C/G] TACGGAGTCG	Σ	U	ပ	,a	>
G447u1	WIAF-11796	X03663	384	CSF1R, colony stimulating factor 1 receptor, formerly McDonough feline sarcoma viral (v-fms) 384 oncogene homolog	CCAGTGTCCC [C/T] GAGCTGGTCG	S	U	Ę÷	O.	O.
G447u2	WIAF-11836	£99E0X	1026	CSF1R, colony stimulating factor 1 receptor, formerly McDonough feline sarcoma viral (v-fms) 1026 oncogene homolog	ACAACAACAC [T/C] AAGCTCGCAA	S	T.	υ	£	E+
G447u3	WIAF-11837	x03663	988	CSFIR, colony stimulating factor i receptor, formerly McDonough feline sarcoma viral (v-fms) 886 oncogene homolog	GCTGAAAGTG [C/A] AGAAAGTCAT	Σ	υυ	A	ø	×
G447u4	WIAF-11797	X03663	2425	CSF1R, colony stimulating factor 1 receptor, formerly McDonough feline sarcoma viral (v-fms) 2425 oncogene homolog	GAAGAAATAT [G/A] TCCGCAGGGA	Σ		4	>	н

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G4473u1	WIAF-13904	HT1352	960	FUCAl, fucosidase, alpha-L- 1, 860 tissue	TTCAAGCCAC (A/G) GAGCTTGCCA	Ψ.	<u> </u>	_0	~	]
G4473u2	WIAF-13916	HT1352	440	FUCA1, fucosidase, alpha-L- 1, tissue	ACAAACTGGC [C/T] GAGTCCTGTG	Σ	r L	۵.	- i	
G4479u1	WIAF-13637	HT1995	2465	AMPD2, adenosine monophosphate 2465 deaminase 2 (isoform L)	GCCTCAATGA [G/T] CCTGGTCCAT	- 6	. E		<u> </u>	
G4479u2	WIAF-13866	HT1995	1258	AMPD2, adenosine monophosphate	TGGATGTGCA [T/C] GCGGACAGGA	S.	, o	ж	<b>_</b>	
G4479u3	WIAF-13867	HT1995	1280	AMPD2, adenosine monophosphate	CACTITCCAT [C/T] GCTTTGACAA	Σ	n F	<u>~</u>	U	
G4479u4	WIAF-13868	HT1995	1201	AMPD2, adenosine monophosphate	tgcgggaggt [C/t] tttgagagca	ď	<del>ام</del> ن	>	>	
G4479u5	WIAF-13869	HT1995	1579	AMPD2, adenosine monophosphate 1579 deaminase 2 (isoform L)	GTACCAAGGG [C/T] CAGCTGGCCA	s	E U	Ü		
G4492u1	WIAF-14084	HT3390	998	ANX11, annexin XI (56kD 866 autoantigen)	CCTGGGGAGT [C/T] GCTCCAACAA	E	C	<u>«</u>	ပ	
G4492u2	WIAF-14085	HT3390	850	ANX11, annexin XI (56kD 850 autoantigen)	AGGCCATCAT [T/C] GACTGCCTGG	s	r C	<del>H</del>	н	
G450u1	WIAF-10170	X85740	1196	CCR4, chemokine (C-C motif)	TCCAAATTTA [C/T] TCTGCTGACA	S	<del>د</del> ن	<u>~</u>	~	
G4502u1	WIAF-13510	HT4840	165	165 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase AAGGCTATGA[C/T]GTCATTGCCT	AAGGCTATGA [C/T] GTCATTGCCT	S	<del>ام</del> ن	Α .	٥	
G4502u2	WIAF-13511	HT4840	369	369 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase GGCCCTGCAT[C/T]GCCCGCAAAC	e GGCCCTGCAT [C/T] GCCCGCAAAC	S	<del>ام</del> ن	H		
G4502u3	WIAF-13512	HT4840	73	ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase AATCCCAGAC[G/A]CTATGTCCAG	E AATCCCAGAC [G/A] CTATGTCCAG		۷ .	- 1		$\neg$
G4502u4	WIAF-13513	HT4840	129	129 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase TGGACACCTC[G/C]TGCATCCTCG	e TGGACACCTC [G/C] TGCATCCTCG	S	U U	<u>(v)</u>	- 03	
G4502u5	WIAF-13514	HT4840	285	285 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase AGTTTGTGGA [G/A] GAGTTCATCT	e AGTTTGTGGA [G/A] GAGTTCATCT	œ	8	<u>m</u>	<u> </u>	T
G4502u6	WIAF-13515	HT4840	234	234 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase AGGCACTGAA[G/A]CTTGGGGCCA	e AGGCACTGAA [G/A] CTTGGGGCCA	S	0	<b>∀</b>	<u>×</u>	
G4502u7	WIAF-13516	HT4840	316	316 ASS, argininosuccinate synthetase CCAGTCCAGC [G/A] CACTGTATGA		Σ	<del>«</del>	4	E	

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G4502u8	WIAF-13537	HT4840	426 ASS,		argininosuccinate synthetase TGTCCCACGG [C/T] GCCACAGGAA	rgtcccacgg [c/t] gccacaggaa	S	ပ	Ę-	ပ	ပ
G4502u9	WIAF-13538	HT4840	530 ASS,		argininosuccinate synthetase GAATTCTACA [A/G] CCGGTTCAAG	BAATTCTACA [A/G] CCGGTTCAAG	Σ	A	U	z	S
G4502u10	WIAF-13539	HT4840	750 ASS		argininosuccinate synthetase TTCTCGAGAT[C/T]GAGTTCAAAA	ttctcgagat [c/t]gagttcaaaa	တ	U	Ę	_ +	н
G4502m11	WTAF-13540	HT4840	960 ASS.		argininosuccinate synthetase	synthetase Argcrcartr (A/G) Gacarcgagg	တ	<b>«</b>	<u> </u>	د	.ì
G4508u1	WIAF-13663	HT28557	1767 ARSD	١.		CAGTTTTCCA [T/C] GAGCAACATC	Σ	٤٠	U	Σ	Ţ
Q4508u2	WIAF-13693	HT28557	433	433 ARSD,	arylsulfatase D	TTCAGTGGAA [C/T] GCAGGCTCAG	S	ပ	F	z	z
G4508u3	WIAF-13694	HT28557	747	747 ARSD,	arylsulfatase D	GGTTTCTTCT [C/G] TGTCTCCGCG	Σ	U	ပ	S	U
G4508u4	WIAF-13696	HT28557	1012	1012 ARSD,	arylsulfatase D	CCACGAGTGC [A/G] TTCCTGGGGA	S	4	g	4	4
G4508u5	WIAF-13697	HT28557	1302 ARSD,		arylsulfatase D	CGAGTGATTG [G/A] AGAGCCCACG	Σ	U	4	ڻ	<b>2</b>
G4508u6	WIAF-13698	HT28557	1285	1285 ARSD,	arylsulfatase D	GGGTGCTCCC [G/A] GCCGGCCGAG	s	g	4	۵	۵
G4508u7	WIAF-13699	HT28557	1807 ARSD,	ł	arylsulfatase D	AGCCGTGCTG [C/T] GGACATTTCC	S	U	٤	ں	U
G4508u8	WIAF-13718	HT28557	483	483 ARSD,	arylsulfatase D	GCAAGAATCT [T/C] GCAGCAGCAT	Σ	F	ပ	.1	S
G4518u1	WIAF-13809	HT3430	515	ASPA, (aminoa	ASPA, aspartoacylase 515 (aminoacylase 2, Canavan disease)	ACAACACCAC (C/T) TCTAACATGG	Ŋ	U	E	F	Ę-
G4518u2	WIAF-13810	HT3430	851	ASPA,	ASPA, aspartoacylase (aminoacylase 2, Canavan disease)	aagttgatta [c/t] ccccgggatg	თ	υ		<b>&gt;</b>	¥
G4518u3	WIAF-13811	HT3430	787	ASPA,	/lase Canavan disease)	CATCATTCA (A/G) TGAAGGAAAA	Σ	æ	ပ	z	S
6451804	WIAF-13837	HT3430	618	ASPA,	ASPA, aspartoacylase (aminoacylase 2, Canavan disease)	ACCCTGCTAC [G/A] TTTATCTGAT	Σ	ც	a	>	н
G452a1	WIAF-10509	HT0695	553	APOA4,	apolipoprotein A-IV	acccaggrca (a/g) cacgcaggcc	Σ	4		z	σ,
G452a2	WIAF-13124	HT0695	563	563 APOA4,	apolipoprotein A-IV	ACACGCAGGC [C/T] GAGCAGCTGC	တ	ű	F	4	4
G4524u1	WIAF-14120	HT1541	726	ATP5Al, ATP E transporting, complex, alpha cardiac muscle	ATP5A1, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 complex, alpha subunit, isoform 1,	CTCAATTGCT [A/G] TTGACACAAT	Σ	٨	g	н	>

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Σ	Σ	Σ	മ	တ	Σ	S	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u> σ	<i>o</i> s
ATCTTTCATT [G/T] CTGCAAGGAA	TCCATCGCAG [T/C] GAACGCCGAC	creccecca [c/T] ecrecraase	TTTTGCCTTT [A/G] AAGTGGATGG	AGCCGGAGCC [A/G] GAGCTGGAAC	CAGGGCCTGG [T/G] CGTCACACCC	AGCTGACACT [G/C] GTTCGCGTGA	ACCCCAAACC [C/T] GAGGTTGCTG	TTTGGCAGAA [G/A] AAGECACGTT	GTTACATGAT [C/T] GACAACGTGA	TAAAGGTTTC [C/T] AACACCCTGG
ATPSA1, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 complex, alpha subunit, isoform 1, cardiac muscle	ATP5D, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 400 complex, delta subunit	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth 2957 factor receptor, beta polypeptide	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth 3608 factor receptor, beta polypeptide	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth 457 factor receptor, beta polypeptide	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth 3446 factor receptor, beta polypeptide	PDGFRB, platelet-derived growth 2010 factor receptor, beta polypeptide	ATP synthase, H+ transporting, subunit D, vacuolar	ATP6E, ATPase, H+ transporting, 1y8osomal (vacuolar proton pump) 654 31kD
153	400	1747	2957	3608	457	1505	3446	2030	343	484
HT1541	HT4994	HT0768	HT0768	HT0768	HT0768	HT0768	HT0768	HT0768	HT1618	9 5 C.E.R
WIAF-14131	WIAF-14130	WIAF-10138	WIAF-10147	WIAF-10148	WIAF-10149	WIAP-10151	WIAF-10153	WIAF-10161	WIAP-13616	4772 6 A 7 C C G G A 7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
G4524u2	G4526u1	G453u1	G453u2	G453u3	G453u4	G453u5	G453u6	G453u7	G4533u1	200

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TCACTACCAA [C/T] CTGATCAATT	aggtatacgg [t/c] attgaaggtc	ATCACAGCAA [A/G] AGAGAGGTTC	TGCCCTGGAC [G/A] CCCACCAGCA	CGCAATGTCT [T/C] TGACGGCATC	GCACTATCTG [C/T] GTGGCCTACC	CAGGACCATG [A/T] TGAAGAACAT	TGCACTGACC [C/T] AGATTAATGT	atgtcacgct [c/t] atcatcctgg	AGCTGCGTTC [6/A] AGGGATGCAC	TGATCCAAGG [G/A] AATGATCTGA
ATP50, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 complex, O subunit (oligomycin 357 sensitivity conferring protein)	ATP50, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 complex, O subunit (oligomycin 144 sensitivity conferring protein)	ATP50, ATP synthase, H+ transporting, mitochondrial F1 complex, O subunit (oligomycin 329 sensitivity conferring protein)	288 ATPase, 14 kDa subunit, vacuolar	ATPase, Ca2+ transporting, plasma 3138 membrane, isoform 2	ATPase, Ca2+ transporting, plasma 2089 membrane, isoform 2	ATPase, Ca2+ transporting, plasma 2924 membrane, isoform 2	ATP2B4, ATPase, Ca++ 524 transporting, plasma membrane 4	ATP2B4, ATPase, Ca++ 715 transporting, plasma membrane 4	ATP2B4, ATPase, Ca++ 508 transporting, plasma membrane 4	ATP2B4, ATPase, Ca++ 1084 transporting, plasma membrane 4
357	144	9.9	268	3138	2089	2924	524	715	805	1084
HT27972	HT27972	HT27972	HT48520	HT1574	HT1574	HT1574	HT1346	HT1346	HT1346	HT1346
WIAP-13747	WIAF-13748	WIAF-13792	WIAF-13711	WIAF-14127	WIAP-14137	WIAF-14140	WIAF-14161	WIAF-14162	WIAP-14163	WIAF-14166
G4535u1	G4535u2	Q4535u3	G4539u1	G4548u1	G4548u2	G4548u3	G4549u1	G4549u2	G4549u3	G4549u4

G4552u1	WIAF-13630	HT0867	710	alpha polypeptide (Menkes 710 syndrome)	TACTAGCACT [A/G] TTGAAGGAAA	Σ	A	o	н	. >
G456u1	WIAF-10074	HT2834	408	408 EDN1, endothelin 1	ccreeceer [1/0] cecceercca	S	F	U	,	.1
G456u2	WIAF-10075	HT2834	585	585 EDN1, endothelin 1	CAGACCGTGA [A/G] AATAGATGCC	တ	A	ပ	M	B
G456a3	WIAF-10507	HT2834	861	861 EDN1, endothelin 1	TGAAAGGCAA [T/G] CCCTCCAGAG	Σ	T	ပ	×	z
G4565ul	WIAF-14041	HT28561	320	ATP1G1, ATPase, Na+/K+ 320 transporting, gamma 1 polypeptide	CGAGGCTGCT [G/A] TTACGGCTCA	S	9	4	ı	1
G4565u2	WIAF-14062	HT28561	216	ATPIG1, ATPase, Na+/K+ 216 transporting, gamma 1 polypeptide	CAGTGACGGG [G/A] ACAAAGGTCT	Σ	U	4	Ω	2
G4565u3	WIAF-14063	HT28561	315	ATPIG1, ATPase, Na+/K+ 315 transporting, gamma 1 polypeptide	ACCGCCGAGG [C/A] TGCTGTTACG	Σ	υ	Æ	· a	Σ
G4565u4	WIAF-14064	HT28561	531	ATPIG1, ATPASS, Na+/K+ 531 transporting, gamma 1 polypeptide [TTTCCCCAGG[T/C]GAATGGGCTG	TTTCCCCAGG [T/C] GAATGGGCTG	z	Ŧ	ຸບ	•	æ
G4568u1	WIAF-14212	HT0082	717	AMFR, autocrine motility factor	TGCCTCATGC [A/G] TACGTCCCAC	Σ	Ą	b	H	>
G457a1	WIRF-10489	HT2903	321	SELL, selectin L (lymphocyte 321 adhesion molecule 1)	ACAAATCTCT [C/T] ACTGAAGAAG	S	٥	F	1	'n
G457a2	WIAF-10490	HT2903	577	SELL, selectin L (lymphocyte	CCAGTGTCAG (1/C) TTGTGATTCA	Σ	H	υ	Ĺt,	ŭ
G457a3	WIAF-10491	HT2903	601	SELL, selectin L (lymphocyte 601 adhesion molecule 1)	TGAGCCTTTG [G/C] AGGCCCCAGA	Σ	Ð	U	3	ø
G457a4	WIAF-10492	HT2903	637	SELL, selectin L (lymphocyte 637 adhesion molecule 1)	CTGTACTCAC [C/T] CTTTGGGAAA	Σ	ບ	Ę-	Q.	s
G4573u1	WIAF-13568	HT28320	94	MGAT2, mannosyl (alpha-1,6-)- glycoprotein beta-1,2-N- 943 acetylglucosaminyltransferase	CGGACAACCT [G/T] ACGCTGCGGT	တ	ღ	£4	ī	L1

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G4574u1	WIAF-13805	HT0198	163	beta-1,4 N- 163 acetylgalactosaminyltransferase	CGGCCTCCGG [C/G] TACCTCTTGC	Σ	υ	უ	-1	>
G4574u2	WIAF-13806	HT0198	415	beta-1,4 N-415 acetylgalactosaminyltransferase	TGCCACAGAGA [G/A] AGCAGGAGTT	Σ	ဖ	æ	E	<b>×</b>
G4574u3	WIAF-13807	HT0198	726	beta-1,4 N-726 acetylgalactosaminyltransferase	AACTACAACT [G/T] GTCACTTACA	တ	ဗ	£+	ı	ı
G4574u4	WIAF-13836	HT0198	559	beta-1,4 N- 559 acetylgalactosaminyltransferase	AGGGCTGAGC [C/A] TTCAGGCAGC	×	O	A	1	н
G4575u1	WIAF-13626	HT0341	1251	GCNT1, glucosaminyl (N-acetyl) transferase 1, core 2 (beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase)	agtatgatct (a/g) tctgacatgc	თ	4	U	Li,	د.
G4577u1	WIAF-13971	HT1495	1268	SIATI, sialyltransferase 1 (betagalactoside alpha-2,6-1268 sialytransferase)	ATTICTITAN [C/T] AACTACAAGA	y.	U		z	2
G458u1	WIAF-10063	HT2968	1464 ALB,	ALB, albumin	GTGCAGAAGA [C/A] TATCTATCCG	Σ	U		T	<u>_</u>
G458u2	WIAF-10089	HT2968	1470 ALB,	ALB, albumin	AAGACTATCT [A/C] TCCGTGGTCC	s	4		Γ	l.
G458u3	WIAF-10091	HT2968	1707 ALB,	ALB, albumin	TTGTTGAGCT [C/T] GTGAAACACA	S	U	۴		ı
G458a4	WIAF-10504	HT2968	688	889 ALB, albumin	CAGGGGGAC [C/T] TTGCCAAGTA	Σ	U	F	.,	G,
G458a5	WIAF-10508	HT2968	1475 ALB,	ALB, albumin	TATCTATCCG [T/A] GGTCCTGAAC	Σ	Ę		^	В
G458a6	WIAF-12091	HT2968	1330 ALB,	ALB, albumin	CCAGAATGCG [C/T] TATTAGTTCG	S	Ü	Г		ı.
G458a7	WIAF-12092	HT2968	1408 ALB,	ALB, albumin	CCTAGGAAA [G/a] TGGGCAGCAA	М	g	a	Λ	Σ
			. :	branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase El, alpha						
G4592u1	WIAF-14126	HT2128	985	polypeptide	ACCAGCCCTT [T/C] CTCATCGAGG	S	۲	υ	<u>.</u>	œ.
G4593u1	WIAF-13574	HT97373	1743	BARD1, BRCAl associated RING 1743 domain 1	GCTAGCCACT [G/C] CTCAGTAATG	Σ	9	U	U	S
G4593u2	WIAF-13592	HT97373	1167	BARD1, BRCAl associated RING	TGTTCTTCAC [C/T] ACCTTCATGC	Σ	ပ	Ę+	۵.	Į.
G4593u3	WIAF-13593	HT97373	1591	BARD1, BRCA1 associated RING domain 1	AGAATGGGCA [C/T] GTGGATATAG	S	U	Ŀ	=	×
G4593u4	WIAF-13594	HT97373	2030	BARD1, BRCAl associated RING 2010 domain 1	AAAGTATGAA [A/G] TTCCTGAAGG	Σ	A	U	) 1	

3,100		, c		BARD1, BRCA1 associated RING		<u> </u>				
cneed	12222	2/2/21	200	CDH13, cadherin 13, H-cadherin	11 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			,	<u>,                                     </u>	4
G4599u1	WIAF-13920	HT4273	1803	(heart)	TCGTACCCGA [C/T] GTCTCCTACG	S	U	F	٥	Ω
G4614v1	WIAF-13733	HT4835	91	S100A3, S100 calcium-binding protein A3	AGGATGGCCA [G/A] GCCTCTGGAG	Σ	9	Æ	~	×
			.00	S100A3, S100 calcium-binding			,		_ >	>
מיפודיתי	FC/CT- JUTH	050410	202		יותר ותרשמשט ומ' א' מעתרו מתרים	,	,		4	
G4614u3	WIAF-13769	HT4835	344	S100A3, S100 calcium-binding	TCTACTGCCA [C/T] GAGTACTTCA	တ	U	£-	×	×
G462UI	WIAF-10134	H14/53	000	r atpna polyp	ACGGGICCA [C/1] GCCACIAAGC	, ,	ر د	٠,	₽.	٤.
G4627u1	WIAF-14042	HT0771	186	annexin VI	GGAGGCCATA (C/T) TGGACATAAT	2	ار		4	,
G4627u2	WIAF-14043	HT0771	1664	1664 ANX6, annexin VI (p68)	CAGACACC [T/C] AGTGGAGACA	လ	F	U	<u>a</u>	a
G4627u3	WIAF-14067	HT0771	1498	1498 ANX6, annexin VI (p68)	AAGGAGGACT [A/G] TCACAAGTCC	٤	4	U	,	υ
G4644u1	WIAF-13801	HT1736	1990	CPS1, carbamoyl-phosphate	TGGTGGAGAA [G/A] TCAGTGACAG	S			×	
G4644u2	WIAF-13802	HT1736	1866	CPS1, carbamcyl-phosphate	ATTGGCTACC [C/T] AGTGATGATC	Σ	υ	F	۵.	ن -
				CPS1, carbamoyl-phosphate						
G4644u3	WIAF-13803	HT1736	1993	1993 synthetase 1, mitochondrial	TGGAGAAGTC [A/C] GTGACAGGTT	S	4	ن	S	S
G4644u4	WIAF-13804	HT1736	1860	CPS1, carbamoyl-phosphate	GACACCATTG [G/A] CTACCCAGTG	Σ	o	4		۵
G4644u5	WIAF-13831	HT1736	1087	CPS1, carbamoyl-phosphate	AGCCTGTTT [G/T] AATATCACAA	Σ	b	F	J	ĹĿ
G4644u6	WIAF-13835	HT1736	1958	CPS1, carbamoyl-phosphate	Cacaaaggcc [T/C] ttgctatgac	Σ	F	υ	Da.	ū
0.46447		17.17.14	1312	CPS1, carbamcyl-phosphate	AAAGCTACCA (C/A) CATTACATCA	Σ	ບ		F	z
G4659u1	WIAF-14143	HT1183	1830	1830 catenin, alpha	GTGCCAACGT (T/C) CCTCAACCGT	S	F	ပ	>	>

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G466u1	WIAF-10164	000968	2403	SREBF1, sterol regulatory element 2403 binding transcription factor 1	AGCAGTGCCC [G/A] CCAGGCCTGC	Σ	ט	4	Ξ	
Q4662u1	WIAF-13710	HT2142	2183	CTNNB1, catenin (cadherin- 2183 associated protein), beta 1 (88kD)	(88kD) TITIGITCCG [A/C] ATGICTGAGG	S	4	· v	a a	
G467a1	WIAF-13304	X72861	827	ADRB3, adrenergic, beta-3-, receptor	GGCCATCGCC (T/C) GGACTCCGAG	Σ	T	υ	W	_
G467a2	WIAF-13305	X72861	832	ADRB3, adrenergic, beta-3-, 832 receptor	TCGCCTGGAC [T/A] CCGAGACTCC	s	Ę.	A	T T	
G467a3	WIAF-13306	X72861	870	ADRB3, adrenergic, beta-3-, 870 receptor	TTCGTGACTT [C/T] GCTGGCCGCA	Œ	C	F	S	
G467a4	WIAF-13307	X72861	1761	ADRB3, adrenergic, beta-3-, receptor	racaccacca [c/r] coacccaacc	Σ	U	£	>	
G467a5	WIAF-13308	X72861	1899	ADRB3, adrenergic, beta-3-, 1899 receptor	TCTGTTGATC [A/C] GAACCTGTGG		4	U		
9467101	WIAE-13956	HT1925	161	NDUFB7, NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 beta subcomplex, 7 (18kD, B18)	Tggtggccac (a/g) cagcaggaga	S	A	G	F.	Ę-
G4673u1	WIAF-13889	HT0191	1349	1349 CDC25A, cell division cycle 25A	TCTGGGGCCA [G/C] CCCCAAAGAG	Σ	U	U	S	F
G4674u1	WIAF-13821	HT1393	192	CDC25B, cell division cycle 25B	ACGACCTCGC [C/T] GGGCTCGGCA	S	Ü	Ę+	4	A
G4674u2	WIAF-13822	HT1393	1297	CDC25B, cell division cycle 25B	GATGGTGGCC [C/T] TATTGACGGG	တ	U	Ęı	13	رد
G4674u3	WIAF-13823	HT1393	1083	CDC25B, cell division cycle 25B	Ataagcggag [g/a] cggagcgtga	Ø	U	W.	œ	×
G4674u4	WIAF-13827	HT1393	3446	1446 CDC25B, cell division cycle 25B	AGAGCCCCAT [C/T] GCGCCCTGTA	ω	U	£-		н
G468a1	WIAF-13309	L37019	192	ASIP, agouti (mouse)-signaling 192 protein	AAATCCAAAC [C/A] GATCGGCAGA	Σ	Ü	<b>«</b>	۵	0
G4691u1	WIAF-13753	HT97602	179	CMKBR9, chemokine (C-C motif) 179 receptor 9	TATAGCCTGA [T/A] TTTTGTGTTG	Σ	F	A	н	z
G4691u2	WIAF-13754	HT97602	134	CMKBR9, chemokine (C-C motif) 134 receptor 9	AAGGATGCAG [T/C] GGTGTCCTTT	Σ	Ļ	U	>	A
G4691u3	WIAP-13755	HT97602	193	CMKBR9, chemokine (C-C motif) 193 receptor 9	TGTGTTGGGC [C/T] TCAGCGGGAA	Σ	U	t-		Œ.

	22001 0410	COSCORI		CMKBR9, chemokine (C-C motif)	מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים	Σ	,	E		>
				chemokine (C-C motif)		2			,	
CHTCOLD	65/57-3974	WIE CONTRACTOR	OCT T	hemokine (C-C motif)				,		T
G4691u6	WIAF-13796	HT97602	482	6 4	AGGCTGAGGA [C/A] CCGGGCCAAG	Σ	U	Æ	Ŧ	z
				chemokine (C-C motif)			4	c		
G4691u7	WIAF-13797	HT97602	259	6 3	GATGGTTGAG (A/G) TCTATCTGCT	Ξ	•	,	•	,
				CMKBR9, chemokine (C-C motif)						
G4691u8	WIAF-13798	HT97602	434	receptor 9	ATGAGCCTGG [A/G] CAAGTACCTG	Σ	A	ő	۵	0
				chemokine (C-C motif)						
G4691u9	WIAF-13799	HT97602	755	755 receptor 9	CAGGGCCGGG [C/T] TTTAAAATA	Σ	Ü	E-	4	>
G4699u1	WIAF-14040	HT4277	1426	BAAT, bile acid Coenzyme A: amino acid N-acyltransferase (glycine N-1426 choloyltransferase)	TTCCAGATGT [G/T] ACCAGTCAAC	w		Ħ	>	>
						_				
G4726u1	WIAF-14128	HT48614	1606	AOC3, amine oxidase, copper containing 3 (vascular adhesion 1606 protein 1)	TCCACCCCAG [T/C] GGGGCCATAG	ω	E	U	ဟ	σ
	6	7 T. O T. E.		ine oxidase, copper 3 (vascular adhesion	12 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	ď	a	_ c	ŧ	· · ·
G4 / 79 UZ	WIAF - 14129	#148014	7577	zzązbiocein i	יורכושאראר (א' פ'ופופערופופפ	,		,		T
G4726u3	WIAR-14141	HT48614	629	AOC3, amine oxidase, copper containing 3 (vascular adhesion 659 protein 1)	CCTGCCCTAT [C/T] ACCGACGCCC	Σ	U	£-	7	<b>*</b>
G4744u1	WIAF-13683	HT2599	564	CTH, cystathionase (cystathionine 564 qamma-lyase)	ATATTGTCCA [T/C] AAGCATGGAG	တ	€-	υ	×	×
G4748u1	WIAF-14144	HT1061	242	hrome b-245, alpha	GGGACAGAAG [C/T] ACATGACCGC	Σ	ວ	Ţ	н	*
				chrome b-245, alpha						
G4748u2	WIAP-14145	HT1061	265	optide	TGGTGAAGCT [G/C] TTCGGGCCCT	S	ی	ان	اد	إد
G4750u1	WIAP-14116	HT48417	156	156 CYB5, cytochrome b-5	TGAAGTACTA [C/T] ACCCTAGAGG	တ	ان	F	,	,
G4751u1	WIAF-13770	HT1285	495	UQCRC2, ubiquinol-cytochrome c	AGAAITTCGT [C/A] GTTGGGAAGT	Σ	U	4	~	S

G4788111	WTAP 12021	UTTOOA	1001	2000 200	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				L		
100/10	TCCCT_307W	1140417	F007			CISTISAICC (T/C) GATGAACCIG	S	<u>-</u>	ی	۵.	ا.
G4788u2	WIAF-13933	HT28249	2000		desmocollin 3	TGGATTTCAA [G/T] AATATACCAT	Z	9	Ę	œ	•
G4788u3	WIAF-13945	HT28249	2524	2524 DSC3, d	desmocollin 3	ACACTTACTC [G/A] GAGTGGCACA	S	g	4	S	S
G479u1	WIAF-12567	U36310	894	GPD2, g dehydrog	GPD2, glycerol-3-phosphate	GGGAAAGTGC [A/G] TGTGAGGGGG	Σ	a	ဗ	н	R
G479u2	WIAF-12574	U36310	1657	GPD2, glycero	glycerol-3-phosphate genase 2 (mitochondrial)	CTGCCAAAAG [G/T] TGGCCTATTG	Σ		T		S
G479u3	WIAF-12575	U36310	1131	GPD2, glycerol-	glycerol-3-phosphate genase 2 (mitochondrial)	GTTATTTTCT [T/C] CTTACCCTGG	Σ	1	S	ĈŁ,	s
G480u1	WIAP-12175	HT336	250	GRB2, 9 250 bound pr	growth factor receptor- protein 2	AATGAAACCA [C/A] ATCCGTGGTT	Σ	U	<b>4</b>	H	z
G4819u1	WIAP-13985	HT97576	1804	BYA1, homolog	eyes absent (Drosophila) 1	CCCTGCACCA [T/C] GCCTTGGAAC	S	E-	U	×	=
G482u1	WIAF-12181	J04501	1186	GYS1, (muscle	glycogen synthase 1 )	CTGACGTCTT [T/C] CTGGAGGCAT	တ	Ŀ	ပ	D4	Ĺī,
G482u2	WIAF-12195	304501	1406	GYS1, g 1406 (muscle)	glycogen synthase 1	CCTTCCCGAC (A/G) TGAACAAGAT	Œ	4	U	Σ	>
G4827u1	WIAF-14177	HT97477	69	68 elongation	On	CGAGCTGGCC (A/G) TGATGGTGAT	Σ	4	o	Ξ	2
G483a1	WIAF-12113	HT4341	1850	1850 GSY2		TTACCAGCAT [G/T] CCAGACACCT	Σ	o	Ę.	A	s
G483u2	WIAF-12148	HT4341	1130	1130 GSY2		GITITICAIT (A/C) IGCCIGCCAA	Σ	4	ပ	Σ	.,
G483u3	WIAF-12149	HT4341	880	880 GSY2		GCTTGAATGT (T/G) AAGAAATTTT	S	Ŧ	U	,	>
G483u4	WIAF-12150	HT4341	1115 GSY2	GSY2		CATCACAGTG [G/A] TGGTGTTTT	Σ	O	4	۸	Σ
G483u5	WIAF-12156	HT4341	1230 GSY2	GSY2		GAAAAGTTTG [G/A] AAAAAAACTC	Σ	Ð	æ	О	83
G483u6	WIAF-12159	HT4341	2033	2033 GSY2		Tgagagatac [g/a] atgaggaaga	Σ	o	A	П	Z
G483u7	WIAF-12160	HT4341	1836 GSY2	GSY2		TACTTAGGCA [G/C] ATATTACCAG	Σ	0	ال	Т	E+
	WIAF-12177	HT4341	790 GSY2	790 GSY2		GOGCTCACGT [G/C] TACACCACGG	y c	H C	ی ان	-	<b>,</b>
G483u10	WIAF-12188	HT4341	1728 GSY2	GSY2		TGCAATCAGC [T/C] GACTAAGTTT	Σ	Į.	J		۵
G484n1	WIAF-12151	HT5111	487	GSX3		CATCAAAGTG (A/G) TTGGCAATGG	Σ	4	9	Π	>
G484n2	WIAF-12187	HTS111	1141	GSÝ3		AACCCGGGAA [C/T] AAATCCGAGA	Z	ပ	7	o	
G489u1	WIAF-12152	HT2607	1181	IRS1, 1	insulin receptor substrate	AAGAAGTGGC [G/A] GCACAAGTCG	Σ	9	4	ex.	0
G489u2	WIAF-12184	HT2607	1031	IRS1, 1	insulin receptor substrate	ATGGCGAGCC [C/T] TCCGGAGAGC	Σ	υ	F	a	L.
G492a1	WIAF-13345	L08603	307	307 MC4R, m	melanocortin 4 receptor	AGAAACCATT [A/G] TCATCACCCT	. Σ	A	U	н	>
				ı	1				l		1

	·			MCIR, melanocortin 1 receptor (alpha melanocyte stimulating						
G493u1	WIAF-12154	X67594	346	346 hormone receptor)	CGCGCTGGTG [G/T] TGGCCACCAT	Σ	0	E	>	
G493u2	WIAF-12167	X67594	646	MCIR, melanocortin 1 receptor (alpha melanocyte stimulating 646 hormone receptor)	GACCCTGCCG [C/T] GGGCGCGGCA	Σ	ပ	Ħ	œ	3
6493u3	WIAF-12170	X67594	1110	MCIR, melanocortin 1 receptor (alpha melanocyte stimulating 1110 hormone receptor)	AGGTGCTGAC (A/G) TGCTCCTGGT	တ	4	b	. (-	Ŧ
Q493u4	WIAF-12186	X67594	442	MCIR, melanocortin 1 receptor (alpha melanocyte stimulating 442 hormone receptor)	CGGGAGCAAC [G/T] TGCTGGAGAC	Σ	9	£.	^	17
G498u1	WIAF-11809	304127	1305	CYP19, cytochrome P450, subfamily 1305 XIX (aromatization of androgens)	CTTATAGGTA [C/T] TTTCAGCCAT	S	ວ	£-	*	¥
G498u2	WIAF-11810	J04127	1377	CYP19, cytochrome P450, subfamily 1377 XIX (aromatization of androgens)	TGAAAGCCAT [C/T] CTCGTTACAC	σ	٥	f-	н	н
G498u3	WIAF-11811	J04127	1406	CYP19, cytochrome P450, subfamily 1406 XIX (aromatization of androgens)	CGATTCCACG [T/C] GAAGACATTG	Σ	F	υ	^	4
G498u4	WIAF-11838	J04127	CYP1	9, cytochrome P450, subfamily (aromatization of androgens)	ATTGGTGAGA [G/A] AGACATAAAG	Σ	g	A	æ	×
G498u5	WIAF-11800	304127	1001	CYP19, cytochrome P450, subfamily 1001 XIX (aromatization of androgens)	ATTGCAAAGC (A/G) CCCTAATGTT	Σ	Ą	Ð	×	α×
G499u1	WIAF-11785	HT1439	2142	2142 BSR1, estrogen receptor 1	TCCCTGCCAC [A/G] GTCTGAGAGC	S	A	ပ	Ţ	Į.
G499u2	WIAF-11801	HT1439	443	estrogen receptor 1	CCCCTGAACC [G/A] TCCGCAGCTC	Σ	ຽ	A	æ	H
G500u1	WIAF-11803	x99101	793	793 ESR1, estrogen receptor 1	CATGATCAGC [T/C] GGGCCAAGAA	Σ	ı	U	3	æ

G500u2	WIAF-11816	X99101	489	489 ESR1,	estrogen receptor 1	GGAAGTGTTA [C/T] GAAGTGGGAA	S	၁	7	<u>&gt;</u>	۲
G500u3	WIAF-11817	10166X	474	474 ESR1,	estrogen receptor 1	AGGCCTGCCG (A/G) CTTCGGAAGT	S	Ø	ပ	2	æ
GSOSul	WIAF-11824	HT1113	1063	1063 PRLR,	prolactin receptor	GCTTTGAAGG [G/A] CTATAGCATG	Σ	Ö	4	U	Ω
G505u2	WIAF-11827	HT1113	2083	2083 PRLR,	prolactin receptor	GCAACATCAA [G/A] CAAGTGCAGG	Σ	U	K	S	z
G505u3	WIAF-11787	HT1113	583	582 PRLR,	prolactin receptor	GAGGACATAC (A/G) TCATGATGGT	Σ	A	ß	1	۷ (
G505u4	WIAF-11802	HT1113	192	792 PRLR,	prolactin receptor	CCTGTATGAA (A/C) TTCGATTAAA	Σ	A	ပ	1	١٦
				SRDSA1,	steroid-5-alpha-						
				reducta	reductase, alpha polypeptide 1 (3-						
				0x0-5	oxo-5 alpha-steroid delta 4-	-					
G509u1	WIAF-11789	M32313	378	dehydro	378 dehydrogenase alpha 1)	CACTGTTGGC (A/G) TGTACAATGG	S	4	9	4	A
				STAR,	steroidogenic acute						
G510a1	WIAF-13348	017280	582	regulat	582 regulatory protein	CCAATGTCAA [G/A] GAGATCAAGG	S	Ö	4	×	×
GS2ul	WIAF-10224	HT0488	1139	inhibir	1139 inhibin, beta B	CCAACATGAT (T/C) GTGGAGGAGT	S	Ŀ	ပ	н	1
				ACVR2,	activin A receptor, type				Ĺ		
G520u1	WIAF-13507	D31770	517	11	- 1	CTTATTTTCC [G/A] GAGATGGAAG	s	g	4	а	۵
G520u2	WIAF-13532	D31770	AC 1177 II	ACVR2, II	activin A receptor, type	CAGCTTGCAT [T/G] GCTGACTTTG	Σ	۲	U		Σ
				ACVR2,	activin A receptor, type						
G520u3	WIAF-13533	D31770	1189 II	11		CTGACTTTGG [G/C] TTGGCCTTAA	S	0	Ü	9	S
				ACVR2,	activin A receptor, type			-			
G520u4	WIAF-13534	D31770	1024 II	I		TCTCTTGGAA [T/C] GAACTGTGTC	S	٢	ں	z	z
G523u1	WIAF-12155	HT4996	538	538 OXTR,	oxytocin receptor	TGAGCGGGAA [C/T] GCGTGTGTGC	S	ں	F	z	2
G523u2	WIAF-12180	HT4996	1057	1057 OXTR,	oxytocin receptor	TCTGGCAGAA [C/T] TTGCGGCTCA	Ø	ပ	F	z	2
G524a1	WIAF-13349	105144	190	PCK1, carbox	PCK1, phosphoenolpyruvate	TGGACAGCCT [G/A] CCCCAGGCAG	တ	٥	A	د	ı
			000		1	べつじし 日の日の日 日の日の まりかん まりかん まりかん まりかん まりかん まりかん まりかん まりかん	U	_ ,	ر	<u> </u>	,
6520UL	WINE-11031	27000	723	723 DNB TO	Т	Constitution (c/a) constitution	, v	,   .	, 4	ء ا	
653112	WTAE-10309	HT0508	746			TATGCAGCTG [C/T] TAGCCTCCAG	Σ	ں	Ę-	4	>
G53u3	WIAF-10309	HT0508	1884		repair protein XRCC1	GGGATCCCAG [C/T] TTTGAGGAGG	S	ပ	F	S	S
G53u4	WIAF-10362	HT0508	425	DNA re	425 DNA repair protein XRCC1	AACCCCAACC [G/A] CGTTCGCATG	Σ	Ð	Æ	ĸ	Ŧ
G534a1	WIAF-13310	U28281	1284	1284 SCTR,	secretin receptor	GCTTCCTCAA [T/C] GGGGAGGTGC	S	Ę+	Ü	z	2
G534a2	WIAF-13311	U28281	1404	1404 SCTR,	secretin receptor	AGCAGAGCCA [G/A] GGCACCTGCA	တ	Ü	4	٥	٥
G535u1	WIAF-12157	HT5001	1158 SHC1	SHC1		ATGCTCTTCG [G/C] GTGCCTCCAC	S	9	ပ	æ	æ
G535u2	WIAF-12196	HT5001	774	774 SHC1		ATGAGGAGGA [G/A] GAAGAGCCAC	S	٥	4	22	e e

G536u1	WIAF-13923	M20747	535	SLC2A4, solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), 535 member 4	GCCTGGCCAA [C/T] GCTGCTGCCT	s	C	Ŧ	2	z
G538u1	WIAF-11812	MS5531	438	SLC2AS, solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter),	GCAGCAGAGT [C/T] GCCACATCAT	<u></u> න	υ	£-	>	
G538u2	WIAF-11813	MS5531	124	SLC2AS, solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter),	GACGCTTGTG [C/T] TTGCCCTGGC	Σ	υ	ŧ	1	Œ.
G538u3	WIAF-11791	MS5531	816	SLC2A5, solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), 816 member 5	ACAGGAAGT [G/A] GCCGAGATCC	Ø	o	A	>	>
G539u1	WIAF-12158	K03195	224	Human (HepG2) glucose transporter gene mRNA, complete cds.	TCATGCTGGC [T/C] GTGGGAGGAG	S	Ŧ	υ	4	ď
G539u2	WIAF-12191	K03195	1244	Human (HepG2) glucose transporter	ccatcgcgct [a/g] gcactgctgg	S	æ			Li .
G540al	WIAF-12114	HT960	1100 SOS1	5051	AGTGAAGATC (A/C) AGAAGACAAG	Σ	A	o	0	a
G540u2	WIAF-12165	HT960	686	SOS1	ATGATCGTTT [C/T] CTTAGTCAGT	S	၁	Т	e.	G.
G540u3	WIAF-12178	HT960	399	399 8051	TAGTAGCAGT [C/T] TTAGAATACA	S	၁	T	۸	۸
G540u4	WIAF-12193	нт960	195	195 SOS1	CTCAGCCCCG [A/C] AGTGCTTCAG	S	A	د	R	~
G540u5	WIAF-12197	HT960	1329 8281	18081	GTTGTAATGA (A/G) TTTATAATGG	s	٧	G	Е	В
G540u6	WIAF-12198	HT960	1339 SOS1	8081	ATTTATAATG [G/A] AAGGAACTCT	М	ອ	A	EK	
G543a1	WIAF-13312	J00306	1373 SST,	SST, somatostatin	AAGCAGGAAC (T/C) GGCCAAGTAC	Σ			a T	
G543a2	WIAF-13313	J00306	1603 SST,	SST, somatostatin	AGTATTGTCC [A/G] TATCAGACCT		ø	ß		
G544u1	WIAF-12174	HT27489	982	SUR, sulfonylurea receptor (hyperinsulinemia)	CCATTGACAT [G/C] GCCACGGAAA	Σ	O	U	<u>н</u>	
GS46u1	WIAF-13618	HT225	426	TKT, transketolase (Wernicke- 26 Korsakoff syndrome)	GCTACATTGC [C/T] GAGCAGAACA	S	٥	Ţ	, A	A
G551u1	WIAE-11709	HT1118	257	TNFRSF1B, tumor necrosis factor 257 receptor superfamily, member 1B	GCTGCAGCAA (A/G) TGCTCGCCGG	s	A	ŋ	X Y	×

G551u2	WIAF-11710	HT1118	449	TNFRSF1B, tumor necrosis factor 449 receptor superfamily, member 1B	TCTGCACCTG [C/T] AGGCCCGGCT	Ø	ن	Ħ	v	U
G551u3	WIAF-11719	HT1118	648	TNFRSF1B, tumor necrosis factor 648 receptor superfamily, member 1B	GATCTGTAAC [G/A] TGGTGGCCAT	Σ	0	A	>	Σ
G551u4	WIAF-11673	нтття	929	TNFRSF1B, tumor necrosis factor 676 receptor superfamily, member 18	AATGCAAGCA [T/G] GGATGCAGTC	Σ	£.	ဗ	Σ	α
G551u5	WIAF-11720	HT1118	808	TNFRSFIB, tumor necrosis factor 808 receptor superfamily, member 1B	CCAAGCACCT [C/T] CTTCCTGCTC	Σ	ပ	4	တ	Œ.
G552u1	WIAF-12229	HT5108	384	384 TRAP3	GCCGCTGCCC [G/A] CTCATGCTGA	S	9	¥	d	۵
G555u1	WIAF-12211	U94592	478	UCP2, uncoupling protein 2 478 (mitochondrial, proton carrier)	CGCGCTACAG [T/C] CAGCGCCCAG	Σ	Ħ	U	>	a
G556u1	WIAF-11804	AF001787	480	UCP2, uncoupling protein 2 480 (mitochondrial, proton carrier)	TCGGCCTCTA [T/C] GACTGCGTCA	တ	£-	U	٠,	×
G556u2	WIAF-11805	AF001787	563	UCP2, uncoupling protein 2 563 (mitochondrial, proton carrier)	TGCACCACAG [G/A] AGCCATGGCG	Σ	<sub>D</sub>	4	U	ы
G556u3	WIAF-11823	AF001787	1113	UCP2, uncoupling protein 2 (mitochondrial, proton carrier)	Tacggaatc [a/g] ccgttttgaa	ß	4	<sub>O</sub>	S	S
G556u4	WIAF-11782	AP001787	386	UCP2, uncoupling protein 2 (mitochondrial, proton carrier)	ATCCTGACCA [T/C] GGTGCGGACT	М	T	ပ	Σ	H
G561a1	WIAF-12111	HT1176	2430 IDE,	insulin-de	ACTGTGGCAT [C/A] GAGATATACT	_ s	υ	æ	H	ı
G561u2	WIAF-12222	HT1176	3099 IDE,	IDB, insulin-degrading enzyme	ATATTAACTT (C/G) ATGGCTGCAA	×	U	ь	Ĺs,	ı,
G562u1	WIAF-12223	HT27503	089	tumor necrosis factor receptor 680 type 1 associated protein	CCTGTAGTGA [A/C] TCGGCCGCTG	Σ.	æ	ບ	z	Ħ
G562u2	WIAF-12224	HT27503	006	tumor necrosis factor receptor	CGCTGCAGCG [C/A] CTGGTGGAGG	8	U	4		æ

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G573u1	WIAF-12199	HT28094	469	469 SSTR1,	somatostatin receptor 1	GGACCGCTAC [G/C] TGGCCGTGGT	Σ	ő	ú	>	.1
G573u2	WIAF-12208	HT28094	480	SSTR1,	somatostatin receptor 1	TGGCCGTGGT [G/A] CATCCCATCA	တ	U	4	>	>
G573u3	WIAF-12209	HT28094	879	879 SSTR1,	somatostatin receptor 1	TGCAGCTGGT [T/C] AACGTGTTTG	တ	Ę	U	>	>
G574u1	WIAF-11822	HT4058	1054	1054 SSTRS,	somatostatin receptor 5	GCCACGGAGC [C/T] GCGTCCAGAC	Σ	U	F	а	-1
G575u1	WIAF-12200	HT28095	66	99 SSTR3,	somatostatin receptor 3	ACGTGTCGGC [G/A] GGCCCAAGCC	တ	g	d	A	A
0575u2	WIAF-12217	HT28095	453	53 SSTR3,	somatostatin receptor 3	ccacccectc [g/a] gcccgcTggc	8	o	A	S	S
GS85ul	WIAF-12204	HT1022	1133	PYGL, F liver (F atorage	PYGL, phosphorylase, glycogen; liver (Hers disease, glycogen storage disease type VI)	AGCTGAATGA [T/C] ACTCACCCTC	σ	F→	υ	۵	۵
G585u2	WIAE-12205	HT1022	1988	PYGL, E liver (F storage	PYGL, phosphorylase, glycogen; liver (Hers disease, glycogen 1988 storage disease type VI)	agctgatcac [t/c] tcagtggcag	w	F	c	F	F
G585u3	WIAF-12225	HT1022	1883	PYGL, F liver (F	PYGL, phosphorylase, glycogen; liver (Hers disease, glycogen 1883 storage disease type VI)	TGTACAACG [C/T] ATTAAGAAAG	Ø	บ	H	æ	œ
GSBSu4	WIAF-12226	HT1022	2037	PYGL,    liver (H	PYGL, phosphorylase, glycogen, liver (Hers disease, glycogen storage disease type VI)	AAGCAAGTTG (A/G) AAGTCATCTT	Σ	K	U	×	<sub>M</sub>
G585u5	WIAF-12231	HT1022	1387	PYGL, 1 liver (P	PYGL, phosphorylase, glycogen; liver (Hers disease, glycogen 1387 storage disease type VI)	GATGTGGACC [C/G] TCTGAGAAGG	Σ	υ	U	c.	æ
G586a1	WIAF-12112	HT1878	2410	2410 PFKM, 1	phosphofructokinase, muscle CCGGGGAAGC[I/G]GCCGTCTAAA	CCGGGGAAGC[T/G]GCCGTCTAAA	, v	Ę4	g	æ	æ
G586u2	WIAR-12206	HT1878	375	375 PFKM,	phosphofructokinase, muscl	phosphofructokinase, muscle GGACGACTCC [G/A] AGCTGCCTAC	Σ	ь	4	œ	o

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G586u3	WIAF-12207	HT1878	322	322 PFKM, phosphofructokinase, muscle TGGGAGGCAC[G/A]GTGAATGGAA	TGGGAGGCAC [G/A] GTGATTGGAA	S		A.	T.
G586u4	WIAF-12227	HT1878	334	334 PFKM, phosphofructokinase, muscle	muscle TGATTGGAAG (T/C)GCCCGGTGCA	S	F	U U	S S
GS86u5	WIAF-12228	HT1878	408	phosphofructokinase,	muscle CGTGGGATCA[C/G]CAATCTCTGT	æ	υ	G	T S
G586u6	WIAR-12235	HT1878	717		muscle Cacrdrddar [A/d] ccrddcccrr	Σ	4	ď	۲
G587u1	WIAF-12615	HT3847	366	366 phosphofructokinase, liver	ATGGCAGCCT [T/C] ACAGGTGCCA	S	F	U	1
G589u1	WIAF-12210	139211	1327	CPTIA, carnitine palmitoyltxansferase I, liver	CAGCGTTCTT [C/T] GTGACGTTAG	S	U	f+	OL OL
G589u2	WIAF-12215	139211	2080	CPT1A, carnitine 2080 palmitoyltransferase I, liver	AATATCTCGC [T/C] GTGGAGTCCC	ß	£+	U	<u>ب</u> ح
G589u3	WIAF-12216	139211	679	CPTIA, carnitine 679 palmitoyltransferase I, liver	ACTTCAAACG [G/T] ATGACAGGAC	S	ဗ	- H	<u>م</u> د
G589u4	WIAF-12218	139211	1844	CPT1A, carnitine 1844 palmitoyltransferase I, liver	CCTCACATAC [G/C] AGGCCTCCAT	Σ	9	U	<u>о</u> ы
G592u1	WIAF-11814	X96586	1089	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated 1089 factor	TCCGGGATCT [C/T] AGTAAGCCAG	S	U	£-	
G592u2	WIAF-11815	X96586	2020	NSWAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N.SMase) activation associated 2020 factor	aagtatatca [t/6] tttcaaatat	Æ	F	9	۸ ۸
G592u3	WIAF-11834	X96586	1673	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated	GTAGCCATGC [T/C] TACGCAAATC	Σ	F	υ	7
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G592u4	WIAF-11784	X96586	1889	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated	CACGAGCACT [A/G] TAAAATCCAC	Σ	A	<u>≻</u> ق	<u>ပ</u>
G592u5	WIAF-11798	98596X	1677	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated	CCATGCTTAC [G/A] CAAATCTTGG	s	ט	A H	+
G592u6	WIAF-11799	98596X	2429	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated 2429 factor	TGCCATTCAG [G/C] GATTGTATGT	Σ	U	υ υ	A
G592a7	WIAF-13156	98596X	2205	NSMAF, neutral sphingomyelinase (N-SMase) activation associated 2205 factor	ATTCTGCATC [G/A] TGGGACTCTA	S	U	4	<u> </u>
G594u1	WIAF-10065	HT3921	1153	1153 annexin V, alt. transcript 2	TTGTGAAATC[T/A]ATTCGAAGTA	တ	Ŧ	æ	S
G594u2	WIAF-10098	HT3921	567	567 annexin V, alt. transcript 2	CGAAGTAATG [C/T] TCAGCGCCAG	Σ	υ	T.	^
G594u3	WIAF-10099	HT3921	774	774 annexin V, alt. transcript 2	ATTGCTTCAA [G/C] GACACCTGAA	Σ	b	ر «	<u>+</u>
G594a4	WIAF-10505	HT3921	424	424 annexín V, alt. transcript 2	GAGTAGTCGC [C/T] ATGGCACAGG		υ	E	1
G594a5	WIAF-13123	HT3921	571	571 annexin V, alt. transcript 2	GTAATGCTCA [G/C] CGCCAGGAAA	X	U	٥	<u>н</u>
G595u1	WIAF-12203	HT27983	1008	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 1008 interacting protein 1	TGCAAGATTA [C/T] AGGCTGTTGC	Z	υ	O F	•
G595u2	WIAF-12220	HT27983	785	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 785 interacting protein 1	CCCTCAGTCA (T/C) GATTCTTTAA	S	4	<u>н</u> С	x
G595u3	WIAF-12232	HT27983	1231	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 1231 interacting protein 1	GTTGGCAGTT [A/T] CCAGCTCCCA	Σ	4	T	<u> </u>
G595u4	WIAF-12261	HT27983	2048	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 2048 interacting protein 1	GCAGTACTCA [G/A] TCTGAAAAGC	s	g	4	o o
G595u5	WIAF-12274	HT27983	2376	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 2376 interacting protein 1	TCCTGAACCA [G/T] GGCTTTCTGG	Σ	G	T.	3
G595u6	WIAF-12275	HT27983	3498	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 3498 interacting protein 1	ACTATATTAC [A/G] TGCTTCAAAA	Σ	A	Σ υ	>

G595u7	WIAF-12276	HT27983	3671	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 3671 interacting protein 1	ACAATAGCCA [T/C] ATGGGAAATA	S	Ŀ	υ	_ π	_=
GS95u8	WIAF-12294	HT27983	2020	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 2020 interacting protein 1	ATCAAATGGA (A/G) TTCCCCACCA	Σ	4	b	2	S
60565D	WIAF-12295	HT27983	3140	NRIP1, nuclear receptor 3140 interacting protein 1	ATTTGTCCCC [G/A] CACAGAAGTA	ဟ	o	4	Δ.	
0596u1	WIAF-10144	HT3537	3299 PC,	PC, pyruvate carboxylase	TGCGGTCCAT [C/T] TTGGTCAAGG	S	U	Ę.	L	L
G596u2	WIAF-10158	HT3537	2662 PC,	PC, pyruvate carboxylase	ACCAACCTGC [A/C] CTTCCAGGCC	Σ	4	Γ	Г	۵,
G596u3	WIAF-10159	HT3537	2156 PC,	PC, pyruvate carboxylase	CCATCTCATA [C/A] ACGGGCGACG	z	ပ	Γ	7	
G598a1	WIAF-12118	HT48666	5585	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 5585 (RLD) 1	GGGACCTATG [C/T] TGATAAACTG	Σ	ပ	f-	a	>
GS98u2	WIAF-12236	HT48666	4456	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 4456 (RLD) 1	CCTGTTAATA [T/C] TAGGAGTAAG	S	Ę4	U	ı,	L,
G598u3	WIAF-12237	HT48666	6356	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 6356 (RLD) 1	ggtaatgaag [g/t] cacgtgtgtt	Σ	<u>.</u>	T	9	>
G598u4	WIAF-12240	HT48666	HERC1 AP (UI domai 12219 (RLD)	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	GTACCTTTGT [C/T] ATCCAGGCCA	<u>ა</u>	υ	F	>	>
G598u5	WIAF-12241	HT48666	12480	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	CCAGGCAGAT [C/G] GAGGCCTTAC	Σ.	ວ	<sub>U</sub>	н	Σ
9n865D	WIAF-12244	HT48666	12975	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain	GAGTAATCAT [T/A] GAAGATGTGG	ω	£«	4	н	н

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<	4	U	ပ	<		E-4
Σ	Σ	Σ	S	<u> </u>	Σ	თ
n TCCAATAATC [A/T] GTCAACTTTA	n TTCAAAAGCA [A/T] TTCAATCAAA	n TATTCAGCTC [G/A] TCCGTATCCT	n ATCTTTACCT [C/T] GGTGCTATGA	1 GTGGAAATCC [A/G] TACTACCTGT	TTGTGGCATT [G/C] CTAGCAGACA	ATCCATCTAT [T/C] GTAAATGGCA
HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 1424 (RLD) 1	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain [8854] (RLD) 1	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 1189 (RLD) 1	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCCl (CHCl)-like domain (RLD)
1424	5854	6754	7635	9189	HERC1 AP (U domai 10119 (RLD)	HERCI, AP (UE domair
HT48666	HT48666	HT48666	HT48666	HT48666	HT48666	HT48666
WIAP-12245	WIAF-12250	WIAF-12251	WIAF-12252	WIAF-12254	WIAF-12255	WIAF-12257
G598u7	81865D	G598u9	G598u10	G598u11	G598u12	G598u13

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	WIAP-12258	HT48666	13513	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	CTATGGACCT (C/T) AGATAACTGT	2	ပ	£-	0	
I	WIAF-12259	HT48666	13697	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	accatcacag (a/g) gatgtgccag	Σ	A	ဗ	ω	U
	WIAF-12265	HT48666	1098	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	CCCTTTACGA [G/A] GCAGCATTAT	w	U	a	យ	ស
1	WIAF-12272	HT48666	6009	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	TATGTGGGAG (A/Q) CACCCATTGC	Σ	<b>«</b>	ဗ	F	A
i	WIAF-12273	HT48666	9551	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 9551 (RLD) 1	AAGAGCTCCT [C/T] TGGGAGAATA	Σ	υ	F	ဖ	(b.
[	WIAF-12277	HT48666	999	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 666 (RLD) 1	GTCTTTGCAA (C/T) GATGTCATTC	თ	ပ	F	z	2
	WIAF-12278	HT4866	882	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 882 (RLD) 1	GCTCATTGCG (A/G) TATCTTCTTG	. "			ĸ	œ

G598u21	WIAF-12279	HT48666	. 893	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain	TATCTTCTTG [A/T] ATGGATAGAA	Σ	≪	E+	> a
G598u22	WIAF-12280	HT48666	HERC1 AP (U) domain 13276 (RLD)	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	AGAAGTCAGC (A/G) TTCACACGGT	Σ	A.	U	>
G598u23	WIAP-12283	HT48666	6519	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	CCTGTGTGTT [A/T] GACATGGAAG	Σ	A	£-	ت. ب <u>ه</u>
G598u24	WIAF-12284	HT48666	9868	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 8386 (RLD) 1	GGGGTTCTCT [C/T] TTCGGCAGAT	Σ	U	F	יי
G598u25	WIAF-12286	HT48666	HERC1 AP (UI domai	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	CAGCTCAGCA [A/T] CTCGTGCGCA	Σ	4	Ę+	± 0
G598u26	WIAF-12287	HT48666	10099	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD)	CTTTGTTGTA [A/G] CACAGGCCCT	Σ	4		T.
G598u27	WIAF-12289	HT4866	11835	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain	AGAACTGTCT [G/C] CCTGACCCTG	S	Ð	υ	

G598u28	WIAF-12290	HT48666	12689	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain	TTAAACCACA [C/T] TTTGGCAGTG	Σ		H	H	н
G598u29	WIAF-12291	HT48666	HERC1 AP (U) domai	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	ACGTGGACAA [C/T] GCCGAGGGCT	N	U	Ę	z	. 2
0En865D	WIAP-12296	HT48666	393	HERCI, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	ATTCCCCCATT [T/C] GCCGGGGCAC	ဟ	H	U	(L	Da.
G598u31	WIAF-12297	HT48666	479	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 479 (RLD) 1	GGCAAGGTGA [A/G] GCAGCAGCAG	Σ	Æ	g	×	œ
G598u32	WIAF-12298	HT48666	1197	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain (RLD) 1	atgctcccat [t/c] gtctccgaaa	<u>ග</u>	E	υ	н	н
G598u33	WIAP-12300	HT48666	3595	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain	TCCAGAGGAA [C/T] AGGACACTGC	z	U	H	. 0	•
G598u34	WIAF-12301	HT48666	3661	HERC1, hect (homologous to the E6 AP (UBE3A) carboxyl terminus) domain and RCC1 (CHC1)-like domain 3661 (RLD) 1	Cactcctcaa (1/c) tggataaatg	S	£-	ပ	1	ני
G601u1	WIAF-12246	HT27734	106	PRKMKS, protein kinase, mitogen- activated, kinase 5 (MAP kinase 106 kinase 5)	tggagaacca [g/a] gtgctggtaa	σ	b	A	ŏ	٥

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G601u2	WIAF-12247	HT27734	351	PRKMKS, protein kinase, mitogen- activated, kinase 5 (MAP kinase kinase 5)	GTAAATGGAC (A/G) GTTAATAGAG	Σ	A	<u>0</u>	~~~	
	WIAF-12292	HT27734	617	PRKMKS, protein kinase, mitogenactivated, kinase 5 (MAP kinase 51)	agcatatcat [g/c] tcccgagtgg	Σ	G	> U	a	
G603u1	WIAF-12248	HT4291	1336	mitogen-activated protein (MAP)	AGTCATCAGC [T/C] TTGTGCCACC	Σ	Ę+	U	<u>.,,</u>	
G603u2	WIAF-12281	HT4291	1230	mitogen-activated protein (MAP)	CTCAGTACCA[C/T]GATCCTGATG	s	c	T.	<u>=</u>	
G610u1	WIAF-12249	HT48690	1012	protein kinase, mitogen-activated, 1012 p38Beta (MAP kinase p38Beta)	CCGAGCCATA [T/C]GATGAGAGCG	Ŋ	£.	<del>خ</del> ن	<u> </u>	
G610u2	WIAF-12263	HT48690	967	protein kinase, mitogen-activated, p38Beta (MAP kinase p38Beta)	ABATCTCCTC [G/A] GAACACGCCC	တ	U	4	σ S	
G610u3	WIAF-12264	HT48690	848	protein kinase, mitogen-activated, 848 p38Beta (MAP kinase p38Beta)	GCCCCAGAAG [G/A] ACCTGAGCAG.	Σ	ပ	4		
g610u4	WIAF-12282	HT48690	439	protein kinase, mitogen-activated, p38Beta (MAP kinase p38Beta)	TCCTGGTTTA [C/T] CAGCTGCTGC	თ	U	H	× ×	
G612u1	WIAF-12344	HT1436	1.513	RAF1, v-raf-1 murine leukemia	TTTGCATGCA (A/G)AGAACATCAT	Σ	æ	U	<b>π</b>	
G614u1	WIAF-12267	HT321	603	BRAF, v-raf murine sarcoma viral	GACAGTCTAA (A/G) GAAAGCACTG	Σ	A	υ	<u>×</u>	
G614u2	WIAF-12268	нТ321	2282	BRAF, v-raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog Bl	CCAAACAGAG [G/A] ATTTTAGTCT	Σ	g	4	2	
G614u3	WIAF-12299 '	нт321	973	BRAF, v-raf murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog Bl	AGGAAGAGG [G/A] TCCTTAGCAG	တ	ပ	æ	4	
G616u1	WIAF-12253	HT48746	498	TRAF-interacting protein (I-TRAF)	AAGAAGACAA [G/T] AGGTTTCTTC	z	U	F	- M	
G616u2	WIAF-12269	HT48746	1338	1338 TRAF-interacting protein (I-TRAF)	GCATATACCT [C/G] GAGTATGTGA	_Σ	ပ	U	2	

G616u3 W	0000					_				
	TAL-14403	HT48746	377	377 TRAF-interacting protein (I-TRAF)	ATAACAATTA [T/C] GGCTGTGTCC	S	£	U	*	7
	WIAF-12288	HT48746	1032	1032 TRAF-interacting protein (I-TRAF)	TGAAATTCAG [G/A] GAATTGACCC	Σ	ပ	4	9	œ
	WIAF-12256	HT1614	52	PPPICA, protein phosphatase 1, 52 catalytic subunit, alpha isoform	GAAGCTCAAC [C/T] TGGACTCGAT	α	ບ	£-	ı	ī
	WIAF-12270	HT1614	792	PPPICA, protein phosphatase 1,	AAGACGGCTA [C/T] GAGTTCTTTG	တ	Ú	Ŧ.	Υ.	X
	WIAF-12238	HT27508	1598	m.	CATTGAACCA (A/C) CACAGTTCAA	Σ	Ą	၁	Ę	O.
	WIAF-12271	HT27508	1135	protein phosphatase, 2A B56-alpha	ATCAGAAATT [C/T] GTACAACAGC	S	ပ	1	ů	(L,
	WIAF-10369	HT0855	214	ERCC6, exclaion repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	AGGAGTACCT [G/C] TCCTTTCGTT	ဟ	U	υ	j.	,a
	WIAF-10370	HT0855	20 CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	CCG, excision repair cross- mplementing rodent repair sficiency, complementation group	aaaactgict [T/C] ttgaaaggaa	Σ	H	υ	દ્ય	ū
	WIAF-10428	HT0855	2904	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	AGCACGGACA [C/T] GCAGGCCCGG	Σ	ပ	Ę-	Ę.	Σ
G62u4 W	WIAF-10430	HT0855	3368	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	TGACCCTCAC [A/G] TGAGTAGTAA	Σ	<b>4</b>	U	Σ	>
	WIAF-10451	HT0855	ন্ত্র জ ১৯ ১৯	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	TTCTGGGGAA [G/A] AAGCTGAAGC	Σ	ၒ	4	ы	×
	WIAF-10452	HT0855	E C C G G G 3716 6	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	TAAGCATTGC [A/G] GAGACGCCAA	Σ	4	U	α	U

				ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair					
G62u7	WIAF-10453	HT0855	3967 6	ericiency, comprementation group	CCCTGAAAGC [A/C] CTGAGGCTCT	8	٥	4	4
a ::	3 7 7	700 B	19 A A C A	CCG, excision repair cross- omplementing rodent repair eficiency, complementation group	regretree (A/G) ceraga ereg	Σ		<u>+</u>	<u> </u>
611.699	WIRE-10455	HT0855	3979	CCG, excision repair cross- omplementing rodent repair sficiency, complementation group	TGAGGCTCTC [T/C] CGTCAGCGGT	ν Ε-	U	<u> </u>	, co
G62u10	WIAF-10456	HT0855	3729 6	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	GACGCCAAGT [T/G] TGAAGGAACT	Σ	T. G	<u> </u>	υ
G62u11	WIAF-10476	HT0855	EI CC CC 21275 6	RRCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	TCTGGAGATG [G/A] TACTGACTAT	Σ	<u>«</u>	<u> </u>	Ω
G62u12	WIAF-10477	HT0855	2017 6	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	TGATCTTGGA [C/T] GAAGGACACA	ω	E U	<u> </u>	۵
G62u13	WIAF-10479	HT0855	9 G Q E	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	CTAACATATC [T/C] GTAAATGATG	ω.	U	თ	<u></u> თ
G62u14	WIAF-10481	HT0855	20 00 4317 6	ERCC6, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 6	GGGCACCTGC [A/G] GGAAGCTTCT	×	4	<u>.</u> ა	. α
G620a1	WIAF-12116	HT1943	1256	PPP2CB, protein phosphatase 2 (formerly 2A), catalytic subunit, 1256 beta isoform	TATCATGGAA (T/A) TAGATGACAC	Σ	Ę-	4	<u> </u>

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G620a2	WIAP-12117	HT1943	1326	PPP2CB, protein phosphatase 2 (formerly 2A), catalytic subunit, 1326 beta isoform	CCTCATGTTA [C/G] ACGGCGCACC	Σ	υ	ပ	£-	œ
5,002,3	WIAF-12239	H71943	819	PPP2CB, protein phosphatase 2 (formerly 2A), catalytic subunit, 819 beta isoform	ttttatgatg [a/g]atgtctgcga	æ	4	9	ш	g
G623u1	WIAF-12260	HT3979	459	PPPICB, protein phosphatase 1, catalytic subunit, beta isoform	TTCATGGACA [A/G] TATACAGATT	တ	4	9	ø	٥
G625m1	MIAF-12266	HT1961	722	PPP2R2A, protein phosphatase 2 (formerly 2A), regulatory subunit B (PR 52), alpha isoform	CATTCTGGAG [A/G]ATTACTAGCA	Σ	a	ပ	ш	o
G628a1	WIAP-12104	HT2780	1104	PPPICC, pr	agggtatga [t/a] cacaaagcaa	Σ	Ħ	A	н	z
G628a2	WIAF-12105	HT2780	973	PPPICC, protein phosphatase 1, 973 catalytic subunit, gamma isoform	CCAATTATTG [C/T] GGAGAGTTTG	<u> </u>	U U	£-	U	U
9628113	WTAF-12311	HT2780	888	PPPICC, protein phosphatase 1, 888 catalytic subunit, gamma isoform	GATCTTATAT [G/T] TAGAGCCCAT	Σ	ပ	Ę+	υ	Ē.
180E30	WIAF-12103	HTSOB6	704	protein phosphatase regulatory subunit	AAAGATGCAG (A/G) TCTGAACTCT	Σ	A	Ö	۵	U
2663082	WIAF-12106	HT5086	1015	protein phore	CGATGGGAAC [G/T] CCCCATCCTT	Σ	b	F	<b>«</b>	S
G630a3	WIAF-12107	HT5086	1024	protein phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa regulatory subunit	GGCCCCATCC[T/c]TTGGTTTACT	Σ	F	v	Ē.	1
G63084	WIAF-12108	HT5086	837	protein phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa regulatory subunit	ACTTAAAGGA [T/C] ATTGCAGGAG	ဟ	۴-	υ	۵	۵
5630115	WIAF-12325	HT5086	1200	protein phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa 1200 regulatory subunit	TAAAGAIGIG [C/T] TIGGACATCT	တ	Ü	F	U	υ
9008	WIAF-12326	HT5086	2810	protein phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa regulatory subunit	ATGTTCAGGG [C/T] TGCAGGGGGA	Σ	ပ	F	A	>
G630u7	WIAF-12351	HT5086	512	protein phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa 512 regulatory subunit	ATTATGGCAG [C/T] AACTTACAGA	Σ	_ ပ	<u>F</u>	A	>

tory subunit  In phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa  tory subunit  In phosphatase 2A, 130 kDa  tory subunit  insulin-like growth factor  insulin-like growth factor  ptor  eptor  insulin-like growth factor  ptor  insulin-like growth factor						L			
WIAF-12353   HT5086   1069 regulatory subunit	11AF-12352	HT5086		e 2A, 130 kDa	CAAAGATGCA [G/A] ATCTGAACTC	Σ	<u>م</u>	Δ	Z
WIAF-11825   X04434   Z283   1 receptor   IOF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IOF1R, insulin-like gr	VIAF-12353	HT5086		e 2A, 130 kDa	ACCTITGICT [C/I] ATAGAAACTC	Σ.	- [-]	<u>=</u>	->
WIAF-11826   X04434   2279   I receptor   IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor   IGFIR, insulin-like gr	 VIAF-11825	X04434	2283	ke growth factor	TGCAAGTGGC [C/T] AACACCACCA	s C	- E	_∢	ح ح
MIAP-12106   X04434   1731   receptor   IGPIR, insulin-like growth factor   IGPIR, insulin-like grow	30811-941	X04434		IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor	GTCATGCAAG (T/C) GGCCAACACC	A	U	>	4
IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth f	TAP-11781	X04434	1731	IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor	ACAAGGACGT [G/A] GAGCCCGGCA	S S	4	<u>^</u>	>
IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like module containing,   IGF1R, insulin-like, hormone receptor-like   IGF1R, insulin-like   IGF1R, insuli	VIAF-13106	X04434		IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor	TCCACGACGG [C/A] GAGTGCATGC	ပ	4	U	O
MIAF-13108   X04434   2539   receptor   IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor   IGFIR, insulin-like module containing,   IGFIR, insulin-like, hormone receptor-like   IGFIR, insulin-like   IGFIR, insulin-like   IGFIR, insulin-like   IGFIR, insulin-like   IGFIR, insul	VIAF-13107	X04434	1089	sulin-like growth factor	CTTCTGCTCA [G/C] ATGCTCCAAG	Σ	U U	<u> </u>	=
MIAF-13109   X04434   2606   receptor   IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor   IGFIR, insulin-like module containing,   IGFIR, edf-like module containing,   IGFIR, edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like module edg-like mo	4IAF-13108	X04434	2539	Bulin-like growth factor	agaaggagca [g/a] atgacattcc	Σ	<u>م</u> ن	Δ	_ z
MIAF-13111   X04434   1543   receptor   IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor   IGFIR, insulin-like module containing,   IGFIR, eqf-like module containing,   IGFIR, eqfIR, e	WIAF-13109	X04434	2606	IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor	AAGTGGCCGG [A/C] ACCTGAGAAT	Σ	4	S S	۸
IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like module containing,   IGF1GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	WIAF-13111	X04434	1543	IGFIR, insulin-like growth factor I receptor	CTCCACCACC [A/T] CGTCGAAGAA	Σ	4	£	တ
IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF1R, insulin-like growth factor   IGF18	WIAF-13112	X04434	1549	sulin-like	CACCACGTCG [A/G] AGAATCGCAT	Σ	4	<u>×</u> ن	
WIAF-12332 HT5191 1127 retinoic acid-binding protein II WIAF-12333 HT5191 1048 retinoic acid-binding protein II EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like WIAF-12303 X81479 1204 sequence 1 EMR1, eqf-like module containing,	WIAF-13113	X04434	1596	IGP1R, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor	CCCCTGACTA [C/T] AGGGATCTCA	σ o	 U	- <del>/</del>	<u>≻</u>
WIAF-12333 HT5191 1048 retinoic acid-binding protein II  EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like  WIAF-12303 X81479 1204 sequence 1  EMR1, eqf-like module containing,	WIAF-12332	HT5191	1127		TCTGCAGACT [C/T] TTCAGGAGAG	Σ	ű	ㅂ	<u> </u>
EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like with 1204 sequence 1 EMR1, eqf-like module containing,	WIAF-12333	HT5191	1048		aagcattaga [g/a] gccttacaga	တ	0	A	ш
EMRI	WIAF-12303	X81479	1204	EMR1, mucin-1 sequenc	CAAATATCCA (T/C) GTGGACTAAA	Σ	E+	Σ υ	F
-like, hormone receptor-like nce l	WIAF-12304	X81479	1919	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like sequence 1	TTCTGCTGTG [T/G] CGCTCCATCC	Σ	F-	<u>ပ</u>	3

								I	I	
G646u3	WIAF-12316	X81479	089	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like 590 sequence 1	CTTGCCCAGA [9/T] CATGCAACTT	Σ	g	H	<u>.</u>	Ω
G646u4	WIAF-12317	X81479	799	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like	GCACCAAGCA [G/A] TGGACAGTTG	Σ	o	æ	σ v	z
G646u5	WIAF-12318	X81479	558	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like 558 sequence 1	TGAAGACGTG [A/G] ATGAATGTGC	Σ	4	U	z	۵
G646u6	WIAR-12334	X81479	207	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like	ttactattgc [a/g] cttgcaaaca	Σ	4	O	. F	a
G646u7	WIAF-12335	X81479	458	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like 458 sequence 1	TCACCAGCAG [9/C] GTCTGCCTG	Σ	G	c	æ	s
G646u8	WIAF-12336	X81479	1308	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like	CTCAGCAAAT [G/A] TCACTCCGGC	Σ	G	Ą	>	н
G646u9	WIAP-12337	X81479	1285	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like	acactogcat [c/t] tttttggaaa	Σ	ŭ	1	S	ĵs.
G646u10	WIAP-12338	X81479	2026	EMR1, egf-like module containing, mucin-like, hormone receptor-like sequence 1	gacaacaaga [c/t] gggctgcgcc	×	υ	Ţ	£.	Σ
G647u1	WIAF-12339	HT5190	174	RARA, retinoic acid receptor,	TGCCTCCCTA [C/T] GCCTTCTTCT	S	ပ	Ţ	Y	¥
G648a1	WIAF-13332	HT0070	469	469 retinoic acid receptor, beta	AACGTGAGCC (A/G)GGAGCAGCGT		Ą	S		,
G648a2	WIAF-13333	HT0070	532	532 retinoic acid receptor, beta	attgittta (a/g) ggigagaat		A	9		

G650u1	WIAF-12323	X52773	862	862 RXRA, retinoid X receptor, alpha	CTCGCCGAAC [G/A] ACCCTGTCAC	Σ	U	4	Q	z
G650u2	WIAF-12341	X52773	102	102 RXRA, retinoid X receptor, alpha	TCCTGCCGCT [C/T] GATTTCTCCA	S	ပ	Ŧ	7	Ĺ
G650u3	WIAF-12348	X52773	673	673 RXRA, retinoid X receptor, alpha	GGCCATGGGC [A/G] TGAAGCGGGA	Σ	Æ	9	Σ	>
G650u4	WIAF-12349	X52773	902	902 RXRA, retinoid X receptor, alpha	GACAAACAGC [T/C] TTTCACCCTG	Σ	1	ن	L	O.
G653a1	WIAF-13326	HT1458	439	RARB, retinoic acid receptor, 439 beta	AGGAGAAAGC [T/C] CTCAAAGCAT	တ	Ę.	U	4	4
G655a1	WIAF-13327	J05252	1158	PCSK2, proprotein convertase	CCTTCAGCAA [C/T] GGGAGGAAAA	S	၁	Ţ	z	2
G655a2	WIAF-13334	J05252	678	PCSK2, proprotein convertase 678 subtilisin/kexin type 2	CCTATCCTTA [C/A] CCTCGGTACA	z	ر	Ą	¥	•
G655a3	WIAF-13335	J05252	744	PCSK2, proprotein convertase	TTTCTGCTGC [C/T] GCCAACAACA	S	ر د	. 1	ď	4
G658u1	WIAF-11856	302943	971	CBG, corticosteroid binding globulin	TCTATGACCT [T/C] GGAGATGTGC	ď	Į.	υ	ı	ر.
G658u2	WIAF-13407	J02943	171	CBG, globul	ccrrcargac(1/G)cagagcrccc	Σ	H	ຶ່ນ	S	Æ
G658u3	WIAF-13408	302943	773	CBG, corticosteroid binding globulin	TTCATGACTC [A/G] GAGCTCCCT	S	4	U	S	S
G658u4	WIAF-13409	J02943	1046	CBG, corticosteroid binding	TCACCCAGGA [C/T] GCCCAGCTGA	s	υ	F	۵	۵
G663u1	WIAF-13400	HT3157	1202 TPO,		ceccacecec [a/a] cereceecer	S		A	A	A.
G663u2	WIAF-13401	HT3157	1282 TPO,	TPO, thyroid peroxidase	GGCCGCGCCA [G/C] CGAGGTCCCC	Σ	9	C	S	<b>[</b> -1
G668a1	WIAF-13350	053506	350	DIO2, deiodinase, iodothyronine, 350 type II	TCGATGCCTA[C/A]AAACAGGTGA	2	υ	æ	<b>&gt;</b>	4
G668a2	WIAF-13351	053506	354	DIO2, deiodinase, iodothyronine, type II	TGCCTACAAA [C/A] AGGTGAAATT	Σ	U	4	0	~
G668a3	WIAF-13352	053506	408	DIO2, deiodinase, iodothyronine,	TGTCTCCAGT (A/G) CAGAAGGAGG	Σ	a	ပ	F	4
G673a1	WIAF-13328	M57464	1723	Human ret proto-oncogene mRNA for 1723 tyrosine kinase.	CGAGCCTGGG [G/A] AGCCCCGGGG	Σ	ဗ	A	B	×
G673a2	WIAF-13336	M57464	1186	Human ret proto-oncogene mRNA for 1186 tyrosine kinase.	GGCTCGCCGA [T/A] TTGCCCAGAT	Σ	F	A	ĵ.	н

G673a3	WIAF-13337	MS7464	1227	Human ret proto-oncogene mRNA for 1227 tyrosine kinase.	ACTGCCAGGC [G/A] TTCAGTGGCA	ω	ပ	4	4
G673a4	WIAF-13338	M57464	2118	Human ret proto-oncogene mRNA for 2118 tyrosine kinase.	TTGGAAAAC (T/A) CTAGGAGAAG	Ø	Į.	4	F
G673aS	WIAF-13339	M57464	2238	Human ret proto-oncogene mRNA for 2238 tyrosine kinase.	CGAGTGAGCT [T/G] CGAGACCTGC	ဟ	£-	U	. 13
G678al	WIAF-13353	D49492	1439	GDF10, growth differentiation	TCGGCTGGAA (T/A) GAATGGATAA	Σ	Į.	4	z
G68u1	WIAF-10434	HT1115	1214	ERCC3, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 3 (xaroderma pigmentosum group B complementing)	CTGTGGAGCA [G/A] TGGAAAGCCC	ν	9	W.	0
	WIAF-10435	HT1115	1155	ERCC3, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 3 (xeroderma pigmentosum group B 1155 complementing)	TGTGACTGCT [G/C] CATGCACTGT	Σ	Ø	U	<u>۵</u>
G68u3	WIAF-10436	ATILIS	1327	ERCC3, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 3 (xeroderma pigmentosum group B	AGCACCTACT [C/T] CATGCTGGGC	Σ	Ü	H	<u>(a.</u> (5)
G68u4	WIAF-10461	HT1115	926	ERCC3, excision repair cross-complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 3 (xeroderma pigmentosum group B 926 complementing)	aggaaatgat [t/c] gaggaactcc	Ø	£.	υ	1
G68u5	WIAF-10464	HT1115	1430	ERCC1, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 3 (xeroderma pigmentosum group B	AAGTGCACAC [C/T] ATACCAGCCA	ω	Ú	£-	

G684a1	WLAF-13359	X51801	712	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein 712 7 (osteogenic protein 1)	GTTTATCAGG [T/G] GCTCCAGGAG	Σ	£-	U	>	Ö
G684a2	WIAF-13360	XS1801	719	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein 7197 (osteogenic protein)	AGGTGCTCCA [9/A] GAGCACTTGG	w	9	A	o	0
G684a3	WIAF-13361	X51801	. 967	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein 196 7 (osteogenic protein 1)	GGCTGGCTGG [T/G] GTTTGACATC	М	E+	g	۸	v
G684a4	WIAF-13362	X51801	862	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein	GGCCTGCAGC (1/0) CTCGGTGGAG	Σ	<b>L</b>	9	ı	æ
G684a5	WIAF-13363	X51801	658	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein 658 7 (osteogenic protein 1)	atctacaagg [a/g] ctacatccgg	M	A	9	Ω	O
G684u6	WIAF-13834	X51801	1421	BMP7, bone morphogenetic protein 1421 7 (osteogenic protein 1)	GCCACTAGCT [C/T] CTCCGAGAAT	•	C	Ţ		
G685a1	WIAF-13329	D89675	882 1	BMPRIB, bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type IB	GTTCCCTTTA [T/G] GATTATCTGA	Z	T	G	*	•
G685a2	WIAF-13330	D89675	920	BMPRIB, bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type IB	gctaaatcaa [t/c] gctgaagtta	Σ	Ŧ	د	Σ	Į.
G685a3	WIAF-13331	D89675	770 1	BMPR1B, bone morphogenetic 770 protein receptor, type IB	tatcagacag (1/g) gttgatgagg	Σ	F	9	. >	U
G685a4	WIAF-13340	D89675	1303	BMPR1B, bone morphogenetic	TCCTTATCAT [G/A] ACCTAGTGCC	Σ	ຶ່ງ	A	ū	z
G685a5	WIAF-13341	089675	1372	BMPRIB, bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type IB	GTTACGCCCC [T/G] CATTCCCAAA	Σ	Ę	U	S	a
G685a6	WIAF-13342	D89675	1173	BMPR1B, bone morphogenetic	tgttggacga [g/a] agcttgaaca	တ	9	Æ	M	ល
G686u1	WIAF-13816	248923	2705	BMPR2, bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type II 2705 (serine/threonine kinase)	aaatttiggca [g/a] caagcacaaa	Σ	U	4	S	z

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				BMPR2, bone morphogenetic protein						
G686u2	WIAF-13817	248923	2749	2749 (serine/threonine kinase)	TGGAGTTGCC[A/T]AGATGAATAC	z	A	£-	*	
G687a1	WIAF-13343	HT1455	626	626 CALB1, calbindin 1, (28kD)	ATGATCAGGA [C/T] GGCAATGGAT	<sub>v</sub>	Ü	F		_
G696u1	WIAF-11839	HT27700	1075	1075 calcium-sensing receptor	GGGCACAATT [G/C] CAGCTGATGA	Σ	U	υ	A	
G696u2	WIAF-11840	HT27700	1551	1551 calcium-sensing receptor	TACCTGTGGA [C/T] ACCTTTCTGA	s	C	Т	1 a	Ω
G696u3	WIAF-11841	HT27700	1688	1688 calcium-sensing receptor	TTACGGATAT [C/T] CTACAATGTG	Σ	၁	Ţ	S	F
G696u4	WIAF-11842	HT27700	1698	1698 calcium-sensing receptor	CCTACAATGT [G/T] TACTTAGCAG	S	9	Т	۸	^
G696u5	WIAF-11858	HT27700	1767	1767 calcium-sensing receptor	GGAGAGGGCT [C/T] TTCACCAATG		٥	ī	7	7
G696u6	WIAF-11859	HT27700	1689	1689 calcium-sensing receptor	TACGGATATC (C/T) TACAATGTGT	8	C	Ţ	S	S
G696u7	WIAF-11860	HT27700	2541	2541 calcium-sensing receptor	TCGTGCTCTG [C/T] ATCTCATGCA	S	င	Т	o o	v
G696u8	WIAF-11861	HT27700	2581	2581 calcium-sensing receptor	TGTCCTCCTG [G/A] TGTTTGAGGC	Σ	ט	Ą	۸	Σ
6n969D	WIAF-11863	HT27700	3159	3159 calcium-sensing receptor	TCTCCCGCAA [G/C] CGGTCCAGCA	Σ	G	c	K N	Ż
G696u10	WIAF-11872	HT27700	295	562 calcium-sensing receptor	TCCTATTCAT [T/A] TTGGAGTAGC	×	Т	A	F	Ţ
G696u11	WIAF-11878	HT27700	2941	2941 calcium-sensing receptor	CATTCCAGCC [T/G] ATGCCAGCAC	М	Ţ	ß	ı x	D
G696u12	WIAF-13386	HT27700	1145	1145 calcium-sensing receptor	AGGGATATCT [G/A] CATCGACTTC	Σ	ß	A	o C	X
G696u13	WIAF-13395	HT27700	019	670 calcium-sensing receptor	GATATTTGCC [A/G] TAGAGGAGAT	Σ	A	ຍ	1	>
G696u14	WIAF-13396	HT27700	2243	2243 calcium-sensing receptor	TTCTGGTCCA [A/G] TGAGAACCAC	ы	A	G	N	S
G696u15	WIAF-13397	HT27700	2742	2742 calcium-sensing receptor	AGCTGGAGGA [T/C] GAGATCATCT	S	Ţ	ပ	a	۵
G698u1	WIAF-13547	X61598	393	393 CBP1, collagen-binding protein 1 TCAGCAACTC[G/C]ACGGCGCCA	TCAGCAACTC [G/C] ACGGCGCGCA	_ s	ບ	ن ن	S	s
G698u2	WIAF-13549	X61598	628	628 CBP1, collagen-binding protein 1	CGGCGCCTG [C/T] TAGTCAACGC	S	Ú	F	ı	ı,a
G698u3	WIAF-13550	X61598	1230		GCGGCTCCCT [G/A] CTATTCATTG	တ	U	Æ	ت.	L.
G701u1	WIAF-12382	HT27657	902	706 CGRP type I receptor	AACGATGTTG [C/A] AGCAGGAACT	Σ	υ	Ø	A	ន
G701u2	WIAF-12391	HT27657	841	841 CGRP type I receptor	TGGACAAATT [A/T] TACCCAGTGT	Σ	4	H	X	Œ.
G704u1	WIAF-14046	X60382	1396	COL10A1, collagen, type X, alpha 1 (Schmid metaphyseal chondrodysplasia)	AGGCATTCCA [G/A] GATTCCCTGG	Σ	b	æ	0	α
G704u2	WIAF-14070	X60382	1648	COL10A1, collagen, type X, alpha 1 (Schmid metaphyseal	TGCCAACCAG [G/C] GGGTAACAGG	×	g	υ	U	œ
						l	Ì	Ì	ì	

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2000	WIRP-14071	X 603 82	82.84	COL10A1, 1 (Schmid chondrodve	collagen, type X, alpha metaphyseal	CATACCACGT [G/C] CATGTGAAAG	<u>σ</u>	<u> </u>	<u>&gt;</u>	<u>&gt;</u>
			·	ordon recitor	en twe X alpha					
G704u4	WIAF-14072	X60382	1582	ש אַ	seal	AGTCATGCCT [G/C] AGGGTTTTAT	Ψ	<u>ပ</u> ဗ	Ш	0
G705a1	WIAF-13228	304177	CC 686 1	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	agaagaaac (T/a) gtgacaatga	S	A F	Ŧ	Ę+
G705a2	WIAF-13229	304177	698 1	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	TGACAATGAT (T/A) GTTGATTGTA	S	T	I	H
G705a3	WIAP-13230	304177	888	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	TAGTCCAGAC [T/A] GTGACTCTTC	Ε	T	U	ω
G705a4	WIAF-13231	304177	894 1	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	AGACTIGTIGAC [T/A] CTTCAGCACC	Σ	F	4	S
G705a5	WIAF-13232	304177	651	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	TGACGGGAAG [T/A] GGCATCGGGT	Σ	F	4	3
G705a6	WIAF-13233	304177	661 1	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	TGGCATCGGG [T/A] AGCAATCAGC	Σ	F	A	<u>8</u>
G705a7	WIAF-13234	304177	1597	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	CGTCCTGGCT [T/C] ACCAGGGGCT	Σ	F	U	2
G705a8	WIAF-13235	304177	2745	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	TGGGTTTCCA [Q/A] GTGCCAATGG	Σ	0	4	8
G705a9	WIAF-13236	304177	4385 1	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	GTCCAGAAGG [T/A] CTTCGGGGGA	ø	E	4	0
G705a10	WIAF-13237	J04177	4576	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	gaaaaggtg [a/t] ccgagggctc	Σ	<b>«</b>	F	> 0
G705a11	WIAF-13238	304177	43061	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	GCTAAGGGGG [A/C] AGCAGGTGCA	Σ	a		<u>ح</u> 20
G705a12	WIAF-13239	304177	4837	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	AGACATACTG [A/G] AGGCATGCAA	Σ	4	0	<u>ප</u>
G705a13	WIAP-13240	304177	4931	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	aacaagacat [c/t] gagcatatga	Ø	U	F	H
G705a14	WIAF-13346	304177	299 1	COL11A1, collagen, 1	gen, type XI, alpha	AAGCACTAGA [T/G] TTTCACAATT	Σ	£.		Ω
G705a15	WIAF-13347	304177	2225 1	COL11A1, collagen,	gen, type XI, alpha	GGGAGCCTGG [G/C] CCTCCAGGTC	S	U	v	<u> </u>

G705u16	WIAF-13679	304177	5493	COL11A1;	collagen,	type XI,	alpha	AATTGATCAA [G/A] TACCTATTGT	Σ	b	<u>۷</u>	
2000	000013300	104177	7 A 8 4	COLLIAL,	collagen,	type XI,	alpha	GGAGTTCAAG [G/A] TCCTGTTGGT	Σ			
8 (113025	WTAF-13709	304177	5392 1	COL11A1,	collagen,	type XI,	alpha	GAGATGTCCT (A/T) TGACAATAAT		4	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>
				COLLIA2,	collagen,	type XI,	alpha					
G707u1	WIAF-12363	U32169	4996 2	2				TCCCCTGAGA [C/T] TCCGTGGGGC	Σ	J	1	-
G707u2	WIAF-12374	U32169	2 0858	COLLIAZ, 2	collagen,	type XI,	alpha	CAATGGCGCT [G/A] ATGGCCCACA	Σ	_ <del></del>	Ω •	z
0.000	2000	931611	9900	COLLIA2,	collagen,	type XI,	alpha	2000045504 [4/5] 4040554005	Σ		4	
6/0/43	MTAF-14303	032183	5000	2011281	10001	TIX out			Τ	Τ	Γ	Τ
G708a1	WIAF-13354	U73778	1885		corragen,	rype ait,		GCCTCTCCTC [C/T] TGCAGAGACC	Σ	υ	4	P L
	:			COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,						
G708a2	WIAF-13355	U73778	3630	3630 alpha 1				TGTTGGACAA (G/A) AAATGACAAC	E	T	T	T
G70883	WIAF-13356	073778	3908	COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,		GCTTGTTGCA [A/T] GCTGTGGCAA	Σ	4	F	<u> </u>
				COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,						
G708a4	WIAF-13357	U73778	7051	7051 alpha 1				ATTCCACCAG [C/A] CCGGGATGTA	Σ	Ü	4	<u>P</u>
		8		COLIZAL,	collagen,	type XII,		ביידיים מיידים מו מ' מ' ממאס ממט מ	U	٠	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>
G708a5	WIAF-13358	0/3//8	8036	8036 alpha 1				אייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	,	T	Ţ	T
G708a6	WIAF-13364	877270	1461	COL12A1, alpha 1	collagen,	collagen, type XII,		TGGCTÇCTAT (A/T) GCATTGGGAT	Σ	A	Ę	S
				COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,						
G708a7	WIAF-13365	U73778	2344	2344 alpha 1				ATTACTTGGA [C/T] TCAAGCTCCA	Σ	ี	-	1
				COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,					<del>-</del>	
G708a8	WIAF-13366	U7377B	2207	5207 alpha 1				CAGAI ANGAI (G/A) GAGACCAICI		T	1	7
			,	COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,				<u>-</u> _		
G708a9	WIAF-13367	073778	6592	6592 alpha 1			1	פאפררכאופס (א/ ו/ אפרכווופוו	=	Τ	T	T
G708a10	WIAF-13368	U73778	7434	COL12A1, 7434 alpha 1	collagen,	type XII,		CCAGGATGAG [G/A] TCAAGAAGGC	Σ	O	4	
				COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,						
G708a11	WIAF-13369	U73778	9108	9108 alpha 1				ACCTCGGGGG [C/G] TGCCTGGGCC	Σ	ن	0	<u>&gt;</u> د
				COLIZAI,	collagen,	type XII,				t	F	0
G708a12	WIAF-13370	U73778	7111	ATTT GIDUG I		- 1		ורפפפפפרופור/ וז רופפפררכר		T	T	Т
G708a13	WIAF-13371	U73778	9196	COL12A1, 9196 alpha 1	collagen,	type XII,		cccctggcc[g/a] rcctggaaac	Σ	ဗ	4	<u>=</u>

				100	201   2000 time VII	1170 0014					-
6208114	WTAF-13972	073778	3044	3044 alpha 1	corregen,		CAGTATTTGC [C/A] ACTTACAGCA	S	<u> </u>	4	4
				COL12A1,	collagen,	type XII,			-		
G708ú15	WIAF-13977	U73778	5853	alpha 1			TGTGACTGTA [G/C] TTCCCGTTTA	Σ	<u>ပ</u>	2	-
				COL19A1,	collagen,	type XIX,	ひひひかるししから (か/ひ) ひゃない ゃゃくしゃ	Σ	<u>F</u>		U
G710u1	WIAF-12371	D38163	3082			1	מפריייים ואין ואין ביייים ואין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין	Τ	Τ	Τ	Τ
			-	COL19A1,	collagen,	type XIX,	40H4400040 (H/ 0] H0 400400H	Σ	<del>-</del> ر		C.
G710u2	WIAF-12388	D38163	2089	2089 alpha 1		- 1	ורכאפפפארו (ד/ ד) באפפפאאונא		T	T	T
	O)CC C BATTO	7000	0 1	COL15A1,	collagen,	type XV, alpha	TGTGGGTCCA [A/G] GCAGTGAAGA	Σ	<u>છ</u> 4	_ 0	0
evitut.	NTVE - T7200	20.25.20		COLISAL	collagen,	type XV, alpha			T		-
G711u2	WIAF-12372	1,25286	4001		•		ATATTCCAAT [A/G] TACTCCTTTG	Σ	0	-	Σ
				COL15A1,	collagen,	type XV, alpha					
G711u3	WIAF-12373	1,25286	3867				CCATTTGCAA [G/T] ATCTGTCCAC	Σ	5	<u>-</u>	>
				COL15A1,	collagen,	type XV, alpha					
G711a4	WIAF-13372	L25286	395	1			ccagcagcac [c/T] cgrggrggcg	S	Ü	1	-
				COLISAL,	collagen,	type XV, alpha					
G711a5	WIAF-13373	125286	3101	1			AAGGCGACCA [G/A] GGAGCCCAGG	S	•	0 4	0
				COLIGAL,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u1	WIAF-13619	M92642	3608	3608 alpha 1			GGCGACCAGG [G/A] ATTTCAAGGC	Σ		Ø A	ы
				COLLEAL,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u2	WIAP-13620	M92642	4944	4944 alpha 1			CCATGAAAC [C/T] ATGAAGGGGC	S	J	1	-
				COLIGAL,	collagen,	type XVI,				<u>.</u>	
G712u3	WIAF-13621	M92642	4707	4707 alpha 1			CCADAGGTGA [A/C] AAAGGGGACA	Ε		1	Т
				COLLEAL,	collagen,	type xvi,	:				
G712u4	WIAF-13654	M92642	421	alpha 1			GCCCACGCGA [C/A] GAGTATTCCC	S	<u>.</u>	× V	×
				COLIGAL,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u5	WIAF-13655	M92642	444	444 alpha 1			GGGGTCTCCC [G/A] GAGGAGTTTG	S	5	4	1
				COLLEAL,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u6	WIAF-13656	M92642	338	338 alpha 1			CTCATGAAGA [A/C] GTCTGCCATC	Σ	<u> </u>	۲	-
				COL16A1,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u7	WIAF-13862	M92642	3227	3227 alpha 1			CCTGGTCCTC [C/T] GGGATTGCCA	Σ	٦	4	4
				COL16A1,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u8	WIAF-13863	M92642	3199	3199 alpha 1			rccreecrer (6/r) rreceaecc	Σ		<u>}</u>	-
				COLLEAL,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712n9	WIAF-13878	M92642	318	318 alpha 1			ACCTCATCCA [C/T] CGACTCAGCC	2		-	=
				COL16A1,	collagen,	type XVI,					
G712u10	WIAF-13882	M92642	1346	1346 alpha 1			ACAGGCGAGA (A/G) GGGCCAGAAA	Ε	4	,	× ×

G712u11	WIAF-13883	M92642	1309	COLLGAL, collagen, type XVI,	GTCAGGAGCT [C/T] TGGGACCCTC	S S	-4		
G715a1	WIAF-13344	274615	3504	collagen, type I,	alpha 1 rccregreaa [c/6] Aaggreecre	Σ	Ö		ω
G717u1	WIAF-12639	274616	3988	3988 COLIA2, collagen, type I, alpha 2	alpha 2 ATGAGGAGAC(T/C)GGCAACCTGA	S E	U	<u> </u>	<u>E-</u>
G720u1	WIAP-12367	X14420	3494	COLJA1, collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	GGTGCAATCG [G/A] CAGTCCAGGA	υ Σ			۵
G720u2	WIAF-12383	X14420	3035	COL1Al, collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, 3035 autosomal dominant)	ggtcaagg [g/a] tgaaagtggg	Σ.		Ø	
G720a3	WIAF-13374	X14420	214	COLJAL, Collagen, type III, alpha i (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, 214 autosomal dominant)	rcttggtcag [t/c] cctatgcgga	Σ	H	U U	<u>а</u> s
G720a4	WIAF-13375	X14420	1953	COL3A1, collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, 1953 autosomal dominant)	CTGGACCTCA [A/G] GGACCCCCAG	О	æ	0	<u>σ</u>
G720a5	WIAF-13376	X14420	2194	COLJAl, collagen, type III, alpha I (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, 2194 autosomal dominant)	Tagaggtaga [g/a] ctggtcccc	×	o	4	F 4
G720a6	WIAE-13377	X14420	3731	COLIAL, Collagen, type III, alpha (Enhers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	ggbattggag [g/a] tga <b>aaa</b> agct	<u>Σ</u>	Ü	ď	<u>α</u>
G722u1	WIAF-14132	HT3162	140 2	COL4A2, collagen, type IV, alpha	GAGATTGGCG [C/T] GACTGGTGAT	Σ	ວ	E.	>
G72481	WIAF-12120	X81053	3892 4	COL4A4, collagen, type IV, alpha	CTCGTGGAAA [G/A] AAAGGTCCCC	S	g	4	×
G724a2	WIAF-12121	X81053	4187 4	COL4A4, collagen, type IV, alpha 4	GAAAGGACCA [A/G] TGGGATTCCC	Σ	4		> Σ
G724a3	WIAF-12122	X81053	3802 4	COL4A4, collagen, type IV, alpha 4	ATGATGTGGG [G/A] CCACCTGGTC		5	<b>«</b>	0

				COL4A4,	collagen, type IV, alpha	type IV	, alpha		L				Γ
G724a4	WIAF-12123	X81053	1838	4				ACCAGGAAAG [C/A] ATGGTGCCTC	Σ	C	Ą	H	z
G724u5	WIAF-12364	X81053	376	COL4A4, 4	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	CTGTTTGCCA [C/T] TGTGTTCCTG	S	c	T	н	×
G724u6	WIAF-12365	X81053	2018 4	COL4A4,	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	TCCAGGGGAT [C/G] ATGAAGATGC	Σ	υ	5	<b>=</b>	Ω
G724u7	WIAF-12366	X81053	4756	COL4A4,	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	GCCTTCCCGT (A/G) TTTAGCACGC	<u>თ</u>	d			>
G724u8	WIAF-12377	X81053	3595	COL4A4,	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	CTGGACCACC [A/G] GGGTGCCCAG	S	A	U	D.	Q.
G724u9	WIAF-12378	X81053	3516	COLARA,	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	GGAGCATCCG [G/C] AGAGCAGGGC	Σ	U	υ	ט	ď
G724u10	WIAF-12379	X81053	4288	COL4A4,	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	CTGGTCTTCC[A/G]GGTCCCAGAG	S	ď	U	d.	Q,
G724u11	WIAF-12380	X81053	5140 4	COL4A4, 4	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	GCCACTTTTT [C/A] GCAAATAAGT	Σ	υ	4	C.	ı
G724u12	WIAF-12387	X81053	207	COL4A4, 4	collagen,	type IV,	, alpha	GACTTGCCTG [C/T] GATGTGGTCT	-	c	Ţ		
G727u1	WIAF-12362	D90279	5135	5135 COLSA1,	collagen,	type V,	1	alpha 1 TTCAAGGTTT[A/T]CTGCAACTTC	Σ	Æ	T	*	ĵa,
G727u2	WIAF-12369	D90279	4686	4686 COLSA1,	collagen,	type V,		alpha 1 AACAGGGTAT[C/T]ACTGGTCCTT	σ	υ	Ŧ	н	н
G727u3	WIAF-12370	D90279	4608	4608 COLSA1,	collagen,	type V,		alpha 1 TCGGTCCTCC[G/C]GGTGAACAGG	ω	U	υ	Ω	Δ.
G727a4	WIAF-13300	D90279	2034	2034 COL5A1,	collagen,	type V,		alpha 1 ACGCCTGGC[T/A]GGGTTGCCAG	w	Ŀ	<b>4</b>	4	A
G727a5	WIAF-13301	D90279	2073	2073 COL5A1,	collagen,	type V,		alpha 1 GTGACCCTGG [T/C] CCTTCCGGCC	တ	H	Ú	U	ő
G727a6	WIAF-13302	D90279	3763	3763 COLSA1,	collagen,	type V,	- 1	alpha 1 CGGCCAGAAA [G/A]GTGATGAAGG	Σ	D	a	0	S
G729u1	WIAF-11844	102870	2345	COL7A1, CO 1 (epidermo dystrophic, 2345 recessive)	COL/Al, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	type VI ullosa, nt and	I, alpha	ATGGACTGGA [G/A] CCAGATACTG	<u> </u>	ပ	<b>4</b>	ш.	ta

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G729u2	WIAR-11845	102870	3083	COL/Al, collagen, type VII, alpha l (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	TATCCTGGCG [G/A] CCACTCAGAG	<u>ა</u>			
G729u3	WIAF-11846	102870	3031	collagen, type VII, alpha kolysis bullosa, , dominant and	GACTCGGTGA [C/T] TTTGGCCTGG	Σ	U	E+	H
G729u4	WIAF-11851	102870	1289	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 1289 recessive)		Σ	9	н	Ω Ω
G729u5	WIAP-11852	L02870	1032	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 1032 recessive)	CCAAGTGACT [G/T] TGATTGCCCT	Σ	9	£	۰ ت
G729u6	WIAF-11853	102870	1897	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha I (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 1897 recessive)	CGCCGGGAGC [C/T] GGAAACTCCA	Σ	ວ	Ę+	<u>د.</u>
G729u7	WIAF-11854	1.02870	1827	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and	GCTTAGCTAC (A/T) CTGTGCGGGT	Σ	«	E+	σ
G729u8	WIAP-11855	L02870	1893	COL/Al, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	TGTCCGCCGG [G/A] AGCCGGAAAC	Σ	U	A	<u>×</u>

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x	Σ	Σ	Σ.	Σ	. Σ	Σ
GGGCCCTGCT [G/A] CAGTCATCGT	gagccagata [c/t] tgagtatacg	TCATCTGTCA [C/T] CATTACCTGG	accagagag [c/t] gtggtatggc	GGGTGACCGA [G/T] GCTTTGACGG	CGCCATCCGT [G/A] AGCTTAGCTA	aggatocgtg [a/t] catgocctac
COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha l (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 2353 recessive)	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 2221 recessive)	COLTAL, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 6585 recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha I (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 169 recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bulloss, dystrophic, dominant and 438 recessive)	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 3481 recessive)
2142	2353	2221	6585	8169	438	3481
1.02870	102870	102870	102870		102870	102870
MIAF-11864	WIAP-11865	WIAP-11866	WIAP-11869	WIAF-11870	HIAF-11877	WIAF-11882
g729u9	G729u10	G729u11	G729u12	G729u13	G729u14	G729u15

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	ACGGAGAACC (T/C) GGGGACCCTG	A TGCCAGGGCC [G/C] CGAGGCGAGA	a GCTTGGATGG [T/C] GACAAAGGAC	ACCGTGGTTC [C/T] CACTGGACCA	TCCTAGGGCC [G/A] GCTGGAGAAG	CCAGGGAGAT [C/T] CTGGAGAGGA	ATCTTGCAAA [G/A] GATCCGTGAC	ATGGGCAAGG [A/G] AGCCGTTCCC	CAGGCGGGAC [A/G] GCCCGGAAGT
1	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 5654 recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 7124 recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and 7757 recessive)	COL7A1, collagen, type VII, alpha 1 (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha l (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha (epidermolysis bulloss, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	COL7Al, collagen, type VII, alpha l (epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic, dominant and recessive)	COL8Al, collagen, type VIII, 305 alpha 1	COL9A2, collagen, type IX, alpha 2
	5654	7124	7757	1615	2930	5145	3472	305	9362
	L02870	L02870	1,02870	L02870	102870	102870	L02870	X57527	M95610
	WIAF-11883	WIAF-11884	WIAF-11885	WIAP-13389	WIAP-13390	WIAP-13399	WIAF-13411	WIAF-13303	WIAF-12616
	G729u16	G729u17	G729u18	G729u19	d729u20	G729u21	G729u22	G730a1	0732u1

G732u2	WIAF-12617	M95610	969	COL9A2, collagen, type IX, alpha 2	AAGGGAGAGA [C/T] GGGCCCTCAT	8	U	F-	<u>a</u>	[
G732u3	WIAP-12619	M95610	1288 2 C	COL9A2, collagen, type IX, alpha	AAGTGGGTGA [C/T] CCAGGGGTGG	Σ	ů	F	Ω.	
G732u4	WIAP-12620	M95610	2 296 C	COL9A2, collagen, type IX, alpha 2	CCACCAGGGC [C/G] TAGCGGGTGT	Σ	U	9	9 8	
G737u1	WIAF-13394	M13436	٤	INHBA. inhibin, beta A (activin A, activin AB alpha polypeptide)	דפכדכככדם (פ/ד)	۲.	b	F		
G738a1	WIAF-13383	M58549	183	183 MGP, matrix Gla protein	ATGGAGAGCT (A/G) AAGTCCAAGA	Σ	A	0	KE	
G738a2	WIAF-13384	M58549	330	330 MGP, matrix Gla protein	GCGCCGAGGG [A/G] CCAAATGAGA	Σ	A	g	T A	
G739u1	WIAF-11867	094332	. 862	TNFRSF11B, tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 11b (osteoprotegerin)	TGCTGAAGTT (A/G) TGGAAACATC	S	Ą		<u>1</u>	
G739u2	WIAF-11874	U94332	1244	TNFRSF11B, tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 11b 1244 (osteoprotegerin)	gtatcagaag [t/c] tattttaga	S	Į.		<u> </u>	
G743u1	WIAP-13402	HT847	1669	PTHR1, parathyroid hormone 1669 receptor 1	CCCTGGAGAC [C/A] CTCGAGACCA	ဟ	υ	4	T	
G747u1	WIAF-12414	J03040	. 123	SPARC, secreted protein, acidic, cysteine-rich (osteonectin)	CTCAGCAAGA [A/G] GCCCTGCCTG	S	ď	9	<u>න</u> ය	
G748u1	WIAF-12628	HT0157	711	VDR, vitamin D (1,25- 117 dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor	CCTTCAGGGA [T/C] GGAGGCAATG	Σ	Ę+	υ υ	Æ	
G748u2	WIAF-12629	HT0157	1171	VDR, vitamin D (1,25- 1171 dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor	CCGCCGCTGAT [T/C] GAGGCCATCC	<u>s</u>	Ę+	C	н	
G748u3	WIAF-12640	HT0157	172	VDR, vitamin D (1,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor	TTGACCGGAA [C/T] GTGCCCGGA	S	υ	T.	<u>z</u>	
G749u1	WIAF-11862	HT3734	679	679 osteopontin, alt. transcript 1	ATCACCTCAC [A/T] CATGGAAAGC	Σ	4	ж Н		
G749u2	WIAF-11875	HT3734	386	386 osteopontin, alt. transcript I	aagatgatga (a/g) gaccatgtgg	cy.	Æ	9	<u> </u>	
G749u3	WIAF-11876	HT3734	419	419 osteopontin, alt. transcript 1	CCATTGACTC [G/A] AACGACTCTG	8	0	4	တ	

G749a4	WIAF-12084	HT3734	171	osteopontin, alt. transcript 1	TAAACAGGCT [G/A] ATTCTGGAAG	Σ	0	4	2	
G749u5	WIAF-13387	HF3734	738	738 osteopontin, alt. transcript 1	CCAGGACCTG [A/C] ACGCGCCTTC	Σ	٩	Ü	z	
274 9.11 K	WIAP-13388	HT3734	716	716 Osteopontin, alt. transcript 1	CATACAAGGC [C/A] ATCCCCGTTG	ß	U			
G751u1	WIAF-12631	HT5036	410	medullin	GACAGCAGTC [C/G] GGATGCCGCC	Σ	Ü	0	집	
G752u1	WIAF-11843	HT1782	1405	CHGA, chromogranin A (parathyroid	CGGCCATTGA [A/G] GCAGAGCTGG	S	4		M	ta
6752112	WIAF-11873	HT1782		CHGA, chromogranin A (parathyroid	GGACAACCGG [G/A] ACAGTTCCAT	Σ	U	A	۵	z
0754a1	WIAF-13382	K02043	663	NPPA, natriuretic peptide	GTACAATGCC [G/A] TGTCCAACGC	Σ	0	4	>	Σ
G756u1	WIAR-12395	HT3508	2086	SCNNIA, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1 alpha	CAGTTCCTCC (A/G) CCTGTCCTCT	Σ	A	9	E	A
9757u1	WIAF-12420	HT28563	797	SCNN1B, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle 797 syndrome)	CCTGCAGGCC [A/C] CCAACATCTT	Σ	Æ	U	Ę+	Δ.
675702	WIAP-12421	HT28563	1006	SCNNIB, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle 1906 syndrome)	gaactgaatt [c/t] ggcctgaagt	Ø	Ú	f-	ÇE,	ĒL.
6757113	WIRE-12430	HT28563	1768	SCNNIB, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle 1768 syndrome)	TCATCGACTT [T/C] GTGTGGATCA	s	F	U	[2,	ĵe,
G757u4	WIAF-12494	HT28563	662	SCNNIB, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle 662 syndrome)	AAGCAGCTCA [G/C] CATCAGAAAA	Σ	g	U	4	Δ,
2757115	WTAF-12506	HT28563	1091	SCNNIB, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle 1991 syndrome)	GATGCTTCAC [G/C] AGCAGAGGTC	Σ	U	Ü	ω.	o
7:53	W138-12507	KT28563	1452	SCNNIB, sodium channel, nonvoltage-gated 1, beta (Liddle syndrome)	ACCTGCATTG [G/T] CATGTGCAAG	Σ	9	F	9	>
22,520	WTAP-12621	HT27856	415	SCNNID, sodium channel,	CGGGAACCCA [C/T] GTCGGCCGAG	Σ	บ	E	æ	U
G758u2	WIAF-12632	HŢ27856	325	SCNNID, sodium channel, 325 nonvoltage-gated 1, delta	ccrcrrrsag [c/r] grcacrosca	Σ	U	Ę+	œ	ű

G758u3	WIAF-12634	HT27856	879	SCNNID, sodium channel, 879 nonvoltage-gated 1, delta	ATGGCGTCTG [G/A] ACAGCTCAGC	z	ဗ	4	32	
G758u4	WIAF-12635	HT27856	1138		CGTGGAGGTG [G/C]AGCTGCTACA	Σ	Ö	J	8	٥
G762u1	WIAF-12622	HT27531	NP re (a (a (a 1850 C)	R3, natriuretic peptide ceptor C/guanylate cyclase C trionatriuretic peptide receptor	TAGGAGCTGG [C/T] TTGCTAATGG	σ	U	H		U
G762u2	WIAF-12623	HT27531	NP   re   (a   1926 C)	R3, natriuretic peptide ceptor C/guanylate cyclase C trionatriuratic peptide receptor	agaagaaagt (a/g) accttggaaa	Σ	æ	ø	z	۵
G762u3	HIAF-12624	HT27531	1791	NPR3, natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C)	CAAATCA [G/T] GTGGCCTAGA	Σ	O	E+	U	U
G762u4	WIAP-12636	HT27531	NP	R3, natriuretic peptide ceptor C/guanylate cyclase C trionatriuretic peptide receptor	gaagattcca (T/C) cagatcccat	Σ	£.	υ	н	Ę
G763u1	WIAF-12659	HT3183	NP re (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a (a	NPR2, natriuretic peptide receptor B/guanylate cyclase B (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor B)	CTGGGCCCTT [C/T] CCTGATGAAC	Σ	υ	Ŧ.	S	(tr.
976302	WIAF-12678	HT3183	NP	NPR2, natriuretic peptide receptor B/guanylate cyclase B (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor B)	TGCCATCACT (T/C) CTGCTGTTGG	S	H	Ü	1	1
G763u3	WIAF-12684	HT31.83	NF	NPR2, natriuretic peptide receptor B/guanylate cyclase B (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor B)	tgtttgaact (c/t) aaacatatga	. v	υ	£-	1	1

				4000					
G764u1	WIAF-12698	HT1221	3021 A)	ki, natilusetic peptide ceptor A/guanylate cyclase A trionatriuretic peptide receptor	CCCGTTACT [6/T] TCTCTTTGGG	Σ	0	F-	G. U
G764u2	WIAF-12708	HT1221	NP re (a	Rl, natriuretic peptide ceptor A/guanylate cyclase A trionatriuretic peptide receptor	GAGCGCCAAG [C/T] GCTCATGCTC	×	U	T.	>
G764u3	WIAP-12709	HT1221	NP re (a	R1, natriuretic peptide ceptor A/guanylate cyclase A trionatriuretic peptide receptor	grececatge [g/k] agectgeagg	S	ט	4	<u> </u>
G765u1	WIAF-10012	HT2456	409	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting	GCTGGCACAA [A/G] GCTGCGGGCA	ω	ď		z
G765u2	WIAF-10014	HT2456	2350	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting	TGATGGCCAC [A/G] TCCCGGAAAT	w	æ	U	H
G765u3	WIAP-10025	HT2456	1688	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting	CCCACTGCAC [C/A] AGTGTGACAT	Σ	υ	Æ	×
G765u4	WIAF-10027	HT2456	3220	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting	TCCCCTTCAG[C/T]TACCTCGTCG	w	U	E-	8
9765us	WIAF-10028	HT2456	3409	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting	TCAGGTACTT [T/C] GTCAGCTTCA	w	H	υ	(to
G765u6	WIAF-10040	HT2456	775	DCP1, dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase 1 (angiotensin I converting 775 enzyme)	AGCCCTCTA [C/T] CTGAACCTCC	<u></u>	υ	[+	*

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G772u1	WIAF-12626	HT2121	1064	AVPR2, arginine vasopressin receptor 2 (nephrogenic diabetes	TCAGCAGCAG [C/T] GTGTCCTCAG	ώ	υ	F	ω	n
G772u2	WIAF-12627	HT2121	866	AVPR2, arginine vasopressin receptor 2 (nephrogenic diabetes	CCTTTGTGCT (A/G) CTCATGTTGC	SO	٧	O	4	.1
G773u1	WIAF-12644	HT2141	163	SLCGAG, solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, 163 taurine), member 6	CTAGCAAGAT [C/T] GACTTTGTGC	Ø	U	F	н	н
G773u2	WIAP-12645	HT2141	445	SLCGAG, solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, 445 taurine), member 6	TCGTCATCCT [G/C] GCCTGGGCCA	ω.	U	U	د	ы
G773u3	WIAP-12665	HT2141	289	SLC6A6, solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, 289 taurine), member 6	rgtttgggag [c/t] ggcctgcctg	ω	Ų	1	. <b>ග</b>	s
G773u4	WIAP-12666	HT2141	382	SLC6A6, solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, 382 taurine), member 6	CCTTGITCTC (T/C) GGTATCGGCT	တ	T	J	S	s
G776u1	WIAF-11857	066088	1457	SLCSAS, solute carrier family 5 (sodium iodide symporter), member 5	TAGAAGACCT [C/T] ATCAAACCTC	v	υ	F	ı	ü
G776u2	WIAP-11871	066088	2039	SLCSAS, solute carrier family 5 (sodium iodide symporter), member 5	gattgttgtg [g/c] tgggacctcg	Σ	U	ن	32	υ
G776u3	WIAF-13398	066088	S (5)	SLC5A5, solute carrier family 5 (sodium iodide symporter), member 5	GGCTTTTCCT [G/A] GCCTGTGCTT	8	Ð	A	ı	-1
G777u1	WIAF-12646	HT27843	4348		ATACAATATC [A/G] GCCAGCCTGG	Σ	A	ŋ	П	0
G777u2	WIAF-12654	HT27843	2031		CTGAGCTGGG (T/C) AAGCCGCGC	S	F- (	U e		<i>.</i>
G777u3	WIAF-12655	HT27843	2052	2052 SMRT	AGAGCCCCCT [6/A] ACCTATGAGG	η σ	ی او	<u>د</u> ا	3 1.	3 H
G778u1	WIAF-14093	HT1449	8212 TG,	thyroglobulin	ATCTCGTCTC [T/C] GAAGACATCT	Σ	٤٠	U		D.
G778u2	WIAF-14111	HT1449	6033 TG,	thyroglobulin	ATGTGAACGA [C/T] GGTGCGATGC	Σ	ں	님	æ	x

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G778u3	WIAF-14112	HT1449	6894 TG,	thyroglobulin	GTATCTCAAT [G/T] TGTTCATCCC	Ε	,		Т	, ,
G778u4	WIAF-14125	HT1449	2375 TG,	thyroglobulin	ATGGGCCTCC [T/C] GAGCAGGTCT	S	٤	U	П	
G778u5	WIAF-14136	HT1449	1931 TG,	thyroglobulin	AGGATGTCCA (A/G)TGCTTTTCCG	S	æ	0	ð	
G78 1u1	WIAF-12649	X97674	4008	H. sapiens mRNA for transcriptional 1008 intermediary factor 2.	CTAGTGGTAT [G/C] CCAGCAACTA	Σ	ဗ	O	Σ	н
2783112	WT&F-12658	X97674	2566	H. sapiens mRNA for transcriptional 2566 intermediary factor 2.	GCCTGGCAGT [G/A] AGCTGGACAA	Æ	Đ	A	æ	×
G783u3	WIAF-12671	X97674	3828	H.sapiens mRNA for transcriptional 3828 intermediary factor 2.	CTCTGAGGCC [T/C] GGAGTACGAA	Ø	F	ິວ	۵	O.
G785u1	WIAP-13385	HT1291	386	TTR, transthyretin (prealbumin, 386 amyloidosia type I)	CCAACGACTC [C/T] GGCCCCGGC	s s	υ	E+	ග	S
1n/8/D	WIAF-12652	HT27477	468	TRIP15: thyroid receptor 468 interacting protein 15	gaaaattata [1/c] ttagaacgag	S	E	υ	>-	*
G792u1	WIAF-12661	HT27476	265	thyroid receptor interactor 14	CAGCTGGAAC [G/A] TGAAGAGGGC	Σ	Ö	æ	>	Σ
G793u1	WIAP-12643	HT5152	458	thyroid receptor interactor 8	GGAAGCTTTT [C/G] AAAGAATGTT	z	ر ان	U	တ	
G794u1	WIAF-12664	HT5136	1110	PSMC5, proteasome (prosome, 1110 macropain) 265 subunit, ATPase, 5	GCGTGTGCAC [G/A] GAAGCTGGCA	8	U	<b>A</b>	F	Ę+
G797u1	WIAF-11847	HT3919	140	140 glutamate receptor 3, flip isoform	flip imoform CTCACGGAGG[A/G]TTCCCCAACA	တ	_ «	g	о	U
G797u2	WIAF-11848	HT3919	759	759 glutamate receptor 3, flip isoform	flip isoform GGTTGTGATC[C/T]TAGGGAAACA	တ	U	E	,a	ū
G797u3	WIAF-11849	HT3919	1253	glutamate receptor 3,	flip isoform GCTACTGGAA[C/T]GAGTATGAAA	တ	U	£-	z	z
G797u4	WIAF-11850	HT3919	1770	1770 glutamate receptor 3, flip isoform	flip isoform retritecta [G/A] reageagerr	Σ		A	>	н
G797uS	WIAF-13404	HT3919	2711	glutamate receptor 3, flip	isoform GCTACAACGT[G/A]TATGGAACAG	_ 0		æ	>	>
G797u6	WIAF-13405	HT3919	2376	2376 glutamate receptor 3, flip isoform CTCAGCATTA[G/A]GAACGCCTGT	CTCAGCATTA [G/A] GAACGCCTGT	Σ	9	A	o	æ
G798u1	WIAF-11868	X77748	2655	GRM3, glutamate receptor, 2655 metabotropic 3	TGCAGACGAC [A/G]ACCATGTGCA	8	4	ဗ	Ę-	Ę-

G798u2	WIAF-11879	X77748	2771	GRM3, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 3	CACAGACTGC (A/G) CCTCAACAGG	Σ	4	9	=	æ
G798a3	WIAF-12085	X77748	2699	GRM3, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 3	GTGGTCTTGG (G/C) CTGTTTGTTT	Σ	ט	υ	 -	ď
G798a4	WIAF-12086	X77748	2738	GRM3, glutamate receptor, 2738 metabotropic 3	ATCCTGTTTC (A/G) ACCCCAGAAG	Σ	Ą	9	0	×
G798a5	WIAF-12087	X77748	2072	GRM3, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 3	ACACCCTTGG [T/C] CAAAGCATCG	Σ	Ŧ	υ	>	Æ
G798a6	WIAF-12088	X77748	2235	GRM3, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 3	CCCTGCTGAC [C/T] AAGACAAACT	S	ပ	<b>F</b>	E	F
G798u7	WIAF-13391	X77748	1131	GRM3, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 3	GCGCCAATGC [C/T] TCCTTCACCT	S	U	F	A	æ
G799u1	WIAP-11880	M81883	2000	GAD1, glutamate decarboxylase 1	CAACAAATGC [C/T] TGGAACTGGC	w	U	F	ıı	.1
G799u2	WIAF-11881	M81883	1822	GAD1, glutamate decarboxylase 1 1822 (brain, 67kD)	AGGTATACT [C/T] CAAGGATGCA	ď	U	H	ı	ı
G799u3	WIAF-13392	M81883	661	GAD1, glutamate decarboxylase 1 (brain, 67kD)	GCGTGGCCCA (T/C) GGATGCACCA	Ø	F	U	Ξ.	×
G799u4	WIAF-13393	M81883	955	GAD1, glutamate decarboxylase 1 (brain, 67kD)	AGCTGATGGC [G/A] TCTTCGACCC	ß	9	4	A	4
G799u5	WIAF-13410	M81883	1229	GAD1, glutamate decarboxylase 1	CCTCATGGAA [C/T] AAATAACACT	z	υ	Ţ	٥	*
G801u1	WIAF-13403	D49394	1596	HTR3, 5-hydroxytryptamine 1596 (Berotonin) receptor 3	TTTACCTGCT [A/0] GCGGTGCTGG	S	Æ	G	ı	'n
G803a1	WIAF-13118	U66406	1446	1446 EFNB3, ephrin-B3	CTGGGCCTGG [G/A] GGGTGGAGGT	Σ	g	A	5	M
G804u1	WIAF-11887	226653	7237	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, congenital muscular dystrophy)	TCACTGATGG [G/T] CACATAAAAG	တ	U	£-	U	U
G804u2	WIAF-11901	226653	9351	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, congenital muscular dystrophy)	GCAAGCCACT [G/C] GAGGTTAATT	٤.	9	U	3	S
G804u3	WIAF-11924	226653	8740	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, 8740 congenital muscular dystrophy)	ACACTACCCG [A/G] AGAATTGGTC	<u> </u>	Ø	U	æ	ĸ

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G804u4	WIAF-11943	226653	8577	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, 8577 congenital muscular dystrophy)	ACCANAATCA (A/G) TGATGGCCAG	Σ	4	9	z	Ø
G804a5	WIAF-12089	226653	3372	IAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, 3372 congenital muscular dystrophy)	CTCTGTGACT [G/A] CTTCCTCCCT	Σ	0	A	υ	Ж
G804a6	WIAF-13227	226653	7047	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, 7047 congenital muscular dystrophy)	GTCAGTCCTC (A/9) GGTGGAAGAT	Σ	K	5	ď	œ
G804u7	WIAF-13437	226653	6791	LAMA2, laminin, alpha 2 (merosin, 6791 congenital muscular dystrophy)	TGTGAGAGCC [C/T] TGGATGGACC	Ø	U	Ę+	ı	ı
GBOSul	WIAF-13416	U14755	799	799 LHXI, LIM homeobox protein 1	aagtaacagc [a/g] gtgttgccaa	Σ	A	g	s	ő
G805u2	WIAF-13417	U14755	743	743 LHX1, LIM homeobox protein 1	GGCGAGGAAC [T/C] CTACATCATC	Σ	F	υ	1	۵
G805u3	WIAF-13428	U14755	619	639 LHX1, LIM homeobox protein 1	GCCGTCAGGG [C/A] ATCTCCCCTA	Ø	U	A	v	o
G806u1	WIAF-11886	AF026547	2656	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 2656 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	TTGGAGTTCC [A/G] GCCATGTCTA	Ø	Æ	U	Q.	Q.
G806u2	WIAF-11895	AF026547	529	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 529 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	TGACCTTCGC [T/C] GAGGCCCAGG	σ	F	U	æ	A
G806u3	WIAF-11896	AF026547	477	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate	GAGGTGACAG [G/A] TGTTGTGTTC	Σ	U	4	ტ	Д
G806u4	WIAF-11917	AP026547	68	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate	ACAGGATATC [A/G] CCGNTGCCAG	Σ	A	9	H	A
G806u5	WIAP-11918	AF026547	213	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate	AGCGCAGCCC [G/C] AGATGCCCCT	Σ	o	U	Œ	۵.
9n908D	WIAF-11929	AF026547	769	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate	acttraccca [a/a] gaactagaga	8	ŋ	A	œ	~
G806u7	WIAF-11931	AP026547	3148	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 3148 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	ACATTGATGA [C/T] TGCCTCTGCA	S	υ	£+		Q

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G806u8	WIAF-11949	AF026547	209	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 209 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	GCCAAGCGCA [G/A] CCCGAGATGC	E	g	æ	F	
G806a9	WIAF-13114	AF026547	3430	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	atgaaaacac [g/a] tggatcggcc	S	b	A	Ę-	Ę
G806u10	WIAF-13420	AF026547	2113	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate	CCAGGGCAGA [C/G] TTCAGAGAAA	Σ.	ັ ບໍ	o o	Ω	<sub>Ω</sub>
G806u11	WIAF-13431	AP026547	94	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 94 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	ATATCACCGA [T/G] GCCAGCGAAA	Σ	£-		Ω	м
G806u12	WIAF-13432	AF026547	275	CSPG3, chondroitin sulfate 275 proteoglycan 3 (neurocan)	ACAGGACTTG [C/T] CCATCCTGGT	X	υ	£+		S
GBOBal	WIAP-13117	Y13276	177	TLX, tailless homolog	GCATGAGCAA [G/a] CCAGCCGGAT	တ	9	8	K	×
GB10u1	WIAF-11890	X98248	066	990 SORTI, sortilin 1	ataaggatac [c/a] acaagaagga	s	υ	A	£	1
G810u2	WIAP-11891	X98248	1093	SORT1, sortilin 1	GGCAGCAAAT [G/T] ATGACATGGT	Σ		F-		,
G810u3	WIAF-11907	X98248	1683	1683 SORTI, sortilin 1	CAGACGAAGG [T/G] CAATGCTGGC	S	F	Ü	Ü	0
G810u4	WIAF-11908	X98248	1433	1433 SORTI, sortilin 1	ATCTCCCAGA [A/C] ACTGAATGTT	Σ		٥	╗	H
G810u5	WIAF-11909	X98248	1354	1354 SORT1, sortilin 1	GAAGCCTGAA (A/G)ACAGTGAATG	Σ		0	$\neg$	۵
G810u6	WIAF-11910	X98248	2180	2180 SORT1, sortilin 1	TACCGGAAAA [T/A]TCCAGGGGAC	Σ	E+	A	H	z
G810u7	WIAF-11911	X98248	2264	2264 SORTI, sortilin l	AACTTTTGA [G/A] TCCGGAAAAA	Σ		K	٦	z
G810u8	WIAF-11925	X98248	1993	1993 SORTI, Bortilin 1	TCGAGACTAT [G/A] TTGTGACCAA	X	B	æ	>	ı
G810u9	WIAF-11939	X98248	1351	1351 SORT1, sortilin 1	GAGGAAGCCT [G/C] AAAACAGTGA	Σ	ß	υ	B	0
	WIAP-11940	X98248	2232	2232 SORT1, sortilin 1	aagtaaaaga [c/t] ttgaaaaga	S	Ü	F	۵	Ω
	WIAF-13115	X98248	1769	1769 SORTI, Bortilin 1	TCCATGAATA [T/A] CAGCATTTGG	Σ	Į.	A	_	z
G810a12	WIAF-13116	X98248	1757	1757 SORT1, sortilin 1	CCTGGAGCTA [G/A] GTCCATGAAT	Σ	0	4	~	_
G811u1	WIAF-11893	HT3676	006	900 synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	TGACCAAGAC [G/A] TATGCCACTG	co.	U	4	F	F
G811u2	WIAF-11894	HT3676	758	758 synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	ACCTTCTACC [C/T] CAATCACAAA	Σ	v	4	4	
G811u3	WIAF-11927	HT3676	966	synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	CGTCAGTGTC [A/T] GGGAACTGGA	S	A	Į.	S	တ
G811u4	WIAF-11928	HT3676	1054	1054 synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	CATGTCTGAC [A/G] GATACAAGCT	Σ	Æ	o	æ	U
GB11u5	WIAF-13418	HT3676	249	249 synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	TGTCCAACGC [G/A] GTCAAGCAGA	s	g	Æ	4	4

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G811u6	WIAF-13419	HT3676	432	432 synapsin I, alt. transcript 1	TTAAAGTAGA [G/A] CAGGCCGAAT	S	G	Æ	B	83
G812u1	WIAF-11898	HT4564	163	STX1A, syntaxin 1A (brain)	CCAACCCCGA [T/C] GAGAAGACGA	Ŋ	4	ပ	ū	Ω
G812u2	WIAF-11942	HT4564	604	604 STXIA, syntaxin 1A (brain)	TACACGACAT [G/T] TTCATGGACA	Σ	ی	E	Σ	н
G813u1	WIAF-11934	U72508	626	939 Human B7 mRNA, complete cds.	TATGACAGAG [G/A] ACAGAGGATG	Σ	o	4	g	ш
G813u2	WIAP-11948	U72508	619	619 Human B7 mRNA, complete cds.	GCATCCACAT [G/C] GTGACAGGTC	Σ	g	ပ	Σ	I
G816u1	WIAF-11897	HT4230	151	HTR2B, 5-hydroxytryptamine (Berotonin) receptor 2B	CTAACTGGTC [T/G] GGATTACAGA	S	£.	g	8	ø
G816u2	WIAF-11930	HT4230	189	HTR2B, 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin) receptor 2B	gaaatgaac (a/g) gattgttgag	Σ	Æ	უ	٥	œ
GB1Bu1	WIAF-11902	HT2694	753	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase	gagttttca (c/t) tgcactcaat	σ <sub>0</sub>	Ü	Į.	н	H
G818u2	WIAF-11903	HT2694	775	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase	TGTGAGACAC (A/G) GTTCAGATCC	Σ	4	9	o,	Ö
G818u3	WIAF-11904	HT2694	1211	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase (tryptophan 5-monooxygenase)	tataatccat [a/c] tacacggagt	M	A	S	¥	Ø
G818u4	WIAF-11905	HT2694	1081	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase	gattacctgc (a/c) aacaggaatg	Σ	A	٥	×	o
GB18uS	WIAF-11933	HT2694	795	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase 795 (tryptophan 5-monooxygenase)	CCTTCTATAC [C/T] CCAGAGCCAG	ဟ	Ü	H	Ŧ	H
G818u6	WIAF-11935	HT2694	1239	TPH, tryptophan hydroxylase	TCCTGAAAGA [C/T] ACCAAGAGCA	S	5	4	Q	۵
G822u1	WIAF-11906	HT0207	936	ASMT, acetylserotonin N- 936 methyltransferase	CAGACGGAAA [G/T] TGCTCACACC	Ж	g	Į.	X	z
G822u2	WIAF-11919	HT0207	637	ASMT, acetyleerotonin N- 637 methyltransferase	TGGTGGGACA [C/T] GGATAAAGCT	Σ	U	E٠	~	<b>3</b>

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G822u3	WIAF-11936	HT0207	ASMT, acetylserotonin N- 318 methyltransferase	gaaaagcttt [c/t] tatcgaaaca	Ø	-E U	<u> </u>	E4	
G822u4	WIAF-11937	HT0207	ASMT, acetylserotonin N- 116 methyltransferase	AATGACTACG [C/T] CAACGGCTTC	Σ	C	۸.	>	
G822u5	WIAF-11938	HT0207	ASMT, acetylserotonin N- 930 methyltransferase	ACTGGGCAGA [C/T] GGAAAGTGCT	S	CT	_ Ω	٥	
G822u6	WIAF-13427		ASMT, acetylserotonin N-	ACTACGCCAA [C/A] GGCTTCATGG	æ	۷	2	×	
G825u1	WIAF-11888	HT4974	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA	GCTCAGATAC [C/T] AGCAGCCTGG	z	, n	_ 0	•	
G825u2	WIAF-11900	HT4974 30	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA-3076 specific	TCTTTGACAA (A/G) TCCTGCAGCG	S		צ	×	
G825u3	WIAF-11912	HT4974 2:	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA-2537 specific	CTTGATTGGG [G/C] AGAACGAGAA	Σ	U	S C	α	
G825u4	WIAF-11941	HT4974 3:	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA- 3558 specific	GATGGCTATG [A/G] CCTGGAGATC	Σ	4	G G	U	
G825a5	WIAF-12090	HT4974 1:	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA- 1305 specific	CCTGAGACCA (A/G) AAGAAACGCA	X	٠ ٧	8	~	
GB25u6	WIAF-13426	HT4974 30	ADAR, adenosine deaminase, RNA- 3683 specific	CCGCAGGGAT [C/T] TACTGAGACT	SO.	C J	T L	7	
G826u1	WIAF-12554	X99383 2:	ADARB1, adenosine deaminase, RNA- 2109 specific, B1 (homolog of rat RED1)	RNA- RED1) AGATTACCAA [A/G] CCCAACGTGT	S	<b>A</b>	<u>×</u> ن	×	
G826u2	WIAF-12566	).t	ADARB1, adenosine deaminase, RNA- 1698 specific; B1 (homolog of rat RED1)	RNA- RED1) TGTCCTGCAG [T/G] GACAAGATTG	Σ	T G	σ,	<u> </u>	
G829u1	WIAF-13735	149262	DVL3, dishevelled 3 (homologous	gggrrggagg [1/c] ccgrgacrgc	Σ.	F O	^	<b>4</b>	
G83u1	WIAF-10449	HT1576 1:	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)-	ATGATGACCC [G/A] TCTCTTGAAG	S	8	A P	<u> </u>	
G83u2	WIAF-10450	HT1576 18	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- 1871 methyltransferase 1	AAGCTGGTCT [A/G] CCAGATCTTC	Σ	4	Z G	υ	
G83u3	WIAF-10468	HT1576	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- 928 methyltransferase 1	AAATCCACAG (A/G) TTTCTGATGA	Σ		<u>н</u> С	>	
G83u4	WIAP-10469	HT1576 1:	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- 1562 methyltransferase 1	AATTCCGACT [C/T] GACCTATGAG	Σ	Ü	T S	-1	
G83u5	WIAP-10471	HT1576 24	DNWT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- 2424 methyltransferase 1	GGGCCACGTC [G/A] GACCCTCTGG	Ŋ	9	8	8	

				The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon	The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon				
983u6	WIAF-10473	HT1576	3790	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- 3790 methyltransferase 1	GTTCTTCCTC [C/T] TGGAGAATGT	တ	ပ	E-	- <del>1</del>
G83u7	WIAF-10486	HT1576	1581	DNMT1, DNA (cytosine-5-)- methyltransferase 1	AGGACCTGAT [C/A] AACAAGATCG	တ	U	<b>A</b>	H
G832u1	WIAF-12577	113387	1129	PAFAH1B1, platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase, isoform	AGACATTCAC (A/T) GGACACAGAG	w	K	F	H
G835u1	WIAF-12555	U38276	1311	SEMA1F, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1311 basic domain, secreted, 3F	CCTCTGGCTC [C/A] GTGTTCCGAG	S	U	4	S
G835u2	WIAP-12556	U38276	1229	SEMA3F, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1229 basic domain, secreted, 3F	ACTCACTTTG (A/T) TGAGGTCCAG	Σ	4	£-	> 
G835u3	WIAF-12557	U3827 <i>6</i>	1473	SEMA3F, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1473 basic domain, secreted, 3F	GAACCTTCAC [G/A] CCATCTATGA	ဟ	ຍ	A	F+
G835a4	WIAF-13138	U38276	1726	SEMA3F, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1726 basic domain, secreted, 3F	TGACCAGGAG [A/T] TGGAGGAGCT	Σ	æ	F	Σ 
G836u1	WIAF-12592	U28369	1056	SEMAJB, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1056 basic domain, secreted, 3B	AACGACGTGG [G/A] CGGCCAGCGC	×	G	A	<u>0</u>
G836u2	WIAF-12609		1479	SEMAJB, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), short 1479 basic domain, secreted, 3B	GTCCTGCCCA [C/T] TGGGGGGGCGC	Σ	S	£-	H
G838u1	WIAF-12590	U72671	1107	ICAMS, intercellular adhesion	cgcagcraga (a/d) cccaagcrcr	Σ	æ	O	<u>ب</u> ۲
G838u2	WIAF-12591	U72671	996	ICAMS, intercellular adhesion 966 molecule 5, telencephalin	CAGGCAGCTG (A/G) TCTGCAACGT	Σ	۸_	O	<u>&gt;</u>

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GRADAL	WIAF-12109	HT961	2232	SOS1, son of (Drosophila)	son of sevenless hila) homolog 1	CTCAGGCAAA [T/C] GGAGTAAGCC	ဟ	Ę.	Z U	z	1
	01101-0413	19041		SOS1, son	SOS1, son of sevenless	ACCGTCTGAA [C/G] TTGTAGGGAG	Σ	υ	C C	_>	
200	WTBE-12213	HT961		SOS1, son	SOS1, son of sevenless (Drosophila) homolog 1	CAAGGGTACC [G/A] CGTCGATGCT	S	5	A A		
500	COLCE	0.000		SMOH, amo	smoothened (Drosophila)	TTTTGGCTTC [C/G] TGGCCTTTGG	Σ	U	1	>	
101 TO	MIAR-12133	UT 02420			smoothened (Drosophila)	CCCAGTTCAT [G/T] GATGGTGCCC	Σ	ט	T	н	
284 142	WAAF - 141.73	200		SMOH, smo	smoothened (Drosophila)						
G841u3	WIAF-12185	HT97420	1164	ጀ		CTGTGAGTGG [C/G] ATTTGTTTTG	ρΣ	ی ار	ט פ ב	2 0	T
G847u1	WIAF-12588	L41939	2019		Ephaz	GOTOTOPACAGE (S/T) GOTOTOPOGOGOGOTO	8	Τ	T	Τ	Γ
G847u2	WIAF-12596	141939	1806	1806 EPHBZ, ED	Ephaz Forkas	AGGCCATCAA (G/C) ATGGGGCAGT	Σ	Γ	Γ	Π	Γ
G847u3	WIAF-12613	141939	2002		Epitez Epital	GTCAACAGTA (A/G) CCTGGTGTGC	Σ	4	5	S	
Cessur	MTAP-12600	1.40636	2020	١.	EphB1	CCTTCACTTA [T/C] GAGGATCCCA	S	T	ပ	X	
G84901	WIAF-11920	D83492	1544	١.	Бррве	ACCTGTGTGG [C/T] TCATGCAGAG	Σ			1	
G84902	WIAF-11921	D83492	3301	١.	ЕрћВ6	CTTTGGGATA (C/T) TCATGTGGGA	Σ	$\neg$	T		T
G849113	WIAF-13412	D83492	1139	1139 ЕРНВ6, ЕР	БрћВб	GAGACCITCA [C/T] CCITIACIAC	Σ		1	٦	1
G849u4	WIAF-13413	D83492	1895	1895 EPHB6, Ep	BphB6	TTTGAGGTGC [A/C] AGGCTCAGCA	Σ		Т	T	
6849115	WIAP-13414	D83492	2338	2338 EPHB6, Ep	БрћВ6	CTATGACCAG [G/A] CAGAAGACGA	Σ		П		1
284906	WIAP-13415	D83492	2567	2567 EPHB6, Ep	ВрћВ6	GGGGCTTTGG [C/G] CTTCCTCCTG	Σ	Ü		٦	
G849117	WIAF-13422	D83492	2860	١.	ВрћВ6	GGCCATCCAG [G/A] CCCTGTGGGC	Σ	b	A	A	
G849118	WTAF-13423	D83492	2782	2782 EPHB6, Ep	врћВ6	GGAGGTCATT [G/C] GGACAGGCTC	Σ	0		٦	
G849119	WIAF-13424	D83492	3038	зозв врнвб, Вр	ВрћВб	Trecreage [a/g] acaggagge	Σ	A		1	$\prod$
0849110	WTAF-13425	D83492	3637	3637 EPHB6, Ep	БрћВ6	AGCCATTGGA [C/T] TGGAGTGCTA	S	Ü	Ę.	<u> </u>	
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	WIBE-12625	7045906	1323	Ι.	LIM domain kinase 2	AGCTGAACCT [G/C] CTGACAGAGT	ဟ	<sub>G</sub>	U	<u>-1</u>	
170000				١.	MAD (mothers against						
				decapentag	decapentaplegic, Drosophila)	,					
G858u1	WIAF-12630	U65019	864	864 homolog 2		TTTGGTGTTC (G/A) ATAGCATATT	8	0	A	S	
G86u1	WIAF-10437	HT1701	263	RAD51, RJ 263 homolog (F	RAD51 (S. cerevisiae) (E coli RecA homolog)	tgaagcaaat [g/c] cagatacttc	Σ	ø	υ	4	۵
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100	198	RADS1, RA	RAD51 (S. cerevisiae)	GCATCAGCCA [T/C] GATGGTAGAA	Σ	f-	Ü		Ŧ
28985	MIAF - 10403	44.74		1							

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	u u	_ «	E	E E	O	<u> </u>		
<	ပ	0	U	Ö	υ	H	<u></u>	
Σ	Σ	Σ	S	Σ	w	Σ	co	Σ
tacagaacag [a/g] ctactcgggt	CAGCAATGGG [C/t] ATCCCCTCGG	AAATCCCGTA [G/A] TGAATCCAAG	Taacaggaaa [C/T] Gtgcagttta	agatcagcag [g/t] gtagcccgtg	CAGAAGAGTC [C/G] TTCACAGCTG	CTAGAGAAAT [T/A] CTACTTTGCT	AAGTCAGTAC [G/A] GTGGATGCCA	GAACATGACA [G/A] AAGAGTCCTT
RAD51, RAD51 (S. cerevisiae) 924 homolog (E coli Reca homolog)	POU3F4, POU domain, class 3, 183 transcription factor 4	2576 glutamate receptor (GB:M64752)	1131 glutamate receptor (GB:M64752)	GRIN2C, glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2C	SLC1Al, solute carrier family 1 (neuronal/apithelial high affinity glutamate transporter, system 714 Xag), member 1	SLCIA1, solute carrier family 1 (neuronal/epithelial high affinity glutamate transporter, system 14 Xaq), member 1	SLCIA1, solute carrier family 1 (neuronal/epithelial high affinity glutamate transporter, system 579 Xaq), member 1	SLCIA1, solute carrier family 1 (neuronal/epithelial high affinity glutamate transporter, system 706 Xag), member 1
924	183	2576	1131	GR. 100 3627 2C	714	314	579	706
HT1701	X82324	HT0101	HTOIOI	HT33620	H74468	HT4468	HT4468	HT4468
WIAF-10466	WIAF-13139	WIAF-12637	WIAP-12638	WIAF-13406	WIAF-11889	WIAR-11913	WIAF-11914	WIAF-11922
GB6u3	GB64al	G866u1	G866u2	G869u1	G870u1	G870u2	G870u3	G870u4

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G870u5	WIAF-11923	H74468	978	SLC1Al, solute carrier family l (neuronal/epithelial high affinity glutamate transporter, system 978 Xag), member l	Ggaagatcat [a/g] gaagttgaag	Σ.	A	9	Σ Σ
G871u1	WIAF-11892	HT3187	1004	SLC1A3, solute carrier family 1 (glial high affinity glutamate 1004 transporter), member 3	ttctcttaac [g/c] aagccatcat	Σ	U	ບ	O
G871u2	WIAP-11915	HT3187	1154	SLC1A3, solute carrier family 1 (glial high affinity glutamate 1154 transporter), member 3	TGTTGGCTTA [C/T] TCATTCACGC	Σ.	c	Ŧ	7.
G871u3	WIAP-11926	HT3187	1412	SLC1A3, solute carrier family 1 (glial high affinity glutamate 1412 transporter), member 3	GGCTGCCATT [T/G] TCATTGCTCA	Σ	H	b	۸
G871u4	WIAF-11944	HT3187	1217	SLC1A3, solute carrier family 1 (glial high affinity glutamate 1217 transporter), member 3	AAACCCTTGG [G/A] TTTTATTGG	Σ	g	A	, I
G872u1	WIAP-13433	HT4077	1221	SLC1A2, solute carrier family 1 (glial high affinity glutamate 1271 transporter), member 2	CTGTTGGAGC [A/C] ACCATTAACA	8	A	. 0	<b>A</b>
G879u1	WIAP-11899	HT28317	1273	GRM2, glutamate receptor, metabotropic 2	GACTTTGTGC[T/C]CAACGTCAAG	Σ	T	C	ı.
G879u2	WIAP-11932	HT28317	2349	GRM2, glutamate receptor, 2349 metabotropic 2	CTTCTATGTC (A/G) CCTCCAGTGA	Æ	A	ø	H A
G879u3	WIAF-13421	HT28317	2186	GRM2, glutamate receptor, 2186 metabotropic 2	ATGCAAGTAT [G/T] TTGGGCTCGC	X	9	T	H
G879u4	WIAF-13429	HT28317	2567	GRM2, glutamate receptor, 2567 metabotropic 2	cccagttrer [c/r] cccactgttr	S	C	H	_ <u>&gt;</u>
G879u5	WIAF-13436	HT28317	2046	GRM2, glutamate receptor, 2046 metabotropic 2	ACAGGTGGCC [A/G] TCTGCCTGGC	Σ	K	v	-> H
G879u6	WIAF-13438	HT28317	2425	GRM2, glutamate receptor, 2425 metabotropic 2	Greenreecr (9/r) ceremrees	Σ	O	Ę.	<u>B</u>

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				te receptor,				E		
G879u7	WIAF-13439	HT28317	2463	2463 metabotropic 2	CCTCTTCCAG [C/T] CGCAGAAGAA	Ε	,	T	1	T
	WT&E-12164	HT33719	2117	GRM4, glutamate receptor,	AGCCCGACCT [T/G] GGCACCTGCT	Ø	F	U	<u>,</u>	.1
10000	10777			TO TOO OUT						
GRBOUZ	WIAF-12176	HT33719	2427	otropic 4	GGACCTGTCG [C/T] TCATCTGCCT	Σ	U	Ę	1	
				GRM4 glutamate receptor.						
GBB0u3	WIAF-12192	HT33719	2372	otropic 4	ACCAGCGGAC [A/G] CTCGACCCCC	S	4	U	<u>+</u>	
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,						
G883a1	WIAF-13140	HT48863	1408	1408 metabotropic 7	ATCGCAAATG [C/A] ACAGGACAGG	z	Ü	æ	ان	
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,						
G883a2	WIAF-13141	HT48863	2027	2027 metabotropic 7	TCCTGTCTTC [C/t] TGGCAATGTT	S	U	1	_	,1
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,				,		
G883a3	WIAF-13147	HT48863	1813	1813 metabotropic 7	TGTGCACACT [A/g] CCATGTAAGC	2	Į.	5	,	,
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,	•					
G883a4	WIAF-13148	HT48863	1536	1536 metabotropic 7	TGTGCTGACT [A/t] CCGGGGTGTC	Σ	<u> </u>	ı,	×	
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,						
G883a5	WIAF-13149	HT48863	2473	metabotropic 7	AAGCCAGAGG [G/a] GTTCTCAAGT	္တ	o	8		
				GRM7, glutamate receptor,						
G883a6	WIAF-13150	HT48863	2434	2434 metabotropic 7	TCATAGACTA [C/t] GATGAACACA	S	U	ار	,	
				GRMB, glutamate receptor,						
G884u1	WIAF-11916	<b>U95025</b>	1052	1052 metabotropic 8	CGAACTCTTG [C/A] CAATAATCGA	Σ	Ü	4	<u>_</u>	
0.000	WTBE-11945	1195025	2016	GRM8, glutamate receptor,	AAACAAACCG [T/C] ATCCACCGAA	S	[→	C	~	æ
70.00				GRMs alutamate receptor		L				
G884113	WIAP-11946	195025	1852	metabotropic 8	GAGGGCTTCA [G/A] GACGCGAACT	Σ	Ö	A	0	2
				GRM8, glutamate receptor,						
G884u4	WIAF-11947	095025	2078	2078 metabotropic 8	ATTAGTCCAG [C/G] ATCTCAGCTG	Σ	U	9	<u> </u>	5
				GRMB, glutamate receptor,						
G884u5	WIAF-13430	095025	1897	1897 metabotropic 8	TTTTCTCTGT [T/G] ATTCAATCAC	Σ	£-	9	,	
				GRM8, glutamate receptor,						
G884u6	WIAF-13435	U95025	2364	metabotropic 8	TTACCATGTA [T/C] ACCACCTGCA	2	Ę+	u	,	,
				GFRA2, GDNF family receptor alpha		;			ç	
G885u1	WIAF-13434	AF002700	1363	2	אשבו בשפפרב וב/או בשפרשפשפרב	E	,		T	
				GFRA1, GDNF family receptor alpha						
GBB6al	WIAF-13142	U95847	497	1	GAAGTCGCTC [T/a] ACAACTGCCG	Ε		15	×	z
0.00	MINE 19143	1105847	1385	GFRA1, GDNF family receptor alpha	GTCTGAGAAT [G/8] AAATTCCCAC	Σ	<sub>O</sub>	ল	田	×
688882	HIRE-15143	22020							ļ	

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G886a3	WIAF-13151	U95847	781	1. 1.	GDNF IAMILY receptor alpha	GCGTGTCCAA (T/c) GATGTCTGCA	Ø	F	U	2	2
G892u1	WIAF-11956	U12140	798	NTRK2, 798 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	TGGGCAATCC [A/G] TTTACATGCT	S	4	Ō	Δ.	C <sub>4</sub>
G892u2	WIAF-11957	012140	834	NTRK2, 834 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	ggatcaagac[t/a]ctccaagagg	ഗ	F	æ	[+	Ę.
G892u3	WIAF-11958	U12140	956	NTRK2, 956 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	GCAAATCTGG [C/T] CGCACCTAAC	Σ	· U	T	4	>
G892u4	WIAF-11960	U12140	1738	NTRK2, 1738 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	CTCCAAGTTT [G/A] GCATGAAAGG	Σ	D	A	g	S
G892u5	WIAF-11962	U12140	2486	NTRK2, 2486 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	GTCGGTGGCC [A/G] CACAATGCTG	Σ.	ď	g	×	м.
G892u6	WIAF-11965	U12140	1106	NTRK2, 1106 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	TCCTTAAGGA [T/C] AACTAACATT	Σ	E	ບ	н	Ęı
G892u7	WIAF-11966	U12140	2085	NTRK2, 2085 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	AGGATGCCAG [T/C] GACAATGCAC	S	F	د	တ	တ
G892u8	WIAF-11967	U12140	2230	NTRK2, 2230 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	GGACCTCAAC [A/C] AGTTCCTCAG	Σ	4	Ü	×	α
G892u9	WIAF-11968	U12140	2223	NTRK2, 2223 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	agcatgggga [c/t] ctcaacaagt	တ	υ	Ţ	۵	α
G892u10	WIAF-11992	U12140	1602	NTRK2, 1602 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	GTAATGAAAT [C/T] CCTTCCACAG	S	ט	F	ı	I
G892u11	WIAR-11998	U12140	1354	NTRK2, 1354 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	TACTAAAATA [C/T] ATGTTACCAA	Σ	ပ	£-	×	¥
G892u12	WIAF-11999	U12140	1944	NTRK2, 1944 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	CATTTGTTCA [G/C] CACATCAAGC	Σ	U	υ	σ	x

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G892u13	WIAF-12000	U12140	NTRK2, 2103 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	CACGCAAGGA [C/T] TTCCACCGTG	ß	<del>ا</del> ن		<u></u>	
G892u14	WIAP-12001	U12140	NTRK2, 1860 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	ctgtcattat [t/c] ggaatgacca	s S	U E	н	<u> </u>	
G892a15	WIAF-13144	U12140.	NTRK2, 1868 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	attggaatga [c/g] caagatccct	X	o		ب د	
G892a16	WIAF-13145	U12140	NTRK2, 1903 Kinase,		osine	CCAGTACTTT [G/T] GCATCACCAA	Σ	ט		<u>U</u>	
G892a17	WIAF-13146	U12140	NTRK2, 1965 Kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	gacataacat (t/g) gttctgaaaa	Σ	F	U	<del>-</del>	Σ
G892u18	WIAF-13442	U12140	NT 958 ki	NTRK2, 1958 kinase, 1	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	AAATCTGGCC [G/T] CACCTAACCT	Σ	0	F	- S	တ
G892u19	WIAF-13446	U12140	NTRK2, 2502 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	TGCTGCCCAT [T/C] CGCTGGATGC	ση	E	U	н	н
G892u20	WIAF-13447	U12140	NTRK2, 2317 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	Gatgctgcat [a/t] tagcccagca	Σ	4	H	н	ı
G892u21	WIAF-13448	U12140	NTRK2, 2364 kinase,	ł	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	CGTCCCAGCA [C/A] TTCGTGCACC	Σ	υ		¥	o
G892u22	WIAF-13449	U12140	NTRK2, 2507 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	CCCATTCGCT [G/A] GATGCCTCCA	z	0	A	3	•
G892u23	WIAF-13471	U12140	NTRK2, 2389 kinase,	1 :	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	TTTGGCCACC [A/C] GGAACTGCCT	σ	Æ	U	~	æ
G892u24	WIAF-13472	U12140	· NTRK2, 2416 kinase,		neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	ggagaacttg [C/t] tggtgaaaat	S	U	Ę.	.1	1
G892u25	WIAF-13474	U12140	N 359 KJ	NTRK2, 359 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	GGGATGTCGT {C/T} CTGGATAAGG	Σ	U	F	တ	O.

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G892u26	WIAP-13479	012140	1044	NTRK2, 1044 kinase,	neurotrophic tyrosine receptor, type 2	tgtattggga [t/c] gttggtaacc	Ø	F	c	D	Q
G9u1	WIAF-10222	303826	1130	1130 FDXR,	ferredoxín reductase	GGTATAAGAG [C/T] CGCCCTGTCG	S	C	т	S	S
G9u2	WIAF-10258	303826	388	FDXR,	ferredoxin reductase	CCGGAGCTGC [A/G] GGAGGCCTAC	Œ	A	g	o	æ
G90011	WIAF-11970	HT3470	497	497 STX4A,	syntaxin 4A (placental)	TGCAATTCAA [T/C] GCAGTCCGAA	Σ	T	C	Σ	Ę-
G901u1	WIAF-11969	HT27792	758	758 STX3A,		TGCACACAGT [G/A] GACCACGTGG	S	9	A	>	>
G901u2	WIAP-11971	HT27792	317	317 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	ACGTCCGGAA [C/A] AAACTGAAGA	Σ	U	4	z	×
G901u3	WIAF-12002	HT27792	611	611 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	AGCAAGCCCT [C/T] AGTGAGATTG	S	U	F	.1	.1
G901u4	WIAP-12003	HT27792	606	909 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	GCTGAATTAA [G/A] AGTGGCCTAA	·	U	A		
G901u5	WIAF-12004	HT27792	163	163 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	attgaggaaa (C/T) Tcggcttaac	Σ	υ	£-	Į.	н
G901a6	WIAF-13152	HT27792	82	STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	CAGCTGACAC [A/G] GGATGATGAT	Σ	A	O	٥	~
G901u7	WIAF-13453	HT27792	828	828 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	CCGGAAGAAA [T/C] TGATAATTAT	S	T	U	ı	ľ
G901u8	WIAF-13455	HT27792	226	226 STX3A,	syntaxin 3A	TACAGTATCA [T/C] TCTCTGCA	M	Т	Ü	I	F
G902u1	WIAF-13454	HT27744	848	848 STXSA,	syntaxin 5A	ACTTCCAGTC [T/A] GTCACCTCCA	S	۲	A	S	S
G902u2	WIAF-13456	HT27744	338	338 STX5A,	Byntaxin 5A	ATTTCGTGAG [A/G] GCCAAGGGCA	S	A	o	æ	æ
				CREBL1,	CAMP responsive element						
G905u1	WIAF-12202	HT27789	487	487 binding	protein-like 1	TCCAGATCAA [C/T] GTTATCCCCA	S	υ		z	z
G905u2	WIAF-12219	HT27789	151	CREBL1, 151 binding	CAMP responsive element protein-like 1	ATTCTGGCCT [A/T] GATGAAGTGG	တ	A	H	ı	ц
G905u3	WIAF-12230	HT27789	649	CREBL1, 649 binding	CAMP responsive element protein-like 1	AGTCCCTGTC [C/G] CCTTCAGGAT	თ	υ	ဗ	Ŋ	S
G906n1	WIAF-12214	HT4372	2127	N-ethyl	2127 N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor	aagggaagaa (g/a) gtctggatag	S	9	Æ	ĸ	×
G906u2	WIAF-12221	HT4372	514	N-ethyl	514 N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor GGGAGAGCCT[G/A]CGACAGGGAA	GGGAGAGCCT (G/A) CGACAGGGAA	Σ	<sub>o</sub>	A	4	Ħ
G908u1	WIAF-12201	HT3665	86	RAB5A, 98 family	RABSA, member RAS oncogene	GCCCAAATAC [T/G] GGAAATAAAA	တ	Ę	ပ	Ę-	Į÷

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091u1	WIAF-10438	HT1848		ERCC1, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 1 (includes overlapping antisense 496 sequence)	TCGTGCGCAA [C/T] GTGCCCTGGG	S	U	- F	2	
G91u2	WIAF-10439	HT1848	367	ERCC1, excision repair cross- complementing rodent repair deficiency, complementation group 1 (includes overlapping antisense 367 sequence)	CTGGGGCCAC [G/A] TGCCCCACAG		9		+ +	
G914a1	WIAF-13210	HT3672	252	252 synaptobrevin 1	GCAGTGCTGC [C/A] AAGCTAAAGA	S	o O	A	A	
G915a1	WIAF-12115	503506	1390	Homo sapiens mRNA for unc- 1390 18homologue, complete cds.	TTACCTTGGT [G/A] TTCCCATTGT	Σ	0	A	1 V	
G915u2	WIAF-12293	D63506	589	Homo sapiens mRNA for unc- 18homologue, complete cds.	ACAGCTTGTT [G/A] AAAAAAAGCT	Σ	D	A	E X	
G916a1	WIAF-13209	HT28523	308	Huntingtin associated protein 1- 308 like protein	GAGCAGTTT [C/T] GGAGGCCAGC	æ	, 0	T	.1 13	
G916a2	WIAF-13211	HT28523	762	Huntingtin associated protein 1-	CGGAGGAGTT [G/C] GTGCCCCAGG	Σ	ט	U U	7	
G916a3	WIAF-13212	HT28523	260	Huntingtin associated protein 1- 560 like protein	GAGCTCAGAA [C/T] GTCTCTAAGG	Æ	Ü	T	T	
G917u1	WIAF-11972	U79734	1075	HIP1, huntingtin interacting	AGAGCCAGCG [Q/A] GTTGTGCTGC	S	ď	4	R	
G917u2	WIAF-11973	U79734	1005	HIP1, huntingtin interacting 1005 protein 1	GACCACTTAA [T/C] TGAGCGACTA	Σ	Т	Ü	IT	
G917u3	WIAF-11977	U79734	6651	HIP1, huntingtin interacting protein 1	CTGCAAGGCA [G/A] CCTGGAAACT	Σ	. 0	A	z v	
G917u4	WIAF-12005	U79734	817	HIP1, huntingtin interacting protein 1	TGGTGGTGAT [C/T] CCTGCAGAGG	S	ပ	F	- 1	
G917uS	WIAF-12006	U79734	1906	HIP1, huntingtin interacting 1906 protein 1	GCTGGAGCCA [G/C] TATCTGGCCT	Σ	o	v	<u>н</u> О	
G917a6	WIAF-13157	U79734	666	HIP1, huntingtin interacting 993 protein 1	AAGGATGAGA [A/G] GGACCACTTA	Σ	4		× ~	
G919u1	WIAP-11974	D30742	707	CAMK4, calcium/calmodulin- 707 dependent protein kinase IV	ACTGCGCACC [T/C] GAAATTCTTA	ဟ	£-	U	<u>Q</u>	

				CAMK4, calcium/calmodulin-						
G919u2	WIAF-11991	D30742	1139	1139 dependent protein kinase IV	AGAGCCACAA [G/A] GCTAGCCGAG	s	0		×	×
G919u3	WIAF-12007	D30742	834	CAMK4, calcium/calmodulin- 834 dependent protein kinase IV	CATGTTCAGG [A/T] GAATTCTGAA	z	4		~	
	×			CAMK4. calcium/calmodulin-						
G919u4	WIAF-13443	D30742	1088	9	TGGCCTCTTC [C/G] CGCCTGGGAA	o o	v	0	S	ω
G920u1	WIAF-11979	X78520	1952		ATGACATTCC [T/C] GATCGTCCAG	П	F.	ت ن	d	ď
G920u2	WIAF-11980	X78520	1819	1819 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	ATAGCCTTCC [C/T] TAATCCATAC	П	ر د	Ŀ	ď	ı
G920u3	WIAF-11981	X78520	2094	2094 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	CATTGGAGCG [A/G] TCGCAGGAAG		A	S	H	>
G920u4	WIAF-11983	X78520	2822	2822 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	ATATTTTCCG [A/G] AAGCTGGGAC		A	C	2	æ
G920u5	WIAF-11984	X78520	2745	2745 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	GCCATTGAAG [C/T] TTCGAAGCAT	W	C 1	Ţ	1	£.
G920u6	WIAF-11987	X78520	2499	2499 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	TCCCTTAGCT [G/T] TCCTGACACA	M	G	Ţ	^	P.
G920u7	WIAF-12008	X78520	1251	1251 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	CATCATCAGA [G/A] GTTACTTGGG	М	ď	A	g	8
G920u8	WIAF-12011	X78520	888	888 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	AGTAGTAACA [C/T] TAACAGGATT			Ţ	ני	ı
G920u9	WIAF-13459	X78520	2804	2804 CLCN3, chloride channel 3	CAATGGAGAT [T/C] GTGGTGGATA	S	Ţ	U	I	Н
1n1260	WIAF-11954	J02908	931	CLU, clusterin (complement lysis inhibitor, SP-40,40, sulfated glycoprotein 2, testosterone-repressed prostate message 2, 931 apolipoprotein J)	Gagagettga [C/T] Caggaaatac	Σ	U U	F	H	н
992102	WIAF-11955	J02908	088	CLU, clusterin (complement lysis inhibitor, SP-40,40, sulfated glycoprotein 2, testosteronerepressed prostate message 2, 880 apolipoprotein J)	CCCTCCCAGG [C/T] TAAGCTGCGG	Σ	U	H	A	٥
G921u3	WIAF-11990	J02908	1051	CLU, clusterin (complement lysis inhibitor, SP-40,40, sulfated glycoprotein 2, testosterone-repressed prostate message 2, 1051 apolipoprotein J)	CTCACGCAAG [G/C] CGAAGACCAG	×		U	0	4

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G921u4	WIAF-13469	J02908	986	CLU, clusterin (complement 1 inhibitor, SP-40,40, sulfated glycoprotein 2, testosteronerepressed prostate message 2, 986 apolipoprotein J)	complement lysis 40, sulfated estosterone- e message 2,	TCAACACCTC [C/T] TCCTTGCTGG	S	υ	£-	S S	
G923u1	WIAF-11993	M19650	Hum pho 1059 cds	Human 2',3'-cyc phosphodiestera cds.	Human 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'- phosphodiesterase mRNA, complete cds.	GAGCTAAGCC [G/A] GGGCAAGCTC	Σ	9	Ą	<u>٥</u>	
G923u2	WIAP-11994	M19650	Hum pho 1062 cds	Human 2',3'-cyc phosphodiestera cds.	Human 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'- phosphodiesterase mRNA, complete cds.	CTAAGCCGGG [G/T] CAAGCTCTAT	Σ	ŋ	4	> 0	
G923u3	WIAP-13445	M19650	Humi phor	Human 2',3'-cyclic nucle phosphodiesterase mRNA, cds.	Human 2',3'-cyclic nucleotide 3'- phosphodiesterase mRNA, complete cds.	TCTTCACGGG [G/A] TACTACGGGA	Ŋ	ტ	<b>A</b>	<u>_</u>	
G925u1	WIAF-11953	111315	999	666 CAK, cell adhe	cell adhesion kinase	GGGTCATGAG [T/C] GTCTGTCTGC	s	Ŧ	υ	SS	
G925u2	WIAF-11959	111315	2562 CAK,	cell	adhesion kinase	recreccar [c/r] cecregares	s	υ	F	1	
G925u3	WIAF-11996	111315	2049 CAK,	cell	adhesion kinase	AAGATCTGGT [T/C] AGTCTTGATT	S	Т	C	Λ A	
G925u4	WIAF-13440	111315	1601 CAK,	cell	adhesion kinase	TACCAGGAGC [C/T] CCGGCCTCGT	Σ	ນ	Ŧ	P L	
G925u5	WIAF-13441	111315	1629 CAK	cell	adhesion kinase	ceccccactc [c/t] cerecerate	S	၁	Ę-	SS	
G925u6	WIAF-13451	21315	2262 CAK,	cell	adhesion kinase	TGGAGAACGG [C/T] GACCTCAACC	S	υ	H	g g	
G926u1	WIAF-11961	AF018956	577	577 NRP1, neuropilin 1		TGAAAGCTTT [G/T] ACCTGGAGCC	Σ	U	F	۵	
G926u2	WIAF-11963	AP018956	1683	1683 NRP1, neuropilin 1		CCACGCGATT [C/G] ATCAGGATCT	Σ	U		7	
G926u3	WIAF-11975	AF018956	2176	2176 NRP1, neuropilin 1		GACCTTCTGG [T/C] ATCACATGTC	Σ	E	٦	П	
G926u4	WIAF-11976	AF018956	2092	2092 NRP1, neuropilin 1		TTCCCAAGCT [G/T] ACGAAAATCA	Σ	g	E	۵	
G926a5	WIAF-13158	AF018956	747	747 NRP1, neuropilin 1		TTTTTTACAC [C/T] GACAGCGCGA	S	U	Ę	T	
G926a6	WIAF-13159	AF018956	966	996 NRP1, neuropilin	1	ACTITGGGCCT [T/C] CIGCGCTITG	S	Ŀ	$\neg$	1	Ţ
G926u7	WIAF-13444	AF018956	644	644 NRP1, neuropilin	1	GAAATCTGGG [A/C] TGGATTCCCT	Σ	A	Ü	<u>م</u>	
G926u8	WIAF-13450	AF018956	1738	1738 NRP1, neuropilin 1	1	CAGAATGGAG [C/G] TGCTGGGCTG	Σ	Ü	ט	2	
G926u9	WIAF-13452	AF018956	537	537 NRP1, neuropilin 1		TTGTCTTTGC [G/A] CCAAAGATGT	S	Ö	4	A A	
G926u10	WIAF-13457	AF018956	2197	2197 NRP1, neuropilin 1		TGGGTCCCAC [G/A] TCGGCACACT	Ж	ဗ	A	۱ ۱	
G927u1	WIAF-11978	AF022860	870	870 NRP2, neuropilin		GGATTGCTAA [T/C] GAACAGATCA	S	Ę	υ	z	
G927u2	WIAF-11982	AF022860	1674	1674 NRP2, neuropilin	2	ATGACACCCC [T/G] GACATCCGAA	S	F	0	_	
G927u3	WIAF-11985	AF022860	1250	1250 NRP2, neuropilin	2	TGGCACTCAG [G/A] TATCGCCCTC	Σ	မ	A	5	
G927u4	WIAF-11986	AF022860	1011	1071 NRP2, neuropilin	2	ATGGCTACTA[C/T]GTCAAATCCT	S	ပ	Ţ	۲	7

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G927u5	WIAF-12009	AF022860	726	726 NRP2,	7	GITCALCOAC (G/A) GGGAICCICI	۰	, ,			:
G927u6	WIAF-12010	AF022860	2522 NRP2	NRP2,	2	GCAACCTCAG [G/T] GTCTGGCGCC	Σ		ا د	او	,
G927u7	WIAP-12012	AP022860	123	123 NRP2,		GCTATATCAC [C/T] TCTCCCGGTT	S	U	Ę-	н	<b>F</b> 1
G927a8	WIAF-13160	AP022860	2427	2427 NRP2,	neuropilin 2	CTTTTGCAGT [G/T] GACATCCCAG	8	0	٤	ے	>
G927a9	WIAF-13161	AF022860	2430	2430 NRP2,	neuropilin 2	TTGCAGTGGA [C/G] ATCCCAGAAA	Σ	ပ	S	۵	ы
G927a10	WIAF-13162	AP022860	2463	2463 NRP2,	neuropilin 2	aaggatatga [a/g] gatgaaattg	S	4	0	64	3
G927a11	WIAF-13163	AF022860	2473	2473 NRP2,	neuropilin 2	agatgaaatt [g/t] atgatgaata	Σ	g	E	۵	X
G927u12	WIAP-13480	AF022860	724	724 NRP2,		TCGTTCATCG [A/T] CGGGGATCCT	Σ	A	F	٢	S
G927u13	WIAF-13481	AF022860	767	NRP2,	neuropilin 2	ATGGCGGTGG [C/T] CAAGGATGGC	Σ	ပ	Ę	4	>
10000	MTBE-12164	80.3C#H	609	GABRA2,	gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor. albha 2	ACAATGGGAA [G/A] AAATCAGTAG	, v	O	nd	×	×
G931a1	WIAF-13153	HT2609	1111	GABRA3, 1111 (GABA)	gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, alpha 3	ACTGGTTCAT [A/9] GCCGTCTGTT	Σ	a	6	н	Σ
G931a2	WIAF-13165	HT2609	1448	GABRA3,	gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, alpha 3	tgtcagcaag [g/a] ttgacaaaat	Σ		. 4	>	н
G932a1	WIAF-13154	HT27773	1077	GABRA4, 1077 (GABA)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, alpha 4	CAAAAGAAAG [A/G] CATCAAAGCC	Σ	4	Ö	E-	4
G932a2	WIAF-13155	HT27773	1189	GABRA4, (Gaba)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, alpha 4	Agaacaaato [c/a] tittggttcac	Σ	ပ	<b>4</b>	∢	Δ
G936u1	WIAF-12308	HT3432	1027	GABRB2, 1027 (GABA)	4	aattacgatg [c/t] ttcagctgca	Σ	ပ	F	_ ∢	>
G936u2	WIAF-12327	HT3432	362	GABRB2, 362 (GABA)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, beta 2	aaggctatga [c/t] attcgtctga	co.	U	F		Ω
G936u3	WIAP-12328	HT3432	571	Gabrb2, (Gaba)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, beta 2	CTCTGGGTGC (C/T) TGATACCTAT	Σ	ပ	£	Δ,	د
G939u1	WIAF-12330	HT2236	1219	GABRRZ, (GABA)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor, rho 2	CTGGATGGAA [G/C] CTACAGTGAG	Σ		U	υ .	Ė
G939u2	WIAF-12355	HT2236	1003	GABRR2, 1003 (GABA)	, gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor, rho 2	ACCACCATCA [T/C] CACGGGCGTG	Σ	€	U	. н	F

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CGTCTCCTAC [G/A] TCAAGGCCGT	GTCCTGCTCC [A/C] GTTCACCACT	GATAACAGCA [A/C]GCCACATTTG	CTGGGTAGTG [C/T] AACGTGCAAG	creacerer (1/e) Accardada	CTACCCCAAC [C/a] CAGAAACTAC	GTGTGCCCCA [G/a] AGTCCGAGCC	ATCAGCTTCT [A/9] CATGCTCTGT	ACCACCTGGA [T/c] GAGTTTAÀAA	CCGGCTCCAA [C/E] GCCAACATCA	Cttcacatag [c/t] ccttttggta	AAGAGGACCC [A/T] GCTCCATGTG	GCTGGACAGA (C/T) GTGCTCTACT
GABRR2, gamma-aminobutyric acid	Human putative G protein-coupled receptor (GPR19) gene, complete cds.	Human putative G protein-coupled receptor (GPR19) gene, complete 443 cds.	Human putative G protein-coupled receptor (GPR19) gene, complete 818 cds.	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt.	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt.	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt. 5624 transcript 1	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt. 5703 transcript 1	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt. 5809 transcript 1	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1 subunit, L type, alt.	calcium channel, voltage-gated,	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1D subunit, DMP-sensitive	calcium channel, voltage-gated,
1041	785	443	818	5110	3842	5624	5703	5809	6616	1334	1452	1614
HT2236	064871	064871	U64871	HT3860	HT3860	HT3860	098644	HT3860	HT3860	HT2199	HT2199	HT2199
WIAF-12356	WIAR-11622	WTAP-13624	MTAR-13625	WIAP-13166	WTAP-13167	WTAF-13168	931212	WIAF-13170	WIAF-13171	WIAP-14187	WIAF-14188	WTAP-14189
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G956u4	WIAF-14190	HT2199	2540	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 2540 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	GGCAAGTTTA [A/T] TTTTGATGAA	Σ	A	F	z	- 1
395605	WIAF-14191	HT2199	3210	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 3210 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	TGCTGAGCAG [T/C] GCTGCCCTGG	S	F	υ	S	S
909565	WIAP-14192	HT2199	3326	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 3326 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	TTGAAGATGA [C/T] AACTTTTGGA	Σ	C	F	£+	н
G956u7	WIAF-14193	HT2199	3274		ACTGGGTTAC [T/C] TTGACTATGC	Σ	F	U	(Es	,a
G956u8	WIAF-14194	HT2199	5127	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 5127 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	TGCCTCTCAA [C/T] AGTGACGGGA	Ø	U	F	z	z
609265	WIAF-14195	HT2199	5173	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	TGCTTTGGTT [C/T] GAACGGCTCT	z	U	F	æ	
G956u10	WIAF-14200	HT2199	1437	calcium channel, voltage-gated,	CAGATATCGT [A/G] GCTGAAGAGG	တ	Æ	g	>	۸
G956u11	WIAF-14201	HT2199	2567	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	ACCAAGCGGA [G/T] CACCTTTGAC	Σ	9	F	တ	н
956u12	WIAF-14202	HT2199	4464	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 464 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	TCACCTTTT [C/T] CGTCTTTTCC	တ	C	T	Œ.	De,
G956u13	WIAP-14215	HT2199	6927	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 6927 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	GCTACAGCGA [C/T] GAAGAGCCAG	S	ט	T	Q	Ω
G956u14	WIAF-14216	HT2199	6858	calcium channel, voltage-gated, 858 alpha 1D subunit, DHP-sensitive	CCCGAGCCAA (C/T) GGGGATGTGG	_ ω	υ	F	2	z
G957u1	WIAF-12306	HT4229	CZ CZ BJ BJ S 2	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript 2	ot Tacatcgagc [g/a] tgcttcatga	Σ	v	æ	٥.	æ
g957u2	WIAF-12309	HT4229	3555	calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript 2	ot   GCCACTACAT [C/T] GTGAACCTGC	S	υ		ы	н

							l	l	-	Γ
				calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 18 subunit, alt. transcript						
G957u3	WIAF-12310	HT4229	4116		atgtagatca [c/t] gagaaaaca	S	t l	=	=	
				calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript						-
G957u4	WIAF-12313	HT4229	5181		agaacgagaa [t/c] gaacgctgcg	S	<u>د</u>	2	2	T
	Atrot-autw	HT4229	5971	alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript	TATGGACCCC [G/A] CCGATGACGG	S	G	F	H	
				calcium channel, voltage-gated,						
	0 K	174220	u a u	alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript	ATGACĠGACA [G/T] TTCCAAGAAC	Σ	v	٦ O	#	
695 /Ub	CTCTT-JWTM	11111111		caldium channel voltade-dated						
				alt. transcript						
G957u7	WIAF-12329	HT4229	3100	2	GCTGGCAGGA [G/A] GCCTTGATGA	Σ	0	٥ 4	8	Т
		~°		calcium channel, voltage-gated,						
			2402	alpha 1E subunit, alt. transcript	CCCTCCTTTC [C/T] TACAGCTCCC	Σ	U	<u> </u>	۲ ۲	
G957u8	WIAF-12331	HI4229		4			T			Γ
				calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 18 subunit, alt. transcript	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	2		<u>`</u>	<u>4</u>	
G957u9	WIAF-12354	HT4229	3839	2	AACGC 11100 (g/ c/ waccward	1	T	T	Τ	Ť
				calcium channel, voltage-gated, alpha 18 subunit, alt. transcript		Σ			<u> </u>	
G957u10	WIAF-12357	HT4229	4753	2	ופארווים (א' פן בכפוסאווים		T	Γ	Τ	Τ
				alcium					C.	
G960u1	WIAF-12305	HT3336	1246	1246 dependent, beta 3 subunit	Trgardcccr (c/r) reareagec	2		T	1	Τ
				CACNB3, calcium channel, voltage-	TCGACAGGAT [C/T] TTGACAGGGT	Σ	Ü	E-	ري دي	<u></u> -
G960u2	WIAF-12340	HT3336	1288	בפפן מבטבומפור, חברם ז פתחמודר			Ī	T	$\vdash$	Γ
G960u3	WIAF-12345	HT3336	641	CACNB3, calcium channel, voltage- dependent, beta 3 subunit	AGGCTCTCTT [C/T] GACTTCCTCA	S	υ	, E-	D4 D4	
				<u>ي</u> ،	THE CONTRACTOR LAYER AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	25	c	A	<u>Σ</u>	
G960u4	WIAF-12346	HT3336	576	576 dependent, beta 3 subunit	בשופרפירו (פ/ש) ומפופרופיי			Τ	1	Γ
	00501-34IN	1195019	2037	CACNB2, calcium channel, voltage-	ACTCTGCCTA [C/T] GTAGAGCCAA	S	υ	E	<del></del>	
TDTGKS	W1A6-14364	22050								

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5053N2	WIRE-12347	195019	2002	CACNB2, calcium channel, voltage- 2007 dependent, beta 2 subunit	CATTTGACTC [G/A] GAAACCCAGG	8	4	<u> </u>	σ	
G962u1	WIAF-12324	095020	1423	CACNB4, calcium channel, voltage-	ccaattgaaa [g/a] acgaagtcta	Σ Ω		~~~		
G962u2	WIAF-12342	095020	167	CACNB4, calcium channel, voltage-	GGAGCAGGTT [G/T] AAAAGATCCG	დ ჯ		.3	ČE.	$\neg \neg$
G962u3	WIAF-12350	095020	1571	alcium channel, voltage- beta 4 subunit	acacttacaa (a/g) ccccatagga	α v	0		×	
G965u1	WIAF-12312	040583	1276	CHRNA7, cholinergic receptor,	TCCTGCACGG [T/C] GGGCAACCCC	<b>E</b> 07	U		U U	
G968a1	WIAF-12119	HT27592	1008	CHRNAl, cholinergic receptor, nicotinic, alpha polypeptide 1 (muscle)	ACACACCA [C/T] CGCTCACCCA	σ σ	<del>اء</del> ن		<u> </u>	T
G968u2	WIAF-12368	HT27592	1136	CHRNA1, cholinergic receptor, nicotinic, alpha polypeptide 1 1136 (muscle)	aagattitta (c/t) agaagacatt	Σ	U	£-	H	
097391	WIAF-13172	HT48774	800	CHRNA2, cholinergic receptor, nicotinic, alpha polypeptide 2 800 (neuronal)	ACACTTCAGA [C/E] GTGGTGATTG	s.	U	ı	۵	
20.72	WTAP-13173	HT48774	927	CHRNA2, cholinergic receptor, nicotinic, alpha polypeptide 2 (neuronal)	CTGGAACCCC [G/a] CTGATTTTGG	Σ		æ	<u>+</u>	
1n2450	WIAF-13949	Y08419	366	CHRNAS, cholinergic receptor, 366 nicotinic, alpha polypeptide 5	AAGTTATACG [T/C] GTTCCTTCAG	w	E	U	<u>α</u>	
G978al	WIAF-13179	X08417	1331	CHRNB3, cholinergic receptor,	CCATTAGATA [C/a] ATTTCGAGAC					
G983a1	WIAF-13214	HT0374	236		GATACTACTC [G/A] GCGCTGCGAC	T	ا ر	€ €	2 0	טמ
G983a2	WIAF-13215	HT0374	290	- 1	GAAAACGATC [C/T] AGCCCAGAGA	2 0	Τ	Τ	$\top$	٠,٠
G983a3	WIAF-13216	HT0374	111	111 NPY, neuropeptide Y PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide	פרפארוופפפ (כ/ זו זייינים		Τ	Π		
G987a1	WIAF-13174	HT27830	159	51	TGGTCTTCAT [C/T] GTCACTTCCT	S	Ü	H	_	н

				PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide						Γ
G987a2	WIAF-13175	HT27830	222	222 receptor 1	TGATGTGT [G/A] ACTGTGAGGC	S	0	> A	<u> </u>	T
. !!		6	6	ncreatic polypeptide		2	٠		- 0	
G987a3	WIAF-13176	HT27830	322		פרנפר ופארר (פ/ ז) רנפורואראר	T	T	T	1	T
G98784	WIAF-13177	HT27830	1074	PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide	TGGAGGAGTC [G/A] GAGCATCTGC	Ø		- <del>- 01</del>	S	
				ncreatic polypeptide					H	
G987a5	WIAF-13178	HT27830	975	or 1	CCTCCACCTG [C/T] GTCAACCCAT	s	U	٢	υ υ	
				PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide			<del></del>		_	
G987a6	WIAF-13180	HT27830	615	receptor 1	AGTTCCTGGC [A/g]GATAAGGTGG	S	4	6	A A	٦
				ancreatic polypeptide						
G987a7	WIAF-13181	HT27830	718	718 receptor 1	GGGCTTCATC [C/T] TGGTCTGTTA	S		<del>-</del>	7	T
				PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide						_
G987a8	WIAF-13182	HT27830	745	receptor 1	CATCTACCGG [C/t] GCCTGCAGAG	Σ	Ü	٦	N N	Т
		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	6.49	ncreatic polypeptide		Σ	£	<u>-</u> -	<u></u>	
G96789	WIAF-15183	H12/830	289	1	פופעופפופפ(וי/ע) מפרכיו וופרכ		1	T	1	T
G987a10	WIAF-13184	HT27830	852	PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide receptor 1	TGGCCTTTGC [C/T] GTGCTCTGGC	S	ر ن	Т.	A	
				PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide						
G987a11	WIAF-13185	HT27830	889		CAACAGCCTG [G/a] AAGACTGGCA	Σ		8	Β ×	٦
G987a12	WIAF-13186	HT27830	924	PPYR1, pancreatic polypeptide 924 receptor 1	CCATCTGCCA [C/T] GGGAACCTCA	s	U	Ę-	<u>я</u> н	
G989u1	WIAF-13573	D86519	891	NPY6R, neuropeptide Y	receptor Y6 TGACTCATGC[C/T]TACTGGGGCA	S	υ	T	4	
0000	00361-0412	013380	465	y api trenomina	recentor V6 accaccage(a/g) reparacaa	ø	A	ט	4	
70.00	200017								Γ	
G989u3	WIAF-13591	D86519	980	980 NPY6R, neuropeptide Y receptor Y6 GAGCCCTTCC [G/A] CAACCTCTCT	GAGCCCTTCC [G/A] CAACCTCTCT	Σ	U	4	H H	
G991u1	WIAF-12390	HT97376	336	336 Notch2	AAGGTACTTG [C/T] GTTCAGAAAA	S	U	Ę.	이	٦
		;		Notch (Drosophila)		;		` E	- 6	
G993u1	WIAF-12359	U95299	1343	1343 homolog 4	rccacacrer [6/T] cerereras	ε	,	1	7	T
G993u2	WIAF-12361	U95299	2020	NOTCH4, Notch (Drosophila) 2020 homolog 4	Taaggaccag [a/g] aagacaaggc	Σ	A	G	K	
				NOTCH4, Notch (Drosophila)						
G993u3	WIAF-12384	095299	5775	S775 homolog 4	GGGCCTATTC [G/T] CATTGCCGGA	S	0	-	S	
18968	WIAF-13213	HT3329	356	56 OPRM1, opioid receptor, mu 1	CTTAGATGGC [A/G] ACCTGTCCGA	Σ	4		Z	
LPLat	WIAF-13314	HT1320	443		ATGTATGAGA [G/T] TTGGGTGCCA	W		Ţ	SI	
LPLas	WIAF-13315	HT1320	579		Gacaggatgt [g/a] gcccggttta	S	ß	A	^	

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	21661 9840	000120	609	609 L.P.L.	lipoprotein lipase	TGGAGGAGGA [G/A] TTTAACTACC	2	,		٦	
L P L B b	MINE TASTO	1111200			, 1		٥	5		E	E
101.07	C125-13317	HT1320	1338	1338 LPL.	lipoprotein lipame	CAAATAAGAC [C/A] TACTCLTTCL	2	ر			$\cdot$
חבחם					1 2	CASTON TO TO TO BE TO BE	Σ	۴	0	>-	۵
I.PI.AB	WIAF-13318	HT1320	1117	117 147	Inpoprocein inpage				Ι,	Ī	
	0.000	0001001	715	115 1.01.	linoprofein lipase	CAGAATTACT [G/A] GCCTCGATCC	Σ	o	A	G	20
[LPLa9	WIAF-13319	075710	21			CORP. Comm.	3	2		a	a
	000013010	177 120	834	834 LPL.	lipoprotein lipase	CTGGTCGAAG [C/A] ATTIGGAATCC	E	ر	٦	,	اے
רגוייין	ATECT JATE	2000				OD 400 40000 ( 1/ m) 40 40 110 110	2	E	4	_	×
	WTNP-13331	002 174	951	951 LPL.	lipoprotein lipase	GACTTGGAGA LT/A) GIGGACCAGC	=		,		
Thurst	MANE LASSA	2				OR A REPUBLICATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	2	C	c	O,	•
10101	WTAP-12322	HT3320	1595	1595 LPL.	lipoprotein lipase	AATAACAACT (C/G) AGGCTGAAC		,	,		
LFDG 1.6	2000				3.4	TABLOAD TOTAL GOLDANACTO	Σ	o	4	Ö	တ
5 Fe.10.T	WTAF-13323	HT1320	1597	1597 1771,	Tipoprocetti tipage						
707.00			200.	10.00	1 topopoto 1 topop	AGGCTGAAAC (T/C) GGGCGAATCT		<u>F-</u>	U		
LPLa14	WIAF-13324	HT1320	9091	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	Tryoptogram tryop			,	,		L
	40000	1000	1611	1611 T.Pf.	lipoprotein lipase	GAAACTGGGC [G/A] AATCTACAGA		,	5		
- CE. IO.	WIAF-13323	20110		i							

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While this invention has been particularly shown and described with references to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention encompassed by the appended claims.

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#### **CLAIMS**

#### WE CLAIM:

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- 1. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
- a) obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual; and
  - b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 2210 of the thrombospondin-1 gene,

wherein presence of a G at nucleotide position 2210 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having an A at nucleotide position 2210.

- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the thrombospondin-1 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- The method of Claim 1, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
  - 4. The method of Claim 3, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - 5. The method of Claim 3, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 6. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
  - a) obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual; and
  - b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 2210 of the thrombospondin-1 gene,

wherein presence of an A at nucleotide position 2210 is indicative of decreased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having a G at nucleotide position 2210.

- 7. The method according to Claim 6, wherein the thrombospondin-1 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
  - 8. The method according to Claim 6, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
- 10 9. The method according to Claim 8, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - The method according to Claim 8, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 11. A method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vasculardisease, comprising the steps of:
  - a) obtaining a DNA sample from an individual to be assessed; and
  - b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 2210 of the thrombospondin-1 gene,
- wherein presence of a G at nucleotide position 2210 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having an A at nucleotide position 2210.
  - 12. The method according to Claim 11, wherein the thrombospondin-1 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 13. The method according to Claim 11, wherein the individual is an individual at risk for development of a vascular disease.

- 14. The method according to Claim 11, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
- 5 15. The method according to Claim 14, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - 16. The method according to Claim 14, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 17. A nucleic acid molecule comprising all or a portion of the nucleic acid

  sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 10

  nucleotides in length and wherein the nucleic acid sequence comprises a

  polymorphic site at nucleotide position 2210 of SEQ ID NO: 1.
  - 18. The nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 17, wherein the nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.

- 19. An allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule of Claim 17.
- 20. A peptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 which is at least ten contiguous amino acids, wherein the peptide comprises the serine at amino acid position 700 of SEQ
   20 ID NO: 2.
  - 21. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
    - obtaining a biological sample comprising thrombospondin-1 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual; and

- b) determining the amino acid present at amino acid position 700 of the thrombospondin-1 protein,
- wherein presence of an asparagine at amino acid position 700 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having a serine at amino acid position 700.
- 22. The method of Claim 21, wherein the thrombospondin-1 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- The method of Claim 22, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
  - 24. The method of Claim 23, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
- 25. The method of Claim 23, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
  - 26. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
    - a) obtaining a biological sample comprising thrombospondin-1 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual; and
- 20 b) determining the amino acid present at amino acid position 700 of the thrombospondin-1 protein,

wherein presence of a serine at amino acid position 700 is indicative of reduced likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having an asparagine at amino acid position 700.

25 27. The method according to Claim 26, wherein the thrombospondin-1 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

- 28. The method according to Claim 26, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
- 5 29. The method of Claim 28, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - The method of Claim 28, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 31. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
  - a) obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual; and
  - b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 1186 of the thrombospondin-4 gene,
  - wherein presence of a C at nucleotide position 1186 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having an G at nucleotide position 1186.
  - 32. The method of Claim 31, wherein the thrombospondin-4 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 33. The method of Claim 31, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
  - 34. The method of Claim 33, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.

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- 35. The method of Claim 33, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 36. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising
  - a) obtaining a nucleic acid sample from the individual; and
  - b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 1186 of the thrombospondin-4 gene,

wherein presence of a G at nucleotide position 1186 is indicative of decreased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having a C at nucleotide position 1186.

- 37. The method according to Claim 36, wherein the thrombospondin-4 gene has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 38. The method according to Claim 36, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
  - 39. The method according to Claim 38, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
- 40. The method according to Claim 38, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
  - 41. A method for predicting the likelihood that an individual will have a vascular disease, comprising the steps of:
    - a) obtaining a DNA sample from an individual to be assessed; and
- b) determining the nucleotide present at nucleotide position 1186 of the thrombospondin-4 gene,

wherein presence of a C at nucleotide position 1186 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having a G at nucleotide position 1186.

- The method according to Claim 41, wherein the thrombospondin-4 gene has 42. 5 the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
  - The method according to Claim 41, wherein the individual is an individual at 43. risk for development of a vascular disease.
- The method according to Claim 41, wherein the vascular disease is selected 44. from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous 10 thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
  - The method according to Claim 44, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial 45. infarction.
- The method according to Claim 44, wherein the vascular disease is coronary 46. 15 heart disease.
  - 47. A nucleic acid molecule comprising all or a portion of the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3 wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 10 nucleotides in length and wherein the nucleic acid sequence comprises a polymorphic site at nucleotide position 1186 of SEQ ID NO: 3.
- The nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 47, wherein the nucleotide at 20 48. the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
  - An allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule of Claim 47.

- 50. A peptide of SEQ ID NO: 4 which is at least ten contiguous amino acids, wherein the peptide comprises the proline at amino acid position 387 of SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 51. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in anindividual comprising
  - a) obtaining a biological sample comprising thrombospondin-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual; and
  - b) determining the amino acid present at amino acid position 387 of the thrombospondin-4 protein,
- wherein presence of an alanine at amino acid position 387 is indicative of increased likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having a proline at amino acid position 387.
  - 52. The method of Claim 51, wherein the thrombospondin-4 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 15 53. The method of Claim 52, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
- 54. The method of Claim 53, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - 55. The method of Claim 53, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
  - 56. A method of diagnosing or aiding in the diagnosis of a vascular disease in an individual comprising

- a) obtaining a biological sample comprising thrombospondin-4 protein or relevant portion thereof from the individual; and
- b) determining the amino acid present at amino acid position 387 of the thrombospondin-4 protein,
- wherein presence of a proline at amino acid position 387 is indicative of reduced likelihood of a vascular disease in the individual as compared with an individual having an alanine at amino acid position 387.
  - 57. The method according to Claim 56, wherein the thrombospondin-4 protein has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4.

- 58. The method according to Claim 56, wherein the vascular disease is selected from the group consisting of atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and pulmonary embolism.
- 15 59. The method of Claim 58, wherein the vascular disease is myocardial infarction.
  - 60. The method of Claim 58, wherein the vascular disease is coronary heart disease.
- 20 61. A nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 10 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
- 25 62. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 61, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 15 nucleotides in length.

- A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 61, wherein said nucleic acid 63. molecule is at least 20 nucleotides in length.
- A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 61, wherein the nucleotide at the 64. polymorphic site is the variant nucleotide for the gene listed in the Table.
- An allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a portion of a gene 5 65. selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said portion is at least 10 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding 10 reference allele.
  - An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 65 that is a probe. 66.
  - An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 65, wherein a central 67. position of the probe aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.
  - An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 65 that is a primer. 68.
- An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 68, wherein the 3' end of 15 69. the primer aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.
  - 70. An isolated gene product encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 61.
- A method of analyzing a nucleic acid sample, comprising obtaining the 71. nucleic acid sample from an individual; and determining a base occupying any 20 one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table.
  - 72. A method according to Claim 71, wherein the nucleic acid sample is obtained from a plurality of individuals, and a base occupying one of the polymorphic

positions is determined in each of the individuals, and wherein the method further comprising testing each individual for the presence of a disease phenotype, and correlating the presence of the disease phenotype with the base.

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# HT1220 Report

#### RECORD INFORMATION

Gene ID: Sequence ID: Protein ID:

Sequence name:

Genome:

Taxon:

Locus:

Role ID:

Common Name:

nucleus Homo sapiens 1220

1220

1220

1220

thrombospondin 1

thrombospondin 1, alt. transcript 1

40

Coding sequence length: Transcript sequence length: Expression data:

3513 nt 5722 nt 481987

#### **ACCESSION DATA**

#### HT1220 is derived from accessions(s):

```
SP: P07996 (THROMBOSPONDIN 1 PRECURSOR.)
GB:X04665 (Human mRNA for thrombospondin)
GB:X14787 (Human mRNA for thrombospondin)
GB:U12471(thrombospondin-p50 {Homo sapiens})
GB:M99425 (Human thrombospondin mRNA, 3' end.)
PIR:G01478 (thrombospondin-p50 - human (fragment))
GB:U12471 (Human thrombospondin-1 gene, partial cds.)
GB:J04835 (Human thrombospondin gene, exons 1, 2 and 3.)
GB:M25631 (Homo sapiens (clone lambda-TS-33) thrombospondin (THBS) mRNA, 5' end.)
```

## ALTERNATIVE SPLICE INFORMATION

#### Alternative splice forms for this gene:

HT3987 thrombospondin 1, alt. transcript 2

### **MAPPING DATA**

#### GDB accession(s) for this gene:

Symbol GDB ID:

Figure 1A

qdb:120438 THBS1

#### cDNA FEATURES

Feature	End 5	End 3
coding_seq 3'UT spjunc_h	112 3625 1235	5722

#### **SEQUENCE**

#### nucleotide:

ggacgcacaggcattccccgcgccctccagccctcgccgccctcgccaccgctcccggc cgccgcgctccggtacacacaggatccctgctgggcaccaacagctccaccatggggctg tctgggcgccgactggtgaagggccccgacccttccagcccagctttccgcatcgaggat gccaacctgatccccctgtgcctgatgacaagttccaagacctggtggatgctgtgcgg  $\tt gcagaaaagggtttcctccttctggcatccctgaggcagatgaagaagacccggggcacg$  $\verb|ctgctggcctggagcggaaagaccactctggccaggtcttcagcgtggtgtccaatggc|$ aaggcgggcaccctggacctcagcctgaccgtccaaggaaagcagcacgtggtgtctgtg gaagaageteteetggcaaceggccagtggaagagcateaceetgtttgtgcaggaagae agggcccagctgtacatcgactgtgaaaagatggagaatgctgagttggacgtccccatc caaagcgtcttcaccagagacctggccagcatcgccagactccgcatcgcaaaggggggc  ${\tt gtcaatgacaatttccagggggtgctgcagaatgtgaggtttgtctttggaaccacacca}$ gaagacatcctcaggaacaaaggctgctccagctctaccagtgtcctcctcacccttgac aaggacttgcaagccatctgcggcatctcctgtgatgagctgtccagcatggtcctggaa ctcaggggcctgcgcaccattgtgaccacgctgcaggacagcatccgcaaagtgactgaa gagaacaaagagttggccaatgagctgaggcggcctcccctatgctatcacaacggagtt cagtacagaaataacgaggaatggactgttgatagctgcactgagtgtcactgtcagaac tcagttaccatctgcaaaaaggtgtcctgccccatcatgccctgctccaatgccacagtt cctgatggagaatgctgtcctcgctgttggcccagcgactctgcggacgatggctggtct ccatggtccgagtggacctcctgttctacgagctgtggcaatggaattcagcagcgggc cgctcctgcgatagcctcaacaaccgatgtgagggctcctcggtccagacacggacctgc cacattcaggagtgtgacaaaagatttaaacaggatggtggctggagccactggtccccg tggtcatcttgttctgtgacatgtggtgatggtgatcacaaggatccggctctgcaac tctcccagcccccagatgaatgggaaaccctgtgaaggcgaagcgcgggagaccaaagcc tgcaagaaagacgcctgcccatcaatggaggctggggtccttggtcaccatgggacatc tgttctgtcacctgtggaggagggtacagaaacgtagtcgtctctgcaacaaccccgca cccagtttggaggcaaggactgcgttggtgatgtaacagaaaaccagatctgcaacaag caggactgtccaattgatggatgcctgtccaatccctgctttgccggcgtgaagtgtact agctaccctgatggcagctggaaatgtggtgcttgtccccctggttacagtggaaatggc atccagtgcacagatgttgatgagtgcaaagaagtgcctgatgcctgcttcaaccacaat tgcaagccccgtaacccctgcacggatgggacccacgactgcaacaagaacgccaagtgc aactacctgggccactatagcgaccccatgtaccgctgcgagtgcaagcctggctacgct gtgtgcgtggccaatgcgacttaccactgcaaaaaggataattgccccaaccttcccaac tcagggcaggaagactatgacaaggatggaattggtgatgcctgtgatgatgacgatgac aatgataaaattccagatgacagggacaactgtccattccattacaacccagctcagtat gactatgacagagatgatgtgggagaccgctgtgacaactgtccctacaaccacaaccca

Figure 1B

gatcaggcagacacagacaacaatggggaaggagacgcctgtgctgcagacattgatgga gacggtatcctcaatgaacgggacaactgccagtacgtctacaatgtggaccagagagac actgatatggatggggttggagatcagtgtgacaattgccccttggaacacaatccggat cagctggactctgactcagaccgcattggagatacctgtgacaacaatcaggatattgat gaagatggccaccagaacaatctggacaactgtccctatgtgcccaatgccaaccaggct gaccatgacaaagatggcaagggagatgcctgtgaccacgatgatgacaacgatggcatt cctgatgacaaggacaactgcagactcgtgcccaatcccgaccagaaggactctgacggc gatggtcgaggtgatgcctgcaaagatgattttgaccatgacagtgtgccagacatcgat gacatctgtcctgagaatgttgacatcagtgagaccgatttccgccgattccagatgatt cctctggaccccaaagggacatcccaaaatgaccctaactgggttgtacgccatcagggt aaagaactcgtccagactgtcaactgtgatcctggactcgctgtaggttatgatgagttt aatgctgtggacttcagtggcaccttcttcatcaacaccgaaagggacgatgactatgct ggatttgtctttggctaccagtccagcagccgcttttatgttgtgatgtggaagcaagtc acccagtcctactgggacaccaaccccacgagggctcagggatactcgggcctttctgtg aaagttgtaaactccaccacagggcctggcgagcacctgcggaacgccctgtggcacaca ggaaacacccctggccaggtgcgcaccctgtggcatgaccctcgtcacataggctggaaa gatttcaccgcctacagatggcgtctcagccacaggccaaagacgggtttcattagagtg gtgatgtatgaagggaagaaaatcatggctgactcaggacccatctatgataaaacctat gctggtggtagactagggttgtttgtcttctctcaagaaatggtgttcttctctgacctg aatgctggtattgcaccttctggaactatgggcttgagaaaacccccaggatcacttctc cttggcttccttctttctgtgcttgcatcagtgtggactcctagaacgtgcgacctgcc tcaagaaaatgcagttttcaaaaacagactcatcagcattcagcctccaatgaataagac atcttccaagcatataaacaattgctttggtttccttttgaaaaagcatctacttgcttc agttgggaaggtgcccattccactctgcctttgtcacagagcagggtgctattgtgaggc catctctgagcagtggactcaaaagcattttcaggcatgtcagagaagggaggactcact agaattagcaaacaaaaccaccctgacatcctccttcaggaacacggggagcagaggcca aagcactaaggggagggcgcatacccgagacgattgtatgaagaaaatatggaggaactg ttacatgttcggtactaagtcattttcaggggattgaaagactattgctggatttcatga tgctgactggcgttagctgattaacccatgtaaataggcacttaaatagaagcaggaaag ggagacaaagactggcttctggacttcctccctgatccccacccttactcatcaccttgc ctggtcacattgaaattggtggcttcattctagatgtagcttgtgcagatgtagcaggaa aataggaaaacctaccatctcagtgagcaccagctgcctcccaaaggagggggagccgtg ttctcttttttccgtaattactaggtagttttctaattctctcttttggaagtatgattt ttttaaagtctttacgatgtaaaatatttattttttacttattctggaagatctggctga aggattattcatggaacaggaagaagcgtaaagactatccatgtcatctttgttgagagt cttcgtgactgtaagattgtaaatacagattatttattaactctgttctgcctggaaatt taggcttcatacggaaagtgtttgagagcaagtagttgacatttatcagcaaatctcttg caagaacagcacaaggaaaatcagtctaataagctgctctgccccttgtgctcagagtgg atgttatgggattccttttttctctgttttatcttttcaagtggaattagttggttatcc atttgcaaatgttttaaattgcaaagaaagccatgaggtcttcaatactgttttacccca aaaagagaaaaaatgacaaaaggtgaaacttacatacaaatattacctcatttgttgtg tgactgagtaaagaatttttggatcaagcggaaagagtttaagtgtctaacaaacttaaa gctactgtagtacctaaaaagtcagtgttgtacatagcataaaaactctgcagagaagta ttcccaataaggaaatagcattgaaatgttaaatacaatttctgaaagttatgtttttt tctatcatctggtataccattgctttatttttataaattattttctcattgccattggaa tagaatattcagattgtgtagatatgctatttaaataatttatcaggaaatactgcctgt agagttagtatttctattttatataatgtttgcacactgaattgaagaattgttggttt tacattctaaagcagtgtaagttgtatattactgtttcttatgtacaaggaacaacaata aatcatatggaaatttatattt

#### protein:

MGLAWGLGVLFLMHVCGTNRIPESGGDNSVFDIFELTGAARKGSGRRLVKGPDPSSPAFR

Figure 1C

 ${\tt IEDANLIPPVPDDKFQDLVDAVRAEKGFLLLASLRQMKKTRGTLLALERKDESGQVFSVV}$  ${\tt SNGKAGTLDLSLTVQGKQHVVSVEEALLATGQWKSITLFVQEDRAQLYIDCEKMENAELD}$ VPIQSVFTRDLASIARLRIAKGGVNDNFQGVLQNVRFVFGTTPEDILRNKGCSSSTSVLL TLDNNVVNGSSPAIRTNYIGHKTKDLQAICGISCDELSSMVLELRGLRTIVTTLQDSIRK VTEENKELANELRRPPLCYHNGVQYRNNEEWTVDSCTECHCQNSVTICKKVSCPIMPCSN ATVPDGECCPRCWPSDSADDGWSPWSEWTSCSTSCGNGIQQRGRSCDSLNNRCEGSSVQT RTCHIQECDKRFKQDGGWSHWSPWSSCSVTCGDGVITRIRLCNSPSPQMNGKPCEGEARE TKACKKDACPINGGWGPWSPWDICSVTCGGGVQKRSRLCNNPAPQFGGKDCVGDVTENQI  ${\tt CNKQDCPIDGCLSNPCFAGVKCTSYPDGSWKCGACPPGYSGNGIQCTDVDECKEVPDACF}$ NHNGEHRCENTDPGYNCLPCPPRFTGSQPFGQGVEHATANKQVCKPRNPCTDGTHDCNKN AKCNYLGHYSDPMYRCECKPGYAGNGIICGEDTDLDGWPNENLVCVANATYHCKKDNCPN LPNSGQEDYDKDGIGDACDDDDDDKIPDDRDNCPFHYNPAQYDYDRDDVGDRCDNCPYN HNPDQADTDNNGEGDACAADIDGDGILNERDNCQYVYNVDQRDTDMDGVGDQCDNCPLEH NPDQLDSDSDRIGDTCDNNQDIDEDGHQNNLDNCPYVPNANQADHDKDGKGDACDHDDDN DGIPDDKDNCRLVPNPDQKDSDGDGRGDACKDDFDHDSVPDIDDICPENVDISETDFRRF QMIPLDPKGTSQNDPNWVVRHQGKELVQTVNCDPGLAVGYDEFNAVDFSGTFFINTERDD DYAGFVFGYQSSSRFYVVMWKQVTQSYWDTNPTRAQGYSGLSVKVVNSTTGPGEHLRNAL WHTGNTPGQVRTLWHDPRHIGWKDFTAYRWRLSHRPKTGFIRVVMYEGKKIMADSGPIYD KTYAGGRLGLFVFSQEMVFFSDLKYECRDP



Figure 1D

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# HT2143 Report

#### RECORD INFORMATION

2081 Gene ID: 2143 Sequence ID: 2125 Protein ID:

thrombospondin 4 Sequence name:

Genome: nucleus Homo sapiens Taxon:

2081 Locus:

thrombospondin 4 Common Name:

Role ID:

Coding sequence length: Transcript sequence length:

3074 nt THC168897 Expression data:

2886 nt

ACCESSION DATA

#### HT2143 is derived from accessions(s):

SP: P35443 (THROMBOSPONDIN 4 PRECURSOR.) GB:Z19585(thrombospondin-4 {Homo sapiens}) GB:Z19585 (H.sapiens mRNA for thrombospondin-4) PIR:A55710 (thrombospondin 4 precursor - human)

#### cDNA FEATURES

Feature		End 3
coding seq	28	
3'01	2914	3074

#### **SEQUENCE**

#### nucleotide:

gaatteeggggageaggaagageeaacatgetggeeeegegggggggegeegteeteetg ctgcacctggtcctgcagcggtggctagcggcaggcgccaggccacccccaggtcttt gacetteteceatettecagteagaggetaaacecaggegetetgetgecagteetgaca gaccccgccctgaatgatctctatgtgatttccaccttcaagctgcagactaaaagttca gccaccatcttcggtctttactcttcaactgacaacagtaaatattttgaatttactgtg atgggacgcttaagcaaagccatcctccgttacctgaagaacgatgggaaggtgcatttg

Figure 2A

gaattccggggagcaggaagagccaacatgctggccccgcgggagccgccgtcctcctg ctgcacctggtcctgcagcggtggctagcggcaggcgcccaggccacccccaggtcttt gaccttctcccatcttccagtcagaggctaaacccaggcgctctgctgccagtcctgaca gaccccgccctgaatgatctctatgtgattttccaccttcaagctgcagactaaaagttca gccaccatcttcggtctttactcttcaactgacaacagtaaatattttgaatttactgtg atgggacgcttaagcaaagccatcctccgttacctgaagaacgatgggaaggtgcatttg gtggttttcaacaacctgcagctggcagacggaaggcggcacaggatcctcctgaggctg agcaatttgcagcgaggggccggctccctagagctctacctggactgcatccaggtggat tecgttcacaatctccccagggcctttgctggcccctcccagaaacctgagaccattgaa ttgaggactttccagaggaagccacaggacttcttggaagagctgaagctggtggtgaga ggctcactgttccaggtggccagcctgcaagactgcttcctgcagcagagtgagccactg gctgccacaggcacaggggactttaaccggcagttcttgggtcaaatgacacaattaaac  ${\tt caactcctgggagaggtgaaggaccttctgagacagcaggttaaggaaacatcatttttg}$ cgaaacaccatagctgaatgccaggcttgcggtcctctcaagtttcagtctccgacccca agcacggtggtcgcccggctccccctgcaccgccaacacgcccacctcgtcggtgtgac tccaacccatgtttccgaggtgtccaatgtaccgacagtagagatggcttccagtgtggg ccctgccccgagggctacacaggaaacgggatcacctgtattgatgttgatgagtgcaaa taccatccctgctacccgggcgtgcactgcataaatttgtctcctggcttcagatgtgac gcctgcccagtgggcttcacagggcccatggtgcagggtgttgggatcagttttgccaag  ${\tt tcaaacaagcaggtctgcactgacattgatgagtgtcgaaatggagcgttgcgttcccaac}$  ${\tt tcgatctgcgttaatactttgggatcttaccgctgtgggccttgtaagccggggtatact}$  $\verb|ggtgatcagataaggggatgcaaagtggaaagaaaotgcagaaacccagagctgaaccct|\\$ gtcggttgggctggagatggctatatctgtggaaaggatgtggacatcgacagttacccc gacgaagaactgccatgctctgccaggaactgtaaaaaggacaactgcaaatatgtgcca aattetggccaagaagatgcagacagagatggcattggcgacgcttgtgacgaggatgct gacggagatgggatcctgaatgagcaggataactgtgtcctgattcataatgtggaccaa aggaacagcgataaagatatctttggggatgcctgtgataactgcctgagtgtcttaaat aacgaccagaaagacaccgatggggatggaagaggagatgcctgtgatgatgacatggat ggagatggaataaaaaacattctggacaactgcccaaaatttccccaatcgtgaccaacgg  $\tt gacaaggatggtgatggtgtggggatgcctgtgacagttgtcctgatgtcagcaaccct$  ${\tt aaccagtctgatgtggataatgatctggttggggactcctgtgacaccaatcaggacagt}$ gatggagatgggcaccaggacagcacagacaactgccccaccgtcattaacagtgcccag ctggacaccgataaggatggaattggtgacgagtgtgatgatgatgacaatgatggt atcccagacctggtgccccttggaccagacaactgccggctggtccccaacccagcccag gaggatagcaacagcgacggagtgggagacatctgtgagtctgactttgaccaggaccag gtcatcgatcgatcgacgtctgcccagagaacgcagaggtcaccctgaccgacttcagg  ${\tt gtcctgaaccagggcatggagattgtacagaccatgaacagtgatcctggcctggcagtg}$ gggtacacagcttttaatggagttgacttcgaagggaccttccatgtgaatacccagaca gatgatgactatgcaggctttatctttggctaccaagatagctccagcttctacgtggtc atgtggaagcagacggagcagacatattggcaagccaccccattccgagcagttgcagaa cctggcattcagctcaaggctgtgaagtctaagacaggtccaggggagcatctccggaac  ${\tt tccctgtggcacacggggacaccagtgaccaggtcaggctgctgtggaaggactccagg}$ aatgtgggctggaaggacaaggtgtcctaccgctggttcctacagcacaggccccaggtg atagacaccacaatgcgtggaggccgacttggcgttttctgcttctctcaagaaaacatc atctggtccaacctcaagtatcgctgcaatgacaccatccctgaggacttccaagagttt caaacccagaatttcgaccgcttcgataattaaaccaaggaagcaatctgtaactgcttt tcggaacactaaaaccatatattttaacttcaattttctttagcttttaccaacccaa atatatcaaaacgttttatgtgaatgtggcaataaaggagaagagatcatttttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaaaaa

#### protein:

MLAPRGAAVLLLHLVLQRWLAAGAQATPQVFDLLPSSSQRLNPGALLPVLTDPALNDLYV ISTFKLQTKSSATIFGLYSSTDNSKYFEFTVMGRLSKAILRYLKNDGKVHLVVFNNLQLA DGRRHRILLRLSNLQRGAGSLELYLDCIQVDSVHNLPRAFAGPSQKPETIELRTFQRKPQ

Figure 2B

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ACDSCPDVSNPNQSDVDNDLVGDSCDTNQDSDGDGHQDSTDNCPTVINSAQLDTDKDGIG
DECDDDDDNDGIPDLVPPGPDNCRLVPNPAQEDSNSDGVGDICESDFDQDQVIDRIDVCP
ENAEVTLTDFRAYQTVGLDPEGDAQIDPNWVVLNQGMEIVQTMNSDPGLAVGYTAFNGVD
FEGTFHVNTQTDDDYAGFIFGYQDSSSFYVVMWKQTEQTYWQATPFRAVAEPGIQLKAVK
SKTGPGEHLRNSLWHTGDTSDQVRLLWKDSRNVGWKDKVSYRWFLQHRPQVGYIRVRFYE
GSELVADSGVTIDTTMRGGRLGVFCFSQENIIWSNLKYRCNDTIPEDFQEFQTQNFDRFD
N



Figure 2C

Poly ID	Poly ID Sequence ID Position	Position	Gene Description	Flanking Seq	Mutation Ref Type NT		Alt	Ref AA	AA AA
G334u4	3334u4 HT:HT1220_ mRNA	2110	THBS1, thrombosp- ondin 1	TGGATGGCTGGCCCA[A/G]TGA Missense GAACCTGGTGTG	Missense	¥	Ŋ	Z	ω .
G355u2	G355u2 HT:HT2143_ mRNA	1186	THBS4, thrombosp- ondin 4	GAGTGTCGAAATGGA[G/C]CGT Missence GCGTTCCCAACT	Missence	Ŋ	ပ	<b>V</b>	D.

Figure 3

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